SUIT FOR SCHOOL LANDS

LEGALITY OF RULE OF OREGON BOARD IS QUESTIONED.

Allows Delinquent 30 Days in Which to Settle After Final Notice Is Given.

SALEM, May 31.—Mandamus proceedings were instituted today against the Oregon State Land Board by J. S. Fish and T. J. Seufert, of The Dalles, as the result of the refusal of the board to accept their applications for a section of school land in Wasco County. The suits have been begun separately and each action involves 320 acres of land, part timber, in Eastern Oregon. Circuit Judge R. P. Boise issued to the members of the board an alternative writ of mandamus, requiring the board to accept the filing and applications and issue the proper certificates for the land to the plaintiffs, or appear in court and show why the same should not be done. The writ of mandamus is made returnable June 30.

The complaint or petition of J. S. Fish for the issuance of the writ sets forth that J. W. Fleming purchased from the state in May, 1900, the north half of section 16, township 1 south, range 11 east, containing 320 acres, at $1.25 per acre, and paid down one-fifth of the purchase money, amounting to $80; that said Fleming failed to pay the remainder of the sum due the state; that on May 19, 1902, plaintiff filed application for purchase of the north half, section 16, township 1 south, range 11 east, containing 320 acres, and deposited the requisite $80 of the purchase price; that at a meeting of the State Land Board on May 27, 1902, the clerk of said board was ordered to refuse the filing and application of plaintiff. The complaint further alleges that the board ordered the clerk to notify the delinquent party of his delinquency and that if he failed to make the payment of the balance due the state within 20 days that the certificate would be held for cancellation; that such had been the custom established by the board.

The complaint of Seufert is identical with that of Fish, save that it deals with the north half of section 16, township 1 south, range 11 east, Fleming having purchased the entire section.

The only issue in the suit is the scope of the authority of the State Land Board in making rules for the government and control of its official business transactions. The statute is silent on the question of granting extension of time for the settlement of delinquencies, from which the members of the board understood the granting of a period of grace was within the scope of their jurisdiction, and this rule was adopted and always has been adhered to by the board in the sale of school lands.

The statute governing the action of the board in dealing with school land that has been sold and upon which payments are allowed to become delinquent is as follows:

Section 14, page 199, General Laws of Oregon: "If any installment of the purchase price of lands, principal or interest, should remain unpaid for one year after the same becomes due, the sale and certificate shall become void, and all payments thereon shall be forfeited, and the land shall be deemed vacant, and shall be subject to sale as if it had not before been sold."

A case involving the same question is now pending in the Supreme Court, wherein Dr. C. H. Robertson, of this city, is plaintiff, in a similar proceeding. The decision in this case will determine the ones begun today. In passing upon the case in the lower court, Circuit Judge Boise held that in the absence of any statute covering the subject it was within the jurisdiction of the board to make such reasonable rules for the government and transaction of its business as the members might deem expedient. Section 6, of the same act, prescribes the duties of the board and the opening sentence is as follows: "The State Land Board may make rules for the transaction of business under this act." This is the only part of a section that deals with the authority of the board to act, and it is under this section that the rule providing for 30 days' grace in which to liquidate delinquent payments was formulated.

STATE LAND OFFICE RECEIPTS.

Oregon Took in $31,000 During the Month of May.

SALEM, May 31.—The receipts of the State Land Office for the month of May were $31,137 15, or about $10,000 less than for the preceding months, when the receipts were the largest for any one month in the history of the Land Board organization.

The month's receipts were placed to the credit of the following funds:

Common school fund principal, payments on certificates and cash sales of school land	$22,438 72
Common school fund principal, payments on sales of lands acquired by deed or foreclosure	2,448 85
Common school fund principal, sales of tide land	10 00
Common school fund interest, payments on certificates	2,522 55
Common school fund interest, rents and payments on sales of land acquired by deed or foreclosure	1,350 37
University fund principal, payments on certificates and cash sales of school land	50 00
University fund interest, payments on certificates	27 50
Agricultural College fund principal, payments on certificates and cash sales of school lands	230 00
Agricultural College fund principal, payments on sales of lands acquired by deed or foreclosure	162 50
Agricultural College fund interest, payments on certificates	124 16
Agricultural College fund interest, rents and payments on sales of lands acquired by deed or foreclosure	12 50
Swamp land fund	160 00
Total	$31,137 15

DEATH IN RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

Team Takes Fright Going Through Gate and Woman Is Killed.

NORTH YAKIMA, May 31.—Mrs. Ellen Hudson, wife of Peter Hudson, a prosperous rancher near the head of the Wenas Valley, was almost instantly killed last evening as a result of a runaway accident. Mr. and Mrs. Hudson had been visiting during the day, and on their return home the husband alighted from the carriage to open a gate. Mrs. Hudson drove the team through, but the trace caught in the fence-post. The animals were frightened and dashed across a bridge before Mrs. Hudson gained control of them. Then she seemed to pull them back too strongly. They commenced backing up until the carriage dashed into the Wenas Creek, which was swollen. It is believed that Mrs. Hudson, who has been a sufferer from heart trouble, may have fallen from the carriage through a sudden stroke superinduced by the excitement. The deceased was 65 years of age, and highly respected.

NEW OREGON CORPORATIONS.

Articles Filed at Salem During the Week Just Closed.

SALEM, May 31.—The following articles of incorporation were filed in the Secretary of State's office during the past week:

The Greater Salem Commercial Club, Salem, Or.; $500; commercial development of the City of Salem; Henry B. Thielsen, E. A. Pierce, J. H. Albert and N. J. Judah.

The Glide Building Association, Glide, Or.; $500; construction of buildings; S. D. Chapman, H. A. Blakely, E. F. Livingston, John Alexander, G. W. Shrum and D. C. Livingston.

The Pacific Railway Amusement Company, Portland, Or.; $3000; to manufacture miniature locomotives, etc.; George W. Simons, Herman Moeller and Frank Fenwick.

Bethany Free Methodist, Bethany, Or.; $500; to maintain a place of worship; Herman Schulze, Samuel Schulzer and C. G. Brisco.

Chico Nursery Company, Salem, Or.; $50,000; Malcolm McDonald, Archie McGill and Leon Girod; general nursery business, etc.

The Oregon Freegold Mining Company, Baker City, Or.; $150,000; general mining business; W. J. Hughes, John Waterman and H. C. Innis.

Lucky Boy Gold Mining Co., Sumpter, Or.; $1,000,000; gold and silver mining and milling business; Al P. Jones, E. E. McCammon and Sam R. Stott.

The Brown Loose-Leaf Binder Company, Portland, Or.; $10,000; to acquire and own letters patent and manufacture all kind of patent devices and articles, etc.; Willard J. Brown, Lucius E. Gotshall and George I. Smith.

Dayton Co-Operative Creamery, Dayton, Or.; $2500; maintain and operate a creamery; T. P. Caughlin, R. L. Harris, F. J. Wiefs, B. Gabriel, F. R. Wilson and F. M. Crabtreet.

Great Western Mining Company, Corvallis, Or.; $1,250,000; Lewis Hartley, Horace Lilly, T. H. Wellsher, August W. Fischer, W. W. Calkins, George Lilly and A. K. Milliner.

Fulton United Artisans' Building Association, Portland, Or.; $1500; to construct buildings to be used as lodgerooms or stores, etc.; H. M. Bush, W. A. Viggers, and W. P. Courtney.

Proebstel United Artisans' Hall Association, Portland, Or.; $500; to construct buildings for lodge purposes; Clara Louise Maryc, Emma Techarner and Nellie Chipman.

LAID TO REST IN DOUBLE GRAVES.

Funeral of Four People Drowned at Martin's Island.

KALAMA, May 31.—The funeral of Herbert Martin, Ivy Martin, Myrtle and Lillie Durkee, the victims of Wednesday night's drowning accident at Martin's Island, was held at Martin's Bluff today. Special trains were run from Kalama and Woodland over the Washington & Oregon Railroad, and carried about 1000 people to the funeral. The United Artisans, of Kalama, of which order Nellie Durkee was a member, was present, and led the long procession to the family cemetery. The Durkee sisters were buried in one double grave, and the Martin children were laid side by side in another double grave, beside their father and grandfather. The graves were literally buried under the most beautiful floral pieces that the florists of Portland could furnish. Rev. W. E. Young, of Kalama, delivered the funeral address.

Are You Going to

Rebuke the President
Discredit the Army
Discourage Immigration
Stop Pacific Expansion
Join the Solid South
Rehabilitate Simon

For the Sake of

Personal Friendship
or
Private Revenge?

If not, vote for Furnish for Governor.

OLD VETERANS TO MEET.

Annual Encampment of Oregon G. A. R. at Astoria Tuesday.

ASTORIA, May 31.—The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of Oregon will meet in this city beginning next Tuesday. The programme for the first evening's session has been arranged as follows: The address of welcome will be made by Mayor Surprenant and responded to by Judge Northup, of Portland. For the Woman's Relief Corps, Mrs. J. A. Fastaband will deliver the address of welcome and it will be responded to by Mrs. Galloway, of McMinnville. Hon. Thomas Desbey will welcome the Ladies of the G. A. R. and this address will be responded to by Mrs. Elizabeth Wands, of Salem, the department commander. The musical portion of the programme will be under the direction of Mrs. J. T. Ross.

Mining Stock Quotations.

Yesterday's quotations at the Oregon Mining Stock exchange were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alaska M. & M.	9	11
Bronze Monarch	17⅝	18½
Caribou	6	8
Copperopolis	22	1 00
Crystal Consolidated	14½	17½
Chicago	7⅝	8½
Cascade Calumet	2¾	4
Gold Hill & Bohemia	10½	20
Huronian	6¾	8
Lost Horse	...	25
Sumpter Consolidated	¾	4
Sweden Copper (Gtd.)	87½	90
Winnipeg (Ltd.)	10	15

SPOKANE, Wash., May 31.—The closing bids for mining stocks today were as follows:

	B.	A.		B.	A.
Am. Boy	6½	6¼	Ram. Car	81⅝	82
Black Tail	11⅝	12½	Republic	10	10¾
Butte & Bos	1½	2	Reservation	½	1½
Deer Trail	1	2	Sullivan	6¾	7¾
Gold Ledge	1⅜	1¾	Tom Thumb	21	22
L. P. Surp	5	5¾	San Poil	21	22
Mtn. Lion	22½	25	Trade Dol	9½	11
Morn. Glory	2	2¾	Tim Blaine	1	4½
Prin. Maud	2¼	2	Fish. Maid	5⅝	6½
Quilp	28½	34	Ben Hur	9	12

Mistakes Brother for a Deer.

GRANT'S PASS, May 31.—Albert Teal, a farmer of Leland, was shot yesterday by his brother, William. The shooting was accidental, William mistaking his brother for a deer. The unfortunate man is seriously wounded, his recovery being doubtful. Albert Teal was brought to Grant's Pass this morning. The two brothers were out hunting yesterday. They separated and were walking through the pine woods, one on each side of a deep gulch. William saw an object moving up the opposite mountainside that he supposed to be a deer. He fired at it with his Winchester and was horrified to hear his brother scream in pain. The bullet passed through his right hip. It was several miles to the nearest house. After much difficulty aid was secured and the wounded man was carried on a stretcher for six miles through the mountain forest. He suffered much from loss of blood.

Lutheran Sunday School Convention.

OREGON CITY, May 31.—A Lutheran Sunday school convention was held in this city this afternoon under the auspices of the Pacific synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church, the second annual meeting of which is being held here. Tomorrow morning Rev. A. Schoenberg, of Macksburg, will preach to the synod, and in the afternoon there will be a league convention. In the evening two sermons will be preached by Rev. William Roehmer, of Nehalem, and by Student Schoenberg, of the Chicago Lutheran Seminary.

Fourteen Cents for Wool.

JUNCTION CITY, Or., May 31.—A wool deal has just been closed here whereby the Hurlburt-Nicklin Mercantile Company secures 25,000 pounds of high-grade valley wool. The price paid was 14 cents per pound, the best figure paid in this section this season. There will be in the neighborhood of 20,000 pounds yet to be placed on the market.

After Requisition Papers.

OLYMPIA, May 31.—Philip Reitz, Chief of Police of Joliet, Ill., is here to secure requisition papers for Charles White, a mulatto, who is wanted for the murder of a woman in that city two years ago. White is a desperate criminal, and is under arrest at Roslyn.

Vote for Earl C. Bronaugh for City Attorney, No. 156 on the official ballot.

Vote for D. W. Taylor for City Engineer, No. 164 on the official ballot.

CHICAGO OUT OF MEAT

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE BRINGS ON A FAMINE.

Hotels, Restaurants and Butcher Shops Are in a Bad Way—Department Stores Affected.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Serious trouble began for down-town hotels and restaurants today, when members of the Ice Wagon Drivers' and Helpers' Union refused to deliver ice to the Great Northern Hotel, the Palmer House, Kinsley's restaurant and the Heusner Baking Company. The management of the Auditorium Hotel and Annex was also notified that no ice would be delivered after today, if meat by packers who had not signed the union agreement was used at the hotel.

At midnight the situation throughout the city is as follows: Proprietors of 40 per cent of the 1600 meat markets in the city have entirely exhausted their supplies. Of the 955 restaurants in the city, it is said, 70 per cent will be without meat for their customers by Sunday night. All the meat markets conducted by Jews closed down tonight, and no attempt will be made to open them while the strike lasts. This leaves 85,000 Jews in Chicago without their regular meat supply.

The strike today spread to the department stores. Eighty-nine teamsters working for the Fair struck. The effect, it was said, would be practically to shut off the delivery of goods to customers and the bringing of new stock. The department store teamsters' union was recently formed and is affiliated with the National organization on the same footing as the one at the yards. The men make the same demand as the packers' teamsters for better hours, higher wages and recognition of the union. Police were called to guard the Fair.

Jacob Kessner, manager of the establishment, attempted to address the teamsters this morning. Their business agent, however, told Mr. Kessner that he would have to talk to the men's agent, and that he could not talk to the men.

"I do not recognize you," said Mr. Kessner.

At this the business agent blew a whistle, and the teamsters to a man quit work, leaving large guards of pickets, however, to look after their interests.

FEDERATION OF MINERS.

Affiliation With the Western Labor Union Is Urged.

DENVER, May 31. — Vice-President Thomas I. Kidd and Secretary Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the Western Federation of Miners today, and urged the reaffiliation of the two bodies. They were applauded heartily, and the request was referred to the committee on welfare of the order for consideration.

A report was received from the committee on the President's address, in favor of adopting a socialist platform and affiliating with the National Social Democracy. Arrangements will also be made for spreading the federation propaganda. The proposition to establish a home for indigent, maimed and disabled miners will be unfavorably reported, on the ground that the time is not ripe for it. It has been practically decided that President Boyce will be re-elected President and given 30 days' vacation during the year with full pay. A resolution was adopted in favor of engaging in mining at Altman, Colo. It was presented by the Altman union. This is the first action of the body towards carrying out the socialistic idea as recommended by President Boyce, and is significant of the policy of the convention during this session.

The Western Labor Union convention today received over a score of resolutions which were referred to the resolution committee. This afternoon Messrs. Kidd and Morrison addressed the convention.

WHY HE HOLDS ON.

George Chamberlain is Prosecuting Attorney for the Fourth Judicial District. He is likewise the Democratic candidate for Governor. While seeking one office he has taken great care to hold on to the other. Why? Well, he does not want to take chances on losing one good job while hunting for another. He expects to resign to himself as Governor and appoint his own successor, unless, of course, he can beforehand make arrangements with his friend, Governor Geer. If he is beaten, he will have lost nothing. If he is elected, he will get the usufruct of the office from now till next January. Chamberlain never loses if he can help it. And he never gives the other fellow a "chance for his white alley."

STILL AN OPEN QUESTION.

No Call Yet for Meeting of Hard and Soft Coal Miners.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 31.—President Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers, returned to this city today after a week's absence in the West. Mr. Mitchell said his trip to the West had nothing to do with bringing about a settlement of the strike in the anthracite region. He said the plan of holding a convention of hard and soft coal miners to decide what action the bituminous men should take in the anthracite strike was still an open question.

The engineers, firemen and pumpmen, from Askley and vicinity held a meeting today and indorsed the strike by a two-thirds vote. At a meeting of engineers, firemen and pumpmen employed at the Plymouth collieries, the strike order was indorsed by a vote of 92 to 9. The 400 engineers, firemen and pumpmen of the Lackawanna collieries have refused to strike. Numerous special officers are being sworn in for guard duty at the various mines.

Hotel and Restaurant Employes.

DENVER, May 31.—The United Association of Hotel and Restaurant Employes concluded its convention today. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the strike of the building trades in this city. Secretary J. B. Armstrong was made general organizer, and it was voted to publish the official journal quarterly. A proposition to increase the per capita tax was voted down.

In Good Condition for a Strike.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 31.—At the meeting of the Missouri and Kansas Miners' Association this afternoon, the report of the scale committee was received and accepted. The terms of the scale are not made public, but it is understood that the miners insist on a substantial increase in the wages now paid. The proposed new scale will be submitted to the operators at once, and they will be given until Monday afternoon to decide whether or not they will grant the request of the miners. If the operators decide adversely, the leaders of the miners say a strike will be ordered at once. The men are in good condition now for a strike, having saved their money for some time past with this end in view.

Preparing for a Struggle.

PITTSTON, Pa., May 31.—The Erie Railroad Company today brought a train-load of cots, bedding and provisions here and distributed them at the various collieries located in and around the city. Several colored cooks accompanied the goods, and a number of strange men also appeared. Many engineers, firemen and pumpmen, whose night shift ended this morning, took their working clothes away from the mines.

NORTH DAKOTA TORNADO

Three Persons Injured and Property Damaged at Lead.

LEAD, N. D., May 31.—A small tornado struck this city at 1 o'clock this afternoon, demolishing about 20 buildings and injuring three persons, none of whom, however, is fatally hurt. The injured are:

William Adams, both legs broken and badly bruised; serious.

Adams' daughter, aged 9, badly bruised and internally injured.

Evart Peterson, arm broken and otherwise hurt.

The storm struck the town at the northeast corner and swept everything in its path. Adams' butcher shop was among the buildings in the path of the wind, and was blown to pieces. Adams and his little girl were in the building at the time. Peterson was in an adjoining building, which was torn to splinters. The property damage in this city is estimated at $150,000.

From here the storm passed on to Terreville, a few miles distant, where it demolished five buildings, four of which were residences. The storm then veered across the country and blew down a number of small buildings and struck Central City, where a great deal of damage was done, two buildings being blown down and a number of others unroofed. There was a general storm of wind and rain throughout the Black Hills country during the day.

WORST IN FIFTEEN YEARS.

Washita River Rises 16 Feet in Three Hours.

ANADARKO, O. T., May 31.—In three hours last night the Washita River, at this point, rose nearly 16 feet, carrying dozens of tents and outbuildings on the low lands and flooding the town to a depth of four feet or more. People in the bottoms barely had time to escape to high ground, and a number were forced to climb trees. Boats were secured and several people in perilous positions were rescued, one woman with a three-weeks-old baby being taken from the branches of a tree. It is believed no lives were lost, though many people are homeless. Today the water is receding. The flood is the worst in 15 years. The river north of Anadarko is a mile wide, and completely covers the Government cornfield. Practically all of Caddo County is under water.

Bridges May Be Carried Away.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 31.—Serious floods are threatened as a result of the high water in the Arkansas River. The railroads are closely watching their bridges for fear they may be carried away. The Arkansas River rose three feet in the course of the afternoon, and the last reports are that it is still rising. In Larned the water is so high that the train on the main line of the Santa Fe cannot enter the town, and no mail has been received there for three days. Most of the country between Larned and Great Bend is under water, and as the Arkansas is constantly rising, the people are much worried over the outcome.

Flood Feared at Wichita.

WICHITA, Kan., May 31.—The Santa Fe yardmaster here received instructions by wire this evening to keep all bridge and building men on night duty and ready to move on a moment's notice. Similar instructions have been sent to Arkansas City. This is interpreted to mean that the aspect of the flood coming down the Arkansas River and which is now not far from this city is serious. The street-car company here is anchoring its bridges, and seems to think there is danger from the flood.

Cloudburst at St. Mary's.

ST. MARY'S, Kan., May 31.—As a result of a cloudburst here this afternoon there is from eight inches to two and a half feet of water on the streets of the town tonight. It rained hard for an hour, and when it ended the Union Pacific tracks were found to be washed out and nearly every store in the town flooded. The basement in St. Mary's College contains four feet of water. Considerable small stock was drowned and much property destroyed.

AN UNLUCKY HANDSHAKE

How One Prevented New Mexico From Becoming a State.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Senator Patterson declares that a handshake once prevented statehood for New Mexico, and he does not hesitate to tell just how and when. Senator Elkins administered the handshake and Senator Burrows, of Michigan, was the possessor of the hand shaken. Elkins is Senator from West Virginia and Burrows from Michigan, but at the time they were members of the House. It was in the Forty-third Congress. Elkins, though born in Ohio, was reared and educated in Missouri, and is a graduate of the State University. After he graduated he went to New Mexico to practice law, and it was not so very long before he was sent as the delegate in the Congress of the territory. Elkins was younger then than he is now, but he showed signs of that talent for the management of men and affairs which has since made him a wealthy man and one of the quiet though powerful influences in the Senate. He got up a statehood bill and had great success with it in the Senate end of the Capitol. He felt sure he would be able to get it approved in the House of Representatives. He might if Burrows, who was then a member and sat but a few seats away from the then delegate from New Mexico, had not made a speech. Burrows spoke on the force bill. It was a notable effort and the one which brought him into prominence, an effort which he has never again equaled and perhaps never will. The subject under discussion was the conduct of Southern elections. The day before Elkins had completed a cantass of the House for his statehood measure and found the Democratic members disposed to help him out with it. He had pledges from enough of them to assure favorable action. He listened to the speech of Burrows. Burrows waxed eloquent. Elkins grew interested. Burrows grew pathetic in the pictures he drew of negro oppression in the South. Elkins waxed sympathetic. Elkins leaned forward in his seat and devoured the Michigander with his eyes. The Michigander, noting the attention of his colleague, addressed himself almost directly to Elkins in the brilliant, poetic peroration. The chamber was silent, and as the last words of Burrows rang against its historic walls and Burrows had finished, Elkins jumped to his feet and, grasping Burrows' hand, shook it with enthusiasm, congratulating him on his speech. Not a member but saw the action and realized its spontaneous sincerity. Not a Democrat but saw the action and determined not to vote for Elkins' bill. He had hardly recovered from the spell of oratory and settled back in his seat before notes began arriving from the Democratic side asking that he alter his canvass of the House and omit the writer from the poll of those favorable to statehood.

Another Day
Of Great Bargains

Owing to the fact that Friday was Memorial Day, we were enabled to give only one day of bargains last week. In order to keep up our programme and give all our customers an equal opportunity, we will continue our

Special Sale of CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

Tomorrow
Monday, June 2d

How can you do it? Was asked of our salesmen many times on Saturday. Our answer is, we prefer to give the value to our customers instead of giving it to the newspapers. Tuesday these suits will be $2.45, $2.95 and $3.00. Tomorrow ONLY they are yours at $1.59.

These include BOYS' SAILOR SUITS, navy blue serge and cheviots---ages 4 to 10 years, 3 years all sold. BOYS' VESTEES, ages 3 to 10. BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, ages 8 to 15. Come in the morning if you can, but come Monday sure. Tuesday will be too late.

SAMPLES OF THESE SUITS ARE SHOWN IN OUR WINDOW

LEADING CLOTHIER — Ben Selling — S. E. cor. Fourth and Morrison Sts.

FORBIDDEN NEGATIVES.

The Routine of Taking Photographs of the Rulers of Europe.

Pearson's Weekly.

The routine of taking royal photographs is something like this: The photographer, in the first place, must be a man of established reputation, and as probably several are waiting at once, each gets a sitting in turn. The reply makes a regular appointment, say at Marlborough House, Sandringham or Windsor, and on the day appointed the artist attends with his apparatus, and one or two assistants.

After a few minutes' wait in an outer room he is conducted into the presence of the royal personage, whose personal attendants have seen to it that everything is in readiness for the taking of the photograph in the room.

Most royal personages are experienced sitters, and the actual operation is very quickly over. Next comes the developing of the negative, the "retouching"; and when at last the proof is ready it is taken to the palace by the photographer for royal sanction.

You would be amazed if you knew the number of condemned negatives, for the slightest suspicion of lack of dignity or frivolous appearance is enough to condemn the negative to the shelves of the studio forever. Very rarely, indeed, is one of the royal family photographed smiling, much less laughing, though the well-known portrait of her late majesty Queen Victoria was a very conspicuous exception to this rule. That, however, was a snapshot taken by an amateur.

Some years ago a photograph was taken of Princess Maud of Wales, who, just as the exposure was being made, laughed heartily at some remark her sister had made, and the resulting picture was instantly condemned by the present Queen.

Of course, with royal children, the case is quite different, and the more innocent fun there is in the photograph the better. For example, there is the well-known set taken by the biograph people showing the children of the Prince and Princess of Wales at play in the gardens of Marlborough house. In this set, little Prince Eddy and others are seen riding rocking horses and drilling as soldiers.

Of course, there are special photographs occasionally taken by professionals which are not for public sale or circulation at all, but exclusively for private use and distribution in royal circles, but such a commission as this is only intrusted to the most discreet of all royal photographers.

American Educational Methods.

London Times.

The tendency of educational activity in the United States seems to be toward the attainment of every end which can render the children better fitted to be useful members of the community to which they belong, more capable at once of acquiring knowledge and of applying it, cleaner and more wholesome in their habits, stronger and more shapely in their bodies, and with all their powers and faculties fully and harmoniously developed. Among ourselves there is at least no lack of expenditure upon education, but we greatly fear that the efforts of school boards and of school managers are less directed toward ends than toward means, less toward the results of teaching than toward its conduct in some particular way, less toward the attainment of results than toward the maintenance of shibboleths. The remedy is greatly in the hands of parents, whose duty it is, as lectors of the authorities by which schools will be controlled, to select candidates whose chief aim is efficiency in preference to those whose chief aim is the preservation of formularies. Miss Ravenhill's report contains much that is instructive, but nothing that is more so than her account of the way in which the American system combines uniformity in great principles with the widest latitude for discretion in applying them; so that each state, or each institution, is more or less compelled to work out certain problems in its own way, and thus to contribute its quota of careful observation and of well-garnered experience to the common stock. Nothing promises to be a greater help to the progress of the United States than the care which is bestowed upon the training of her future citizens in whatever station of life they may be placed; and there are no questions concerning which we ourselves, and the older nations more immediately around us, have greater need to be guided by all the light which science and observation can supply than in those which have relation to the preparation of our children to retain, in the world around them, the places which have been won by their fathers. The conditions of the struggle for these places have changed in many respects, and those who are called upon to take part in it must change with their environment, if their position is to be maintained.

No Old Maids in Russia.

Chicago Tribune.

The idea is still allowed to prevail in Russia that single life is a disgrace to women, for there are no old maids except in the religious orders. If the parents cannot arrange a marriage for the daughter she makes a journey, and is thus lost to the gossiping community. Soon reports are circulated of her marriage to a foreigner. Long absence brings forgetfulness, so that when the story is told of the death of the foreign husband in a strange land, there are few who care to inquire further. Indeed, it is a breach of etiquette to suggest doubts under such circumstances, and the woman finally returns as a broken-hearted widow. She has met the conditions of the country, and she is no longer a single person in society. Thus the fiction of "no unmarried women" is preserved in the domain of the Czar.

Life Sentence for Indian.

SPOKANE, May 31.—Basil Adrian, a Coeur d'Alene Indian, was sentenced today to life imprisonment in the Penitentiary for an atrocious criminal assault on a young white woman. The crime, which was shockingly brutal, was committed a few miles east of Spokane. The Indian has a wife and two children on the Coeur d'Alene reservation. In passing sentence, Judge Richardson expressed regret that the law did not permit him to impose the death penalty.

Review at Potsdam.

POTSDAM, May 31.—The parade of the Potsdam garrison took place in the Lustgarten this morning. Emperor William, accompanied by Prince Henry of Prussia and other Princes, took up a position opposite the statue of King Frederick William I for the march past. The Shah of Persia witnessed the military display from a window of the Stadt Schloss.

Field Meet Postponed.

EUGENE, May 31.—The field meet which was to have been held here between the Portland High School and Eugene High School today, was indefinitely postponed, on account of unfavorable weather.

A Farmer Straightened Out.

"A man living on a farm near here came in a short time ago completely doubled up with rheumatism. I handed him a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and told him to use it freely, and if not satisfied after using it he need not pay a cent for it," says C. P. Rayder, of Pattens Mills, N. Y. "A few days later he walked into the store as straight as a string and handed me a dollar, saying: 'Give me another bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I want it in the house all the time, for it cured me.' For sale by all druggists.

A Maryland Estate Entailed.

Philadelphia North American.

George Brown, one of the most extensive landowners in Maryland, and famous throughout the country for his unlimited hospitality, died Saturday night at his home, "Brooklandwood," near Baltimore. Mr. Brown lived the ideal life of a country gentleman. His magnificent estate of 2700 acres in the Green Spring Valley, and one containing some of the finest stock ever imported to this country, is said to be one of the only two landed estates in America where the law of entail will provide for its successor. The estate will go to H. Carroll Brown, who a year ago married Miss Margaret Daly, daughter of the late Marcus Daly. A widow and eight children survive Mr. Brown. He was largely interested in Baltimore financial institutions, and is credited with having left a personal estate of several millions.

VOTE FOR
GEORGE E. WATKINS

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR
County Assessor
Official Ballot No. 126
Vote for the initiative and referendum amendment.

Summer Normal

OF SIX WEEKS

Beginning Monday, June 30, will be conducted in one of the rooms of the Portland Business College, corner Park and Washington streets. It will be strictly a school of study, designed to aid teachers to higher grades in the August examination. Further particulars on application.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR

The Portland Business College is open all the year. Students may enter at any time, for special branches or a regular course, and receive individual or class instruction, as preferred. Call or send for catalogue. Learn what and how we teach.

A. P. Armstrong, LL. B., Principal.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP
MAKES THE SKIN SOFT AS VELVET

It is the Best Toilet Soap made. A wonderful skin curative. Best for the complexion. Best for the bath. Best for the baby. Best for the hair. Large cakes 15c. Trial size 5c; all druggists'. Munyon's Remedies are positive cures. Advice and Guide to Health free by mail.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

D: 103.2