

At noon, May 5, a stream of burning lava rushed 4400 feet down the mountain

POINTE-A-PITRE, Guadeloupe, May 10.

tion of St. Pierre.

(Concluded on Second Page.)

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the Cruiser Suchet, was about to leave tinue.

Earthquakes Have Ceased. FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, May orders."

dangerous. Fifty years ago some smoke and steam issued from its crevices, but no attention was paid to it. Unless the lava overran the whole island, which is Roralms. Think it advisable to duplicate Mr. Darrell said he did not regard it as

unlikely that this message was sent from | be."

relief sent to the survivors may not be

Fears for Massachusetts Schooner,

AND ERUPTIONS.

able to reach them 1771 01

side, following the dry bed of a torrent and reaching the sea, five miles from the mountain, in three minutes. In its rush the flery flood swept from its path plantations, buildings, factories, cattle and human beings over a breadth of about half a mile.

At the rear of the mouth of the Riviere Blanche stood the large Guerin sugar factory, one of the finest in the island. It is now completely entombed in lava. The tall chimney alone is visible. One hundred and fifty persons are estimated to have perished there, including the owner's

As the lava rushed into the sea, the latter receded 300 feet all along the west coast. Returning with greater strength, a big wave covered the whole sea front of St. Pierre, but did little damage ashore or affost

## Terror Seized the Inhabitants.

Terrible detonations, heard hundreds of miles porthward, followed at short, irregular intervals and continued at night, In the intense darkness the electric lights failed, but the town was lit up by lurid flashes of flame from the mountain. The terror-stricken inhabitants rushed for the hills in their night clothes, screaming, shouting and walling, finad with terror.

The Plissono family escaped to St. Lucia in a small steamer. Thirty-five persons, mostly women and children, arrived here In the forenoon of the 6th and furnished the above details. The men remained in Martinique.

The same afternoon, later, telegraphic communication was interrupted with both the Islands of Martinique and St. Vincent, During the afternoon of the 8th the Brit. Isi: steamer Roddam, which had left St. Lucia at midnight on the 7th for Martinique, crawled slowly into Castries Har. bar, unrecognizable, gray with ashes, her rigging dismantled and sheets and awnings hanging about torn and charred.

## A Rain of Fire.

Captain Whatter reported that, having just cast anchor off St. Pierre at S P. M., in fine weather succeeding an awful thunder storm during the night, he was talking to the ship's agent, Joseph Plissono, who was in a boat alongside, when he saw a tremendous cloud of smoke and glowing cinders rushing with terrific rapidity over the town and port, completely and in an instant enveloping the former in a sheet of flame and raining fire on board. The agent had just time to climb on board when his boat disappeared. Several of the crew of the Roddam were quickly scorched to death. By superhuman efforts, having steam up, the cable was slipped and the steamer backed away from the shore, and nine hours later managed to reach Castries. Ten of the Roddam's men were lying dead, contorted and burned out of human semblance, owing to the black cin-



House in which the Empress Josephine was born, Martinique.



Statue of the Empress Josephine, Fort-De-France, Martinique.

WAKEFIELD, Mass., May 10 .- It is feared that Captain Parks, of the schooner T. W. Norton, whose home is in this city, and his son lost their lives at St. Pierre. The Norton is supposed to have been at St. Pierre this week, and from reports at hand it is believed she must have been lost. LIVES LOST BY EARTHQUAKES Since the beginning of the world it has been estimated that over 15,000,000 people have been killed by earthquakes. An elaborated catalogue of earthquakes from 1606 B. C. to A. D. 1842, b and J. W. Mallet, was published by the British Association in 1858. In the course of 75 years, from 1783 to 1857, the Kingdom of Naples lost at

to be as great as it at present seems to

least, 111,000 inhabitants by the effects of earthquakes, or more than an average of 1500 per year, out of an average population of 6,000,000 The following table gives the names dates and number of persons perishing in the principal earthquakes that have orded. Besides these mentioned in the table are thousands of other earthquakes, most of them with the loss of life considerably smaller than those given in the table; 10,000 2,000 50,000 A. D. eorgia rak 80,000 100,000 200,000 15,000 2,000 100,000 40,000 00,000 40,000 Brand Cair 1,600 3,000 700 15,00x 4,000 14,000 12,000 5,000 5,000 12,000 12,000