THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN, PORTLAND, AUGUST 11, 1901.

WEIRD, DRAMATIC SCENE and contend that there is no substitute for the work of wearing out the enemy day by day and man by man.

TORCHLIGHT FUNERAL PROCESSION FROM CRONBERG CASTLE.

Body of the Dead Empress Conveyed at Night to the Church, Followed by the Emperor.

CRONBERG, Aug. 10 .- The church bells have been tolling throughout the day. The Emperor, Empress, Crown Prince and other Princes drove over from Homburg this morning, and were present at the reading of prayers by the Bishop of Ripon at the side of the coffin of the Dowager Empress. A requiem service was held in the old Cathedral Church. Bishop Eckeriwing eloquently discoursed

on the virtues of the decensed. All the Italian workmen at Cronberg have been sent to Frankfort or have been ordered not to leave their residences. The military and police regulations are of the most drastic nature, and the facilities of newspaper correspondents are much our-

Tall masts with Prussian flags draped with crape have been erected in the streets of the village, which is full of troops.

Emperor William has conferred on Pro. fessor Renvers the title of Privy Sanitary Counsellor, and has also bestowed an order on Dr. Spielnsgen, who, with Profes-sor Renvers, attended the Dowager Em-press during her illness. In addition the six ladies-in-waiting of the deceased Dow-ager Empress have received Red Cross medals

It is understood that Prince and Prin-cess Frederick Charles of Hesse will in-herit Friederickshof. The Princess is the youngest daughter of the deceased Dowager Empress.

All day long the heat was intense. From I o'clock this afternoon carriages and vehicles of every description came into the town bringing sightseers from Homburg, Frankfort, Nauheim and the country for miles around. Mingling with the soldiers and workmen engaged in erecting mourning masts, one found a moticy gathering intent upon seeking points of vantage from which to view the funeral procession. From early this morn-ing the military held the streets and none except a more privileged few were per-mitted along the route to be taken by the cortege. At teh bend where the road reaches the old part of the town is a great arch with green boughs and pll-lara, the support of which is four im-mense and weight torches. mense and weird torches.

Punctually at 9:30 o'clock tonight the far-off sound of muffled drums and the will-o'-the-wisp-like twinkling of torches through the distant trees, told the peo-ple of Cronberg that the procession had left Friederickshof. As the glare of the uplifted torches drew nearer down the winding road, it revealed a long, black, massive line on the shoulders of a dozen soldiers. Then another flare revealed the well-known figure of the Emperor, pacing with sombre tread just behind the coffin. It was a wonderful sight, appearing for a moment and then dissolving under the flaring torches, while on each side, for a mile along the road, were revealed the glittering bayonets and helmets of the Eightleth Regiment of the line, of which the dead Dowager Empress was Colonel-in-Chief. The deep muffled roll of the drums added to the solemnity of the As the precincts of the old medieval

town were reached, the scene seemed even more mystical. Behind the Emperor followed the royal family, save the ludies, none of whom was in the procession; the Crown Prince of Greece, the Prince of Schaumberg-Lippe, the hereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen, Count von Secken-dorff, who was the secretary of the Dowager Empress, and other notables. A double file of soldiers bearing torches, walked or either side of the mourners.

Within the dimly lighted church four officers with drawn sabres stood as a guard of honor. The coffin was borne sliently down the aisle and deposited between the guards beneath the The royal mourners followed. silently The Emperor, advancing to the head of coffin, stood with bowed head while Dryander, the court chaplain, spoke a few solemn words. It was an impres-sive scene. The flickering of the Renais-sance candelabra cast great shadows on

EXPLODED A TOBPEDO PUBLIC INTEREST IN GERMANY IN Boer Sympathizers Tried to Blow Up a British Transport. NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10 .- What is re-garded as an attempt of a Boer sympa

garded as an attempt of a Boer sympa-thizer to blow up a British transport oc-curred shortly after midnight when a ter-rific explosion occurred at the Stock land-ing, where the Harrison steamer Mechan-ician is moored. The Mechanician is to carry mules to South Africa. Most of the crew of the ship were asleep, but the ex-plosion brought them quickly from their berths to the deck. An examination showed that two plates at the water's edge had been sprung and considerable water was let into the ship. The pumps were immediately put to work and when daylight came it was found that the ves-sel was in no danger of sinking and that the damage done was not serious. Evidences of a plot to destroy the ship

Evidences of a plot to destroy the ship were discovered by an officer of the ves-sel today. Attached to the anchor chain see today. Attached to the anchor chain near the surface of the water, was found a cotton-wrapped wire about 125 feet long, to which was evidently attached the bomb or torpedo that exploded last night and drove in the plates of the ship. The British officers here and agents of the lines

employed by the British Government for the transportation of mules and horses to South Africa are much exercised over the attempted destruction of the ship, and the vessel has been moved out in mid stream with a double watch on board. This is true of the other mule transports in port, the Milwaukee being one of them. But for the torpedo exploding where a bulkhead sustained the plates, the vesel undoubtedly would have been sunk. Mules will be taken on board Monday and the ship will proceed on her trip to East

INTERVIEWED TOO MUCH.

Depew Says He Is Going to Retire From the Business.

LONDON, Aug. 10.-"I am going to re-tire from the interviewing business per-manently." said Senator Chauncey M. Depew, to a representative of the Associated Press today. "I have served my full term and have generally enjoyed it, but there have been so many fictitious and erroreous reports of my sayings and speeches since I arrived in Europe this Summer that I have concluded to give up the job.

the job. "It is impossible to discuss the great strike intelligently at this distance, but the important thing to note is that the prosperity of American manufacturers and estimiture continues in spite of prosperity of American manufacturers and agriculture continues in spite of everything. The fact is that American prosperity is now so great that nothing but a revolution can stop it, and nothing

can produce a revolution. "I have been seriously misquoted in an American paper concerning the efforts of American paper concerning the efforts or European governments to offset Ameri-can inroads into their trade and manu-factures. My observations of this move-ment lead to the conclusion that while the European governments view with alarm the increasing inroads of Ameri-an products it is impossible that they alarm the increasing inroads of Ameri-can products, it is impossible that they should successfully combine against them. I am led to this conclusion by my railroad experience. We often got a half dozen or more trunk line managers to-gether who agreed upon certain rates, but when the question of percentages was discussed it was always found that their aggregate demands reached 300 or 400 per cent, when there was only 100 per cent to divide. There is no chance of European nations ever agreeing upon a ropean nations ever agreeing upon a basis of division.

"I haven't seen Mr. Croker, but he is apparently getting much enjoyment out of English life.

of English life. "As a United States Senator I am pre-cluded from discussing Lord Kitchener's proclamation, which undoubtedly wis the most important feature of English politics this week. It is bound to create widespread comment, appearing as it does on the day Lord Milner is returning to South Africa. I presume Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain will enlighten us on the subject at Elenheim today, and it would have been a pleasure to me to hear them and witness the demonstration at the Duke of Mariborough's charming at the Duke of Mariborough's charming place, had I not thought that my pres-ence there might be misconstrued in the

THE LATE EMPRESS. Judgment of the Junker Organs Softened-Return of Count von Waldersee-Tariff Agitation.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.-All eyes in Germany today are turned on Homburg. Public interest in the deceased Dowager Empress during her widowhood has been slight, and she did everything possible to retire from public view, and avoided every semblance of political activity. The latter fact has contened the inderneet of our total the softened the judgment of even the un-bending junker organs, which once per-secuted Her Majesty, assailing her most

secured Her Majesty, assailing her most sharply when at the very acme of power. Her death reveals the fact that the cx-tremists had largely modified their judg-ment, or, at least, had ignored their points of differences. They praise her for her humanity, her tender nursing of the sick in war, her interest in industrial art, and the practical advance she made in these

ADMIRAL ROBLEY D. EVANS.



BOOK REFLECTING ON EX-SECRETARY CHANDLER.

ago. While the nation has thus been engaged in recounting the story of the life of the Dowager Empress, her relatives have Dowager Empress, her relatives have While the nation has thus been engaged in recounting the story of the life of the Dowager Empress, her relatives have been assembling at Cronberg for the fu-neral. King Edward and Queen Alexan-dra arrived there today, and Prince Henry of Prussia, who is now steaming up the Channel, is expected to arrive at Bremer-haven Sunday or Monday, too late for the services at Cronberg, but in time to attend the burial at Potsdam. Great crowds of curious people are ar-riving at Cronberg. All the hotels there are overflowing, and all the windows are engaged for tomorrow. Cronberg is over-run with English people in deep mourn-ing. King Edward, with Queen Alexan-dra, will go to Potedam. Then His Maj-esty will return to Homburg alone, where he will take the mere the mere the state is a start of the services and control the start of the services and control to the start of the start ing. King Edward, with Queen Alexan-dra, will go to Potedam. Then His Maj-esty will return to Homburg alone, where

took a walk in

see's arrival in Germany was naturally overshadowed by the and event at Cron-

berg, the whole tone of the press and the

dersee is described as deeply bronzed, but

as having the same elastic step and bu

United States. It is hopeless to expect European intervention. No matter how ich the peop pathize with the esty will return to Homburg alone, where heroic conduct of the Boers, governments are forced to determine exactly what of-fect intervention is going to have for the be will take the waters, living at his ac-customed hotel in the same style as when he was Prince of Wales. Boers, and where they themselves stand The coffin of the deceased Downger Empress, which has been sent from Berlin when England declines their demands."

ALL EYESARE ON HOMBURG he participates, furnishing himself a sketch showing how the lines of soldiers must be drawn up within the shipyards while he is present. THE ORDER WAS OBEYED TEACHERS AND COLLEGE MEN

There are unusual numbers of Amer-icans visiting Berlin. All the hotels are crowded with them. It is impossible to secure lickets on the German steamers before Outputs before October.

The United States training-ship Hartford left Kiel this afternoon

THE UNIONIST CELEBRATION. Seven Thousand Persons on the

Grounds of Blenheim Palace.

LONDON, Aug. 10 .- The great Unionia celebration at Bienheim today was fa-vored by the most pleasant weather. Its object was to celebrate the third Unionist victory in the by-elections. One hundred and twenty members of Parliament were present, with some 3000 delegates from Conservative and Liberal Unionist associa-tions throughout the country, and others present made a total of about 7000 per-

CENSURED BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT FOR STATEMENTS IN HIS

lines. They also praise her activity in promoting female education and in the advancement of women. The most con-Unionists was now an indissoluble union. lines. They are education and the promoting female education and the advancement of women. The most con-advancement of women. The most con-acrvative papers praise the latter feature of her character unstintedly. The news-paper comment partakes largely of the character of reminiscences, pointing out that the deceased was one of the last links binding the Germany of today with the great historical events of 30 or 40 years ago. The ration has thus been engaged is ago. The ration has thus been engaged

heresies, and until they were free, the Unionist party did not want their com-munion. English Book Trade Good. NEW YORK, Aug. 10.-According to the London correspondent of the Tribune, English publishers report that the sales of books have increased recently, and that the prospects of the Autumn trade are brighter than for years. Helnemann 6-shilling and 6-penny books as he hns to Cronberg, is of the English style, with a flat cover, not the German pyramidal style. The deceased herself designed the season. There are many signs that the public is finding the newspapers dull and reverting to books. Heinemann is isuing Poultney Bigelow's colonial book rosettes ornamenting the cover, and also this week, and he will issue a bright story by Mrs. Bigelow later in the month. designed the coffin. The train which is to bring the funeral party to Potsdam has been prepared at Frankfort. The car which will carry the advertising an edition of 100,000 copies of Hall Caine's "Eternal City, and has completed plans for a library of fin is trimmed with English mourning 12 French masterpleces. Mrs. Meynell's fresh volume of verse may be expected in the course of a few weeks. Chapman

(Continued from First Page.)

pleases the strike leaders, and they claim that the tie-up there will be general. The advices received here by the steel officials from Wheeling conflict with the earlier reports as to the strike at Ben-wood. They deny that the men struck this morning, and insist that everything is guiet at the niant

quiet at the plant. Telegrams from McKeesport announce Telegrams from McKeesport announce that 150 men today began the dismanting of the big Dewees-Wood plant. Several cars were backed into the yard, and a number of rolls were taken down and haded on them. The strikers say that only old machinery is being removed, and that the corporation is not serious in the matter. As a counter move to the order of the Steel Corporation, an independent plant, backed by local business men, is proposed. The capital is pinced at \$300,-00, of which enterprise the local lodge of the Amalgamated Association is said to have pledged \$80,000.

to have pledged \$80,000. Paymaster George Falkenstein, of the Dewees-Wood plant, stated today that the men will be paid off today, and the office force will be notlified that after two weeks their service will not be required. The employes who will accompany the mill to its new home will be determined by Superintendent Samuel M. Cooper

within a few days. Gompers' Open Letter.

The open letter written by President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, is generally discussed today, and construed by each individual according to his sympathies. The strikers asserted that it was eminently satisfactory to them, and that it assured them the com-bein support of the Federation. One them, and that it assured them the com-plete support of the Federation. Oppo-nents of the strike insisted that there was but little consolation for the strikers in the statement. They said that President Gompers does not approve the strike, and stood rendy while here to accept and sup-port any plan for a satisfactory settle-ment. It is not known here what steps the Federation of Labor will take. None of its officials is here, and the Amalgaof its officials is here, and the Amalga-mated leaders refuse to discuss the mat-ter. All manner of reports as to legal actions are in circulation, but no steps have been taken here yet to invoke the aid of the courts by either side.

Jacob Meyers, foreman of the Demmier plant of the American Tinplate Com-pany, has received orders to fence the works in, and the order is taken as an indication of a move to reopen the works with nonunlor men. It is said that the Carpenters' Union will refuse to build the

Conflict in Strike Reports.

Conflict in Strike Reports. PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—At 1:30 this (Sun-day) morning there is such a conflict in the strike reports that an estimate of the men who have joined the strike is im-possible. It seems certain that the 9000 men employed by the National Tube Com-pany at McKeesport will go out. The strikers claim that they will get many men in the two Pittsburg mills of the Cancegie Company, but the steel officials say that none of the men will go out. Conservative opinion at Wheeling, W. Va., awards the strikers 6000 men in that dis-trict. Nine hundred men will leave the Republic Works here, in all probability. There is doubt as to the outcome at Monessen. Trouble was anticipated there tonight, but none came. Sharon reports tonight, but none came. Sharon reports that the men in the National plant will not go out. Connellaville reports that the men are not affected, that the tin workers went out on the first order, and that the United Grate Shart order, and that the United States Steel coke works are not

organized. Youngstown, O., says the gen-eral order will not have effect in Mahoning Valley, as the mills affected went out last month. Scottdale telegraphs that the general order will have no effect. The men at Bellaire, O., will go out, but Leech-burg and Hyde Park report that the men are with the Steel Corporation.

Decisive Move by the Trust. When the strike edict of President Shaf-er went into effect last night, every mill of the National Tube Company, for which the union scale has heretofore been signed, became nonunion. At the entrance

Praise and Recommend Pe-ru-na.



Hon. J. A. Simpson, Secretary of the | ing was afraid I might fall to the side-Board of Education of San Francisco,

Some months ago I suffered with neurasthenia (systemic catarrh), caused by too close application to office work. My sys-tem seemed worn out, and I felt far from well. I found Peruna benefited ime very much. It built up the entire system and made me feel like a new man. I believe it is well worthy the high praise be-

varning of its approach, and can be eas-By warded off by the proper treatment. Floating brown specks before the eyes, mental confusion, fits of nervous headache, sleeplessness, flashes of heat, chilly sensations, palpitation, irritability, de-spondency; any of these symptoms or all of them should be promptly met by the use of Peruna.

A Traveler's Letter.

walk. I also had to get up at night and sit in a chair to keep from smothering. My legs and arms pained me most of the time, my feet were cold on the hottest day, my tongue was coated, I had chills from my head to my feet. I was weak and had very little life and everything looked dark to me, and often I wished for the end.

> "I took all kinds of medicine-do not think there is a drug store in this city that I did not get some truck from. I also used vapor baths, dieted, drank all the mineral waters, had many consultations with two of the best doctors of this city, used their prescriptions, but all see of no

> "After months of this kind of work I fully made up my mind to try Pe-runa, and thank God for it, as I had not used over two bottles until I felt a change, and have been getting better ever since, and now I am well and strong. All my friends tell me how well I look. Let me say to those who are sick, try Peruna if will cure you. Don't expect to be cured by one bottle, but stick to

Cal., writes: "I have found Peruna an ideal tonic."

stowed upon it."-J. A. Simpson. Systemic catarrh always gives fair

J. Edward Clark, 40 Temple street, Los Angeles, Cal., writes: "I fully believe Peruna saved my life.

the floor, flashed here and there from the drawn steel of the military guard and intermittently revealed and obscured the Roman tracery and bas relief work of the Italian ceiling, which were most strik

Following the chaplain's address in the death-like stillness the Emperor stepped forward and deposited a magnificent wreath upon the coffin. His Majesty stood a moment motionless, then dropped upon his knees by the side of his moth er's body. The whole congregation followed and five minutes was devoted to slient prayer. It was an intensely dramatic scene, the more so because of its great simplicity. Not a breath broke the stillness of the church, not a sabre quivered among the statuesque figures of

the guard till the Emperor rose, a Mar-shal's baton in his hand, and silently left the church, followed by the chief mourners. Then sounded the clash of side arms escort, without a word of command, closed up around the carriages and the party was driven back to Frieder-ickshof, leaving the coffin to rest throughout the night between its slient guardians. beneath the dim light of the glittering

Battle-Ship Indiana's Tribute.

HALIFAX, Aug. 10 .- The United States battle-ship Indiana has arrived here battle-ship came up the harbor with her flags half-masted, including the German standard flying from her turret half-mast, as a tribute of respect to the late German Empress Dowager.

LACKS COMMON SENSE.

New Policy of Reprisals in South Africa.

NEW YORK. Aug. 10.-Commenting pon the new policy in South Africa, the London correspondent of the Tribune 58783

The new policy of reprisals in South Africa is the chief theme of the leader writers and of political gossip at Westminster. Opinions vary according to the temper and prejudices of those discussing it, but there is little confidence that General Kitchener's proclamation will shorten the campaign. The penalties imposed are not considered practical by the best informed men. The menace of permanent banishment and distraints upor property will not be likely to frighten the ers, who have lost everything they own except the rifles and the powder carried by them. Practical men are asking how this proclamation can be brought under the eyes of the obstinate burghers in the field before September 15, and what induces the Ministers to believe that it will have any other effect than to prok the conflict. There can be no effective method of compelling the men in arms to puy for the keep of their families after that date, nor for enforcing exile when the war is over.

The new policy is not criticised on the ground that if is essentially inhumane, but because it lacks common sense. The whole policy of collecting the Boer famflies in concentration camps has been open to criticism as a measure for relieving the combatants from the necessity for feeding and taking care of their fam m, and thereby for prolonging the war, Now that the general result is perceived. it is a sign of weakness for the Govern-ment to imagine that the system can be abandoned and board money collected

from the obstinate burghers, Military men do not hold General Kitch-ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.-Two large build-ings owned by the Hafner-Lothman Man-ufacturing Company, consisting of a planing mill and a sash and door factory, were burned this afternoon, entailing a r responsible for the proclamation, but ert the terms have been dictated from ener res the Colonial Office. They ridicule the idea that the campaign can be brought to an were burned this afterna end by manifestos, promises and menaces, loss estimated at \$150,990.

RUSPED A BLOCKHOUSE.

Captured by Boers After Severe

been received."

ban.

the stake.

that ground.

Fighting. LONDON, Aug. 10 .- A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria today,

'A blockhouse near Bradfort, Orange colors, lilac and white, and is richly orna River Colony, was rushed and captured by the Boers, after severe fighting, the night of August 7. mented within and without. Other cars have been provided for the funeral party.

The Emperor has been as busy as deusl with the affairs of state. He worked at "Elliot has captured 70 prisoners and large quantities of stock and wagons, which he is sending in. No details have his office nearly all day vesterday, and then late in the evening took a the park with Count von Bulow,

Mail dispatches from Lord Kitchener issued today in a Parliamentary paper, Papers of various shades of opinion give expression to the complaints of theatrical say his constant endeavor is to improve the fortifications along the lines of com-munications, thus releasing men from acople and musicians at the orders issue for the closing of the theaters until the funeral is over, and print letters "To the tive service. The garrisons off the rail-ways have mostly been withdrawn. Editor," mildly protesting. While Field Marshal Count von Walder-

A spirited narrative of the ejectment of General Dewet from Cape Colony con-cludes with the statement that the rald-ers undoubtedly received a number of re-

cruits from the colonial Dutch, an ample of food and timely information. apply of food and timely information. Lord Kitchener received certain infor-

attitude of the crowds during Count von Waldersee's trip yesterday from Helmburg to Hanoveg indicate that Germans take a much more sober view of Von Waldersee's mission now than was the nation that Dewet intends to attack Cape fown, while General Botha, as soon as he hears that the concentration in Cape Colcase a year ago. The more influential papers review the Field Marshal's work ony is effected, is to enter Natal 5000 picked horsemen and make for Durappreciatively, but implying that every body in Germany had formed exaggerated notions of the task before him. Von Wal

ANOTHER NEGRO BURNED.

Assailant of a White Woman Taken in Charge by a Mob.

Permitted to Land.

the evidence in the case that there was

Fire in a Mill Plant.

no reason for refusing Sing admissi

as naving the same elastic step and buoy-ant spirits. Yesterday at Kassel, his old military friends welcomed him on his way to Homburg. While the train wait-ed, Von Waldersee entertained them with his Chinese experiences which enter with SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 10 .- The negro ssaliant of Mrs. J. J. Clark was caphis Chinese experiences, which called forth roars of laughter. The Field Marshal will dine with Emperor William at the Homtured at Liberty City today. Tonight he was taken to Ways Station and identified by Mrs. Clark. While being removed burg Schloss today. He will return to Hanover tomorrow. It is understood that Von Waldersee's reappointment as inspec-Han from Ways to Bryan County jail the pris-oner was taken away from his captors tor of the Third army corps is in accordance with an arrangement with His Maj-esty prior to the Field Marshal's departby a mob, and it is believed has be burned at the stake. Positive news of the lynching is lacking, and could not be ure for China. ecured tonight. The Morning News' ad-rices came from R. J. Young, who cap-The week's tariff discussion took large ly the form of a sharp attack on the part of the Agrarians and Conservative

tured the negro, who says that he was ordered to leave the vicinity by the men who took the man from his custody. A organs upon a semi-official news agent for the continued publication in the foreign short time afterward he saw a fire, the flames from which ascended above the tops of the surrounding trees. He telepress of attacks upon the bill. Some of the bolder papers go to the length of openly attacking the Foreign Office as begraphs the Morning News that he has no ing responsible, since all the political dis ubt that the negro has been burned at patches are censored there before pub-lication, insinuating that Count von Bu-low is insincere in his tariff bill attitude, and is now trying to kill it. The United States continue WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 .- Assistant Sec-

to play an etary Taylor, of the Treasury Departimportant role in the tariff discussions ment, has rendered a decision permitting the landing at San Francisco of Lee Sing, The Kreuse Zeitung today quotes appro-ingly the declaration of the Chamber a Chinese merchant just returned from a visit to his native country. He was de-Commerce of Eupen, Rhenish Prussia that Germany must expect to be flooded with American goods. The Kreuss Zei-tung adds that the domestic industry is tained by the immigration officials, the uestion being raised whether his place of usiness was conducted in a house alleged threatened by keener foreign competition especially American, adding: to be used for gambling purposes, but the Assistant Secretary was satisfied from "The greater the danger, the more ut

gent and inexorable the demand that the home market be surrounded with firm pro-tection. The United States itself precedes us in this respect with an example possible to misunderstand."

Suderman, who is recuperating in the Engadine, Switzerland, has nearly finished a new play.

The Emperor has ordered a change in sustained in a collision with the the arrangements of all launchings where Maru, which was also damaged.

Hall are undertaking a complete edition of Richardson's novels in 20 volumes.

Intense Heat in Italy:

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Telegrams from Rome today say nothing like the heat wave which is scorching all Italy has been known within living memory. The thermometer in many parts of the coun-try registered 62 centigrade in the shade. The vineyards in whole districts have been shriveled up by the sirocco and ruined to very roots as though set on fire. The

air in the Province of Syracuse is barely respirable, and the sea water is so warm that bathing has been abandoned. The people have been forced to sleep open air.

Morocco Question Reopened.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.-A dispatch to he Herald from Berlin says: The Forthe Herald eign Office has received news from Morocco which confirms the reports of the arrest of the chief of the special mission to Berlin and London. In spite of the fact that the opening up of the Morocco question would at present be very inop-portune, Germany is prepared to support England in any diplomatic action she may take. may take

Quay Dispute Not Yet Settled.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Friday, Aug. 8 .-The Franco-Turkish dispute on the quay claims remains unsettled. Turkey persists in the idea of purchasing the quays from the French company, but it is impossible to find the money at present, owing to the impoverished condition of the treasury. The Porte today again informed M. Constans, the French Ambas-sador, that the French conditions for the transfer of the quays were unacceptable

Heavy Rails for Siberian Road. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10 .- The light on the Siberian Railroad are to replaced with standard rails.

Chaplain Chidwick's Mother Dead.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.-Chaplain John S. P. Chadwick, of the United States armored cruiser New York, now cruising off the coast of Japan, may not learn of the death of his mother, Mrs. Margaret Chidwick, which just occurred at her home in Brooklyn, for several weeks. Cablegrams have been sent to several weeks. Cablegrams have been sent to several Japanese ports, but it is not known just where or when the cruiser will enter port. Chaplain Chidwick became well known as the chaplain of the battle-ship Maine at the time of the mainte-ship Maine, at the time of the explosion in Havana harbor.

Damaged in a Collision

LONDON, Aug. 10.-A dispatch from Nagasaki says the British steamer Ching We, Captain Davies, from Seattle July 21 for London, is at Nagasaki with a hole in her port bow, her bridge damaged, and with the less of her anchor and 165 fath-

union mills of the National, the Federal Steel and the National Tube Company. It is the most decisive step that the trust has thus far taken.

MINEWORKERS INDORSE STRIKE.

Most Powerful Organization in the Federation of Labor.

Federation of Labor. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 10.-The executive board of the United Minework-ers of America, in session here, has offi-cially recognized the steel strike. To-day a resolution setting out the causes of the strike, indorsing the causes of the strike, indorsing the action of the Amalgamated Asso-clation, pledging the support of the mine-workers and calling on President Gompers to call a meeting of the president compers to call a meeting of the presidents and secretaries of all bodies connected with the American Federation of Labor to meet and devise plans for aiding the strikers was adopted. Copies were sent to a report that a cigar manufacturer Presidents Shaffer and Gompers,

This action, following closely, as it does, the public statement of President Gom-pers, in which he promised to aid the strikers, is regarded as significant, as it is the first movement toward uniting all the organizations connected with the Fed-eration in supporting the steel strikers. It is also taken as an indication that the officials of the mineworkers, the most powerful organization in the Federation, apprehend that the struggle between the steel trust and its men may eventually involve the entire Federation, if the principles of unionism are to be preserved, and for that reason they are anxious for a conference where a pian of opposition to the trust may be outlined.

It was learned at the headquarters of the mineworkers that it is not within the the power of President Gompers to pledge financial assistance to the steel strikers without having first obtained the authorhis council to do so. Presiden Mitchell, of the mineworkers, is ber of this council, and no meeting has as yet been called. It was stated at the Mineworkers' rooms that the organization will stand an assessment to ald the steel strikers if President Gompers and his advisers make a demand. It is expected advisers make a demand. It is expected that President Gompers will at once issue a call for a meeting of presidents and secretaries of the organizations connected with the Federation, inasmuch as he has publicly atated that he is in sympathy with the steel strikers. The meeting will workship he held in Pittaburg. probably be held in Pittsburg.

New York Sympathetic Strike.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 .- The announce. ment is made that 60,000 workmen in this city are ready to join in a sympathetic strike when requested by the Amalga-mated Association of Iron & Steel Workers. Philip Weinsimer, secretary of the board of delegates of the United Building ers. Trades, in an interview, said, according

ron or other products of the United States Steel Corporation are used will be tied up by strikes ordered by the board the in-stant word is received from the striking steelworkers that such action is desired. This action of the board will affect 60,000

Steel Officials Say Nothing.

oms of chain. Repairs will be made tem-porarily in a few days. The injuries were sustained in a collision with the Hoyoku request from the Amaigamated leaders for the conference, and it was not expected

Government Aid Invoked.

cigar-makers of Tampa, against whom the letter says "unheard-of brutalities have been practiced." The letter concludes as

rested and taken away from their fami-lies, the United States Army would have been called out to protect them." At a meeting held by the cigar-makers, a resolution was named in ormakers.

coming here from Tampa next Monday to make cigars during the strike. It said:

Compers Proposes to Act.

American Federation of Labor, returned

"I propose to act, not talk." he said.

IDAHO CENSUS BULLETIN.

School Children, Voters and Militia-

men, Citizenship.

males, go to make up the total popula-tion of the state. The greater portion of the whites are native born, 89,551 hav-

ing native parents, and 42,754 foreign parents, while the foreign white number in all but 22,850. Of the colored popula-

Another bulletin of the Census Office

'No man shall make a cigar for a Tampa manufacturer until the strike is over.

lution was passed in reference to

follows:

flict."

that Mr. Gampers would attempt to in-terview the officers of the company with est. regard to the strike.

Persons of school age, above referred to, are from 5 to 20 years. Militia age ranges from 18 to 44, and the voting age NEW YORK, Aug. 10 .- Cigar-makers of includes all males 21 years of age of this city have sent a letter to President McKinley, asking that the executive power be used for the protection of the over.

Rebuff to Cockran.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 .- Bourke Cockran had an unpleasant experience last night in the lobby of the House of Commons in follows: "If the positions were reversed and the capitalists and the merchants were ar-world from London describes the incident as follows:

While taking Mr. Cockran around Winton met Colonel Arthur Lee, recently the British military attache at Washington, and called him over.

"Don't you know my friend, Bourke Cockran?" he asked,

"Yes," said Colonel Lee, curtly; "the last time I saw him he was welcoming Boer delegates to Washington," and the former attache turned on his heel. Mr. Cockran only smiled, while Church.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.-President Gompers and Secretary Morrison, of the ill made profuse apologies for subjecting his guest to such a rebuff.

Storms on the Southern Border. TUCSON, Ariz., Aug. 10 .- Rain storms

today from Pittsburg, where they were in conference with President Shaffer and others in the steel strike. Mr. Gompers tinue to rage in Southeastern Arizona declined to discuss the strike situation or plans at this time. and Northern Sonora. The road from Benson to Guaymas was badly washed out last night and this afternoon again, atand for industrial peace and will do everything within my power to bring about an adjustment of the present constopping trains. A hurricane rain storm visited Tueson this afternoon, totally destroying the gas works, leaving the city without gas. Several large smokestacks and buildings were blown down, and a large number of trees destroyed. The estruction is considerable

Fast Mail Struck a Freight.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 10.-The westbound Santa Fe fast mail crashed into the rear of through freight No. 121 in a WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—A recent bul-letin of the Census Office shows that 57.7 per cent of the population of Idaho are males, and 42.3 per cent females. In figures, 93.557 males and 68.405 fefog early this morning near Pauline, four miles south of Topeka. Engineer Rolla and Fireman Wahi were badly injured in leaping from their engine. Traffic was delayed six hours.

Ecuador's Building Transferred.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 10 -- Ecuador's handsome building at the Pan-American Exposition was formally transferred to the Exposition Company today, the antion, 1291 are Japanese, 1467 Chinese and 293 negroes, 1929 are taxed Indians and 2297 are untaxed Indians. niversary of the birth of the republic Many of the foreign and state commission ers were present.

> As a result of the mosquito plague a female brass band has refused to fulfill an engagement to play nightly in a concert garden near Fort Hamilton, Long Island.



Is a constitutional disease,

It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition. It often causes headache and dizziness, mpairs the taste, smell and hearing, af fects the vocal organs and disturbs the

It is always radically and permanently ured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

Hoop's FILLS are the best cathartic.

shows the number of persons of school age, males of militia age, males of vot-ing age, and the citizenship of forsignborn males 21 years of age and over in According to the bulletin Idaho has 54,964 children of school age, 52,967 of whom are native born. Of the total number 53,251 are white. The boys of school age number 25,400, and the girls 26,564. 20,004. In 1999 Idaho had 41,783 males of mi-litin age, \$1,874 being native born, the balance foreigners. The males of voting age were 53,532 in number, 38,185 being native born, and 50,328 being white men.

"All buildings in which the structural

There are in Idaho 53,532 males, 31 years of age or over, of whom 35,442 are literate whites, and 395 illiterate

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.-Officials of the United States Steel Corporation answered whites; 105 native negroes are literate that "they had nothing to say" when asked about the strike developments to-day. One of the partners of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co, said today that there and 20 illiterate. Of the foreign born males, \$801 literate have become naturalized, and 328 Illiter-ates have done likewise. About 1400 have filed their first papers, for the most part literates. Of over 3000 allens 2334 are literate and 957 illiterate

Results in each instance are given by

to the Herald: workmen.