HANNA-PETTIGREW FEUD

WHY THE OHIO SENATOR STUMPED SOUTH DAKOTA.

South Dakotan Will Be Missed in Washington, Despite Bis Vitriolic Attacks on Colleagues.

In spite of the general rejoicing over Richard Franklin Pettigrew's defeat for the United States Senste, the fact is gen-erally recognized that the Senate will not be so interesting a place when he has packed his grip and gone back to South Dakota, says a Washington correspondent of the New York Times. Even the Relican Senators will have to admit that life is shorn of much of its excitement. None of the Republican leaders ever came down to the chamber in the morning without a feeling of wonder mixed with dread about what Petigrew was going to do to them that day. The days were few when the South Dakotan had not some ambuscade carefully prepared for his former friends on the Republican side. He had not his equal for industry and pertinacity. His attacks were like those of a mosquito, and his energy was as threese and his activity as constant as those of that unpopular insect. Postigrew's defeat is one of the most

curlous things in politics. He had prodded and stung Republican Senators all the session, irritating them beyond measure, and at last, in the closing hours, he inexpectedly swooped down on Mark Harma and drew blood. The big Repub-Bean, who had borne assaults from other quarters without opening his mooth, was aroused by Pettigrew's attack, and there was a Senatorial fracas for half an hour. Hanna then first entered the arena as a Senatorial specchmaker. The incident ap-parently ended, and Pettigrew certainly expected no worse results from it than had followed his nagging of other Sens-

But Mark Hanna was aroused. It was a personal matter with him now. All the other personal attacks of the last four years had drawn from him nothing but an occasional protest. But he now vowed vengeance on the man who had carried the attacks on his character into the Senate and had rubbed them in. He had been accused of dishonesty to his face and in the Senate. It was this latter fact that aroused Hanna most of all. It may not be generally known, but there is so man in the Senate—not even Mr. Hoar—who has such an appreciation of the dignity and majesty of that body as Mr. Hanna. His conception of it is even higher than the fact. He could hardly consider himself a member of a more august body if he were a Justice of the Supreme Court. He even has an idea that Supreme Court. He even has an idea that the dignity of the Senate is such that the newspapers should hesitate to criticise a member of it, though he would not apply that idea to any other legislative body. And here, in this sacred chamber itself. he was assailed with a partisan viru-lence which had never been surpassed and hardly ever equaled in editorials and

A Political Vendetta.

The campaign came up just then, and Mr. Hanna's vow of vengeance was for-gotten. Probably those who remembered it thought, when the Republican chair-man threw himself heart and soul into the fray for McKinley, that he himself had forgotten it in the pursuit of more important matters, or that his anger had cooled. That betrayed an ignorance of Mark Hanna. As soon as he felt abso-lutely confident that McKinley was sure elected, Mr. Hanna dropped everything, left the National campaign in the hands of subordinates and began the car-rying out of his long-cherished project for vengesnee against his political enomy. was a venderta of politics.

During the remainder of the campaign Hanna camped on the trail of his enemy. He went through South Dakota from end to end, speaking and working, and left To stone unturned to undo Petitgrew. As it was generally believed that South Dakota would give her electoral vote to McKinley, Hanna's devotion to that state became inexplicable. The fact was that the political prophets conceded the Sena-torship to Pettigrew, while giving the electoral vote to McKiniey; and until the very eve of election this was the slate. Hanna's work undid that. He came back Hanna's work undid that. He came back from South Dakota not only with the electoral vote for his chief, but with the

It was a curious and interesting feud. Hanna and Pettigrew, and yet there is a similarity in the positions they occupy. Hanna is the business man in politics; so is Pettigrew. Both are or were financal magnetes. Hanna is the type of the business man in politics who upholds po-litical systems as they are; Pettigrew is the much carer type of the business man In politics who would tear down and de-stroy-or, as he would prefer to put it, to reform and rescenerate.

Pettigrew is said to have met with

financial losses lately, but he entered the Senate as a rich man. He was the best-known capitalist in his state, occupying in that respect the same position that Hanna did in Ohlo. His own community was covered with Pettigrew's business enterprises. Hanna started as an emplaye of a wholesale grocery house; Pet-tigrew started as a laborer. Both men made their way in the world by indomi-table energy and business ability. Both were Republicans; but Hanna's bent was In the direction of extreme conservation and Pettierew in the direction of extreme radicalism, and each hud gone to the fullcat extremity of his views when they met as antagonists in the United States Senate. The radical was unhorsed and thrown out of public life, and the conserwative can say with truth that it was he who did it. Nor would he be slow to acknowledge that he did it as a punishment for the radical's daring to assail him personally and publicly. In fact, him personally and publicly. In fact, the impression prevails that Hanna is rather proud of the feat.

Traps for Republicans.

From the time that Pettigrew tied him self up to the Silver Republican party be has devoted himself to making life unpleasant for the Republicans, but he never developed this faculty so fully and completely as in the last session. No man on the opposition side was so dreaded and disliked. He was cent mally digging traps for the Administration Senators. ae of them were serious pitfalls, and the Republicans only avoided them by great agility, as when he introduced a resolution that the Republicans could hardly avoid passing without being put in a bud light, but drew it so cunningly that to pass it would be an official ac-knowlesigement of Aguinaldo's govern-ment. Others were of a humorous nature. and tended to put the Republicans in a harmlessly ridiculous light. One such was when he saked leave to print a pamphlet prepared by himself and containing que-tations from the writings of "distinguished Populists," extracts from which he read.
The Republicans fell over themselves to object, and then it turned out that the otations were from the writings of

At times the badgered Republicans, worried beyond endurance, turned savagely on Pettigrew, but they could not affect him. Their invective, sarcasm and anger made no impression. There was only one occasion when Pettigrew's composure left him and he became angry. It was when he was made the victim of a tremendous rebuke by Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, who has also falled of re-election, and will go out with Pettigrew. The scene was a remarkable one. Not even Pettigrew and Hanna are more unlike than Pettigrew and Wolcott. Pettigrew is a tall man, with stooped shoulders and a pale face, deeply lined. His voice is shrill and high -almost whining. To listen to it long sets the nerves on edge.

Welcott is a big man, with a bronzed. Solir face and a thunderous voice. He

looks as much like a commercial traveler inches as much like a commercial traveler as Pettigrew does like a retail dry goods clerk. He is an orator with a magical voice, of whom it can almost be said, as was said of Gurrick. "He can pronounce the word 'Oh so as to bring tears to one's eyes." Pettigrew had triumphantly concluded one of his assumbs on the Admin-cluded one of his assumbs on the Admincluded one of his assaults on the Admin-istration, when Wolcott arose, and in-stantly the doors opened and the Senators who had gone into the cloakrooms when Pettigrew began rolled in like a tide.

Wolcott's Savage Attack. Standing not more than 10 feet away from Petrigrew, Wolcott began his speech. He drew a picture of the South Dakotan that was pittless in its cruelty. As he warmed up to his work he began to walk up and down, never taking his eyes off Petrigrey who have backled. paid down, never taking his eyes off Pettigrew, who sat huddled up in his chair, his pale face changing to a dull red and his fingers spread over his left cheek. Occasionally he strode up to with-in a desk's length of his victim and waved his big arm in the air. His great voice pealed and rolled through the Senate like an organ symphony. All the powers of that remarkable voice were displayed to their fullest extent for the dissection and

Duiverization of Pettigrew.

He painted a man whose nature was poisoned with suspicion, harred, and malevolence; who "views the world with Jaundiced vision," and "when the sun shines sees only the shadows it casts. He held Pattigrew up as a warning to mankind. In his peroration he strode up to Pettigrew, and shaking his big finger at him, thundered, in the voice of a hu

"I believe that if he changed powith Aguinaldo, who is brave loyal, with Aguinaldo, who is brave loyal, believe that if he changed places patriotic, and Aguinalgo stood in the Sen ate representing the great State of South Dakota, which sent its soldiers to the Philippines and left some of them dead in the trenches there, Aguinaldo would never-Tagal though he is-be found in this body traducing the President of the United States and slandering and ma-ligning our officers now at the front and charging them with being swindlers and defrauders!"

Pettigrew's face had changed from its full flush to a dead white when Wolcott concluded. He rose and made a lowvoiced and bitter reply, in which he made a siur at Wolcott's private life. Wolcott had angered him above all by some refer-ences to Pettigrew's relations with his fellow-Senators, and Pettigrew bitterly replied, "My relations are pleasant with most of them, and I hope the Senator from Colorado will not hide the whole Senate behind his large personality."

Hanna's Threat of Revenge. Pettigrew went on day by day hurling darks into the hide of the Republican ele-phant just to hear the huge beast trumpet, until June 5, when he made the fatal mistake of waking up Mark Hanna. But for that he might still be in the Scnate. He had been bitterly assailing another Senator with the usual results. Suddenly, without the slightest warning, he fell upon Hanna and tose him, tooth and nall. He raked up the story of Hanna's election to the Senate, made flat-footed charges of bribery, and provoked Hanna to do somebribery, and provoked Hanna to do some-thing he had never done before-make an extemporaneous reply. Hanna denounced Pettigrew as "traitor," and read a clip-ping from a South Dakota paper calling Pettigrew a "Judas" and an "Arnold." At the close of his speech, leaning over his desk until he almost touched Petti-grew, whose back was toward him, he shouted:

"Oh, no, Mr. President; the gentleman will find that he is mistaken in the peo-ple of the United States when he attempts through mudslinging to influence their de-cision at the polls next November. When it comes to personality. I will stand up it comes to personality. I will stand up against him and compare my character with his. I will let him tell what he knows; then," and Mr. Hanna made a long pause after each word. "I-will-tell—what-I-know-about-bim."

The threat was fulfilled. In private Hanna vowed vengeance on Pettigrew, and he pursued him relentiessly. The vendetts of politics ended in victory for the avenges.

Bitter as were Pettigrew's speeches, in private he was an affable and courtoous gentleman. His public personality was so strong, however, that it completely effaced his private personally in the way men regarded him. He became personally unpopular among the Republican Senators and some of the Democrats. At the same time he was an interesting figure in pu life, and Washington will not be so lively

TAMED A CURMUDGEON.

Commercial Traveler Who Called Crusty Merchant Down.

"It's a hard life, that of a drummer, said one yesterday to whom 30 years of hard work has given the right to speak with authority. "It's a hard life, but it's an interesting one, and it gives a man a close hold on hard facts and realities. The drummer learns in a hard school, but ne does learn, and the lessons pay. What is the first lesson he has to learn? How to manage men; how to approach a reluctant or an indifferent or a suspicious buyer so as to win his confidence and overcome his indisposition.

"Experience teaches this better than anything else, though some men learn it more easily than others. I remember when I first began to travel as a sales. man, when I was hardly more than a lad, I had an experience that proved very valuable to me. There was one old fellow on my route who had been known for years as the terror of all traveling men. He was declared to be absolutely the worst-natured, worst-mannered fellow they had ever met anywhere, but I hadn't even heard of him then, and handed him my card. He took it without even glanc-ing at it, tore it into bits and threw the pieces on the floor. 'Now, sir,' he said, turning to me, 'get out of my store,'
There were two pretty young girls in
the store, who ... not understand the proceeding, and who looked at me as I walked out as if I had been an escaped

convict.
"Well, I smarted for several days over that affair, during which time I made up my mind that I'd even matters up with this time, and he only succeeded in giv-ing his wrist a wrench and raising a titter among his customers. "I was nearly out of the door by this

him if I could the next time. So I visited his town again I had a card made expressly for my good friend. I looked exactly like the one that I had used before, only that it was made of tin.
When I reached his town I waited until
I saw the store pretty well filled with
people and then I waiked in and gave him my card He took it just as before, glared at me and gave the card a twist, "But it didn't fall on the floor in bits time, for I really didn't think my life was safe; but he called after me and I went back. 'Come into my office,' he said. I went in, expecting never to come out.'

asked. "Toress goods, I responded.
"Well, go on. And I netually sold the old curmudgeen \$1000 worth of cloths before I left. For years after—so long as he lived, in fact—he was one of my best customers and one of the best friends I ever made in my business."-Washington

What do you want to sell me? he

Detroit Journal.

In the blue mountains of Tennessee, a mother is expostulating earnestly with

her daughter.

"Yes," the young girl had already said,
"Tim going to marry Bud Bangforth;"
"But," protests the mother, "he is socially so much your inferior."

"Love levels ranks!" the daughter sim-

apily.

exciaims the elder woman, with a Ay exclaims the ends woman, with a bitter sneer. "But think of our family feuding with those impossible, gawky, parvenu Bangforths"

The girl shivers perceptibly, and yet

THE SOCIAL WORLD of their regular weekly metings last week at the A. O. U. W. Hell.

(Continued from Pifteenth Page.)

Wednesday to spend the Thanksgiving Hon. Claud Gatch and family, of Salem, spent Thanksgiving with Corvalits rela-

Miss Mamie Cauthorn gave a musicale to her students from 4 to 5 Friday after-noon. Each member of the class partic-ipated in the programme. The affair was most pleasant

Joseph Garrow, of Moscow, Idaho, last year's graduating class of the Oregon Agricultural College, arrived Tuesday from Simons, Cal., to spend Thanksgiving with his mother. The Ladies' Coffee Club, at the regu-

lar meeting Monday afternoon, adopted a new constitution. It was also decided to give an "at home" to gentlemen friends in Firemen Hall, New Year's

A delightful surprise party was given Mr. and Mrs. Lee Heakle at their home, Friday evening. The affair was in honor of the "sliver wedding" of the host and have returned from Portland, where they

afternoon

The engagement is announced of Miss Joyce Brownell, of this city, to Mr. Hardid Lynde Hopkins, of Paola. Kan. Several members of the Albany lodge of Knights of Pythias went to Brownsville last week to take part in the initiation of a number of new members.

Junction City. Mrs. Hanchett is visiting in Albany, the

guest of her daughter. Mrs. W. Lewis and daughter, Leah, are in Halsoy visiting relatives,

Miss Grace Parker is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. White. W. R. White, of this city, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Elia Benham, in Cottage Grove. Mrs. Baxter Howard, who has been vis-

has returned home. Mrs. Louise Beebe and daughter, Ida, of this city, have gone to San Francisco for an extended vieit.

The Thanksgiving ball given in the opera-house last Thursday evenig was argely attended, there being 200 invita-



on't you think that I shoot rather well, Roberts?" "Yes, sir! On, yes, sir! Indeed, I dunno no I over see a better shooter, never, sir. All a need, sir, in to 'it as well as you shoot, sir, an' you'll be a wunner."—Scraps.

hostess. About 60 guests were present. have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. A delicious luncheon was served.

Sixty members of the local lodge of Eastern Star went to Albany Tuesday evening by special train on a visit to the sister lodgs. The evening was de-lightfully spent, special features being a sumptuous banquet and numerous follo-itous speeches. The Corvallis delegation

returned home some time after midnight. Jacksonville.

Charles Meyer left Jacksonville Tues-day for Butte City, Mont. County Judge Charles Prim and Asland Tuesday morning.

Frank Eanls, who spent several months a Southern Oregon, left Jacksonville last Sunday for San Francisco. W. R. Stansell, marfager of the R. R. Mining and Lumber Company, returned to Jacksonville Monday, from Portland.

H. W. Woolton and wife, who have city, left on Monday for their home in

H. L. Benson, Circuit Judge of the First Judicial District, spent Tucsday in Jack-sonville, on his way to Klamath Falls from Portland.

W. W. Cardwell, who has been in Alaska for the past three years, recently re-turned. Mr. Cardwell spent his boyhood days in Jacksonville.

days in Jacksonville.

District Attorney A. E. Reams returned from Portland Sunday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Reams, who visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Tongue,

Lannis Klippel, son of ex-Sheriff Klip pel, of Medford, was recently married at Summer Lake, Lake County, to Miss Florence E. Foster, of that Cliy. Mr. Klippel is a native of Jacksonville. George H. Himes, secretary of the Ore gon Historical Society, has been in Jack-sonville soliciting facts and data con-cerning the early history and striking incidents of pioneer days in Southern Ore-

The Dalles.

Mr. Grant Mays left here Tuesday for a three months' stay in California. Mrs. A. J. Toimie entertained a small party of young ladies on Friday after-

visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Smith French, in this city. Mr. A. E. Lake and family went Portland on Thursday to pay a Thanks-giving visit to Mr. Lake's father. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Pairfowl, of Port. land, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Schenck for the past few

Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Lueddemann have returned from their wedding journey, and will occupy the D. M. French residence on Fourth street this Winter.

Mrs. D. M. French and children spent Thanksgiving in The Dalles, expecting to return to Portland early in the week, where her son and daughter are attend-

The first dance of the Young Men's Dancing Club was given last Friday night at the Baldwin Opera-House, and was as successful as the parties of this particular club always have been.

Mr. Girvin Peters, of Baltimore, Md., who is spending the Winter with his uncle, Mr. J. T. Peters, in this city, returned Thursday from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth MacRae, at their ranch in Grant County.

after several weeks' visit with friends

The C. H. P. Whist Club held another

Arthur Moon has returned to Pendleton J. R. Wyatt has returned from his hunt. trip at the bay. Miss Mamle McAllister, of Eugene, is

Ex-Sheriff J. A. McFeron has gone to California for the Winter. Miss Minute Senders, of San Francisco, Miss Hazel Husier has returned to Ta-coma after a visit with her grandparents in Chebalis. is visiting friends in the city. Miss Edith Rowell has returned from Dallas to spend Thanksgiving.

A. J. Hunt has returned to Albany after several months spent at Ontario. Mrs. E. C. Small, of Salem, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. T. J. Hopkins, in this

NORTH OF THE COLUMBIA.

Vancouver. Edgar Bundy and Yens Henrichsen left

on Thursday for Phoenix, Ariz., to spend the Winter, Mrs Dixon of British Columbia, who visited friends here several weeks, left for home the first of the week.

W. H. Metcaife, wife and son left Wednesday for The Dalles, Or., to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. Metcaife's mother, Mrs. Ewing.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Huston spent Thanksgiving with friends at Bridal Veil. General John M. Bacon returned on Wednesday from a visit to Seattle.

Walla Walla.

Ray Hill is home from an extended visit in Spokane. J. M. Douglas has gone to Portland for soveral weeks.

Miss Mary Delaney has returned from a long visit in Spokane. Levi Ankeny and wife have returned from a visit in Portland.

Miss Miller, of Portland, is visiting her sister, Mrs. B. F. Stone. Mrs. H. Dusenberry, of San Frances the guest of Mrs. Shaw. Ben F. Goldman and bride are domiciled at The Dacres for the Winter.

Mrs. W. H. Newell is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank J. Parker. Whitman College students had an enjoyable dance Thanksgiving eve. A largely attended masque ball was given Thanksgiving eve by the firemen. Mrs. A. H. Reynolds and Miss Annie Hill are visiting relatives in North Yaki-

Mrs. William Ritz entertained the Woman's Reading Club in a delightful manner.

Judge and Mrs. Brents ate Thanksgiv ing turkey with Mrs. Brents' parents, near Waltsburg.

Captain B. H. Cheever, Sixth Cavalry, and wife have gone to San Francisco to spend a month's leave. Paul Compton and wife are expected

from Washington City, where they have been visiting his parents. Hon, George W. Somerindyke, Jr., came over from Seattle to eat Thanksgiving turkey with his parents.

Mrs. J. D. Laman has returned from Marshaltown, Is., where she had bee visiting her daughter for several weeks. Mrs. Albert Goldman's two nieces, Miss Amie Steinman, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Miss Hilds Kline, of San Francisco,

are visiting her. St. Paul's schoolgirls had a merry coaching party Thanksgiving. Their coaches were decked in yellow and black, the school colors.

Lieutenant C. W. Otwell, Seventh Infantry, has arrived from Vancouver, and will be in command at Fort Walla Walla during the absence of Captain Cheever. Thursday afternoon about 20 ladies took their sewing and repairing to the residence of Mrs. F. W. Paine passed a delightful time. Delicate refreshments were served.

Tuesday evening half a score of ladies armed themselves with cakes and made a raid on the residence of Mrs. Jack Jones, whom they found putting her young son to bed. The lavaders took possession of the house and had a joily time till midnight. time till midnight.

Mrs. M. A. Adams is at home again after an extended visit in Oregon. A. R. Badger, of Toledo, was visiting acquaintances in Chehalis early this

Mrs. W. C. Greene is home after spe ing the Summer visiting relatives in New

York State.

Mr. A. Mealy and family, after a residence of several years in Chebalis, have moved to Spattle.

S. C. White, who has been in Skagway all Summer, is at home, and will spend the Winter with his family in Chehalis.

The Chehalis fire department gave its eighth annual ball Thanksgiving evening. The occasion was one of much enjoy-The occasion was one of much ment to the large party present.

Miss Effic Coffman is visiting her sister, Miss Marian Coffman, in Seattle.

The two young ladies spent Thanksgiving the two young ladies spent Thanksgiving. Everett as the guests of Mrs. G.

Dr. J. M. Gunn, of Friday Harbor, was in Chebalis this week. Dr. Gunn has been extended a call by the Presbyterian congregation of Chebalis to become pastor of their church.

Centralts.

Mrs. Heien E. Borst and little daugh-ter are visiting relatives in Portland. Professor and Mrs. S. H. Hamer, for-merly of this city, are now living at Midway, B. C.

Mrs. E. C. Mullen, of Hiverside, Cal., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harry McCormick.

Miss Carrie Taylor left Tuesday Minnesota, where she will remain eral months visiting her parents. Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Williams, of Portland, are in the city visiting the latter; parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Miller. A most enjoyable dinner was given on Thursday evening, in honor of Mrs. J. E. Williams, by Mr. and Mrs. George H. Miller. More properly speaking, the sion was a family reunion.

A very successful masquerade ball was A very successful masquerade ball was given at the Centralia Opera-House by the orchestra. A large number of mask-ers were in attendance, and many hand-some costumes were on the floor. Prizés were awarded for the most graceful dancers and best-sustained character.

Aberdeen.

Mr. and Mrs. Carman and Mr. and Mrs. Tunner gave a very pleasant danc-ing party at Fireman's Hall, Thursday, evening, to over 200 invited guests; luncheon was served and dancing continued to the morning hours. It was one of the most successful parties given this year. A plano recital was given by Mrs. Gunn at her home. Wednesday evening. The programme was varied and well-rendered and at its close a delightful luncheon was

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON. Great Pleasure Over Football Re-

sults-Class Election. EUGENE, Nov. 29.—The air is still full of football, the splendid stand of the first eleven against Multnomah's muscle and mud, the overwhelming victory scored by H against the plucky little chaps of the Portland Academy, and the coming interstate struggle with the men of Wash-ington, have conspired to make the grid-iton and its warriors the sole center of aron and its warriors the sole center of attention. The enterprise of the management in getting this last game is worthy of all praise. It has thus given us a fitting close to Oregon's best football season—the first to score a Berkeley defeat at the hands of a non-Californian team.

As the Thanksgiving game was held in Portland, the 'Varsity Giec Club gave their fourth annual concert on Theselay.

As the Thanksgiving game was held in Portland, the Varsity Gice Club gave their fourth annual concert on Tuesday evening. They were greeted with a large house and one liberal in deserved applause. The club has a better lot of voices than ever before, and their training has been most thorough. Several numbers were splendidly rendered, but there was a general feeling of disappointment concerning the quality of the songs chosen and the amount of light comedy work given place in the programme. Director given place in the programme. Director Glen's baritone solos and Arthur Frager's work on the plane were of very excep-tional merit. The club's holiday tour will

be through Southern Oregon, and possi-bly in some of the Valley cities, Professor Young and Professor Schafer, of the department of history, are plan-

ning to do some research work in the state archives at Salem during the few days of the Thankagiving recess. The class of '01 has chosen Susie Ban-nard, of Brownsville, and Richard Shore Smith, of Kiamath Falls, as its repre-sentatives in the local oratorical contest, to be held the second Friday in February. Miss Bannard has been a leader in the Eutaxian Society, and is one of the editors of the Oregon Weekly. Mr. Smith has long been well and favorably known as a football-player and track athlete of great prowess, and, incidentally, is one of our hard students. U. O. will, in any ators gather for their windy fray. The junior class is making a great bid for fame with a Junior Annual of the sort usually published at live universities. It will be out sometime later, and every

one is dreading to find a just appreciation one is dreading to find a just appreciation of himself between its covers.

The Y. M. C. A. fellows are working hard to get everything in readiness for their state convention, to be held here December 7 to 10. Speakers of known power are to take part in some very promising programmes, and it is hoped to bring the full meaning and helpfulness of this movement for right living among college men close home to all undergraduate Orezonians.

uate Oregonians. The literary societies both held their usual meetings last Friday evening, both debating phases of the predominant East. ern question. With the shelving of football this work comes to the front and the numerous college talkers will mani-fest themselves as of old during the rainy

season now well upon us. CORVALLIS COLLEGE NEWS. Literary Society Movements-College Y. M. C. A.

Literary society spirit is running high in college circles at the present time. Already there are six societies and two more are in process of organization. At the present time there are students enough for ten active lyceums. The members of Cauthorn Hall interest-

The members of Cauthorn Hall interest-ed in photography have organized a camera club, the object of which is de-velopment and improvement in the art or amateur photography. The fellowing of-floers were elected: M. F. Bridges, presi-dent, and L. Burnaugh, secretary and treasurer. This society will have a room fitted especially for its use, and will hold regular meetings where important subregular meetings where important sub-jects can be discussed under the super-vision of competent leaders. The Jeffersonian Literary Society, which

is one of the oldest organizations of the kind in the institution, recently de-cided to make a special study of the rules that govern parliamentary usage; there-upon every member in the society pro-cured a copy of Roberts' Rules of Or-der

Last Saturday evening the phians gave a reception to the Pierians, about 70 persons being present. The re-ception-room and dining-hall were artis-tically decorated in class colors and evertically decorated in class colors and evergreens, many elegant motions being neatly engrossed on the waits of the assembly-rooms. The president, Mr. Thomas
Bilyeu, served as toastmanter, and the
following persons responded to the toasts,
"Our School Days," Miss Edith Howard;
"The New Woman," D. A. Fruit; "The
Ideal Man," Miss Sibyl Cummings. Mr.
Cummings spoke on "The Dawning of the
New Gentury." "Our Brother Society"
was responded to by Miss Elsis Canfield,
who stated that among the members of
the "Philadelphian Society "we find the
president of the student body, the editorin-chief of our college paper, the president
of the freshman class, and many others
who have already gained distinction for of the freshman chass, and distinction for themselves, for their society, and for the college. Leo Kraps responded to "Our Sister Society" in a few well-chosen words of praise, all of which prepared the way nicely for the beautiful closing of the Pierian-Adelphian social and literary re-

The freshmen of Cauthorn Hall have organized a football team, and are pre-paring for active work. At a recent meet-ing the following officers were elected: Herman Siegrist and Fred Long, two of ing the following officers were elected: an improvement, as it hehalis' well-known society men, are Captain, Ira Whitney; manager, Roy of the kernel flavoring.

home after a week spent with friends in Portiand.

Mr. Park Harvey, of Kelso, Cowlitz County, was married to Miss Mary Burton, of Lewis County, by Justice Westover, in Chehalis, last Bunday.

The Chehalis fire department gave its Much interest is being taken in their comments of the coanty of the coanty of the coant thinks that with considerable practice a first-class team will be had. Much interest is being taken in their comments of the coanty of the coanty

Much interest is being taken in their coming game.

E. T. Colton, international secretary of
the Foung Men's Christian Association,
spent Friday, Saturday and Sunday with
the young men of this institution, holding meetings each day he was here.
Through his visit probably 30 students
have been added to the Y. M. C. A. of
this college, swelling the membership to this college, swelling the membership to about 70. The officers of the Y. M. C. A. at the O. A. C. are as follows: President E. R. Shepard: secretary, W. H. Hillman: treasurer, I. C. Brown; corresponding secretary, G. H. Thompson.

Thanksgiving vacation this year has been extended until next Monday inclusive, to accommodate students throughout.

sive, to accommodate students throughout the Valley who wished to spend Thanksgiving Day at home.

DAINTIES FOR THE TABLE

Well-Tried Home Recipes That May Aid Ye Burdened Housewife in Serving Family Meals.

In this festal season of the year, ushered in by our National holiday of Thanksgiving, observed throughout the length and breadth of the land on Thursday last, and merging into the Christmas holidays, when good-fellowship and good cheer and thoughtful remembrance of others reign supreme, one's mind naturally turns to the contemplation of good things to eat. Feasting plays no unimportant part in the programme provided, from now on until the bells, on the 1st of January next, shall ring in a new century. And thoughts of what one shall ent naturally lead to the consideration of methods of preparing what is to be eaten. For the benefit of The Oregonian's women readers, therefore, the writer has collated some cooking recipes which have been tried and not found wanting, and here they are:

New England Clam Chowder This recipe of clam chowder is vouched for by a New England housewife: Put in a big kettle enough thin slices of sait pork to cover the bottom, and on the pork put a layer of potatoes cut in small dices. Next should come a layer of chopped onions; then a layer of clams, chopped, and then a layer of crackers.

chopped, and then a layer of crackers. Repeat the process, leaving out the pork, until the kettle is nearly full, and season well with salt, pepper, a little thyme and a couple of bay leaves.

When the whole is in the kettle, pour over it all the clam juice and fill the kettle with water up to the upper layer. Cover it closely, set it over a slow fire; let it cook gently three-quarters of an hour; then serve.

Fritters of Chicken.

To prepare a very palatable chicken frit-

To prepare a very palatable chicken fritter, make a sauce with one heaped table-spoonful of ficur, cooked in one table-spoonful of hot butter, one cupful of hot chicken stock being added gradually; season with celery, salt and pepper. The sauce should be quite thick, and cream may be used, if you have no stock.

Pour half of the sauce into a small, shallow, buttered pan. Chop one cupful of cold chicken quite fine, and season it with celery, salt and paprika. When the sauce has thickened a little, spread the chicken evenly over the top. Then cover with the remainder of the sauce, being sure to mask all the chicken. Place it on ice, and, when very cold and hard, cut it into small square or oblong pieces. Dip it into small square or oblong pieces. Dip them quickly into fritter batter, made as

apple fritters, and fry in hot, deep

To make an oyster omelet, stew a dozen oysters in their own liquor until they are plump. Then remove, drain and cut are plump. Then remove, drain and cut them in two. Put into a frying pan two tablespoonfuls of the oyster liquor, a teaspoonful of butter and a sprinkle of flour. Cook for three minutes and add the oysters. Make a plain omelet, and when it is ready to turn, pour the oyster mixture over it. Fold and serve.

A French cook never beats the whites.

and yolks of the eggs used in an omiet and yoks of the eggs used in an orinite separately. They are broken together in a bowl, and beaten till a spoonful can be taken up. Before they are beaten a tablespoonful of water to each egg is added, and when the mixture is ready for added, and when the mixture is ready for the pan, a dust of pepper and half a the pan, a dust of pepper and nair a teaspoonful of sait to every six eggs are lightly stirred to.

Sweetbreads With Peas. To prepare sweetbreads with peas or mushrooms, clean the swetbreads thoroughly, and parboil for 20 minutes. Then take the skin off. Cook them in a fryingpan or oven. Add the desired vegetables and smother with drawn gravy, made with flour and laid on butter-butter gives the better flavor. Cook in juice

from the sweetbreads and a little water. Cook until brown; add sweetbreads to gravy; season to taste. When finished, add the green peas or mushrooms.

Speaking of mushrooms, this makes a good sauce: Stew some mushrooms in real gravy, with salt, pepper and butter. together a tablespoonful each of and cream. Add this to the mushflour and cream. rooms, and, when thickened, it is ready to serve, hot. If a brown mushroom sauce is desired, have the flour browned.

Other Recipes. To make sauce for veal cutlets, take two tablespoonfuls of drippings, onefourth cup of flour, one pint of stock, or water and stock; one teaspoonful or more of Worcestershire sauce, two tablespoonfuls of chopped parsiey, one-half table-spoonful of sait and one-eighth of a tea-spoonful of pepper. Prepare as a brown auce, and pour over the cutiets and cook

at a temperature of about 150 degrees, Fahr., for one hour, or until tender. To boil onlons so that they shall lose their scent, take the largest onions, cut off the strings and tops, but do not re-move any of the skin. Put them into salt and water; let them lie an hour, and then take them out. Wash them and put them into a saucepan, with a good quantity of water. Boil until they are tender, drain and remove the outer skins until the white part is reached. Then pound them and cook with cream and butter. If kept whole, they may be served with a strong brown gravy, to which a little white wine, claret or ale may be added,

Things Worth Knowing. Boll eggs for 15 minutes, if required All jars containing stores should be

covered.
Fish and onions, or strongly flavored foods, must be kept separate.
After slicing onlons, put the knife at once into cold water; it removes the smell better than hot.

When using frozen meat, the great coint is to slowly and thoroughly thaw it before cooking. Thin-shelled eggs are less liable to crack when boiled, if put on in cold water and slowly brought to the boll.

Put the sugar used for sweetening fruit tarts in the middle of the fruit, not on the top, or it will sodden the pastry. If raw yolks of eggs are left over from a dish, beat them up with a teaspoonful

it is the cause of many being heavy.

If using tinned apricots or peaches, a drop or two of aimend essence added is improvement, as it supplies the loss

HAD POWER OF A CZAR.

Present Conditions Make the Lot of the Correspondent a Fairly Happy One.

The removal of the press censorship in the Philippines, by order of General McArthur takes away a serious obstacle to the dissemination of news from that territory, says the Kansas City Star. That is, at least, the current imprestion among newspaper readers. Whether It will make any appreciable difference in the tenor or volume of dispatches from the Orient is for the immediate future to

Press censorship is everywhere recog-nized as a military necessity. The cable into Mantia Harbor, terminating at an insignificant shed-like structure not a hundred yards from the beach in Malate, a pleasant suburb of Manila, has been a ne of contention from the time Admiral Deway cut the cable after the destruction Deway cut the cable after the destruction of the Spanish fleet, May 1, 1808, to within a few months ago, when the cable company filed a large claim for indemnity with the Secretary of State for damages sustained in the cutting of the cable. Its cutting was a military necessity. Admiral Dewey asked for permission to use the wire and it was refused. He then cut the wire interesting diseases. the wire, interrupting a dispatch ad-dressed to Madrid telling of a magnificent victory for the Spanish fleet.

With the subsequent occupation of Ma-nila by the land forces under General Merritt the cable was repaired and the of-ficials of the company maintained com-munication with the outside world under munication with the outside world under the rigid supervision of the commanding General of the United States Army. A rigid press censorship was established. Colonel Thompson, chief of the United States Signal Corps, was made press cen-sor. His relentless blue pencil made life miserable for the newspaper correspond-ents who had followed the Army of oc-cupation. If the censorship was visid cupation. If the censorship was rigid following the taking of Manila, it was much more so after the outbreak of hos-tilities in February, 1899. Cipher dispatches were absolutely prohibited unless the cipher was known to the censor. Private and business dispatches were held up, if not prohibited, while the wire

groaned with the official reports to the Secretary of War and other official busi-ness. And General Otls took a personal interest in the supervising of the dispatches sent out by the newspaper cor-respondents. In addition to his arduous duties of administering civil government, transporting and providing commissary supplies for a vast army, and conducting an active field campaign, General Otla gave much of his personal time to the edting of dispatches submitted by weary and impatient correspondents. He was rigid in his requirements, and it was not long until a system of smuggling dis-patches to Hong Kong was begun and carried through with more or less success. This was found generally unsatisfactory, for the reason that it took fra five to eight days to get a dispatch Hong Kong on any of the steamers that sailed three times a week from Manila to Hong Kong. Cabling of casualties was absolutely prohibited, and private dis-patches to relatives of men who died or had been killed in action were held back until the news had been officially wired to the War Department at Washington. General Otis was not averse to dictating the tenor of war dispatches, and it is recorded that one correspondent with a ten-dency to hero-making was rebuised by having the blue pencil drawn through a message telling of Colonel ——'s courage at the Tulijan River, accompanied by the suggestion that if there was any hero-making to do he (General Otis) would do it. The English newspapers published in

Manila had a wearisome time of it. Al-most every item and every article of local news or message from the firing line passed under the uncompromising blue pencil of the press censor, and wee be-tide any newspaper unfortunate enough to invoke the wrath of the press censor. Acting on the best of authority one of the newspapers published an item (a short tacked by the insurgent forces. mans resented the appearance of the item by withdrawing their advertising patron-age and a mass meeting of Germans was held protesting against the insinuation that the Germans were in apparent sym pathy with the rebellion. The German Consul sent a message to the authorities at Berlin. The autocrat of the war de-partment at Berlin sent a dispatch to the Secretary of State at Washington, and a wire was sent in hot haste to General Otls to compel the paper to make suitable retraction or stand the consequences. Acting under orders from General Otis, General Hughes, Provost Marshal, suspended the publication of the paper. The editors were not disposed to back down at once, but were told that in order to re-sume publication they must publish a re-traction. An apology to the effect that the paper had published an item concerning the German merchants that had dis-pleased the military authorities, and that thereafter the newspaper would refrain, under the circumstances, from publishing anything not in accordance with the expressed wish of the officials in authority was submitted to General Oits. The editor did not expect this apology to be accepted, but much to his surprise it was and he was allowed to resume publication, and the paper has been published continuously ever since.

With the censorship now removed it ought to be easier to get full and more exact information concerning the doings of an army of 70,000 soldiers now engages in the annual movement against the in-surgent stronghold. But with the an-nouncement of the removal of the censor-ship comes the dispiriting information that the officials of the cable company must furnish a copy of all press dis-patches to the office of the military Gov-ernor of the Philippines. Thus it will be comparatively easy to suppress an over-zealous correspondent. my an undesirable officer is put into Cov-entry. He has a comparatively easy time in his isolation to the newspaper correspondent in the Philippines who is under the ban of the military authorities, Chinese Estimate of Woman's Worth

A woman's value in China, says R. E. Speer, in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November, is as the mother of sons. Beyond that she lives for the serv-ice of man, sometimes even for the dead. I have heard of a girl who became engaged and was married to a dead man, whose parents did not think it right that he should be a bachelor in the spiri world. In South China there are in some places baby markets, where infant girls can be bought for 50 cents or less. Dr. Martin, President of the Dowager Empress's new university, says that not one woman out of 10,000 can rend a book unslowly brought to the boll.

Use bolling water when it first bolls, or the gases escape and the water becomes flat.

Butter, unless clarified, should not be used for greasing tims, etc., as it easily burns.

Solven by burns.

Woman out of 10,000 can read a gook uncommended to be used to said a group of Chinese once why the women were not aught. One repiled; "We consider women and, "The women are considered of not very great use." A third answered: "The burns. Chinese have many immoral novels, and keep women ignorant so that they cannot read these." A fourth said: "Woman's work is in the house. She has no busi-ness with anything outside."

The famous blind oculist, Dr. Javal, a men The famous blind oculist, Dr. Javal, a member of the Paris Arademy of Medicine, and director of the Sorbonne Opthalmological laboratory, has just been simultaneously promoted to the highest rank in the French Legien of Honor and decorated with the Binck Eagle. This double decoration has met with enhusicant approbation from all quarters, and the distinguished specialist has been fairly deluged with conversatisation.