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## Filipinos Will Learn What Liberty Means.

## GEN. M'ARTHUR'S REPORT

Natives' Distrust of America Caused by Agitators.

EDUCATION WILL ERADICATE IT

Effect of the Emigration of Chinese on the Puture of the Colestial Empire.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- Major-General Arthur MacArthur, commanding the erai Arthur MacArthur, commanding the army in the Philippines and Military Gov-ernor of the islands since May 5, 1500, has submitted his report to the War Depart-ment. A considerable portion of the re-port relates to events which took place previous to the date when he assumed previous to the date when he assumed command, and he published some of the correspondence and proclamations of the Filipmos obtained before that time.

He refers to the change in Aguinaldo's size retains to the change in Aguinaldo's plans in abandoning his army lorganization and starting a guefrilla warfare. The conditions of the country have afforded advantages for such a policy, he says, as they have enabled the insurgents to appear and disappear at their convenience. At one time they are soldiers and immediately after are within the lines in the affitting of precable surface. stritude of praceable natives. A widely scattered formation of Filipinos quickly followed the guerrilla warfare, which led to a corresponding dissemination of American troops, there being 537 stations in the archipelago November 1, 1990, and 432 stations September 1, 1990, This re-s ited in a large number of minor affairs, many of which did not assume the dignity of a regular combat, though the casual-ties between the dates stated were 283 Amstricans killed, 750 wounded and 55 cap-tured, the Pilipino losses during the same time being 222 killed, 694 wounded and 2864

General MucArthur says the extensive distribution of troops has strained the soldiers of the Army to the full limit of endurance. He says the apparent desultary work assessmented more of discipline and as much of valor as was required during the period of regular operations against concentrated field forces of insurgents. General MacArthur speaks in the highest terms of the service rendered by the troops amid all labors and hard-ships.

Reports of Sabe-Accompanying General-

Interest has been almost entirely sus-pended. As a substitute for all consider-ations, the people seem to be actuated by the idea that in all doubtful matters of posts. politics or war men are never nearer right than when going with their own kith and the health conditions, showing that in kin, regardless of correctness." This condition, he says, has raised difficulties and were 556 sick or 8.79 per cent. Regarding obstructions to pacification.

Why Rebellion Is Kept Up.

The effort to institute municipal government under American auspices carried the idea of exclusive fidelity to the United States, but this met with diffi-culties where Filipinos were placed en-tirely in control, and secret municipal governments were organized in various towns under insurgent auspices, to pro-ceed simultaneously with the American government and often through the same personnel. Presidents and town officials acted in behalf of Americans and secret-ly in behalf of the insurgents, and, paradorical as it may seem, with considerable apparent solicitude for the interests of both.

This is an average of 4.7 daily."

in screeting the soldlers and helping them to escape. The report says the success of the guerrilla system depends upon complete unity of action among the native population. That there is such unity is frankly acknowledged, but how it is brought about, General MacArthur says he is unable to ascertain. Intimidation accounts for the condition to some extent, but fear would not be successful as the only motive. He adds:

the only motive. He adds: principle comes from ethnological homo-geneity, which induces men to respond for a time to the appeals of consanguinesed to their own interest and convic-

one of expediency."
He ways that this statement applies to

the entire archipelago, excepting the por-tion of Mindanao occupied by Moros and the Joio group. The Moros seem entirely satisfied with present conditions. General MacArthur quotes captured correspondence to show the efforts of the urgent leaders to intimidate and con-the people. He declares that the errilla bands could not exist, except

irol the people. He declares that the guerrilla bands could not exist, except for the support they received from the towns. He says that the education of the Pilipinos will rend to secure their submission, but indicates that this will take a great deal of time and patience and an adequate force.

In closing his report, General MacArbur, after speaking of the establishment of a republican form of geverament in the islands, says:

"In the light of existing conditions, it is difficult to realize that there is any possibility of such a future for the islands, says:

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"In the light of existing conditions, it is difficult to realize that there is any possibility of such a future for the islands of the troops. The action has received the guesting that the Filipino injurgents in the Filipino injurgents, which is a possi

tions, but animated by certain inchoate ideas and aspirations, which, by some ideas and aspirations, which, by some unfortunate perversion of thought, they conceive to be threatened by America. These people, fortunately, are intelligent, generous and flexible, and probably will yield quickly and with absolute confidence to tuition and advice when thoroughly informed of American institutions and purposes.

"As a future thought in the same direction it may be supposed that the Arran

tion, it may be suggested that the Arran races are making their way back into the old continent, which, as a consequence, is likely within a generation or more, to become the theater of gigantic political activities. Up to this time the practical effect of republican institutions has not been considered in this connection, but the rapid extension of seivilisation in these islands, which is not only possible, but probable, of necessity must exert an active and potential influence upon the affairs of Assa, which, under the inspiration of American ideas, transmitted through Filipison, may exhibit the greatest of political wonders, a rather broad conception, perhaps but one well calculated to fix the attention of the most old continent, which as a consequence

# WHALLEY DEAD

Stricken Suddenly With an Apoplectic Stroke.

WELL-KNOWN PORTLAND ATTORNEY



THE LATE J. W. WHALLEY.

Reports of Sabordinates. Accompanying General MacArthur's re-"The Pilipinos," says General MacArthur, "are not a war-like or ferocious people. If left to themselves, a large number of them would gladly accept American suppremacy, which they are gradually compremacy, which they are gradually compressed, which they are gradually compressed, and assisted the most successful, ling to understand means individual liberty and absolute security in their lives and property. They have been maddened, however, the past five years by rhetorical sophistry and simulants applied to manufacture of public concern or private large, the total loss aggregating 18,781 matters of public concern or private large, the total loss aggregating 116.781 | the history of Portland:

Colonel Greenleaf makes a report upon

the mortality of the Army, he says:
"The number of deaths in the Army has steadily increased, and a diminution of the rate can scarcely be expected. The number of men shot from ambush by small guerrilla bands now exceeds those killed at any previous time, and as time progresses and the men become more and more debilitated by the tropical service, the more marked will become the ratio of deaths. For the six months from January 1 to July 31, 1990, there died 34 officers and 571 enlisted men, of whom four officers and 394 snlisted men were killed in action and three officers and 45

Colonel Greenleaf says that the war Wherever there is a group of insurgent cores, contiguous towns contribute to heir support and render great assistance and the native army has drawn all availn secreting the soldiers and helping them | able medical supplies and native physi-

"It is more probable that the adhesive cinciple comes from ethnological homomatic, which induces men to respond your same to the superait of consungulus as sime to the superait of consungulus as leadership, even when such action is General Robert P. Rughes reports as and control to their own interest and control to the control of the conditions of the Department of the conditions of the Conditions of the Conditions of the Department of the conditions o General Lloyd Wheaton reports upon commander of the Department Visayas, and General William A. Robbe reports on the operations in Mindanao and Jolo. These reports relate chiefly to the military operations in the depart-

> MACARTHUR TO TAKE THE PIELD. Military Operations to Be Pushed Against Filipinos.

casual observer and to warm the fancy streets in company with his son-in-law, J. Frank Watson, seemingly in the best of health, and they were planning a trip to Walla Walla. They had walked one block toward his residence, 383 West Park street, when he was suddenly selzed with the fatal attack, and took hold of the arm of a young man passing by to sup-port himself. He was supported in his fall, and help was summoned to carry him home, but he was found to have passed peyond the power of medical assistance. He died peacefully, and without

Sketch of His Life. The following sketch is taken from

John William Whalley was born at Annapolis, Nova Scotia, April 28, 1833. His father, Rev. Francis Whalley, was stationed at Annapolis under an appoint ment of the Society for the Propagation of ment of the Scolety for the Propagation of the Gospel, of England, in foreign parts. In 1836 the family returned to England, the father becoming rector of Rivington Parish, Cheshire, and subsequently chap-lain of Lancaster Castle. At the age of ill years, young Whalley took service as an apprentice on board the merchantman Speed. He left the vessel at New York and remained with friends in New Jersey and remained with friends in New Jersey and remained with friends in New Jersey until 1888, acquiring the rudiments of a fair mercantile education. He shortly after sailed for England, but again shipped as en apprentice, this time on board the Antelope, bound for San Francisco, where he arrived July 17, 1849, in the very height of the gold excitement. During the Winter of 1849 he worked to the mines on the American River and the mines on the American River, and he followed mining until 1858, when he began to study for admission to the bar at Yreka, Cal. He became a successful teacher and served as County School Superintendent at Yreks, during the years 1851-2, and became a frequent contributor to the local press and to the Heaperion, a magazine published in San Francisco.

On July 21, 1861, Mr. Whalley was married to Miss Lavina T. Kinsey, who had been one of his pupils. Seven children were born to them, six daughters and one son. One of his daughters is Mrs. J. Frank Watson, of Portland, and another became the wife of Lieutenant (now Colonel) Allison, of the Second United

Mr. Whalley first began the actual practice of law in Grant County, this state, in 1884, where he opened an office. Mr. M. W. Fechheimer, of Portland, who had studied law with Mr. Whalley, induced him to come to Portland in 1885, and the two became partners. The firm of Whalley & Fechheimer prospered in this city, and the surplus earnings were invested in business property. In this way both members of the firm realized a handsome fortune.

some fortune. In 1870 Mr. Whalley was elected a member of the Legislature from Multnomah County, and after serving one term, re-tired altogether from political life, he was a prominent Odd Fellow for many was a prominent Odd Fellow for many years, and in 1870 represented the grand lodge of Oregon in the grand lodge of the United Status, in Baltimore. Desiring to visit Europe in 1883, Mr. Whalley dissolved his legal copartnership

Whalley dissolved his legal copartnership and, with his daughter, Mrs. Allison, made an extended tour of the Old World, returning to this city in 1884, when he resumed practice in connection with H. H. Northup and Paul R. Deady. This firm afterward became especially prominent in railway litigation. Judgo E. C. Bronaugh was admitted to the firm in 1885, and Mr. Deady subsequently retired. Mr. Whalley himself retired from this firm in 1889.

this firm in 1888.

Mr. Whalley long held the front rank in his profession. He had a well-ordered mind, and in his forensic encounters his mind, and in his forensic encounters his legal force was always under perfect control. His love of "fine point" became a subject of trite remark among his legal brethren throughout the state. He availed himself of every opportunity for legal surprises, and overlooked no means of legal defense. The care bestowed upon the "critical nicoties" of the law was due to his marked activity and to the habit of thoroughness in what he undertook, and not to any neglect of any of to evaluated system of feudal laws to evaluate in organized inconsistent with republicanism which had solidly instinuated themselves into the National life to displace. On the contrary nature, which is exuberant, haimy and generous, which is exuberant, haimy and generous, has bearrished into existence several milibrate of sensitive and credulous people.

At sensitive and credulous people, the contract of the operations must necessarily of the contract of the perations must necessarily the broad principles which make the

# study and practice of law one of the most elevating and useful pursuits of mankind.

He was an indefatigable sportsman and master of the science of casting a fly, or, for that matter, of making one. Every foot of the sportaman's paradise, from "Mock's Bottom" to "Charley Saline's," was to him familiar ground. In illustration of the difficulty that men bent on pleasure sometimes have in leaving the cares of business behind them, it is related of him that he once made the trip of several miles to his favorite hunting preserve, absorbed by the question whether demurrer would lie to a particular complaint, only to find, when his destination was reached, that he had left his gun at home. master of the science of casting a fly, or,

thation was reached, that he had left his gun at home.

For the past several years his fondness of shooting aquatic fowl led to the partial abandonment of the pursuit of other game birds. With a few chosen friends he controlled the shooting privileges of over 1000 acres of lake and marsh land on Sauvie's Island, which in season he visited once a week. He took a great interest in the protection and preservation of game of the state, and urged with vigorous real the enactment by the Legisland. orous seal the enactment by the Legisla-ture of beneficial game laws. For a long time he was president of the Multnomah Rod & Gun Club, of Portland, an organisation which, under his personal in-fluence and endeavor, accomplished much good in the line indicated, and he was especially vigilant in the detection of vio-lations of the game laws and active in the prosecution of wrongdoers. He was also chosen first president of the Sports-men's Association of the Northwest, and at the expiration of his term was re-

elected. Mr. Whalley was a man of alert mind, of great legal and literary crudition, and ready command of language, and spoke and wrote with admirable force. He was at all times accessible, was steadfast in his friendships, and had intellectual powers that would bring him to distinction in any situation.

### A NAVIGABLE STREAM.

Chicago Drainage Canal Tondered to the Government.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Chicage has offi-cially tendered its \$18,000,000 drainage ca-nal to the United States Government. The sanitary trustees have memorialized the Chief Engineer of the Government sanitary trustees have memorialized the Chief Engineer of the Government, through the Deep Waterway Commission, now in the city, and that official body will transmit the memorial to Congress in December. The memorial contains a direct tender from the sanitary district of the canal to the General Government under the terms of the sanitary district law of Illingia, which contains a cause law of Illinois, which centains a clause providing for the transfer of the canat to the General Government as a naviga-ble stream, which shall improve the Des-pisines and Illinois Rivers for navigation.

### SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT NEWS.

Philippines.

General MacArthur reports on conditions and prospects in the islands. Page 1. The Army in the field will be commanded by MacArthur. Page 1. fixto Lopes says the rebels will not give up PelitionL.

netrick, Republican, is elected Governor of Nebraska. Page 1. ritie Democrats ratified the Clark victory. Page 1. There is no change in the attuation in Ken-

tucky. Page 1. Federal Government. he monitor Arkansas was launched at New-port News. Page 2. It is rumored that Controller Dawes will spo-

seed Secretary Gage. Page 2. China. yours. Page 2. Further particulars are received of the South China rebellion. Page 2.

A typhoon sunk a British gunboat at Hong Foreign.

The Boar war is far from ended. Page & The Spanish-American Congress is a fissis. Colombian rebels were defeated. Page 2.

English press and public pleased with McKin-ley's re-election. Page 18. American boots and shoes are in demand in England. Page 13.

Germany is interested in the coming session of the Reichstag. Page 13. The German Government declines to buy Zeppelin's airship. Page 13. Domestic.

The population of Idaho is 161,722; of Cols-rado, 539,700; of New Jersey, 1,883,669. Page 1. wreck occurred on the Missouri Pacific near Pueblo. Page 2.

Emstern football scores: Yale 55, Carlisis 0; Northwestern 5, Chicago 0; Harvard 11, Brown 5; Minnesota 6, Illinois 0; Pennsyl-vania 12, La Farette 5; Iowa 28, Michigan Pacific Coast.

Stanford University defeated Oregon eleven by a score of 34 to & Page 4. lovernor Geer designates November 29 as Oregon's Thanksgiving day. Page 5. Big project to irrigate the Powder River Valley in Baker County. Page 5. General desire to engage in sheep industry is Morrow County as result of election. Page 4

Multnomah's second football team defeated Pa cific University at Forest Grove by 6 to 0 Commercial and Pinancial.

New York stock market booming since election day. Page 23. Standard Oil breaks another record. Page 23. Steel-plate pool formed in New York. Page 25.

Weekly bank statement was unsatisfactory London money market helphose against foreign demand. Page 23. Marine.

Forty lives lost in the Bay of Pundy. Page 5. Steamship Universe to load at Portland for Steel trust buys a fleet of Lake steamers. Page 8. Vladivostock. Page 3.

Decean clears after a long stay to port. Page & J. W. Whalley dropped dead of apoplexy.

Portland is considering an international exposition for 1902. Page 13. ortland Academy won its first football match. Page 24.

Shower of Leonid meteors due Thursday, No-vember 15. Page 8. Masamas will try to interest. Government scientists in the next outing. Page & ext exhibit at the Art Association Novem 20. Page 24. Features and Departments.

ciety, in and out of town. Pages 14 and 15. Books and music. Page 16. 'At the Play." Page 1f. "Barly Navigation on Willarretta Page 25.

"Beason in Full Swing," "Billiards at Multinoman," "Eugene's Southern Tour," miscellansoon sporting matter, Page 25.

"Funny Things in Press," "Poems Worth Reading," Page 27.

Reading." Fage 21.

Page for Boys and Giris—"Fais of Baby Sparrow," "Duke Gave Deaghty Aid." "Cause
of Animal Traits," miscellany. Page 25.

Pashions and Women—"Furn in Great Request," "Women of Former Days," miscel-

iany. Page 29. "Chryenter in the Orienty" "Vesuvius In Threatening." Page 54

Nebraska's Next Governor Will Be Republican.

THE LEGISLATURE IS IN DOUBT

Democrats Are Benewing Their Charges of Fraud -- Congressional Delegation Unchanged,

ing. The figures tabulated show that Bryan's plurality is 78,395, which will be slightly increased by the returns not received. Orman's plurality over Goudy appears as 28,722, which will likely be increased by the returns still to come.

Compared with 1886, in round numbers, the Bryan vote fell off about 41,009, while the McKinley yote increased about 64,000.

The Kentucky Returns LOUISVIIALE, Nev. 10.—Official returns from all save about a doson counties in the state, received by the Courier-Journal up to II o'clock tonight, do not materially alter that paper's unofficial report of the election. Bryan's majority will be in the neighborhood of 800, while the plurality of Backbarn deep for Gausstone will be of Beckham, dem, for Governor will be about 5000, the unofficial returns from every/county in the state being 6600.

Croker Goes Abroad.

OMAHA, Nov. 18.—With but two counties to hear from in the state, on the face of unofficial returns, Dietrich, Republican, is elected Governor by a plunent before he leaves, but he is not yet reliky of 876 over Governor Poynter. The remainder of the state ticket is likely to

DEATH OF R. G. DUN.



NEW YORK, Nov. M.-R. G. Dun, head of the mercantile agency firm of

Dun & Co., died in this city today; of cirrhosts of the liver.

Mr. Dun was born in Chillicothe, O., in 1895. He had been suffering almos the early part of last Summer. He began his business career at the age of M. in a country store. Early in life he came to New York, and entered the employ of the mercantile agency then conduced by Tappan & Douglass. In 1854, six years after he first entered the employ of the firm, he became a partner of Mr. Douglass, under the firm name of B. Douglass & Co. In 1859 Mr. Dun purchased the interest in the business held by his partner, and was senior partner of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co, to the time of his death. Mrs. Dun survives him.

be Republican, but it will take the offi-cial count to determine the result.

There is no change in the Legislative situation, the result depending on Doug-las County (Omaha), in which the official count proceeded on a little way, today, County Clerk Haverly, Republican, en-deavored to have a secret count made, but was forced by an order of the District Court, secured by the Den to make it a public count. The Demo-crats are renewing their charges of fraud, and because of the concealment of bal-lots and his official conduct since election, impeachment proceedings are said to be in preparation against Haverly. The feeling is intense, as Douglas County may determine the cast of the State Leg-

islature. Chairman Emmenger, of the Third District, tonight reported that Congressman Robertson, Fusion, is elected by 127 plurally, as shown by the complete returns, unofficial, from all counties. His election was up to today questioned by the Republicans. The majority of Neville, Fusion, in the Sixth District is 228, and Stark, Fusion, in the Fourth, 42. This makes the representation of Nebraska in Congress unchanged-four Fusionists, two Populists, two Democrats and two

Republicans, all of whom excepting Shallenberger, Democrat in the Fifth District, who succeeded Sutherland, Popullst, are re-elected.

McKinley's plurality in Nebrasius is 7500.

RATIFIED IN BUTTE. Jollification Over the Victory of the

Clark Democrats. BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 10.-Twenty-five thousand people crowded the strests of the city tenight to participate in the gen-eral ratification in honor of the victory of Senator W. A. Clark and his Democratic sasociates over the Republicans and the bolting faction of the Democratic party. Two of the largest available halls in the city had been sugaged, and all the vio-torious candidates of the ticket were present to participate in the joilification. Senator Clark made two addresses, de-claring positively that the eight-hour law would be passed, if it were in his power to effect it, and that laws favorable to workingmen's rights would also be brought before the State Legislature Governor-elect Toole piedged himsel anew to the fuldilment of platform dec iarations of the Democratic, Populist and Labor parties. Immense crowds were present at all of the balls, and the speeches were greeted with great ap-plause. The town is wide open, and re-sembles a carnival more than anything else. After the meetings the more promi-nent of the leaders had a good time at the Silver Bow Club.

Closing Campaign Headquarters. CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—With the exception of Edward C. Hedges' department, the Republican National headquarters were practically closed last night. The speak-ers' bureau, over which Mr. Hedges pre-sided, will not close for at least a month. That much time will be required to make settlements with all the speakers, the transportation companies and the various state committees. It is estimated that the bureau furnished speakers for no less than 15,000 meetings. This would be an average of 30 speeches for each man.

Brynn Losses in Colorado. DENWER, Nov. 18-The Rocky Mountain News today prints practically com-plets returns from every county in the state on the vote for Presidential Electors and Governor. The figures for most of the counties are complete returns. In a few others one or two precipcts are miss-

Bryan Declines an Offer. DENVER, Colo., Nov. 10.—Mr. Bryan has declined an offer of an editorial posttion on a Denver afternoon newspaper at a salary of \$10,000 a year. In his reply,

which was telegraphed from Lincoin, Neb., today, he says:
"I shall remain here, and in the future, as in the past, defend with tongue and pen the principles which I believe to be right and the policies I believe to be

The Missouri Count.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—Four more counties are still to be heard from in Missouri, but the Democrats are confident that their plurality will be between 39,000 and 25,000. On the other hand, the Republicans assert that it will be less than 30,000. The official count will not be held for several days.

A Contest in Kansas. TOPEIKA, Kan. Nov. 10.—The official count from the 3d district tonight shows that A. M. Jackson, fus, has been elected to Congress, defeating G. W. Wheatley by a majority of 23. There are 300 3d district voters in the Philippines yet to be heard from. Republicans announce they will contest Jackson's election.

Hanna Takes a Rest. NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- Senator H left for Cleveland this evening. He said he was going to take a long rest. In speaking of the rumored retirement of Secretary Gage he said that he had not heard of a contemplated change in the Cabinet, and would not die

Will Contest Kitchin's Election. RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16.—Congress-man-elect Kitchin has been informed that his election from the 5th district will be contested by the Republicans in four

Monnett Requested to Resign. COLUMBUS, O. Nov. 10.—Ex-Atterney-General Monnett has resigned from the Buckeye Republican Club, at the request

TO PREVENT STRIKES.

Amalgamation of the Metals Trade Unions.

WARHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The closing session of the representatives of the Metals Trade Unions was held at the office of the American Federation of Labor today, and a policy was outlined for the presentation of uniform requests to the Employers' Metals Trades Association, which is to meet at New York the common west. Amer from this are invitation. which is to meet at New Tork the coming week. Apart from this, an invitation
was extended to the metal unions in the
country not represented at this meeting,
and it is expected that a metal union will
be formed in full affiliation with the
American Federation of Labor, the purpose being to secure shorier hours and
improve conditions for the workers in the
metal trades without the necessity of
trade disturbances or strikes and lockouts.

Rev. Dr. Wesley Brown. NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Rev. Dr. Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas' Episoopal Church, died today, aged @ years.

The Population of the State of Idaho Is 161,772

LARGE INCREASE IN PAST TEN YEARS

Colorado Has 539,700 Persons, a Gain of Thirty Per Centin the Decade.

WARRINGTON, Nov. 20.—The popula-tion of Idaho, as officially announced to-day, is as follows:

This is an increase of 75.807, or \$1.7 per cent, since 1880. The population in 1888 was \$1.600, showing an increase of \$1.705, or 188.7 per cent from 1880 to 1890. By counties, the population of the state is as follows:

Ada

Population of Colorade Population of Colorade.

The population of Colorade in 1800 is 500,700, as compared with a population in 1800 of 623,100, representing an increase during the decade of 127,500, or 50.5 per cent. A small part of this increase is due to the fact that there were 500 indians and 68 other persons, or a total of 1001 persons, on Indian reservations etc., in Colorado, who were specially enumerated in 1800 under the provisions of the census act, but were not included in the general population of the state at that consus.

Colorado had in 1890 a population of M., 877, and in 1870 a population of M.854, but in 1890, the first consus taken after its ad-mission as a state, it had grown to 184-87 587, representing an increase in 19 years of 184,603, or 381.4 per cent. During the decade from 1896 to 1890 it again increased by more than 100 per cent, giving a total in 1890 of 412,188. The population of Colorado in 1890 is nearly 15 times as large as the population given for 1860, the first year in which its population is given in the census report.

year in which its population is given in the census report.

The total land surface of Colorado is approximately 102,865 square miles the swarsge number of persons to the square mile at the census of 1800 and 1900 being

...3.9(1900 .... Population of New Jersey. The population of New Jemey, as offi-cially announced today, is 1,885,686 as against 1,444,883 in 1860. This is an in-crease since 1800 of 488,756, or 80.3 per cent. The population in 1800 was 1,100,118, show-ing an increase of MERIT, or ELT per cent, from 1800 to 1800.

ANARCHIST PLAY SUPPRESEED

New York Police Prevented the Performance.

NEW YORK, Nov. II.—The police to-night refused to allow the Italian anarch-ists of this city to give a play suitifed.

"A Man Without a Country," in the Ger-mania Assembly Rooms on the Bowery, because the Italians had neglected to get a theatrical license. A number of po-licemen and detectives stood at the door of the assembly rooms and turned away all comers. The play was to be in com-memoration of the 18th analysessary of the memoration of the 18th analystmary of the "Chicago martyra," who were hanged for their connection with the Haymarket riot, and the price of \$5 cents admission. which was to have been charged, was to be given to Mrs. Bressi, of Puterson, N. J., wife of Gatano Breed, the assausts of King Humbert of Italy. Mrs. Bressi and her two children were among those turned away from the hall.

away from the hall.

The anarchists said touight that the police had been interested in the prevention of the play by Italian Consul Branchi. At any rate, Inspector Cross summoned some of the anarchist leaders to his office this afterneon and told them that they could not give their play and that if they tried to do so 100 policemen would be on hand to put a stop to it. The anarchists could but acquience and soon after they placed-on the doorway of soon after they placed on the doorway of the hall a notice in Italian which read: "At the last moment we have been pre-vented by the police from giving the play 'A Man Without a Country." As fast as the ticket-holders came they were told that there was to be no play.

PROGRAMME FOR CONGRESS

House Ways and Heans Committee Will Soon Draw It Up.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. Representa-tive Payne, of New York, chairman of the ways and means committee, had a conference with the President yesterday, Mr. Payne said, after leaving the White House, that he would call a meeting of the Republicans of his committee for No-vember 20 to outline a partial programme for legislative work in the House at the approaching session.

re legislative work in the House at the approaching session.

One of the matters to come before this mesting will be the proposed reduction of war revenue taxes. He did not think, however, that the reduction would axceed \$15,000,000, or less than one-fifth of the present revenues from that source. Much, he thought, would depend on the state of affairs in the Philippines when the bill comes up for consideration. If a considerable army has to be maintained, there for any length of time, it might be thought wise not to cut down the revenues too much. There are, however, a number of items in the present law that might be wisely eliminated, and these will receive attention. Mr. Payrie said he thought the ship subsidy hill would be taken up and an effort made to pass it at the coming session.

Monument to Dewey. BAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—A monu-ment to commemorate the victory of Ad-miral Dewey at Manila is to be erected miral Dewey at Mania is to be creeted in this city. The committee to which the designs offered in competition were submitted have accepted that sent in by Georga T. Brewster, of New York. It is a classic decic column surmounted by a winged figure of "Victory." About the square base will be reliefs illustrating the naval battle which gave the Philippines to this country.

Will Sell to the Burlington, RECKUK, ia., Nov. 10.—The stockhold-ers of the Kookuk & Western Railroad Company met here this afternoon and unanimously voted to sell the entire property and franchises of the road to the Chicago, Burlington & Guisey Railway Company. The line runs from Reckuk to Des Moines, with a branch to Gainesville, Mr.