

FUSIONISTS AT SEA

Gubernatorial Situation in Washington Greatly Mixed.

STRONG FIGHT AGAINST ROGERS

The Opposition is as Yet Unable to Find a Candidate-Turner in Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 25.—The opposition to Governor Rogers gives some signs of arriving at an understanding as to its candidate. The movement in the direction of Voorhes today was unmistakable, but it is much embarrassed by the fact that he is opposed by Senator Turner and a majority of the Spokane delegation.

The spirit of the opposition and the trend of events were plainly seen today when many delegates appeared about the hotel lobbies with "anti-Rogers" badges. These represent entirely the sentiments and purposes of the opposition. It is not especially for anybody, but it is against Rogers.

Tonight anti-Rogers Populist delegates to the number of about 100 held an open caucus at Masonic Hall. Many speeches were made, all of them bitterly denunciatory of the Governor. He was referred to by one orator as a "scoundrel," by another as a "rascal," and by about all of them as "an ingrate and traitor."

Undoubtedly the Populists would demand as the price of their going into a union convention that Rogers be eliminated. If the Democrats refuse, there will, of course, be no union. The Rogers leaders understand that they have a very vexatious problem to solve in bringing the three organizations into a union on terms agreeable to all, and they know that among the Populists there will be defections anyway.

The anti-Rogers Democrats are going to make a very strong effort to capture the preliminary organization of the Democratic convention. The Democratic State Central Committee will meet Monday morning, and name Thomas M. Vance for temporary chairman. This is the plan of the Democrats, and it means a row.

NEW WHATCOMB, Wash., Aug. 25.—Democratic, Populist and Silver-Republican County Conventions were held today to select delegates to their respective conventions, which will meet in Seattle August 27. The delegates selected by the three conventions subsequently caucused and decided to elect a joint convention.

LEWIS REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE. Factional Differences Ended and All Will Work for the Ticket. CHEHALIS, Wash., Aug. 25.—The Republican County Central Committee organized today by electing J. A. Gabel chairman, A. L. Coffman secretary, and Frank Spangue treasurer.

FUSION IN KITKITS. Delegates Uninstructed. ELLensburg, Wash., Aug. 25.—Kitkits County Populist and Democratic, after naming separate delegations to their state conventions, based on a Legislative and county ticket. The Populists instructed for Rogers. The Democrats did likewise, but reconsidered and sent an uninstructed delegation.

Delegations Go to Seattle. OLYMPIA, Wash., Aug. 25.—The Democratic delegation to the state convention went to Seattle today. The Populist and Silver Republican delegations will go tomorrow. The Democratic delegation seemed to think the withdrawal of Forrester will insure the nomination of Charles S. Voorhes for Governor.

FOREST FIRE IN ALASKA. People of Council City Fighting the Flames. SEATTLE, Aug. 25.—For nearly two weeks the 300 residents of Council City, according to some advices, have fought a fierce fight against fire, which threatened the whole town, and during eight days had scarcely a moment's rest, fighting flames, setting back-fires and pouring thousands of gallons of water upon threatened houses.

On August 20 the terrible forest fire on Solomon River had about ceased, or had been checked by the river, and with blackened features and scorched skins the volunteer firefighters had the first chance to take an inventory of the damage. As a result, they found 25 cabins con-

MOUNT JEFFERSON, FROM HUNT'S COVE.



DOTTED LINE SHOWS TRAIL OF MAZAMAS' ASCENT.

sumed, 19 partly so, one death and three persons injured. Charles Blackwood, of Cleburn, Tex., was struck to death August 20, while attempting to set a back-fire on some prairie tundra. The three other men were only slightly injured.

SIX CARLOADS DISPOSED OF ON THE ASSOCIATION BASIS. SALEM, Or., Aug. 25.—Manager H. S. Gil, of the Willamette Valley Fruit Association, reports a sale of six carloads of Feltenberg prunes at the price fixed by the association, on the basis of 25 cents for the four sizes, in 25-pound boxes, or 3 cents in bags. On this basis the first size, 30 to 40 to the pound, will bring 2 1/2 cents in 5-pound boxes, or 5 1/2 cents in bags, with a half-cent drop for each smaller size. This sale was effected at from 1 1/2 to 2 cents more per pound than has been offered recently, and indicates that growers will get a good price this year for their Feltenbergs.

NEW OREGON CORPORATIONS. SALEM, Or., Aug. 25.—Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Secretary of State Dunbar as follows: Dobbins Ditch Company, Joseph, Walla Walla County, \$200; J. H. Dobbins, M. Etta Dobbins, Etta M. Dobbins. The object of this company is the construction of an irrigating ditch, one end of which shall be on Lake Fork of the Wallawa River, and the other on Prairie Creek, in Township 4 south, range 45 east, of Willamette meridian.

Merchants' Warehouse Company, Portland, \$10,000; Peter Kerr, Thomas Kerr, P. B. Gilford, H. B. Dickson, J. C. Flanery. This company proposes to do a general warehouse business in Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Syndicate Petroleum Company, Portland, \$25,000; J. W. Helmer, J. H. Loftholm, W. Miller. Object, to operate oil wells in California.

Blue River & Gold Hill Road Company, Portland, \$15,000; J. Zimmerman, Frank C. Sharkey, N. R. Standish, George A. Dykes. This company proposes to build a road, beginning on Blue River, where it empties into the McKenzie, thence up Blue River via the Lucky Boy mines to the summit of Gold Hill.

ILLINOIS Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Company, Sumpster, \$100,000; F. Warner, W. H. Jackson, Seymour H. Bell. M. & S. Forwarding Company, Baker City, \$200; William Murphy, J. W. Stuchlik, Ed Murphy. Object, to conduct a general mercantile and warehouse business.

Star Mill Company, Portland, \$500; O. V. Monroe, Charles Carter, L. O. Persh. Object, to operate a flour and feed mill. The Lorraine Telephone Company filed supplementary articles of incorporation, increasing the capital stock from \$100 to \$200, the object of the increase being to extend the company's lines from Paradise, Or., to Anatoine, Wash.

NEW Washington Corporations. OLYMPIA, Wash., Aug. 25.—The following articles of incorporation have been filed with the Secretary of State during the past week: Sterling Mercantile Company, Spokane, \$20,000; Gospel Association, Tacoma; German Military Society of Seattle, Seattle; Gold Star Mining Company, Seattle, \$10,000; Star Publishing Company, \$10,000; Pacific Coast Rubber Company, Seattle, \$10,000; Latah Fruit & Produce Company, Seattle, \$200; Donald Ross Lumber Company, Buckley, \$10,000; Seattle Iron & Metal Company, Seattle, \$20,000; Dabel-Diamond Tailoring Company, Seattle, \$200; First Baptist Church of Wilkes, Mendocino-Scandinavian-American Bank, New Whatcom, \$25,000; Gladstone Gold Mining Company, Tacoma, \$50,000; Foxglen-A. Lovell & Co., New York, certificate of withdrawal.

NEEDS OF THE SCHOOLS

RECOMMENDATIONS OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Accurate Reports from Teachers, Better Supervision, and Abolition of the Third-Grade Certificate.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 25.—In the annual report blanks sent out by School Superintendent Ackerman for the use of County Superintendents, there is a page left for recommendations and better qualified to express the needs of the common schools than men who have had practical experience in the country and town schools, and who have served as County Superintendents. It is noticeable that but few of the Superintendents have anything to offer in the way of "recommendations and suggestions." In a Legislative view this feature of the annual reports is of special importance, and will form an interesting part of the State Superintendent's biennial report to the Legislature.

The recommendations made by Superintendent Armstrong, of Multnomah County, have already been published. What the other County Superintendents have to suggest follows: N. W. Boland, of Clackamas County—I wish to suggest that if it be within the power of the Superintendent of Schools, either state or county, he or they compel Clerks of districts to make such reports as are required, and that the same be made with some degree of accuracy. We have tried to furnish a complete and correct report this year, and so far as we are able to do so, I believe this to be correct. But several districts reported 6 per cent or 3 per cent or 1 1/2 per cent special tax, which, in a certain district, would amount to \$600. This we could not guess at, and our report has been delayed from time to time by having to ask Clerks for corrected data and enrollment. Clerks report that teachers do not present such information to them. Teachers who fall in this should not be permitted to remain.

I. H. Copeland, of Columbia County—There are a number of minor defects in our present school laws that will, no doubt, be remedied by the meeting of our next State Legislature. At present, however, that the most important need of our rural schools is better supervision. The qualifications exacted from every one aspiring to the office of School Superintendent should be such as would be met out all but able educators. Then the Superintendent should have more than simple advisory authority in controlling and directing the schools of his county, and should be required to devote his full time to the work. Salaries of County Superintendents should be uniform throughout the state, and should be based on the number of schools to oversee.

William Johnson, of Crook County, recommends "a careful revision of the school law, making clear many points capable of more than one construction." Under the head of remarks, he has the following: "The act of the last Legislature causing \$5 mills to be the minimum amount for school purposes will have a beneficial effect, not only in extended terms, but enabling districts to adopt a more liberal policy towards teachers in the way of compensation. It also removes from County Courts, anxious to make a record for economy, the temptation to take from children the funds justly theirs and apply them to some other purpose, probably to serve some personal or political end."

William S. Guerin, of Curry County—I am strongly of the opinion that the Legislature made a grave mistake in passing a law requiring four apportionments during the year. The rural and isolated districts certainly derive no direct benefit from it, for our schools, with few exceptions, are taught between the months of May and November. Should it so happen that the apportionment in January would be large enough to give each district its full and a small pro rata in addition thereto, the same would be forfeited by each district at the end of the school year (in March), unless some portion of it should be expended in the payment of outstanding warrants.

grade paper and go to another county where a low grade may be obtained.

SERMONS BY TELEPHONE.

Sunnyside Ministers Reach Their Congregations by Wire.

SUNNYSIDE, Wash., Aug. 25.—Sunnyside ministers now have greatly enlarged congregations. The genius of their electrician, H. L. Brown, has added to the hearers all who have Christian Co-operative Association 'phones. Mabton, eight miles away, listened to the service last Sunday, and heard every word of the prayers and sermons. Persons who have 'phones can have as many receivers as they have listeners, so that any number of people may have the services of the pastor and the choir at one and the same time and place without going to church.

REDUCTION OF ASSESSMENT.

Pierce County Board of Equalization Scales Valuations.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 25.—The Board of Equalization today made a horizontal reduction of assessments of real estate in Pierce County, amounting to \$3,000,000. The reduction in this city is 10 per cent, outside of the city 20 per cent.

Diversified Farming.

Sci. News. Many of the farmers in this section have completed their harvest, and in many cases the yield of grain is away below the average. The flax crop is about the only cereal in this vicinity that really came up to the standard, and in many cases the flax crop was worth more money to the farmer than all the other crops put together. Flax on good ground and in favorable years will undoubtedly beat any other crop, and where it is raised for the straw, as was the case this year, it will pay a good deal better than any other crop. The sooner the average farmer gets the one-crop idea out of his head the better. A few cows, a small band of sheep, and a few hogs, along with several dozen chickens, ducks and turkeys, all properly managed and cared for will pay more in interest and lift a larger mortgage than all the wheat the land can produce.

Colt Show at Chehalis.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Aug. 25.—The second colt show of the season was held at Chehalis today. About 50 colts were entered. The prizes were cash, and were for the best bred, best yearlings, 2-year-olds, 3-year-olds and colts, all of the premiums being for draft horses.

Cedarbank Sailors Arrested.

ASTORIA, Or., Aug. 25.—Four sailors from the British ship Cedarbank, recently released from the Portland jail after serving 14 days for desertion, were arrested here tonight on a charge of larceny of blankets from a boarding-house in Portland.

Samuel Eccles.

HOOD RIVER, Or., Aug. 25.—Samuel Eccles, superintendent of Mill B, of the Oregon Lumber Company, died last night. The body was brought to Hood River tonight, and will be shipped tomorrow night to Ogden, Utah, for interment.

Our Navy Compared With England's.

PORTLAND, Aug. 25.—(To the Editor.)—Would you please state in your paper what would be the chances of the United States Navy, as it exists today, against the navy of Great Britain of today, in the event of hostilities breaking out suddenly between the two countries (which state of affairs is neither hoped for nor expected)? The above question is asked merely to settle an argument, and not with an entire ignorance of the facts. And please also state the name of the largest ship afloat, name of line, and whether larger than the Great Eastern.

Rice and Population.

Scottish-American. In deciding whether China's population is dense or sparse it ought to be remembered that the country produces rice. Countries which produce rice yield at least two crops a year. Countries which produce corn, on the other hand, only yield one crop a year. Therefore, proportionately to its extent, a country which produces rice ought to support at least twice as large a population as a country which produces corn.

MACHINERY GOING IN

Enlargement of the Red Boy and Golconda Plants.

MILL TO BE BUILT ON THE IBEX

Sumpster Smelter May Be Moved to Some Point Near the Smelting Ores.

SUMPTER, Or., Aug. 25.—The week has been a busy one in mining circles. The arrival of several carloads of machinery for the Red Boy and Golconda mines, and of even greater importance the presence of Captain Bley, of England, representing the capitalists who hold the Little Giant and Magnolia properties; H. W. Miller, general manager of the Umpqua mines; E. A. Kingsman, of Boston, the representative of ex-Governor Mackintosh, together with local experts and managers of the prominent properties of the camp, are factors of interest. These mining men are all here for a purpose. Captain Bley, while nominally an admirer having inspected the Little Giant and Magnolia. He was evidently pleased with what he saw and what his expert thinks of the mines. The Little Giant has been paid for, has a mill partly constructed, with all the machinery on the ground, and several hundred feet of development work, but the main ledge is 75 to 100 feet from the end of the tunnel. Two small ledges were cut by the tunnel, both showing high grade ore. The Magnolia is under bond and partly paid for. It has a mill, but for some reason has not been a success although the ore carries good values. Another circumstance is that there are several thousand dollars of unpaid bills outstanding among local miners and merchants. While Captain Bley will not say so, it is reported that the bills will be paid, the bond on the Magnolia taken up and work resumed.

Governor Mackintosh is after one of the big producing mines, but has made no definite arrangements.

H. W. Miller, general manager of the Umpqua, is here to start work on a large scale on his properties. This is the nearest mine to Sumpster that is being worked. It is four miles up McCallum's fork on the IbeX road. In the past 30 days a force has been at work on the Chance claim, driving a tunnel to cut and follow the ledge. While the ledge has not been cut the character of rock encountered in the tunnel indicates that there is a body of ore not far off. Mr. Miller has installed other cars and erected buildings for permanent quarters. The force on the Chance claim will be doubled and two shifts put to work on the Gold Hill claim, where there is a 25-foot tunnel that cuts the ledge at a depth of 120 feet, showing 10 feet of ore, two feet of which assays up to \$28 1/2, and the remainder an average better than \$15. The foundation is slate and the ore is of the same character as that found in the Golconda and other mines in the slate belt.

Mr. Goldrey, of the Red Boy, while overseeing the unloading of heavy machinery, expressed his regrets at the poor transportation facilities of the camp in comparison with Butte, Leadville and Cripple Creek. Everything brought here must be transferred at Baker City from the broad gauge to the narrow gauge of the Sumpster Valley Railroad and at Sumpster loaded on wagons and hauled 15 miles over the mountains to the mine. In the other camps the products of the mines and the machinery used are taken direct to destination without transfer, switches running all the way to the mine. The difficulties are introduced here hundreds of low grade mines will be put on the list of producers. The first installment of machinery for the Red Boy's deep sinking plant has arrived. It consists of a 100 horsepower boiler of very heavy material, similar to marine boilers, weighing 20,000 pounds, and sections of the 125-foot smokestack, the material for which is as heavy as ordinary boiler iron. There will be three other boilers of similar size and pattern, four water tubes weighing 8000 pounds each, together with the hoist, compressor, etc. The machinery was all purchased in Chicago because a much better freight rate was obtained there than could be secured from San Francisco.

At the mine the buildings and foundation for the machinery are receiving attention and everything is being pushed so as to be under cover before snow comes. The machinery for the Golconda consists of a station pump and surface pump from Cambridge, Mass. The station pump is the most powerful ever brought to the camp and will be installed at once. While the size is larger than the present body of water requires, some thinking on the ledge renders it necessary. The new stamps have been installed and the output of the mine is double what it was 60 days ago. The management is arranging for an additional 30 stamps, the development of the mine having reached that stage at which an almost unlimited amount of ore is blocked out ready to be stopped.

Mill for the IbeX.

The shaft at the IbeX is being sunk very rapidly. It is down 231 feet. Everything is progressing famously at the mine and when Mr. Hill, the proprietor, looked over the property a few days ago, he expressed himself well pleased with his progress, and said that in 30 days, other than the 100 horsepower boiler, which time \$50,000 has been expended in development work. The property is now sufficiently developed to warrant the placing of a mill in it, and Mr. Hill is promising to have the IbeX mill numbered among the producing mines in the very near future.

Smelter May Be Moved.

"The Sumpster smelter is getting ready for another run to be made during the coming week," says Smelter Expert Loughead. "We have received 50 tons of ore from the Tempest mine, located in the Greenhorn range, besides some from Baker City, Quartzburg and other points, sufficient for a four or five days' run. It is found to be almost impracticable to bring the base ore to the smelter owing to the high charges for hauling. The cost of bringing in the Tempest ore was \$15 a ton. The Quartzburg ores are equally distant and the Calc Ore ore, owing to low percentage of lead, though base, are not desirable smelting ores. There are many other points better located for a smelting plant than Sumpster, and it is probable the smelter will be moved to one of the ores of the camp are free milling and concentrating, and can be treated at the mines by company plants cheaper than when shipped over bad roads to a smelter."

Do Plants Reason?

New York Times. In order to find the true answer to this question a daughter of a prominent Mexican planter tried the following experiment: She planted a corn seed in a hole in the morning glory plant. The tendril began at once to grow toward the seed. The seed was shifted and the tendril shifted its course. Finally a cord was hung up to tempt the tendril, and it shifted its course toward the cord, and left the seed which it had five times persisted in following.

Smyrna Plague Quarantine.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The plague quarantine against Smyrna will be raised 30 days after the government there officially announces Smyrna free from bubonic plague. An order issued by the Treasury Department today instructs quarantine officers at all points that the regulations against the shipment of Smyrna figs and raisins should be waived after Smyrna officially has been declared free for 60 days.

FALLING HAIR



Save Your Hair with Shampoos of

Cuticura SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA SOAP exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing, red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP AT ONE PRICE, VIZ., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

All that has been said of CUTICURA SOAP may be said with even greater emphasis of CUTICURA Ointment, the most delicate, and yet most effective of emollients, and greatest of skin cures. Its use in connection with CUTICURA SOAP (as per directions around each package), in the "ONE MINUTE CURE FOR SORE HANDS," in the "BEST REMEDY FOR DANDRUFF, ITCHING AND IRRITATIONS," and in many uses too numerous to mention, is sufficient to prove its superiority over all other preparations for the skin.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor,

constituting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE DIME is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humbling skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. FOREIGN DRUGS AND CHEMISTS, Sole Traders, Boston. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

Taken these hot mornings keeps you in better condition throughout the day. Enables you to attack your labors with renewed vigor and interest, and makes work a pleasure. A teaspoonful of Abbey's Salt in a glass of water, used regularly, will keep you healthy. Good health will make you wealthy and happy. Abbey's Salt is a preventive of and a cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, and attendant ills. Sold by most druggists, or sent by mail. 25c., 50c. and \$1 per bottle. The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 9-15 Murray St., N. Y. "Bottle free on request."

"Your Abbey's Effervescent Salt is invigorating, cleans the lungs and mouth and imparts a feeling of freshness and energy to the entire system. I am constantly prescribing it." Dr. W. H. Wagner, L.R.C.P., L.M., M.R.C.S.E., L.S.A.L., Medical Officer of Health, London, England. 1578 ABBEY AVENUE, BROOKLYN, N. Y. January 5, 1900. Your Salt is a very superior article. Am well pleased with it. Bottle water no comparison. Dr. Wm. B. Mann. 865 DESSON AVENUE, BROOKLYN, N. Y. I have prescribed Abbey's Salt in cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Gastric Catarrh and Torpid Liver. In each and every case the results have been gratifying. The patient has not in a single instance complained of a bad after effect. I find it pleasant and agreeable to take, effective and lasting in its results. There is not a day that I do not prescribe it, with great satisfaction to myself and patients. L. M. RINGHELM, M. D.