Allies and Chinese Expected to Meet at Yang Tsu.

GENERAL MA HAS 10,000 TROOPS

Americans, British and Japanese Form the Advancing Column-Situation at Pekin.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Nothing direct from the allies operating beyond Tien Tain is at hand, but a news agency dispatch from Shanghai today says a battle is ex-pected Sunday with General Ma's 10,000 Chinese at Yang Tau. The Russian and French contingents, according to this dispatch, are guarding the communications of the Americans, British and Japanese, who form the advancing col-

A dispatch dated at Aen Tein, Friday. A dispatch dated at Then Tsin, Priday, July Z. says another dispatch from the Brite. Minister at Pekin, Sir Claudo MacDonald, has been received, duplicating in part one sent by a different route, but adding the military information that the British, American, Russian and German legations, July Z, had provisions barely sufficient for H days, and that ammunition was short. The Ministers had again rejected the proposal of the Chinese Government that they leave Pekin under escort of Chinese troops. kin under except of Chinese troops.

Another excert of Chinese troops.

Another courier from the Japanese legation brings a dispatch dated July 23, saying that but five days providens were left and E rounds for each man.

The British Consul, Mr. Frazer, and the foreign community are leaving Ching King, Province of Sze Chuen, in consequence of an official warning from Shanghal. There is no trouble in Chung King now or in any part of Sze Chuen, but disturbances are expected when the but disturbances are expected when the les reach Pekin

BY IMPERIAL DECREE. China Reing Aroused to the Gravity

the Situation.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—A message from Minister Conger in Pekin, dated July 25, has arrived at Che Foo, says a dispatch to the Herald. Mr. Conger says that they have provisions and can hold out for six days. Food in Pekin is growing source. It is reported that consulton of stracks on the foresterers was by order attacks on the foreigners was by order

of an imperial decree.

All the Pekin and Sung-Chow Americans, also the Walkers, Chapins, Salls, Wickoffs, Hohart, Terry and Mackay are safe in Pekin. All the mission property wickoffs, Hobart, Terry and Mackay are safe in Pekin. All the mission property has been dostroyed. There is every indication the the Chinese Government is awakening to the gravity of the situation. It is endeavoring to throw the responsibility for the outrages in Pekin and elsewhere on the mob. Through diplomacy it is seeking to foment international jeniousles to prevent the advance of troops on Pekin, to escape lawful punishment and to patch up a peace. The foreigners here feel that the Chinese Government is responsible for the chaos, and they are indigmant at the reception given to Li. Hung Ching at Shanghai!

It is the conviction of every one that no half-way measures should be used. There is nothing to prevent a march on Pekin and the overthrow of the present government. It is commonly asserted that if this is not done the line trouble will be repeated every few airs.

Two Indian regiments, one British field

Two Indian regiments, one British field battery and General Gaselee have arrived. Any further delay in advancing on Pekin will be criminal.

FIGHTING AT TIEN TSIN. Why Cipher Messages Are Not Sent Forward.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4-The State Dewashington, ang. t. In estate pe-partment today issued the following: Minister Wu this morning handed to the acting Secretary of State the follow-ing telegram from the Taotal of Shang-hal, dated August 2, and received by Mr. Wu on the evening of the 3d. It confirms the message of Yuan Shi Ki, Governor of Shan Tung, to Mr. Powler, Consul at he Foo, purporting to communicate the time telegram of July 30 from the Tsung Yamun, but it is to be noted that it outsins a message omitted from Govern-Thin, it is inexpedient to send cipher tel-egrams to the foreign Ministers in Pekin. In this particular the present telegram agrees with Consul-General Goodnow's

report, received vesterday, that Earl Li Chang had told the French Consul annhal on the 5d that no message would be delivered to the Ministers because the foreigners were advancing on Pekin. The Tsung II Yamun's cablegram of July 20 is as follows:

"Poreign Ministers in Pekin are all safe and well. Recently vegetables, fruit and

provisions have been repeatedly supplied to them. Relations most friendly. At sent consultations are going on for the dection of various Ministers going to Tsin for temporary shelter, which soon be concluded satisfactorily. But as fighting is going on in Tien Tein, it is mexpedient that cipher telegrams should be sent. Different Consuls have notified so that they may inform form the Foreign Office. Besides wiring to other Ministers, I transmit the above to you. YU LIEN YUEN."

JOINED THE BOXERS.

Imperial Troops Beserted to the Enemy When Earl Li Left.

PETERSHURG, Aug. 4.-A dispatch from Shanghai, dated Thursday, August 2, received here today, says that after Li Hung Chang left Canton the Imperial troops joined the Boxers. The dispatch adds that the provisional troops along the Yang Tse Elver remain quiet owing to the promise of the Vicercy of Nankin to the foreign Consuls. Boxers, it is furthe foreign Consuls. Boxers, it is fur-ther stated in this dispatch, are murdering missionaries in South China, but are not disturbing treaty ports. Troops are being secretly brought to treaty ports. Bulteries of the Yang Tse River, the dispatch says, are being repaired and new ones are being erected at Wu Sung. cork would be stopped, five guns have seen mounted. The dispatch accuses the British of a secret understanding with the Vicercy in accounting for the indif-ference of the British fleet to the strengthening of the Chinese fortification at Wu Sang.

THREATENED BY REFORMERS. Chinese Consul at Honolulu Asks for Protection.

HONOLULU, July 27, via San Francisco, Aug. 4.—The news from China has stirred the Chinese here to the deaths. Yesterday Tang Wai Pin, the Chinese Consul made an appeal to the Government for personal protection, saying that he had peccived anonymous letters threatening his life. He accuses the Bow Wong Will, or Chinese Reform Society, of having made the threats. The Bow Wongs are the element opposed to the Empress Downger and desirous of having a liberal pro-foreign policy in the empire formed their societies here un the leadership of Leung Chi Teo, the exiled reformer, and the Consul here sent to China the names of those who became members. As a result the relatives of the Honolulu Bow Wongs were cast into prison in China, and feeling against the Consul runs high. One of the letters that frightened Yang Wai Pin referred

have purchased weapons, organized a guard at the Chinese office, and secured the protection of the Honolulu police. the protection of the Honolula police. Two officers are kept constantly at the office. Yang Wai Pin made no official celebration of the birthday of the Emperor of China this year, but the Bow Wongs got up a celebration of their own. The Consul gave as a reason for not holding the usual celebration that he had been instructed not to have say by been instructed not to have any, by Minister Wu, at Washington. It had been his custom to hold a large reception at the consulate.

German residents of Honolulu, through Consul J. F. Hackfeld, have offered 200 men for the Chinese War, the movement having been started as soon as news came of the murder of the German Minister at Pekin. Other nationalities are taking the same steps. Honolulu has over 1000 men who want to go to China and fight. The offer of their services goes by the steamer Pekin today.

BUSSIANS DEFEAT CHINESE. Town of Sakhalin Taken and Algun Bombarded.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—General Grodekoff has sent the following dispatch to the War Office:

"Khabarovsk, Aug. 3.—Two columns from Blagovestchensk crossed over the Amur River at 3 A. M., under Colonels Schwerin and Scherlkinoff, attacked the Chinese troops and took the town of Sak-Chinese troops and took the town of Sak-halin, one gun and a quantity of Mauser cartridges. The steamer Slienga suffered severely from ride fire. The trans-Seisk detachment, under Colonel Pfotenhauer, bombarded Aigun with 12 mortars, and the Chinese replied. One officer and five men were killed and 15 men were wound-ed. Four armored steamers are patrolling the Amur.

A telegram received here today from A telegram received here today from

Engineer Offenberg, dated Kwang-Kum-sig, Gasimur in the Transbalkalla Prov-ince, Wednesday, August I, says: "In the retreat to the frontier, the agents, workmen and guards were sur-prised and bombarded by Chinese in the Ching an Passes. Three guards and one workman were killed, and 20 workmen fied to the mountains, none of whom have returned."

AT THE LEGATIONS.

Names of Prominent Persons Besieged at Pekin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The Japan Advertiser of July 17 published, through the kindness of an American lady, who arrived at Yokohama from Tien Tsin, and who had had close relations with the foreign community in Pekin, the following list of persons known to be at the British and American legations, together with those connected with the customs and a few additional names:

and a few additional names:

American legation—Mr. and Mrs. Conger, Miss Conger, Miss Pierce, visitor;
Miss Woodward, visitor; Miss Paine, visitor; Mr. and Mrs. Squires, fear children; Miss Conditt-Smith, visitor; Mr. Cheshire and Mr. and Mrs. Bainbridge.

British legation—Sir Claude and Lady
MacDonald, Miss Armstrong, two chil-dren; Mr. Dering, Mr. and Mrs. Cock-

burn, Mr. and Mrs. Kerr and one child Mr. and Mrs. Toms and one child; Dr. Poole, and Mr. Oliphant.
Briffish legation students—Mr. Rose, Mr. Bristow, Mr. Haycock, Mr. Porter, Mr. Barr, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Wadren, Mr. Giles, Mr. Townsend and Mr. Druf-Dury.

Mr. Townsend and Mr. Druf-Dury. Customs-Sir Robert Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Bredon, Mrs. Bredon, Mr. and Mrs. Bra-zier and two children: Miss Brazier, Miss Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Plry, four children and governess; Mr. and Mrs. Brewik Taylor, Mr. Macoun, Mr. Smyth, Mr. DeCourcy, Mr. von Rautenfeld, Mr. Wintour, Mr. Wagner, Mr. Richardson, Mr. von Strauch, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Lawrie, Mr. Bethall, Mr. Sanderock, Mr. DeLuca, Mr. and Mrs. Mears, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Russell, Dr. Oliver and two children; Miss Dudgeon and Dr. Marth.

WOUNDED NOT KILLED. Admiral Seymour Was Hard Pressed But No Men Were Shot.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—Dr. G. P. Smith, who was in the allies' hospital at Tien Tsku until July 5, arrived here to-day on the steamer City of Pekin, from China, and absolutely denied the story of the shooting of wounded soldiers by Ad-miral Seymour on the retreat on Tien Tain. The doctor says he was present when Admiral Seymour's column rived, and that the wounded were with

"I met the column when it arrived," cheaper in said Dr. Smith, "and assisted in attendweish coal. talked with them, and am positive that there is nothing in the story that the men who were wounded were shot dur-ing the retreat. The Admiral had barely enough men to carry the wounded and look after them, but there was no shoot ing of them. He was very hard pressed, and the City of Tien Tein was also in straits when he reached there."

Viceroy of Nankin Friendly. LONDON, Aug. 6.—Admiral Seymour telegraphed to the Admiralty today that he had seen the Viceroy of Nankin Auhe had seen the Viceroy of Nankin Au-gust 2; that the Viceroy was very friendly, and seemed anxious to maintain peace in the Yangtse Valley, and had agreed to the landing of a force of 3000 British troops for the defense of Shanghai. The Viceroy returned the Admiral's visit the next day, and renewed his assurances of friendship. An agreement was arrived at for maintaining order in the Yangtse Val-

Fortifying on the Yangtse Kinng. SHANGHAI, Friday, Aug. 3.—According to trustworthy reports received here today the Chinese are fortifying the Yangtse River. At the fort near Nankin two six-inch quick-firing guns were dis-abled at the first trial. Chinese officials affirm that the guns were mounted as a precaution against Boxers advancing southward.

Peaceful at Canton. CANTON, Aug. 4.—All is quiet at Can-Bogue forts, which are fully manned, and the walls of which fings are hoisted Constant practice is had with the big guns at channel targets. The Chinese state that the Cantonese are in fear of an attack by the French.

Wu Goes to Cape May. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Minister Wu left today for Cape May to spend a day or two with his family.

Duke Alfred's Funeral.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Simultaneously with the funeral of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Getha at Coburg today, a memorial service was held in the Chapel Royal at St. James Palace, which was attended by the Princess of Wales, the Duchess of the Princess of Wales, the Duchess of York, the Duchess of Argyll, the Duke and Duchess of Mariborough and leading court notables and diplomats. The chapel, which was decorated with exotics, presented an imposing appearance. The serv-ice was fully choral. The congregation were court dress. Memorial services were also held in St. Paul's Cathedral, West minster Abbey, and in other cities, and five-minute guns were fired at the navn tations at Chatham, Portsmouth and

Russian Tariffs Increased. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.-Owing to the expense in connection with events in China, the Car has ordered that the rates of commercial tariffs be raised, subject, however, to the maintenance of the tariffs provided for in commercial

Boers Derail Consul Stowe's Train BLOEMFONTEIN, Aug. 4.—A train on board of which was United States Con-mil Stowe, and over which was flying the Stars and Strips, has been derailed and burned at Homingspruit, south of Kroonto his action in sending the names of Bow Wongs to the imperial government, and told him that he would be killed for doing so.

The Consul and Vice-Consul, Goo Kim, prisoners were taken

Same Political Questions in England and America.

BRITISH VOLUNTEERS MANEUVER

Sir Thomas Lipton Chides American Yachtsmen for Importing Their Captains.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—While deep in the discussions of anarchism, the obscurity of Chinese affairs and the issues of their own general election, Englishmen are at-LONDON, Aug. 4.—While deep in the discussions of anarchism, the obscurity of Chinese affairs and the issues of their own general election, Englishmen are attentive to the course of the American political campaign. Rather curiously the journals here are taking sides in American and chagrin that the sovereign of

ognition of the fact was followed by a complete and lasting reconciliation. When the Queen's carriage, passed the King's on the Pincio, the first time after the reconcillation. Queen Margherita stood up and publicly saluted the King, deter-mined that all Rome should know that right had been done.

The visit of Major Burnham to Osborn will be postponed on account of the Queen's bereavement. It had been arranged that the American scout should dine with the Queen and spend the night at Osborna, August 8.

PARIS' WEEK OF GRIEF. Assassination and Attempted Assas-

sination Shock the Capital. PARIS, Aug. 4.-The events of the past week touched almost every note in

COMMANDER OF THE BRITISH FORCES IN CHINA.



can politics, according to their views, not on currency questions, but on the South feedardized by one of their countrymen, African War. Thus Mr. Labouchere la-while he was a guest of the nation. So

England has had a coal question for a generation, but 30 shillings for midsummer house fuel and the likelihood of prices going several shillings higher is making it a political question. It is widely contended that the time has arrived to limit the foreign shipments, amounting to 40,000,000 tons. Even if Continental huyers go to the United States, from the general drift of the discussions an export made pub. general drift of the discussions, an export duty on coal seems quite unlikely. A Welsh colliery owner points out that American bituminous coal can be sold cheaper in the Mediterranean than the

A. J. Balfour, speaking before a Cambridge University meeting, said that in the use of their material resources the English people were little better than brilliant spendthrifts.

A feature of the volunteer maneuvers beginning today is several cyclists holding 40 roads in the north of Sussex, with the object of checking an invading army until British troops of all arms can col-lect near London to give battle in force to the invaders. Citizen soldiers from all over the kingdom are gathering in huge camps on Salisbury Plain and at Aldershot.

Three weeks' yachting began in the Solent today. Despite the season of mourn-ing in court circles, the Prince of Wales promised to appear at Cowes next week. Sir Thomas Lipton's party, which included Lord Charles Russell and Senator Depew and other Americans, returned to London for a few hours yesterday. Before proceeding to Cowes, Sir Thomas, talking with the Associated Press correspondent, said: There are many points of difference

between American and English yachting, and only when one has spent several weeks at Sandy Hook can he really appreciate them. England's insular position has done much to make the sea a home to many of our people, and there is much more attention paid to yachting than in the United States, but individually Amer-William and the heads of other nations icans are the best yachtsmen I know. being convinced of their co-operation. They are tho best yachtsmen I know.
They are thorough in that, as in all else, and it is due to appreciation of this that my sole ambition in life now is to take the America's cup. One thing seems strange, in view of American cleverness. That they are sending here for captains for 70-footers does not seem right, and I sm unable to explain why, holding the blue ribbon of the sea so long, they are sending to England for Wringe and other captains. What has become of all the England blood that made Hank Haffs by the score? I should think New York yachtsmen would promote American sailors to the best positions by way of

encouragement. I say this for my regard for American yachtsmen." Lond Dunraven, who has been invelided home from South Africa, arrived this He will probably appear at

The route by which the Prince of Wales traveled to Coburg to attend the funeral of his brother, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, was changed at the last moment, as a precaution against violence. He went via Oberhausen, instead of Cologne, as announced.

London continues to demand new hotels, and one of the newest schemes which is ready to take substantial form this is ready to take substantial form the Autumn, is what is claimed to be the first real American hotel in England. This will be located at the new Waterloo Rall-way Station. It will be entirely of steel construction. The directors of the syndieste which is to build this hotel brought a New York architect here a year ago, and are now amazed at his methods, as the steel beams are already being cast at heffield, before ground is broken here,

Reports of unhappiness between the late King Humbert and Queen Margherita, which are said now to add bitterness to the Queen's griof, may be put aside as utterly untrustworthy. There was an estrangement a few years ago, as Roman the customs officials and railway employes have been dismissed and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections officials and replaced by milgarded as being the King's, and his rections of the continuous suppliers and the

African War. Thus Mr. Labouchere laments that the English Radicals have not so positive a rallying cry as have the Democrats in the anti-imperialistic portion of their platform.

The Speaker touches upon American politics from the standpoint that the dominant issues in the general elections of both English-speaking people are about the same.

Inquiry in London editorial rooms indicates that unusual arrangements have been made to report the developments of the campaign in the United States.

while he was a guest of the nation. So quickly did these acts follow each other that the dawning of hope for the safety of the Ministers at Pekin, as revealed by recent dispatches, was almost leat sight of, and even the more circumstantial evidence developed early in the week that the general massacre reported was not an actuality received only slight credence. A sinister warning found a place in the press, counseling the government not to trust the subtle emanations from Chinese officials who asserted the safety of the foreigners, and urging an advance of the allies toward the capital. Hope, of the foreigners, and urging an advance of the allies toward the capital. Hope, but not conviction, that the Ministers are alive is the present condition of the pub-

The general mass of calm citizens would have been moved to sentiments of affection had they been able to witness the depth of true grief which was exhibited in this city when the news of the assassination of King Humbert was made public. When the first report of the crime was confirmed, in every gathering could be heard expressions of sympathy and indignation which would have done more to bring about a friendly feel-ing between the two countries than years of diplomacy would.

The Shah of Persia would have been

the recipient of a most extravagant series of fetes had not the death of King Hum-bert placed official France in mourning. Breakfasts, dinners, receptions and special performances at the opera and theaters had been arranged for his benefit: filling the hours, days and nights, of his stay. All these have been abandoned, but the Shah has found amusement which deeply interests him. The court of the palace is sufficiently large to permit the operation of an automobile, and of these vehicles has become his toy.

The graver happenings of the week have diverted public attention from the cele-bration in a fitting manner of the suc-cess of the French arms in Africa. The killing of Rabah and the dispersing of his army is a feat which means the final supremacy of France in the Lake Tchad region, where she is deeply interested. This Sultan has been a stumbling block to the success of France in that territory for some years. It was he who de mission and who feated the Bretonnet killed another French explorer.

Church Society for the Promotion of Kindness to Animals, intends to visit Washington for the purpose of presenting his ideas to President McKinley on extension of the provisions of the Geneva convention to horses. He hopes also to secure audiences with the Czar, Emperor

The result of the recent international sports in France has been a suggestion that a permanent international society of athletes be formed.

So loud has become the outery of those holding concessions at the exposition on account of the loss of money that a committee has appealed to the Commissioner-General. The matter is really ser! ous to many, as bankruptcy is staring them in the face. An effort will be made to assist them. So far the management has agreed to the inauguration of a series of fetes and spectacles in an effort to attract the crowd, which has been decided-

GALE IN ENGLISH CHANNEL. Many 'Vessels Are Wrecked and Crops Are Much Damaged.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Channel traffic has seen interrupted today by a gale, and the Weish coast is strewn with wrecks of coasters and pleasure craft. The rac-ing yaeth Corsair was sunk in a collision with a steam fishing-boat off Ramsgate. A steam yacht, bolleved to be the Fairy Queen, was sunk off Lapwell. Crops have been much damaged. Telegraph wires in Great Britain and over half of the con-tinent are partially down.

Put Into Stanley. LONDON, Aug. 4.—The ships Henry Failing, Captain Matthews, from New York April 26 for Kahululi, and P. N. Blanchard, Captain Courtney, from Bal-timore April 6 for San Francisco, put into Stanley, Faikland Islands, July 23. The Henry Falling was leaking, and the Blanchard had decks damaged by heavy

Replaced by Military Officers. LOURENCO MARQUES, Aug. 4-All of

Adlai Stevenson's Remedy for Ills of Government.

AGGREGATED WEALTH A DANGER

Machinery Dispensing With Labor and Population Pressing the Means of Substatence.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 4.—A hearty welcome was given A. E. Stevenson at 3:30 this afternoon. A big crowd gathered at the Union station. Carriages carried the party of the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate who was returning from Minacoming. Presidential candidate who was returning from Minnesota to prepare for the campaigh, to Franklin Square, where, just across the street from the Stevenson home, was the speaker's stand. Judge Lawrence Weidon welcomed Mr. Stevenson and eulogized his life and career in a speech of 30 minutes. Mr. Stevenson replied in part as follows:

"All that genius in ages past has contributed to the world's treasury of knowledge, to whatever tended to human comforts and to the lessening of human distress, dwindles in the presence of the wondrous achievements of the Nineteenth century. The all-important inquiry now

century. The all-important inquiry now is 'What of the future?' 'What of the night?' What the perils that may lie along the pathway of the century upon which we are soon to enter?' The future danger of the republic is not from foreign foe as during the first two decades, nor along sectional lines as at a later period of our history, but from the multi-plication and increase of individual fortunes, thus emphasizing the distance that separates their possessors from the toll-ing millions. With the rapid augmenta-tation of aggregated wealth and the mur-muring and unrest that follow as night and day; with the influx and growth of an element whose principle in action is the destruction of the angeguards of law and of constitutions; with the rapid in-crease in every field of endeavor, of appliances which mercilessly dispense with the labor of human hands and with population pressing upon means of sub-sistence, who can doubt that from all these may spring dangers to society, to the state, unknown to the first century of our history?

of our history?

"The safety of the Republic during the century upon which we are soon to enter will rest not upon its material wealth, its physical public, not its spiendor, but on the conversatism, the intelligence, the virtue, the lofty patriotism of all the people. At the fireside, in the school-room, in public assemblage, everywhere throughout this broad land, let there be inculcated a sublime love of country, a veneration for government, for law, for fustice—for all that it has cost our race, the toil and the sacrifice of centuries to achieve. In this highest and grandest sense let there be taught veneration for the memory of our fathers eration for the memory of our fathers— the builders of the Republic."

The proceedings were non-partisan.

EUGENE V. DEBS ACCEPTS.

As UsualesHe Prates Against Capi-.tnlism.

SPRINGUELD, Mass, Aug. 4.—Eugene V. Debs, Presidential nominee of the Social Democratic party, has sent his letter of acceptance to William Butscher, National secretary of the party, in this

National secretary of the party, in this city. Mr. Dobs says:

"I am deeply sensible of the responsibilities which rest upon me as a Socialistic candidate for the office of President of the United States. Fully imbued with the philosophy of socialism. I seek no personal preferment, and I claim consideration only as a representative of the principles of interest, class-conscious socialism. In that capacity and that alone I appeal to the working class and my appeal to the working class and my countrymen for their support. The confidence implied by the unanimous action of my comrades moves me to regret my limitations and to wish myself a worthler representative of the principles so sacred to them, being fraught with grave im-

"Here in the United States of America we are on the eve of our first great battie. Let us gird our armor and press
forward to meet the enemies of freedom,
the oppressors of the people, the exploiters of the working class and the foes of
the very first proper of the people of the property of the people all humanity. Let us dismiss all minor considerations and unite in every state and territory from end to end of the land in one mighty effort to hasten the end of capitalism and the inauguration of the co-operative commonwealth."

TOWNE'S CANDIDACY.

He Will Announce His Decision in a Few Days.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 4—C. A. Towne, Populist pominee for Vice-President, was in St. Paul today. He said there was nothing to be said upon the campaign issues except that imperialism would be made paramount. In regard to his remaining paramount. In regard to his remaining upon the Populist ticket or withdrawing. Mr. Towne said he was not ready to make an announcement, but would do so in a few days. Mr. Towne will leave Duluth for Chicago tomorrow evening. Then he will go to Western Nebraska to deliver addresses. A friend quotes Mr. Towne as saying he will issue a formal campaign document in a few days, in which he will announce his withdrawal from the Populist ticket.

WHITE SUPREMACY IN GEORGIA. Legislation Proposed to Disfranchise the Negro.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 4,-Owing to the result of the recent election in North Carolina in which white supremacy was engrafted on the state. Representative Hardwick will introduce at the next session of the Georgia Legislature a bill providing for Constitutional amendment similar in form and provisions as that adopted in the old North State. This en-forces a property and educational qualion suffrage which practically disfranchises the negroes,

WAR NEARLY ENDED. London Looks for a Speedy Close of Hostilities.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: War news from South Africa remains indecisive, with the general trend in the direction of a Lord Kitchener is in charge of the ope-

rations against General Dewet's com-mando, and the Boer division at Frederickstad has been easily checked. soriousness of the investment of General Baden-Powell at Rustenburg is shown by the rapid march of General Hamilton's column for his relief, although Lord Methuen had previously been reported as having undertaken the same mission. The story of the war is now so badly told in press dispatches that its politi-

Ex-Secretary Jacob D. Cox. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 6.—A telegram from Magnolia, Miss., says: Ex-Governor Jacob D. Cox., of Ohio, cal sequel excites more interest than the campaign itself. There were two of these episodes in Parliament restorder. One

PERUNA RESTORES

Gives Natural Appetite, Strong Nerves, Refreshing Sleep.

Mrs. F. W. Goulder, 1306 Fourth avenue, Rock

Island, Ill., writes:
"I was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal to was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal to bedifficulties, and was growing worse all the time. I be-

from the first. Independent of curing that, the Peruna has greatly improved my general health."

"Every bottle of Peruna is worth its weight in gold, especially to me, for I owe my present good health to Peruna. It has been a blessing from God to me. For anyone that is cured of chronic catarrh or any disease by the use of Peruna. by the use of Peruna is permanently cured, and they are strong and healthy ever after. Peruna is a household safeguard and blessing to suffering humanity. Whenever I have the opportunity I recommend Peruna to the sick and suffering ones. I tell them what it has done for me and many others. I only wish every home could have a copy of vary any approach before experially 'eould have a copy of your invaluable books, especially 'Health and Beauty,' Every woman should have one."

Mrs. F. W. Goulder,

Mrs. Hannah Lind, 1132 East Long street, Columbus, O., is one of the many enthusiastic advocates of Peruna. She says: "For many years I was subject to nervousness, despondency and neuralgia for which doctors and remedies seemed of no use. At last I was persuaded to try Peruna. I found it to be exactly the remedy I had so long been in search of. Peruna relieves the tired, depressed feeling at once. It never falls to restore to me natural appetite and the best of sleep. It has cured permatently my old neuralgia and despondency, and I wonder why so many people continue to suffer from nervous depression when Peruna is such a prompt and perfect relief. As a family medicine I believe Peruna to have no equal. It relieves at once cramps, colle, prostration from heat, the ill effects of sudden checking of perspiration and all other bad effects of hot weather. As a remedy for nerv-

men and women of this generation who have nerves' find it a priceless remedy."

Every family should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's book entitled "Summer Catarrh." This book treats exclusively the diseases peculiar to Summer, and will be sent free to any address by the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

was the spirited reply by the Marquis of Lansdowne to Lord Rosebery's charge that Lord Wolseley had not stood up as an expert to declare thus he approved of the plans of the War Office, and the other was the reference by Mr. Chamberlain to lefters from two members of Farliament found among the approximate correspondence.

found among the secret correspondence captured at Bloemfontein. There have been many rumors about this correspondence and it was expected that there would be a lively scene when Mr. Chamberlain referred to it, but the opposition bench was deserted and the Liberals could not be entrapped into any discussion of the matter.

HUMBERT'S FUNERAL.

Burial Next Thursday-Bressi Will Be Tried at the Assizes. ROME, Aug. 4-The date of King Hum-

bert's funeral has been definitely fixed for Thursday, August 9.
According to local newepapers, the Cabinet Council, which met today to dis-cuss whether Bressi, the anarchist, ought to be tried by the Senate or the Milan Assizes, decided on a trial before the

King Victor Issues an Order. MONZA, Aug. 4.—King Emmanuel Vic-or III issued an oder today to the land and sea forces in which he says: "My tor III issued an oder today to the land and sea forces in which he says: "My thoughts go out to all of you with confidence in this sad moment. I am certain that you will show me the same affection which you have shown my father, an affection which, following the paternal example, I return to all my soldiers with all my heart."

It is now fully believed that the Showmaker Niccolini, of Billin, was Bress!'s accompile. Niccolini disappeared, but he

accomplice. Niccolini disappeared, but he telegraphed to Bressi on June 20, an-nouncing his departure, "everything being

MALATESTA'S CAREER. Brought From Sicily to Edit an Auarchist Paper.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4 .- A persistent hunt representative of the principles so sacred to them, being fraught with grave import to the countless victims struggling in the grasp of economic bondage.

"But all the strength and ability I have are at their service. Long since I consecrated myself to the cause, and all I have is laid with foy on the altar of socialism. As we look abroad we behold

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—A persistent hunt with the avowed anarchist, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the alling of King Humbert, has brought out the story of how he came to locate in Paterson. N. J., and how he nearly look his life there.

The anarchists of Paterson, having

the steady and stately march of trans-formation. Capitalism, which has writ-ten its records in the tears and blood fell on Maintesta. At that time he was of the human race, is staggering to its doom, while socialism, herald of right sicily. The Paterson society determined and freedom, quickened by the spirit of the new revolution, is sweeping over all the world. used. The London anarchists communi-cated with a friend of Malatesta living

Malatesta first sailed to Tunis, then he went to London, where he was rapturously welcomed by his old-time tances. He was supplied with funds for a tour in the United States and arrived in New York in September, 1899. He repaired at once to Paterson, where even more cordial welcome was extended

Shortly afterwards Malatesta started on a lecturing tour to the centers of an-archism. The fourth lecture of the series was given in Hoboken. The hall was crowded with anarchists and secialists. among them Esteve, Guabello, Cravelle and Bressi, At a certain point in the ora-tion one Pazzagila raised a voice of protest. There was a war of words. Par-zogila lost his temper, insulted Mala-testa and invited him to leave the hali and settle the matter outside. Malatesta in a passion was on the point of descend-ing from the platform when Fazzagila drew a revolver and shot him in the thigh.

Bressi threw himself upon the would-be assassin and disarmed him.

It was this act which won for Bressi the friendship of his leader, who looked upon him as the savior of his life, Mala-

testa himself being disabled at the time As seen as Malatesta recovered from his wound he continued his lecture tour, and he was always accompanied by Bressi to guard him from further violence. It was well known, however, that Pazzagila had repented of his attack and promised never

to repeat it.

Before Majatesta's departure for London last April, it had been determined that the society should strike a telling blow; but the opportune moment had not yet arrived. Malatesta consulted with his fellow-conspirators abroad, and it was evidently agreed that the Italian monarch should be the victim.

A cable was sent over from London.

"The opportune moment has arrived." Funds were raised at once, and Bressi, Quintavail and Sassi were dispatched on their murderous errands.

TOO BESY TO WORK. Girl Anarchist Loses Her Employment in a Silk Mill.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.-Word was received from Paterson last night that Miss the general trend in the direction of a Ernestina Cravello, the girl anarchist, speedy close of hostilities. The muster had lost her place in the Paragon milis of General Hunter's prisoners is still inwhen she faired to appear for work complete, but it will approach 4000, witha piece of silk on the loom unfinished. To de this is a violation of a rule which is followed by dismissel. Miss Cravello called at the mills Friday to go back to her loom, but she was told she had lost her place.

She said that she had been kept busy for two days with her mall. Letters came from all parts of the country. Some praise her, but mere denounce her in strong terms.

Filipinos Trap a Command Under Lieutenant Altstactter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 .- The first serious check which the American troops have met in the Philippines during the past two months is recorded in a dispatch received this morning from Gen-

patch received the morning from General MacArthur. It is assumed that the little American command which suffered so severely was completely trapped and was obliged to surrender or be exterminated. The message is as follows:
"Manila, Aug. 4—Adjurant-General, Washington: First Lieutenant Aktstastter, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, with an escort of is men, was attacked August I on the road between San Mignel de Mayun (Luzon) and San Isidro (Luzon) by an armed band of insurgents, reported to be 20 strong. The entire party was killed, wounded or captured.
"Killed—"oop H. Fourth Cavalry, Richard Dic.ler.
"Wounded — Charles M. Newman, wounded in arm, serious; Walter Brewer, wounded in arm, serious; Company A.

wounded in arm, serious; Company A. Battalion of Engineers, U. S. A. Edward Long, wounded in abdomen, serious. "Captured-Lieutenant Altstastier, Com-

"Captured-Lieutemant Altsheeter, company A, Battallon of Engineers: Henry
T. Crenshaw: Troop H, Fourth Cavalry,
Arthur Bates, Charles J. Fuchsinger, Edward J. Cromer, George Knaub, William
J. Gerenity, John Coughlin, Robert P.
Taylor, Joseph T. Mealey.

"The wounded were sent to Sin Isbiro
with a note from Lacuna Maraimo, announcing that the prisoners would be well
treated.

MACARTHUR."

MacArthur's Casualty List.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—General Mac-Arthur's latest casualty list is as follows: "Manila, Aug. 4.—Killed, July 25, Surt-ana, Lezon, Company F, Thirtieth In-fantry, Ellis O, Kindred, Charles J. Kyl. ger; July 12, Oromtuita, Mindanao, Com-pany I, Portleth Infantry, Sergeaut I. N., Stanley.

Stanley. "Wounded-Sergeant Harrry Emm wounded in chest, slight, April 25, La Paz, Leyte, Company I. Twenty-third infant-ry; Sergean; Gottlieb D. Schlewing, in head, slight; F. J. Knofenka, in head, K. Twenty-sixth Infantry O. M. Utz. elbow, slight. July 21, Sadere, Luxon, Com-pany G, Thirteenth Infantry, Corporal Thomas Smith, leg above knee, slight; F. B. Conklin, hand, slight; Arthur Saiter, leg above knee, slight. March M. Cai-byog, Lieutenaur, Company G. Twenty-fourth Infantry: Charles E. Messlek, hand, slight. MACARTHUR."

Island for Lepers. WASHINGTON, Aug. t.—General Mac-Arthur has convened a board to select an island in the Philippine Archipelago for the segregation of lepers, to prepare plans and estimates for suitable buildings. thereon, and estimates of salaries for the

necessary officels and employer Hurricane in a Colorado Town. DENVER, Aug. 4-A special to the

News from Sterling, Colo, says: A terrife and destructive hurricans struck this, place at 6:15 this evening, accompanied by a cloudoust of short furation. An unusually heavy rainfail continued the greater portion of the night. The Catholic Church, a large eff-fice, was totally wrecked, and leveled to the ground, and several residences and other buildings were wholly or par-tially destroyed. No persons were in-tured. Telegraph and telephone wirse were blown down and the railroad was blockaded with overturned cars.

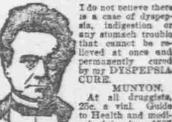
cres each will soon be started in the

**Good Appetite** 

Comes by Toning the Stomach with Hood's Sarsaparilla. A good appetite is essential to good health. Strength, vigor and endurance are imparted to the body by the nourlahment derived from plenty of well digested food, Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medieine to create an appetite and give strength. It gently tones the stomach, cures dyspepsia.

and builds up the whole system Hoed's Sarsaparilla Is the Best Medicine Money Can Buy. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass,





is a case of dysp sia, indigestion any stumsch trouble that cannot be re-lieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE. MUNYON. At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide

25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medi-