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PORTLAND, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1900.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HORDES OF CHINESE

Block the Way of the Tien Tsin Relieving Force.

COLUMN HAD TO FALL BACK

Another Attempt Was to Have Been Made Last Night With a Larger Force.

LONDON, June 28, 2:29 A. M.—The only dispatches from China received last night are those which give further details of the repulse of Thursday's attempt to relieve Tien Tish. According to a dispatch from Che Foo, hordes of Chinese with well-posted artificry block the way of the American and Russian forces. The guns of the aidees could make no impression, and it was found impossible to shift the enemy's position. Nothing could be done except to fall back, and this was accomplished in good order.

except to fall back, and this was accomplished in good order.

It was ascertained that the foreigners in Tien Tsin were making a gallant defense. The French concession buildings had been vigorously attinched, and in all probability have been reduced to asbes. After the force retired, an armored train attempted to recomposer, but was devalied. More troops are arriving at Taku, and another attempt at relief with a force of much greater strength was to have been made last night.

The Offinese logation at Berlin received another telegram lust (Saturday) night, stating that all the legations in Pekin were sufe, and that the foreign Ministers at that place were all well.

at that piace were all well

WHAT AMERICA IS DOING.

Meeting the Military and Naval Requirements of the Situation.

WASHINGTON, June 23.-Dispatches received today from Admiral Kempff an-nounced that fighting was in progress near Tien Tsin. Beyond the information that American marines under Major Walters and 400 Russians had been engaged with the Chinese Army, and that a sec-ond attack with a force of 2000 was about to be made, no specific details were re-ceived. The officials walted anxiously throughout the day to learn the result of this second movement, but up to a late our no further word regarding it had one from the Admiral or any other

The news was sufficient, however, to accentuate the need of reinforcements, and the energies of the War and Navy Departments were exerted in preparing to forward men, ships and supplies as fast as possible. The dispatch of troops from Manila is mainly impeded by the severe storms now raging in the Indian Sea Hurry orders were given to make ready for sea the three naval collers Hanni-bai, Alexander and Saturn, now at Norfolk, for the purpose of taking supplies of coul to the Asiatic station. This led to the belief in some quarters

that the colliers might be accompanied by seme of the powerful ships now in At-iantic waters, possibly a portion of the North Atlantic squadron, but officials stated that while Admiral Remey's force at Manila had been much depleted, there at Mantia had been much depleted, there was no present purpose to send more ships. In case they are needed, however, the Atlanta is rendy at New York, and the Bancroft at Boston, both of them being light-draft vessels, well suited for Chinese waters, while the New York, Texas, "Mansachusetts, Indiana, Kearand Kentucky give a reserve of ng vessels which can be drawn upon the developments seem to warrant

The American naval force in China at present consists of the Newark, 400 men; Monocacy, 275, Nashville, 275; all at Ta-ku; and the Yorktown, 300, at Che Foo. The Otegon, which is under orders to go from Hong Kong, will probably start next Monday, but cannot reach the score of action short of six or seven days. The Iris, a supply-ship, also is on the way. This will give Admiral Kenipfi a fleet of six ships, including the Oregon, when they are assembled a week hence.

Outside of the immediate necessity of accting the military and naval require-nents, the Government is chiefly concorned in finding out to what extent the Chinese Government is countenancing the assisting the surface at Then Trin. One of the highest officials of the Administration said toright that there was some evidence that General Tang Fu Sen, the principal General of the Mohammedan Chinese, was in command, and that pos-Chinese. Was in command, and that pos-sibly without orders from the Chinese Government he had succeeded in leading off some of the regular troops. This would in part explain Admiral Kenoff's message that the Chinese Army is embaged in fight-ing. But the assurances of the Chinese Minister and the communications from La Manus Chans and several of the Interesting Hung Chang and several of the influential viceroys all lead to the belief that the Chiners Government does not direct the movements now going on. This uncertain-ty must be cleared up within the next few hours, and it will be then determined whether the authorities here are to deal with China or an uprisma; of Chinese rob-

The critical condition of affairs brought out the usual outerop of sensational rumors. There were persistent reports that an extra session of Congress might be called, but members of the Cabinet, who would be apt to know if such a move was missed the report as en-

The alarming report from Shanghal that the Empress Dowager has ordered the ex-termination of all foreigners in China was received with great allowance at the State Department. At the same time, this was the 11th day of complete stence on the part of Minister Conger, and every hour of allence adds to the apprehension among

the officials General MacArthur's report of the arbushing of American troops in Mindamo resulting in a large casualty list, added comewhat to the perplexity of the Wa. Shocking brutality.

Department in provious soldiers for There is trouble between Japan and Central as this was another evidence that General MacArthur needed a considerable murder of Corea refugees who were proforce to garrison and protect the many

roclamation sent to the viceroys, is of apportunce as showing the present attltude of the powers represented in Chinese waters. It indicates that for the present at least they are operating in harmony for release of the foreigners who are cor fined in the Chinese capital, and that they taking active steps by means of the known to the peaceably-inclined China-men. Officials here interpret the procismation as a conciliatory measure, and con-sider it calculated to restore the confi-dence of the Chinese people in the presnt intentions of the powers.

AMERICAN REINFORCEMENTS.

Cavalry Troops on Transport Gran May Be Landed at Taku WASHINGTON, June 21—The only news-given out at the War Department today leaving any bearing on the situation in China was a dispatch from General Macannouncing a further delay in the

departure of the military reinforcements to China. The officials are very much chagrined over this further delay. It has been proposed to send the Ninth Infantry and its transporting equipment, including mules and wagons to Taku on the transports Logan and Port Albert. The voyage will take at least six days, and it will be impossible to land the troops on Chinese soil before July 3 at the earliest.

Adjutant-General Corbin said that nothing had been heard from General MacArthur on the subject of sending reinforcements to China. The department, however, is making arrangements for the prompt transportation to China of as many troops as can be sparsed from immediate service in the Philippines. Acting Secretary Meiklejohn was in close

mediate service in the Philippines. Acting Secretary Meiklejohn was in close consultation with General Miles. Adjutant-General Corbin, Quartermaster-General Ludington and Colonel Bird, the Quartermaster in charge of transportation. It is no secret that the deliberations related to the completion of plans for affording substantial relief to the force which has so far borne the brunt of battle at Taku. Then Tein and on the road

which has so far borne the brunt of par-tie at Taku, Then Tein and on the road to Pekin, in conjunction with the larger forces of the allied powers. So far as the transportation service is concerned, there will be no difficulty in the way of forwarding additional troops from Mantia to the Chinese coast. The big stansport Warren, which has been wrought up to a puch of intense anxiety



REAR-ADMIRAL KEMPFF, AMERICAN NAVAL COMMANDER IN CHINA.

Manila the 1st, and will be available on that date for the transportation of about 2000 troops. The Sherman also is due at Manila, from San Francisco, about July 1. This vessel could undoubtedly be employed in taking troops to China within ployed in taking troops to China the next few weeks, in case such a step is found necessary. In addition to these two large transports, there are several naller once used in the inter-laland service, including the Pennsylvania and the Indiana, which could be utilized in the movement of troops to China in case of

War Department officials are seriously considering the advisability of changing the destination of the transport Grant from Manila to Taku. She will carry two squadrons of the Sixth Cavalry, numbering about 500 men, and a battalion of marines numbering 230 men. These troops are now being assembled at San cisco and are scheduled to start for the East the 1st prox. The Grant is a fast ship, and can make the trip to China in 28 or 30 days. The borses of the cavalry es are to be taken over on a transport from Portland, Or.

CHINESE REFORMERS.

British Columbia Convention Aps peals to the Powers.

VANCOUVER, B. C., June M.-The Chinese Empire Reform Association of Canada has been holding a convention here during the past three days, with delegates present from branches in all the principal Paofile (Coast cities The asso-ciation has issued an appeal to the gov-ernments of the United States, Great Britain and Japan, begging their active aid in inducing the powers to declare a joint protectorate in China and undertake the government of that country through the reinstatement on the throne of Emperor Kwang Hsu, the protectorate to appoint new Ministern and the new government thus to be formed to control the departments of customs, ports and telegraphs, establish a uniform currency, readjust the system of taxation, and insure absoute freedom of religious worship.

Oriental Advices by Steamer.

VICTORIA, B. C., June M .- The steame brings Oriental advices of the attroctons murders of Revs. N. V. Norman and C. Robertson, of Yung Ching, by Box-ers, who tortured and finally disemboweled them.

The village of Laishun has been wiped out by the Boxers. In June, 73 Re Catholic residents were massacred

teges of Japan and returned to Corea with promise of safe conduct. Three hundred boats engaged in coast isbing off the coast of Murotosaki were bet at see in a storm June 2.

Movements of British Warships. RONG KONG, June 23. — The British transport Hallong, with 12 sappers and tons of stores and ammunition, leaves here immediately for Taku. The British cruiser Pique and the torpede-boat destroyer Hart sail for Shanghai Wednesday. The British gunboat Recipole has sailed sud-denly for Canton. The steamer Valetta has been detained by the British naval

authorities. She was taking arms north. New British Minister to Pekin. LIVERPOOL, June B.—Among the pas-sengers on the Etruria, which salled ro-day for New York, was Reginald Thomas Tower, Secretary of the British Embassy at Washington, who, it is said, is to suc-ced for Claude MucDonald as British Minister at Pekin, the latter having been recalled owing to ill-health.

cruising in Southern Luxon, is due at and anticipation, to the exclusion of every

in the far Elast.

In the excitement of the moment, the relief of Maficking seems a little thing, compared with the relief of Vice-Admiral Seymour and the international forces, Spionkop, Paardeburg and Cobenso stuk into insignificance compared with the spectacle presented by the land and see forces of the greatest powers in the world fighting side by side with a common enemy. With a keen sense of the relative proportion of things, Great Britain quickly turned her eyes to China, not so much, perhaps, on immediate developments as upon the possibility of the epoch-making war or wars which may arise out of the present crisis.
The death of Count Muravieff, the Rus-

rian Minister of Count muravier, the rus-sian Minister of Foreign Affairs, evoked no centing obituaries or expressions of re-gret hore, for the British public, in spite of the equaminity of the Foreign Office, was unanimous in recognizing the gravity of the present turn of affairs. To quote a staid and humane weekly, the "death of Russia's Minister removes an obstacle to the cordiality between Russia and Eng-Though this summarized comment of leading papers, there is little hope ex-pressed that Russia's aggressive polley toward China will be much modified. Apart from the material view, the result of Count Muravieff's death is generally referred to as one of the most pathelic happenings in political careers, for, ac-cording to the dead man's critics, he seemed, owing to the orisis in China, on the verge of accompashing the object to which he has devoted his life.

Lord Loch's death, almost coinciding with Count Muravieff's, also removes one whose name was much connected with matters in the far East. Before he be-came a Colonial Governor Lord Loch assisted in the negotiations which resulted in the treaty of Tien Tsin in 1860, and only escaped execution ut the hands of the Chinese Empire by 15 minutes' grace. Like Muravieff, he was struck down when the dream of his lifetime seemed about to be realized. In his case, it was British fed-eration over the whole of South Africa. Lord Salisbury's entresty this week to the missionaries not to nave themselves

murdered, is one more instance of his uncommon frankness, or, as it is referred to, "his thinking-alond phase." Among the secular press the Premier's remark will neet the approbation of their sound ommon-sense, but it will not add votes to the Conservative party at the next general elections, which, by the way, is still further postpoxed on account of the Chinese trouble.

Prince Tuan in Command.

SHANGHAL June 23 .- Prince Tuan has SHANGHAI, June 21.—Prince Tunn has taken charge as General-in-Chief, after dismissing Young La, a nephew of the Emperor, the former Commander-in-Chief, Prince Tuan gave notice that he would march to Tien Tain and sweep out the handful of foreigners there. At daylight on the morning of June 21, he attacked the settlements at Tien Tsin with artillery and the best foreign-drilled troops. The Chinese Army had about 45 Kruppa. They managed to burn the United States They managed to burn the United States Consulate. The warehouses and the Standard Oil Company's premises are believed to have escaped. Though the situation is grave, the Chinese have not occupied Tien Tein

The latest news from Pekin emanating rom authentic sources, is to the effect hat there is no change in the situation. This is understood to mean that the Le-gations still hold out. The Chinese have surrounded them, but do not dare to make another attack. Apparently they hope to starve out those who have taken refuge

Von Ketteler Safe.

WASHINGTON, June 31.-The news of

Epoch-MakingWarsMayArise

stacle to the Cordiality Between Russin and Great Britain.

LONDON, June 21.-Never at any time LONDON, June 22.—Never at any time in her history has Great Britain been involved in so many diverse issues that vitaily affect the future of her empire. And, though there are still at stake in South Africa military, territerial and financial considerations that in their magnitude have scarcely been exceeded during the century. Great Britain is no exception to the rest of Europe in being wrought up to a nice of interies anxiety

lly was tonight corroborated by a mes-sage received here from Heary B. Led-yard, of Detroit, whose daughter is the wife of Baron von Ketteler. The mes-sage stated that a cablegram had been received via Berlin stating that his daughter and her husband were both

Americans Killed. NEW YORK, June 28.—The Journal and Advertiser today prints a copyrighted dispatch from Rev. Frederick Brown, presiding elder of the Tien Tsin district of the M. E. church. The dispatch is dated at Che Foo. June 1, and is as

follows:

"I have just got away from Tien Tsin on a German gunboat. The city has been bombarded for several days by the Chinese. All the foreign part of Tien Tsin has been destroyed.

"Lieutenant Wright, of our Navy, and 150 others of the white residents, marines and sallow several transfer.

and sallors sent up to our assistance are killed or wounded. "The American Consulate building has been destroyed. Ammunition is almost gone. The garrison is suffering terribly and needs instant help,"

A Missionary Report.

NEW YORK, June 23.—In response to a cabled inquiry as to whether their mis-sionaries in Pekin and Shan Tung were safe, the Presbyterian Board of Foreign safe, the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions in this city today received the following reply from Presbyterian Mission Treasurer Electrich at Che Foo. "Che Foo. June 22.—Pekin in peril. Shan Tung ordered to port."

As interpreted by the secertary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, Charles W. Hand, the dispatch means that all presentations in the Provinces.

that all missionaries in the Province of Shan Tung have been ordered by the United States Consul to leave their mis-sien posts and proceed in haste to some where they can be under the pro-

The Admirals' Proclamation WASHINGTON, June 23.—The following cablegram from Admiral Kempff was re-ceived late this afternoon at the Navy

Department:

'Che Foo, June 22.—To Secretary Navy,
Washington: Proclamation issued 36th:
The Admirals and sentor naval officers
of the ailied powers in China desire, in
the name of their governments, to be
known to the Viceroys and the authorities
of coast and river provinces and cities in
China that they intend to use armed force
only against the Boxers and the people
who oppose them in the march to Pekin
for the rescue of their fellow-countrymen.

"KEMPFF."

Empress Orders Extermination. SHANGHAI, June 23.— Only seven Krupp guns are employed in the bom-ardment of Tien Twin.

bardment of Tien Teen.

There is still no news of Admirel Seymour. The officials here are anxious.

Business is practically suspended, and all the respectable Chinese look for foreign protection in the event of a rising. It is officially said that the Empres Downger has issued emphatic instructions for the externilation of all foreigners in China. Large numbers of refugees are arriving here from the North. All is

How the Iltis Fared. BERLIN, June 23.—The report of the ferman commander at Taku has at last

quiet here, and in the Yangtse Kiang dis-

German commander at Taku has at last arrived. It says:

The commander of the litis was the soul of the engagement. He fought con-spicuously and gallantly. The machinery, boliers, hull and 18-centimeter gues of the litis were not damaged, but the 2.7 guns and upper works were severely damaged. The conduct of the crew was

NEW ROUTE DISCOVERED. in Nienragua.

NEW YORK, June 23.-In a letter to sonal friend at Bellfonte, Pa., Dr. G. Wickes, formerly physican at Bellevue Hospital, New York, and at present Surgeon of the Nicaragua Canal Commisdon, conveys an idea of the results which may be expected of the work of the comtion. Dr. Wickes gives the interesting nd startling information that the commission has discovered a tide-water level route for a canal across the Isthmus. The letter also shows some of the hardships and dangers which the commission en countered. It was written from Lasardi,

Caledonia Bay, and in part says:
"Here we have found what we all have vainly sought for weeks and weeks, a practical route for a tide-level canal. We have found low enough gaps in the dividing ridge from time to time, with a step approach on the Atlantic slope, making a 'cut' a practical possibility, but dis-appointment has always awaited us on the other side. But in the last week we have found a gap 800 feet high, a little too high, perhaps, but not beyond the in the righteous column, too. aclence of modern engineering, and when "September 1 will see the re-

divide, both the Atlantic and Pacific slopes drop precipitately, especially the latter, which has heretofore been our stumbling block. A great, wide valley stretches out straight toward the Pacific Ocean, which can be seen in the distance. The Atlantic is near and in plain sight. Here a tide water canal, the dream of all 'canalists,' can be built with a perfect harbor on each side. At Lasardi the many islands would protect its mouth, and on the other side San Miguel Bay is a perfect site. The officers of the Scorpion say that the Las ardi Harbor alone makes this route worth \$50,000,000 more than any other. The dam-ming of rivers, which would otherwise flood the canal, is a problem of every route. The only thing to be said against his route is the high cut of 800 feet.
"Of course Congress may not accept the

tinental canal route. It really seems pos-sible that we have refound Selfridge's he was asked. Caledonian Route, discovered during his three years' work here in the early 70s." The route suggested from Caledonia Bay to the Gulf of San Miguel lies about 130 miles east of the old Panama-Co-ionial route. The proposed line would connect the Gulf of Darien and the Bay of Panama. At that place the Isthmus of Darien is about 35 miles wide.

CHILE EXPECTS WAR. May Get Into Trouble With Peru and

Bolivin Soon. NEW YORK, June 23.-The Chillean NEW TORK, June 22.—The Chilean Minister here is making overtures to obtain the support of Brazil in case of a war with Peru and Bolivia, says the Rio Janeiro correspondent of the Herald. He says that Chile does not fear either republic, but is seriously afraid of intervention on the part of the United States, because it is asserted, Peru has requested the support of the American Government. The Attornov-General has submitted an The Attorney-General has submitted an opinion in which he says that as a result of the recent conspiracy, charges should be preferred only against Senor the safety of Baron von Ketteler, the Basson Captains Marcondos and Merinda German Minister to China, and his fam- and Ensign Castro,

PLANS OF CAMPAIGN

Hanna Says McKinley Will Make No Speeches.

ONLY A FEW BRIEF TALKS AT CANTON

Governor Roosevelt Will Take the Stump-The Senator Confident of the Result.

CLEVELAND, June 23. Senator Hanna arrived home at noon today from Phila-delphia. He was driven directly from the atation to his office in the Perry-Payne Building, where he spent half an hour looking over his mail and attending to business affairs. Mr. Hanna said he was well pleased with the ticket nominated at Philadelphia, and predicted the election of McKinley and Roosevelt by an overwhelm-ing majority. He denied emphatically that he had been compelled to make terms ing majority. He denied emphatically indefinite period, and unless he changed that he had been compelled to make terms with Mesers. Platt and Quay, and added that if there had been any fight on it resulted in his favor. He felt sanguine, he said, that New-York would be carried by gressman Hinrichsen and other leaders of

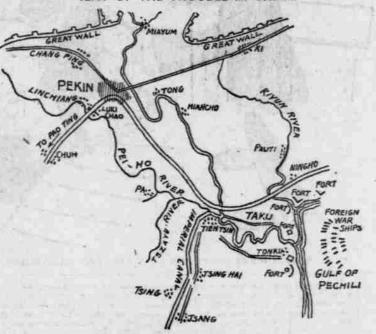
there have been any differences between himself and Chairman Jones, of the Demo-cratic National Committee, are absolutely without foundation. Asked his opinion of the Philadelphia platform, Colonel Bryan

"The Philadelphia platform is the best evidence thus far given of the deception attempted by the Republican party. Taken in connection with the specches made at the convention, it shows that the Republican party's platform of 1836 was a deliberate fraud as far as the promiees of international bimetalism were concerned; that the party's attitude on the trust question is insincere and that the party is not willing to state its attitude on the Philippine question and in-vite the judgment of the people. Noch-ing was more manifest in the convention than the military spirit, and yet the con-

vention did not dare endorse the demand of the President in 1808 for a standing army of 100,000 men."

Bryan in Chicago. CHICAGO, June 23.-William J. Bryan bronzed like an Indian from his outing in the woods and among the lakes of Central Wisconsin, arrived in Chicago to-day and left for his home in Lin-con, Neb., tonight. Colonel Bryan said that he would remain in Lincoin for an indefinite period, and unless he changed his present plans would not attend the

SEAT OF THE TROUBLE IN CHINA.



According to the latest news from China, a large foreign force was to have left Taku last night to relieve the American and Russian troops beset by the Chinese army at Tien Tsin. The first relief column encountered the Chinese in overwhelming numbers, and was compelled to turn back, retreating in good order. No news has come from Pekin of the fast of the Ministers and other foreigners there, nor of the column of bluejackets commanded by Admiral Seymour, save a dispatch received by the Chinese Legation in Berlin, saying all the foreigners are safe. The Tsin Tsin milroad, the first built in China, which is shown in the above map, russ from Ten Tsin zil miles northeast to Chung Hon So, and B miles from Tien Tain forthwest to Pekin. From Pekin it runs south to Pao Ting Fu, a large town in the same province, about 80 miles. It was at the latter point where the first Boxer attacks on foreigners took place. According to the latest news from China, a large foreign force was to have

Hanna sald that President McKinley would make no speeches during the campaign, except perhaps a few brief talks to visiting delegations at his home in Can-ton, where the chief executive will spend his vacation. Governor Rosevelt, the Senator said, would probably take the mp during the campaign and deliver

Mr. Hanna stated that he expects to remain in Cleveland for about a month. He said he had not decided as yet whether meeting of the National Executive

in New York. "I have been assailed on every hand by the question as to what states we will win over from the Democrate," said the the Ohio Senator, "and we would like to tell the newspapers and would like to have them tell everybody in the country who is interested in the campaign, that the grand old party this year will go after its opponents wherever they are found. No stronger ticket was ever placed in the No stronger ticket was ever placed in the field. I would not like to predict the majority that will go to McKinley and Roosevelt. However, we will carry Ken-tucky, Goebel law or no Goebel law. California will vindicate itself. Up in the Northwest the Republicans will have no difficulty in holding sway. There is no doubt as to the turn things will take in the East."

Asked as to his opinion of the result of the fight in Nebraska, the Senator said:
"We will try hard to keep Bryan's state "September 1 will see the red fire burn-

I tell you this, every fact against the ing, and all the drums beating before a route has been enumerated.

"From the summit of this gap in the ment when questioned regarding the time." of the opening of the campaign

RETURN OF CROKER. Talks About the Ice Trust and Cam-

bought before the company became a trust, and he would not say if he was now a stockholder. As to the request made to Governor Roosevelt to remove Mayor Van Wyck for his ownership of ice stock, Mr. Croker said:

"The Governor has the nower to do so "The Governor has the nower to do so that the passengers, too, have met with heavy disaster. Seven or eight of the "The Governor has the power to do so

report of the commission, but it remains an indisputable fact that this is par ex-cellence the future route for a transcon-convicted of wrong-doing." What would you consider as guilt?"

Well, in case the Mayor used his office to get possession of the shares of stock or to increase the price of ice, that would be, if proved, cause for his removal," was Croker said that with Roosevell

as McKinley's running mate, we should have "San Juan Hill all over again," He said that he was going to Kansas City and that he had to thank the New York newspapers for making him a delegate. It looked, he said, as if Bryan would be the Democratic nomines for the Presidency. Mr. Croker was asked whether he thought Controller Coler would make a good Vice-Presidential candidate or a stronger candidate for Governor, but he said that he could not answer that Mr. Croker said that in their trust plank the Republicans were simply straidling the matter. "They cannot take that the matter. "They cannot take that plank away from the Democrats," he said.

BRYAN ON THE PLATFORM. His Opinion of the Work Done in

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.

MILWAUKEE June 21.—Colonel William J. Bryan, while en route to Chicago from his outing trip in Wisconsin, stated today that all stories to the effect that Union.

the Republicans in the coming Presidential | the party in Illinois, during which the political outlook was discussed in a general

Delegates at the White House.

WASHINGTON, June 23.-Home-going spent some time with the President. It is under renewed heavy realizing. understood that he will take a promin part in the coming campaign. Genera Miles also saw the President, but noth ing important developed in the confer-

Union Reform Party.

CHICAGO, June 23.-A call has been issued for a convention to be held in this city June 27 to organize the Union Re-form party, of Illinois, on the basis of direct legislation. R. S. Thompson, chair man of the National executive committee

RAN INTO A WASHOUT. Georgia Train Wrecked With Heavy

Loss of Life. ATLANTA, Ga., June 23.-A passe

train on the Southern Railway, which left Macon at 7 P. M. for Atlanta, ran into a washout near McDonough, Ga., tonight, It is reported here that there was a heavy loss of life. The train crew is said to be lost and only seven passengers are known to be uninjured. The Southern Raffway officials here have, up to this hour, only the most measure advices, but express considerable apprehension.

The wreck occurred at a culvert near the Ocmulgee River, a short distance from McDonough. A cloudburst occurred to-night, and flooded the country near Mc-Talks About the Ice Trust and Campaign Matters.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Richard Croker arrived from England today on the Cunard line steamer Lucania. He mays he is ready to take a very active part in the coming National campaign.

Mr. Croker acknowledged having owned American Ice stock, but said it was bought before the commany became a rescued.

that the passengers, too, have met with heavy disaster. Seven or eight of the passengers were saved, but the flagmun is the only member of the train crew who

The Constitution has received the foiowing list from the wreck: Engineer Sullivan, missing. Fireman Byrd, missing.

Mullet and Fitzharris Deported. NEW YORK, June 23.-Joseph Muller

and James Fitzharris, the Irishmen, who served sentences in an English prison for complicity in the Phoenix Park murders, and who arrived at this port May 27 last, were deported by the Curaurd steamship Servia, which sailed at 1 o'clock. Mullet and Fitzharris were locked up in the steerage hospital of the Servia, according to custom, but they broke down the door. and Fitzharris, sticking out his head, and

in a frightful ruge, yelled:
"Stop, you Britishers, you are worse than the Americans. We are not prison-Friends interposed and the men were given the liberty of the deck until the vessel got away.

Worlds' W. C. P. U.

EDINBURGH, June 23.-The World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union programme today included an impressive memorial service in honor of the late Miss Frances E. Willard, ex-president of Woman's Christian Temperance

BOOM IN WHEAT

July Options Jumped Nearly Five Cents in Chicago.

BIG WINNINGS ON THE EXCHANGE

Advance Was Caused by the Failure of the Crop in the Northwestern States.

CHICAGO, June 22.—July wheat was quoted at 65% cents on the Board of Trude during the session of June 4. At the close today the same option was seling at 8 cents. This was \$16 cents above the closing price of yesterday. No such advance has been scored since the attempted corner engineered by Joseph Leiter. In the advance of 215 cents during the past 19 days there have been no evithe past 19 days there have been no eviences of manipulation, contrary to the occulative proverb that "the market only divusces on manipulation; its natural ourse is, downward." It has been the ost remarkable rise in the history of the

"Pynamiders" bave had everything their "Pynamiders" have had everything their own way, because there has been scarcely a setback since the market crossed 70 cents. No failures have resulted. There was an extraordinarily smell short interest at the beginning of the advance, and this was hastily covered. Foreigners had hedged against considerable cash stuff in this market, but, of course, this kind of shortage entailed no firancial loss.

Stories of hig winnings are thick about the exchange, and no such wave of proeperly has visited the commission men in a decade.

Causes for this advance in the price of Causes for this advance in the price of "the staff of life" are found in the purched Spring-wheat fields of the great North-west, where authorities declare but one-third of the crop of former years can be harvested. A humper Winter crop has al-rendy been assured, outside of the States of Chio, Indiana and Michigan, For the of Ohio, Indiana and Michigan. For the satisfaction of those who may be in fear of starvation, it may also be stated that the visible supply of wheat in the public grasuries of the Unifed States exceeds \$6,800,000 bushels. These are the grains of comfort left to the bears, who also have the assurance that every month in the year records a wheat hervest in some country of the globe. But at present a sort of "bull fever" is running high, and the Chicago wheat pit is flooded with telegraphic orders from every part of the world to "buy, buy, buy."

THE JUMP IN NEW YORK. Wheat Closed 53-8 Cents Higher for the Day.

NEW YORK, June 23.-Just to show that hey still had plenty of energy and power off, buil operators in wheat gave their op-onests a twist today, exceeding in sensa-lonal features anything yet photocod in he present campaign. Taken completely nawarea because of yesterday's drop from p points, the bears were panic-stricken is morning on finding English cables 24 nd By pence higher, and an advance at Suda-Pest of 45 points since last night. In large numbers they plunged into the mar-ket as the goog struck and began a fromtic and excited effort to repince their sales. he result was an immediate jump to 90% ents for July, compared with 83 cents last light. After a little hesitation, during which a lot of long wheat came out, the ecrews were moved again and July shot up to 50% cents with hardly a step, repre-Republican delegates filled the White House today. They came in singly and in pairs, and in whole state delegations. The President shook hands with them all and extended his thanks for their congratulations. The president shook hands with them all and extended his thanks for their congratulations. tions. Representative Dolliver called and off again, reaching 31% cents on the curb

FRANCE MOURNS.

Death of Muravlest Endangers the Franco-Russian Alliance.

PARIS, June 23.-The sudden death of Count Muravieff, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs the scrong bulwark of the Franco-Russian alliance, has caused keep concern among the members of the ench official and political world. Count Muravieff was a bitter antagonist of England, and in him France felt that she had an influential friend in the event of difficuitles with Great Britain. The cordial relations of the Foreign Offices of Rus-via and France, moreover, have not rest-ed upon a purely political basis. A great connect of strength was found in the personal friendship existing between M. Del Casse, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Count Muravieff, and to the former the loss of his friend. former the loss of his friend came as a severe blow. The removal of Count Muravieff from the council of the Czar is gravely commented upon by the French press, and in the hopes expressed that the policy of Russia will not be affected thereby one discerns apprehensions lest the foundation of the Franco-Russian al-liance abould be rudely shaken by the lopping off of one of its strongest roots. The vell drawn over events in Pekin by the interruption of communication serves to increase the anxiety felt here, M. Del Casse, Minister of Foreign Affairs, speaking today upon the situation, gave as his opinion that the powers' first

duty was to overcome the rebellion and to insure the safety of the property and lives of all foreigners. Developing Japan's Oil Fields. YOKOHAMA, June 8, via Victoria, B., June 23.—American enterprise is manifesting itself in the exploitation of the Japanese petroleum fields. Two experts from the Standard Oll Company have made a favorable report upon a field in

Echigo Province, upon which trial work-ings will shortly be made. The Cabinet upheaval continues, with no sign of any settlement. The extraordinary spectacle is presented of a leading political party offering to surrender its principles if Marquis Ito will join it and nsent to shape its policy as Premier.

The Revolt in Rulgaria SOFIA, Bulgaria, June 21.—It transpires that 90 persons were killed and 372 wound-ed in the recent conflict between the troops and tenants in the Varna district. A state of slege has been proclaimed in the dis-tricts of Varna, Shumala, Tirnova, Rasgrand, Rustchuk and Ristovats. The government is anxious to limit the number of newspapers, and has issued stringent regplations as to the qualifications must be possessed by the editors.

Delehanty Ordered to the Orient. NEW YORK, June 23.-Commander Daniel Delebanty has been ordered to duty on the Asiatic station, sailing from San Francisco on the steamer leaving that port on July 16, according to a dispatch from the Washington corre-spondent of the Herald. These orders are in anticipation of the expiration on June 30 of the leave granted the Com-mander, and mean that he will have to leave his position as Governor of Sailors' Spug Harbor, New Brighton, S. L.