

GREAT INDIAN OUTBREAK

GEN. STEVENS' STORY OF THE UP-RISING OF 1855.

Hostilities Subdued by the Volunteers—Governor Stevens' Efforts to Protect the Settlers.

General Hazard Stevens' biography of his father, General Isaac Ingalls Stevens, the first Governor of Washington Territory, devotes much space to a history of the great Indian outbreak of 1855.

The uprising was widespread and many communities in Oregon and Washington were threatened. After several sharp conflicts the hostilities were reduced to submission.

Governor Stevens concluded the treaty of peace with the Blackfeet and other tribes October 20, 1855, and four days later he and his party started homeward from Fort Benton.

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Defeat of Major Haller.

A brief review of the outbreak and course of the war will make clearer the situation at this juncture. Scarcely was the ink dry upon his signature of the Walla Walla treaty, when Kam-lah-kan, the leading and most potent spirit, and his Yakimas, were hard at work inciting an outbreak against the whites.

On March 25, just as the campaign was well under way, the Yakimas and Kilkitts, under the leadership of Kam-lah-kan, portage on the Columbia which they had insufficiently guarded by Colonel Wright.

For two months after the fight of Connel's Prairie, Governor Stevens kept the hostilities in check by sending expeditions into the Cascade mountains and hunting down the hostilities with unrelenting vigor.

While the war west of the Cascades was vigorously and successfully prosecuted, operations east of the mountains were marked by lack of vigor and purpose.

Governor Stevens' decision was instant and unwavering. It was to force his way back to Walla Walla by the direct route, through all opposition and obstacles.

A fruitless peace council was held with the Indians in Walla Walla Valley in September, 1855, concluding on started for The Dalles.

the action Governor Stevens force consisted of God's company of 30 men, the teamsters, herders and Indian employes, numbering about 50 men, and 50 Nez Perces.

West of the Cascades, the Indians insisted and held the whole country, except a few points. The whites were virtually in a state of siege, not knowing where to find succor, or even food, completely discouraged and dismayed.

Volunteers Called Out. Immediately upon his arrival at Olympia, Governor Stevens called upon the people by proclamation to raise 300 volunteers for six months for offensive operations against the enemy.

On March 10, Major Hays, with 110 men of his Central Battalion, fought the principal and decisive battle of the war on the Sound, known as the battle of Connel's Prairie.

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PORTLAND GIRL IN BERLIN

CUSTOMS OF GERMAN CONCERT HALLS AND PATRONS.

Army Officers Looking for Girls With Large Dowers—No Divorces and No Klopements There.

It takes several minutes to prepare one's self with the title; but practice makes perfect. Here the wife is honored with her husband's title, and she is always addressed as "Frau Doctor," or "Frau Professor."

Army Officers Looking for Girls With Large Dowers—No Divorces and No Klopements There.

BERLIN, Germany, April 1.—The concert season in Berlin is almost at an end. We have had all the great artists—Johann, Teysse, Carrend, D'Albert, Bauer, Busoni, Malba and hundreds of others, all in succession, and the various concert halls, the Philharmonic, Beethoven, Saal, Sing-Akademie, Bechstein, Saal, besides the many minor ones, were well filled every night in the week.

Steppe Pat to Flight. Colonel Wright also ordered Steptoe, with 60 dragoons, to advance from Walla Walla across Snake River toward Spokane.

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RUNNING SHINGLE BOLTS DOWN TO THE MILL—A FAMILIAR SCENE IN WESTERN WASHINGTON RIVERS.

used by the victorious Indians, and his force was only saved from massacre by the friendly Nez Perces, who ferried the fugitive troops over the river in their canoes and boldly interposed between them and the pursuing savages.

As soon as he could organize a powerful force, Colonel Wright in September, two months later, marched to the Spokane in person, encountered and defeated the Indians near the scene of Steptoe's defeat, and reduced them to submission.

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Rebuilding the Bridge.

The O. R. & N. Co. began the work of rebuilding the railroad bridge across the Sandy River at the mouth of the river.

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TOO GREAT EXACTIONS

UNITED STATES ILLIBERAL TREATMENT OF PHILIPPINE TRADE.

Petition to Congress by the Manila Chamber of Commerce—Islands Rich but Oppressed.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—The American Chamber of Commerce of Manila has been petitioning Congress for the amelioration of the exactions practiced upon the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands by the United States Government.

The Chamber of Commerce was formed for the purpose of protecting American commercial interests in the islands, and they point out to the various members of Congress that in their belief no richer spot, naturally, in soil, climate and natural products exists upon the globe than the Philippines, and that they will not only not be a burden upon the United States, but under wise laws will be more productive in agricultural wealth than any similar area in our own country.

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EASTERN MULTNOMAH.

Many Voters Will Be Disfranchised by Peculiar Circumstances.

GRESHAM, Or., May 11.—A notary public, sent out by the County Clerk, has been traveling over the eastern part of Multnomah County, making a list of delinquents. He visited every town, hamlet and logging camp as far east as Bridal Veil, and returned through here today on his way to the city.

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