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HIV's Hold in Communities of Color

We must all do our part to stop

this disease

BY MARC H. MORIAL

Over 30 years ago, America, and nations around the world, came face to face with HIV/ AIDS—a devastating global, public health

communities and countries alike. In the three decades since its discovery, much has changed—and thankfully— much has improved.

Today, advancements in prevention and treatment have led to a significant reduction in HIV transmission; the expansion of HIV screening and testing has resulted in far more people knowing there HIV status and getting help early; and new and better drugs are allowing those infected with HIV/AIDS to lead longer and better quality lives. That's the good

But the news that should give us pause is that while we stand undisputedly victorious on a variety of battlefronts against this devastating epidemic, we are losing

African-Americans and Latinos as est statistics, African-American care after diagnosis. While there its victims.

tion, but unfortunately, in

Compared to other races and eth- health care and civil rights. nic groups, blacks and Hispanics are the groups most affected by must be addressed in communities HIV—accounting for a higher of color if we are going to effecproportion of new HIV infections, tively address the prevalence of of those living with HIV and of this disease. While the Affordable those ever diagnosed with AIDS.

counted for 44 percent of all new and medical care, it can only work HIV infections. While African where it exists. Americans are 12 percent of the cent of those living with HIV.

CDC statistics point to AIDS as ing communities of color. the fourth leading cause of death a costly war—one that primarily among African-American women rican Americans also have the National Urban League.

HIV/AIDS does not discrimi- of new HIV infections. Hispanic of the effect of stigma, fear and nate. Sexual orientation, women accounted for 15 percent race or gender cannot pro- of all new infections and white tect you from HIV infec- women accounted for 18 percent.

To win the war on HIV/AIDS; far too many cases, those to achieve the three zeroes; we tested or to keep their status to factors could increase your cannot approach the epidemic as risk of infection. An esti- a standalone public health crisis. mated 1.2 million people Our nation must develop a multiare living with HIV infec- pronged approach to HIV/AIDS concern that decimated cities, tion in the United States today. that also addresses equal access to

> The lack of access to healthcare Care Act has expanded the cov-In 2010, African Americans ac- erage of HIV prevention services

It comes as no surprise that in U.S. population, in 2011, they ac-states that rejected ACA, which counted for 41 percent of people also tend to be poorer states, HIV/ living with HIV. Hispanics repre- AIDS remains at crisis levels. One sent 16 percent of the population, in every eight people diagnosed but in 2011 accounted for 21 per- with HIV is unaware of their status. That lack of awareness, the The numbers are graver still lack of access to prevention and for African-American women. education are needlessly decimat-

claims young, male and female ages 35-44. According to the lat- worse outcomes for continued women accounted for 64 percent can be no true statistical measure discrimination around HIV, the oftentimes real fear of rejection and stigmatization plays are large role in people choosing to not get themselves.

> We must all do our part to stop the spread of this disease. The National Urban League has joined the Act Against AIDS Leadership Alliance. The organization is one of only 20 agencies taking part in the federal government's first HIV prevention media campaign in 20 years. As a part of this total effort, more than 500 HIV related events and trainings have taken place.

> The leadership of community based organizations, corporations, and local and the federal government is important, but there is work out there for every one of us. Know your status; get tested; and encourage the people you love to do the same. And when you meet someone with HIV/AIDS don't perpetuate the problem of stigma and discrimination, be a part of the solution and help us get to zero.

Marc H. Morial is president According to the CDC, Af- and chief executive officer of the

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A Green and Dirty Gift from Congress no time in helping the United States vestment Tax Credit. Without the 2015, wind and solar energy con-

Deal highlights mismatched energy policies

BY EMILY SCHWARTZ GRECO

As lawmakers scurried to keep the government open and head home for the holidays, they wrapped spending and tax deals into a costly measure that highlighted our nation's mismatched energy policies.

Specifically, this monster bill extended and restored tax incentives for wind and solar power while lifting a ban on crude oil exports that began during Jimmy Carter's presisector can keep generating a growing share of the nation's electricity from renewable, free, and non-polluting resources. On the other hand, some oil that might have stayed in the ground just became more likely to be extracted and burned.

But the deal's contradictory compromises won't cancel each other out. Ultimately, the Republican-led Congress — which largely pledges its allegiance to Big Oil - wasted

global accord sealed in Paris.

As more homeowners, drivers, industries, and utilities draw their power from the sun and the wind,

catastrophic change will become less likely. And the longterm climate benefits of boosting wind and solar power for five more years will outweigh the potential climate pollution from allowing

crude exports, Council on Foreign Relations energy expert Michael Levi predicts.

pressed due to a global glut that 50,000 of them by 2020. dency. On the one hand, the private there's little demand elsewhere for U.S. crude. If oil markets bounce ing, and cannot be exported overback, the long-term climate consequences of this largely symbolic victory for Big Oil will probably be small. Stretching renewable-energy credits out for another five years, however, will deliver major relief to the wind industry. The Production Tax Credit, its primary source of federal support, had been in limbo for most of the past two years.

Then there's the solar energy In-

adhere to its commitments under the new tax deal, it would have expired at the end of 2016. Now it's assured through 2022.

Wait. Many Republican lawmakers scoff at the notion of climate climate action and are trying to sabotage President Barack Obama's Clean Power Plan. Why would they buttress renewable energy right after the Paris deal?

There are plenty of reasons.

Take job creation. The solar industry alone already employs 200,000 workers and anticipates bringing another 140,000 on board because of the tax credit's extension. It also goes out of its way to Currently, oil prices are so de- hire veterans and plans on hiring

"These jobs are stable, well-payseas," observed Solar Energy Industries Association CEO and President Rhone Resch.

There's also the shockingly good results of government support for these industries through the tax code, which in recent years has coincided with technological breakthroughs that are now slashing costs for turbines and solar panels.

stituted more than 60 percent of the nation's new energy capacity. The United States is undergoing a renewable energy boom that's leaving coal and nuclear power in the dust and overshadowing what until recently appeared to be unstoppable growth for natural gas-fired power stations. Then, there's vigorous public support for wind and solar energy, which is nearly as strong among Republicans as Democrats.

While letting solar tax credits lapse wouldn't have short-circuited that part of the renewable boom outright, Rhone's solar trade group predicted that it would have slowed things down, including the pace of job and investment growth.

Likewise, the wind industry – despite boasting about \$20 billion worth of wind farms now under construction — feared falling off an "economic cliff" had Congress failed to restore the Production Tax Credit for multiple years.

Now the forecast for renewable energy looks sunny and bright, thanks to this green and dirty gift from Congress.

Columnist Emily Schwartz Greco Over the first three quarters of is the managing editor of Other Words.