NAACP leader says police used excessive force on sister

Eugene incident under investigation

(AP) -- The president of an NAACP chapter contends Eugene police used excessive force on his sister after she tried to stop an officer from deploying a Taser on her 19-year-old son.

Eugene-Springfield NAACP President Eric Richardson said Ayisha Brown called a mental health service early July 16 because her son was having a psychotic breakdown. The assistance team could not respond, and police officers

Richardson, who said he witnessed the incident, said Brown hugged her agitated son to prevent an officer from using the stun gun.

An officer, who was white, threw Brown to the ground, put a knee in her back and arrested her. Richardson said. His sister, he said, suffered a concussion and has back and knee problems.

Richardson said he raised his hands and identified himself as the chapter president of the NAACP. He said the officers told him he just," he said in a phone interview swore at the officer and repeatedly eventually deployed the stun gun was at risk of being tased.

"I asked everyone to calm down, respected," he said.

gone well. Richardson said his goals are to improve police training and transparency, while boosting resources for mental health.

sible, while at the same time showing that I felt the whole situation itated and stared at one of the offi-



PHOTO BY RYAN KANG OF THE OREGON DAILY EMERALD

Eugene NAACP President Eric Richardson addresses a rally for justice for Trayvon Martin in this archives photo from the civil rights group's website.

and I don't believe my efforts were 911 call released by Eugene police, released by the police. The report the son was yelling and swearing Richardson said he has spoken at Brown, did not recognize her with Police Chief Pete Kerns about as his mother and believed he was the incident, and those talks have trapped inside the house. A second caller, who talked with Brown to step back or he would get tased, some time later, told dispatchers that the son was choking Brown.

According to a recording of a real officer, according to the video officer and had nudged his shoulder twice with his hand.

Another officer then told the son and Brown wrapped her hands around her son and asked the of-When officers arrived at ficer not to tase him, according to "I want to be as positive as pos-Brown's house, according to the the report. The officer asked her to police report, the son appeared ag- step back, but she did not comply. When the son started "moving agthat happened to my sister was un- cers with an angry expression. He gressively" toward the officer, he

mumbled to him that he was not a and handcuffed the son, according to the report.

Police and jail records obtained also says the son was crowding the by The (Eugene) Register-Guard newspaper show Brown was

booked into jail on a misdemeanor charge of interfering with police. She was released the same day, and prosecutors declined to file formal charges.

Kerns told KLCC radio in an interview that the police officers "went there with the best of intentions, to help the mom and the 19-year-old son who were in need of emergency services."

"Responding to an incident, with a full-grown, strong, athletic man who is in a mental health break, and whose behavior is unpredictable, is a very, very difficult thing to do," he said.

Kerns also said he could understand why the mother did not want to let go of her son.

Although Kerns defended the police officers as doing the best they could to control things, he said it would be inappropriate to say whether they followed policy until an investigation is concluded

Kerns also said he doesn't believe race was a factor.

He and Richardson, however, see eye-to-eye on the issue of mental health. "Our hope is that, together with NAACP and others, we can create greater mental health care capacity and better ways to care for people whose lives would benefit from those services," Kerns

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Voting Rights Act Turns Fifty

Secretary of State issues proclamation

Oregon Secretary of State Jeanne P. Atkins invited Oregonians to join her Thursday to commemorate the Voting Rights Act. 50 years to the day it was signed into law by President Johnson on Aug. 6, 1965.

The Act outlawed discriminatory voting practices, such as literacy tests and poll taxes, which were adopted by states after the Civil War to prevent African-Americans from registering and exercising their right to vote. It also established new legal protections for minority voters at the polls.

"At a time when politicians in many states around the country



Jeanne P. Atkins

disadvantaged, Oregon stands out are acting to suppress the voting as a beacon of inclusiveness and to vote and casting a ballot in Orerights of minorities, youth and the fairness," Atkins said. "We are gon, visit OregonVotes.gov.

working to make it even easier for Oregonians to become voters and cast their ballots."

Oregon has a long-standing tradition of ensuring voting is accessible, convenient, and secure. In 1998, Oregon led the nation with Vote-by-Mail system for all elections and became the national model for making voting as accessible as possible.

"Once again we are leading the nation with the Oregon Motor Voter Act" Atkins said. "This program will make it easier for every eligible Oregon citizen to be registered to vote."

As it was 50 years ago, and as it has been since the founding of our nation, "the fate of our democracy depends on preserving and upholding access to the ballot," Atkins said.

To learn more about registering

