The Hortland Observer

OPINION

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How Do We Keep Missing the Signs?

Fallout from the Virginia Tech Massacre

BY GLORIA MORROW At Virginia Tech, the lives of thousands were changed drastically when a troubled 23 year old man acted out everyone's worse nightmare.

According to the Associated Press, the shooter displayed signs of mental instability. For example, he was described as "troubled," with a past history of writings that may have raised red flags about his mental stability and overall mental well-being.

He was referred to the counseling center on campus, but refused to give permission for counselors to review his writings and other pertinent documents, and he also ness because we tend to minimize

refused to give any personal infor- the impact of mental illness on one's mentative with odd behavior, may recommended, it is easy for some- Everyone needs a good support who knew much about him. It al-

mation about himself. He was also life as well as those mentally ill described as a loner with few if any people we come into contact with. As we listen to the news covermost appears that there were signs, age of this horrific event and other

> We continue to be in denial about the realities of mental illness, how it develops, and how it can be treated.

although subtle, that this troubled events of this nature throughout young man could have really been history, it is much easier to view the in trouble and in danger of hurting himself or others.

So the question for the day is how do we keep missing the signs? Without placing blame on anyone, I think it is very easy to miss the signs and symptoms of mental ill-

perpetrator as a depraved animal with a lack of regard for human life than it is to view him or her as a mentally sick individual who somehow slipped through the cracks of a faulty mental health system.

Persons who tend to be isolated and alone, easily aggravated, argu-

be suffering from clinical depression, such as bi-polar disorder that can contribute to both homicidal and suicidal thoughts, feelings and behaviors. These individuals can also be present with psychotic thinking [hearing voices] and paranoia, which can cause them to feel threatened or fearful, resulting in the need to protect oneself from the world.

Others may be suffering from a thought disorder, such as paranoid schizophrenia, and without the benefit of medication of either of those disorders, one can be at risk of harming him or herself and/or others.

Thus, it is often our propensity to simply write these folks off as crazy or odd, and neglect making sure they are receiving consistent treatment for their problems. Furthermore, in a society where folks are much too busy to check up on one another, even in academic institutions where therapy has been

one who is really sick to fly beneath system in order to survive. Man the radar. When people [especially young people] are isolated and their those who have no one to provide only friend is a violent video game, them support and nurturance may they may be more at risk of acting be highly vulnerable to giving up out in violent ways, especially if hope. When one gives up hope, the they are not doing well emotionally.

What can we learn from this tragedy?

We must admit that there are people who are suffering from mental illness in our society. We continue to be in denial about the realities of mental illness, how it develops and how it can be treated.

Rather than writing hurting must work harder to get them the appropriate help. Once referrals treatment and their progress is monitored.

become connected to other people. practice in Upland, Calif.

was not designed to live alone and chances become very slim that one will be able to exercise compassion and care for others.

Third, we must do more to fight the sale of guns in our country. It is amazing to me that an already violent society makes it even more possible for unstable people to purchase tools to promote violence.

I am saddened because of the tragedy at Virginia Tech, but I bepeople off or ignoring them, we come saddened every time I hear of a senseless killing on a small or large scale, both for the victims and have been made, good follow up the perpetrators; because I know must occur to make sure they are in that somewhere along the line, we keep missing the signs.

Gloria Morrow is a licensed Second, we must help people to clinical psychologist in private



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Reform Ex-Felon Voting Laws

Bans weaken democratic spirit

BY JUDGE GREG MATHIS In 13 states, a felony conviction can result in loss of voting rights even after a sentence has been completed; those rights are often for life. In one of the most ex-

treme cases, individuals convicted of a felony in Florida are stripped of after they complete their sentences.

For example, a 22-year-old in Florida, with no prior record, who is convicted of permanently lose the right to vote unless he can obtain win a pardon from the governor.

New

Such controversial bans have state to automatically restore served to disenfranchise millions felon's civil rights after they fintheir civil and voting rights, even of Americans - most of them Africa-American-and have served to weaken the nation's democratic spirit.

Florida's Republican Governor felony drug possession will Charlie Crist, however, has shown great courage by publicly announcing he will push his state legislature to reform the felon voting laws. Other states are taking similar steps to restore ex-felon's voting rights. It's about time.

ish their sentences. This could restore civil rights to as many as 1 million ex-felons in the state. In Maryland, a bill that would end the three-year waiting period and lifetime voting ban on certain felony convictions awaits the governor's approval. In North Carolina, a bill that would reform that state's felon's voting laws has been introduced.

These states are taking an im-

portant step in restoring true democracy to this country, ensuring every American has a voice.

If Florida'sex-felons were allowed to

in Iraq, protecting the wealthy with tax breaks, while neglecting the poor and squeezing out the middle class.

The work of groups like the American Civil Liberties Union and the Sentencing Project, along with the support of Americans who saw the injustices these laws wrought, have forced these states to see it is time to reform their antiquated felon voting laws.

Hopefully, governors in other states that disenfranchise ex-felons will follow suit. Thanks to the power of protest, America is one step closer to becoming the democracy she longs to be.

Judge Greg Mathis is national vice president of Rainbow PUSH and a national board member of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

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About 13 percent of the country's disenfranchised voters are black men.

It is estimated that more than 5 vote, the controversial 2000 presimillion Americans are unable to vote dential elections could have turned because of laws that prohibit vot- out very differently. Perhaps this ing by people with felony convic- country, 7 years later, would not be tions. While such policies have wasting money and sacrificing lives existed in some form or another since America was founded, many of the laws that disenfranchise exfelons were used to keep recently freed blacks from voting.

In some southern states, for example, legislators restricted voting privileges by passing laws that restricted voting privileges for individuals who committed crimes that were believed to be more likely committed by blacks. And those laws, no matter how old, continue to keep blacks away from the polls: about 13 percent of the country's disenfranchised voters are black men. Many states, folding under the pressure of civil rights organizations, are now working to overturn laws that disenfranchise ex-felons. In Florida, the governor wants the