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1999 The Portland Observer

Celebrating National Women's History Month ~ Gwendolyn Brooks ~

(Poet, Literary) 1917-2000

By FELICIA SLIDER THE PORTLAND OBSERVER

poem published when she was 14, to being the first black poet to win the Pulitzer Prize for her collection of poems, the late

lo having her first south side of Chicago where her parents moved when she was less than one year old, her vision must have been quite

"I wrote about what I saw

and heard on the street," she said of her first volume published in 1945, titled A Street Bronzeville.

enty-five

Gwendolyn Brooks, the daughter of David Anderson Brooks, the son of a runaway slave, and of Keziah Corinne (Wims) Brooks, was born on June 7, 1917, in Topeka, Kansas. At the age of one month,

Gwendolyn Elizabeth Gwendolyn Brooks was brought home to Chicago, where she has lived for her

> n 1932, she entered Hyde Park High School, which Lwas predominantly white; she later attended Wendell Phillips High School, which was all-black, and Englewood High School, an integrated institution. While still a student, she met the poets James Weldon Johnson—who suggested that she read such modern poets as T. S. Eliot and E. Cummings-and Langston Hughes, who encouraged her in her literary ambi

tions, and who would offer Graduating from Wilson Junior College during the more tangible assistance Depression, she early in her career when he wrote about her several times in his newspaper column. At seventeen, she began submitting her work to "Lights and Shadows," the ity director of the poetry column of the youth organization Chicago Defender, an African-American newspaper, in which she would publish more than sev-

and by the poems. She graduated from end of the early 1940's her Wilson Junior College in 1936. poetry was appearing in Harp-

could only find

work as a do-

mestic

worker and as

secretary to a

spiritual advi-

sor. Later, she

became public-

NAACP

in Chi-

cago. She

continued

writing

of

Gwendolyn Brooks

American poet Gwendolyn Brooks was the first African American to receive a Pulitzer Prize. She won the prize in 1950 for her poetry collection Annie Allen.

Brooks contributions to literature and poetry made her an inspiration to many.

Was this because she grew up as an introverted and shy child, who grew up reading the Harvard classics and the poems of the late Black poet, Paul Lawrence Dunbar. Maybe, but as the late Brooks

"I am interested in telling my particular truth as I have seen

Shy then, maybe yes. But when Gwendolyn Brooks started to see the truth on the

