## Year 2000. What clocks that in many cases are not The real thing we need to fear,

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Earlier this month Robert X. Cringely, of PBS "Triumph of the Nerds" fame, spoke about the Y2K problem at The Business Journal's New Millen-

nium Party, sponsored by Bank of America, Grant Thornton and Oregon Public Broadcasting. Cringely gave us some good news and some bad

news: "The fact is that none of the experts I've talked to says Y2K will be a non-event. Their predictions range from minor annoyance to Ar-

Cringely did provide some insight into some fairly c o m m o n misperceptions. One

mageddon.'

is that people who now sell us goods and services will want to continue to do so in the year 2000, and beyond. For example, if the Y2K computer-related problems caused some billing difficulties for AT&T, does anyone really think they will stop us from making long distance phone calls? Of course not, buy maybe they will have to re-ne-

gotiate our bills, or give us a discount, or bill us later - but something will be done to preserve their money-making business of selling long distance phone ser-

time of day and

of people are

worried about banks, stock e x changes, and other

cessors have time critical functions, too, like stoplights, but the year may be irrelevant. A traffic light only needs to know the

> of a Sunday. Obviously, a lot

if it is a Monday

missioncritical ser-

vices. Most of these have already been thoroughly tested and have, in fact, passed! Other, less critical businesses may have some Y2K problems, but because they are less critical they can (and will be fixed without severe conseded processors have internal quences.

Y2K compliant, but Cringely pointed out that most all of them receive their critical date-related information form systems outside the chip. Many of these pro-

according to Cringely, is all the people who are COUNTING on Y2K problems and are going to be very unhappy if they don't occur. Would anyone panic if the power went out during an ice storm for 8 hours? No, of course not. These things are to be expected, they get fixed, and life goes on. What will happen if the power goes off on January 1, 2000, at 12:01 AM for 8 hours? Obviously many people will

overreact and panic could en-

sue. But why should it? The

hype of Y2K is undoubtedly

contributing to this potential mass hysteria.

Cringely concluded by saying, "So is it time to gather canned goods and Kruggerands and head for the hills? Probably not, but it is very clear that there will be Y2K problems, and that some of them may be difficult

So yes, it might be wise to save your bank statements, have some extra water around, perhaps some logs for the fireplace - but you don't really need to stockpile those Kruggerands and head for the hills.

## **Budget:** Neighbors prove to be valuable asset

does talk.

Other businesses will also fig-

ure out what they need to do in

order to stay in business. Money

Another concern receiving a lot

of attention is that of imbedded

processors, which control ev-

erything from milling machines

to elevators. Sure, these imbed-

vember, make a list of fifty people you can depend on if times get tight. And, because what goes around comes around, make a list of fifty people who can depend on YOU if times get tight.

When I went to college, there were many days I would go out

start. This became the measure of true friendship: who would you call to help you start your car? And, for whom would you get out of your warm bed to start a car? Your list of fifty people should start with immediate neighbors. Go over, knock on their door, and talk about Y2K with them. Find out how you can cooperate.

where we rely on people based on money: we pay for counselors, cooks and cops. We may like our neighbors, but we don't NEED them. Y2K ( or any other unforeseen emergency) can change all that overnight. And if it does, it may signal a new era of community cooperation. Which



