

KEY LARGO

31 NW FIRST NIGHTLY ENTERTAINMENT 223-9919

Thursday, Jan. 21st

DA DA

Weekend, Jan. 22nd & 23rd

COOL 'R

Sunday, Jan. 24th

WARLOCKS AND U.S. CADENZA

Monday, Jan. 25th

ROMEO

Tuesday, Jan. 26th

THE RAINMAKERS

Wednesday, Jan. 27th

REX & THE ROCKITS



Earth, Wind & Fire Kicks Off Tour

Earth, Wind & Fire kicked off their first tour in five years at St. Petersburg, Florida's Bayfront Center January 9th. The show the band unveiled at St. Petersburg, FL, was one of astonishing proportions. The spectacle has taken a crew of sixty 45,000 man-hours to put together, and has cost over a million dollars to produce. It draws on the talents of behind-the-scenes experts like: Stig Edgren, designer and producer, who conceived the staging for the Pope's visit to LA's Dodger Stadium and for the grand finale of the Los Angeles Olympics; Roy Bennett, lighting designer for Prince; and Michael Peters, who choreographed videos for Michael Jackson (Peters did "Thriller") and for Lionel Richie, and who helped conceive Broadway's "Dream Girls."

Earth, Wind & Fire mastermind Maurice White has been determined to keep the visual details of the band's upcoming tour under wraps. But one thing is certain. White and group members Philip Bailey, Verdine White, Andrew Woolfolk, Sheldon Reynolds and Ralph Johnson have planned a show that carries the standards established by Earth, Wind & Fire in the early 70's to a level that will set new standards for the 90's.

JAZZY FM 89.1

KMHD

MT HOOD COMMUNITY COLLEGE

More

Never settle for less.

It's got a style all its own.
More looks cool as it smokes.
And looks don't lie.
It's one beautiful cigarette.



SURGEON GENERAL'S WARNING: Cigarette Smoke Contains Carbon Monoxide.

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17 mg. "tar," 1.3 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette by FTC method.

NATIONAL NEWS UPDATE

The Agony of Haiti

by Norman Hill

When the Duvaliers were driven out of Haiti nearly two years ago, the international community uniformly hailed the departure as auguring the prospect of democracy in the impoverished island nation. Those hopes were brutally dashed last November 29th when the presidential elections were suspended after junta-backed killers ran amok at the polling stations, killing 24 people and injuring many more.

Most experts blame the violence on the regime of Gen. Henri Namphy, who served briefly as Claude ("Baby Doc") Duvalier's army chief of staff before being asked by the U.S. government to run the country after civil unrest forced the hated Duvaliers to flee. Gen. Namphy has announced new elections for January 17, but with procedural modifications that violate the Haitian Constitution and make a mockery of democratic processes.

First, Gen. Namphy suspended the electoral council and asked the appropriate organizations to name a new one. After seven of the nine organizations declined, the general appointed his own toadies. He then announced that his own handpicked supreme court would review any commission decisions. Moreover, the new council, in open defiance of the Constitution, was asked to register 13 candidates who were disqualified as "Duvalierists" by the former council.

What's more, Gen. Namphy has barred poll watchers, assigned armed soldiers in their place, and threatened to fine and jail those advocating an election boycott. And finally, he has insisted that he will remain as commander-in-chief for three years no matter what happens at the polls.

The upshot of all this is that the Namphy military regime is simply Duvalierism in another guise. Clearly, Gen. Namphy is trying to ensure the election of a pliant president who will tolerate continued corruption and right of the military to do as it pleases. Haitians will again have to endure tyranny and its trappings: crushing poverty, illiteracy, fixed elections, terror and repression.

There is no simple solution to the mess in Haiti. But one thing is clear. The Western democracies

must be more vocal in their support of Haitian democracy. Thus far, the United Nations has ignored the issue. The Organization of American States (OAS) has paid lip service to democracy, but opposes intervention. The United States has cut off all military and economic assistance, but has said little about the consequences of another botched election.

For historical and political considerations direct U.S. military intervention in Haiti would be a mistake. But there are things the U.S. government can do to try and head off a repeat of election violence and demonstrate its support of the true aspirations of Haiti's people.

First, the Administration must insist that the elections be postponed until the Haitian junta recognizes the exclusive authority of the constitutionally mandated Provisional Electoral Council as completely independent of the Army and the ruling junta. Anything less than a complete endorsement of the council will be interpreted by the ruling generals as a sign that the U.S. is willing to accept something less than genuine democracy.

Second, U.S. policy objectives must include support for the popular democratic opposition. Such support would demonstrate to Haiti's people that the U.S. is truly committed to the emergence of a democratic political infrastructure.

Third, the U.S. should make it clear to the Army that any future support would be contingent on its human-rights behavior and neutrality in the electoral process. At the same time, the U.S. should use any economic leverage to convince Haiti's tiny economic elite that it too has a stake in ensuring democracy in their country.

After the fall of the Duvaliers, the U.S. placed an inordinate trust in the army-dominated National Governing Council, and turned its back on the cronyism, human-rights abuses, and corruption that have marked its tenure. It is now time that the generals realize that this country is firmly committed to true democracy, and will not tolerate a return to the dark days of Duvalierism.

Norman Hill is President of the A. Philip Randolph Institute.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE & CORPORATE SECURITIES
DIVISION OF FINANCE & CORPORATE SECURITIES
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CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF CONDITION (Including Domestic and Foreign Subsidiaries)

LEGAL TITLE OF BANK	CITY	COUNTY	STATE	ZIP CODE	CLOSE OF BUSINESS DATE	DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS		
						ASSETS	LIABILITIES	EQUITY CAPITAL
AMERICAN STATE BANK	PORTLAND	MULTNOMAH	OREGON	97212	DECEMBER 31, 1987			
ASSETS								
1. Cash and balances due from depository institutions:								
a. Noninterest-bearing balances and currency and coin						3,650		1.a.
b. Interest-bearing balances						NONE		1.b.
2. Securities						3,231		2.
3. Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell in domestic offices of the bank and of its Edge and Agreement subsidiaries, and in IBFs						4,340		3.
4. Loans and leases, net of unearned income:								
a. Loans and leases, net of unearned income						4,405		4.a.
b. LESS: Allowance for loan and lease losses						52		4.b.
c. LESS: Allocated transfer risk reserve						NONE		4.c.
d. Loans and leases, net of unearned income, allowance, and reserve (Item 4.a minus 4.b and 4.c)						4,353		4.d.
5. Assets held in trading accounts						2,378		5.
6. Premises and fixed assets (including capitalized leases)						232		6.
7. Other real estate owned						432		7.
8. Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies						NONE		8.
9. Customers' liability to the bank on acceptances outstanding						NONE		9.
10. Intangible assets						317		10.
11. Other assets						14,924		11.
12. Total assets (sum of items 1 through 11)						33,766		12.
LIABILITIES								
13. Deposits:								
a. In domestic offices:								
(1) Noninterest-bearing						8,102		13.a.(1)
(2) Interest-bearing						4,563		13.a.(2)
b. In foreign offices, Edge and Agreement subsidiaries, and IBFs:								
(1) Noninterest-bearing						NONE		13.b.(1)
(2) Interest-bearing						NONE		13.b.(2)
14. Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreement to repurchase in domestic offices of the bank and of its Edge and Agreement subsidiaries, and in IBFs						NONE		14.
15. Demand notes issued to the U.S. Treasury						245		15.
16. Other borrowed money						NONE		16.
17. Mortgage indebtedness and obligations under capitalized leases						NONE		17.
18. Bank's liability on acceptances executed and outstanding						NONE		18.
19. Notes and debentures subordinated to deposits						236		19.
20. Other liabilities						227		20.
21. Total liabilities (sum of items 13 through 20)						14,247		21.
22. Limited-life preferred stock						NONE		22.
EQUITY CAPITAL								
23. Perpetual preferred stock (No. of shares outstanding)								23.
24. Common stock (No. of shares):								
a. Authorized								24.a.
b. Outstanding						400		24.b.
25. Surplus						600		25.
26. Undivided profits and capital reserves						698		26.
27. Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments								27.
28. Total equity capital (sum of items 23 through 27)						11,515		28.
29. Total liabilities, limited-life preferred stock, and equity capital (sum of items 21, 22, and 28)						14,924		29.

SCHEDULES OF LOANS AND DEPOSITS BY OFFICE, WHEN CALLED FOR, ARE INCLUDED BY REFERENCE AND CAN BE REVIEWED AT THE OFFICE OF THE BANKING SECTION-DIVISION OF FINANCE & CORPORATE SECURITIES.

NOTE: This report must be signed by an authorized officer(s) and attested by not less than three directors other than the officer(s) signing this report.

(NOTE: The undersigned officer(s), do hereby declare that this Report of Condition has been prepared in conformance with official instructions and is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.)

SIGNATURE OF OFFICER(S) AUTHORIZED TO SIGN REPORT DATE SIGNED 1/19/88

NAME AND TITLE OF OFFICER(S) AUTHORIZED TO SIGN REPORT PHONE NO 282-2216

VIA: The undersigned directors, attest the correctness of this Report of Condition and declare that it has been examined by us and to the best of our knowledge and belief has been prepared in conformance with official instructions and is true and correct.

SIGNATURE OF DIRECTOR VENERABLE F. BUCKER SIGNATURE OF DIRECTOR CURTIS G. WILLIAMS SIGNATURE OF DIRECTOR DR. BUCKNER T. LEWIS

TO THE BANK ADDRESSED: You are responsible for the completion of this form in its entirety, including the publisher's certification on the reverse and the required last sheet. You may be subject to fine for a late filing (ORS 708.600, 708.605 and ORS 708.650). Mail to: Division of Finance & Corporate Securities, 21 Labor & Industries Building, Salem, OR 97310