

MR. COX'S USE OF TO PRASE LEAGUE

Old Issue May Be Injected Into Campaign.

PRESENT PLANS ARE HIT

Ex-Presidential Nominee Expected to Throw Monkey-Wrench Into Party Machinery.

BY ROBERT T. SMALL (Copyright, 1922, by The Oregonian.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—James M. Cox, ex-governor of Ohio, is about to set sail for home from Europe and upon his arrival in New York, September 3, is expected to throw a fair-sized monkey wrench into some of the well-laid plans of a militant democracy.

The democracy directors of the forthcoming congressional campaign are all set to begin a general attack on the Harding administration and the republican congress on purely domestic issues—issues that are fresh in the minds of the citizenry. Governor Cox has been advised by some of his friends to deliver immediately upon his arrival a grand blast for the league of nations. It is only natural that Governor Cox should be extremely glad to listen to this advice. He based his presidential campaign last year almost wholly upon the league of nations, and in his advocacy of the plan would further the cause of the league, even President Wilson had dared to tread.

League Operation Studied.

Furthermore, Governor Cox is just completing a tour of Europe made for the purpose of studying the actual operation of the league and obtaining the intimate views of the statesmen of Europe toward that institution. Thus the ex-presidential candidate is returning to American shores with a knowledge over with new enthusiasm for the league, and unquestionably will attempt to thrust the issue into the coming campaign. It is admitted here in Washington that nothing could please the republicans more than to see the grand old party managers are vainly striving to find a popular issue. If they once more "swat the league" nothing could be sweeter to them.

Democrats Prone to Criticize.

Democrats who are prone to criticize the action contemplated by Governor Cox are quick to admit the earnestness of his course. In fact, their minds run along the lines of the error's to a very considerable extent. They believe with him that the United States should have entered the league; they believe that such a course might have prevented some of the ills of the world today and they further believe that sooner or later there will be a reconsideration of the present foreign policy of the United States. But they say the league of nations cannot be any stretch of the imagination be regarded as a live issue at this time, nor at any time in the near future. The democracy congressional managers have wanted to make use of Governor Cox's campaign abilities in a pivotal position. It states this fall, but if he is determined to project the league of nations to the fore in his speeches the calls for his service may be few and far between.

Two Factions to Be Met.

There are some well-wishers of Governor Cox who go so far as to say that if he persists in entering the league that the democracy should go into this fall's campaign and that of 1924 on the disastrous league of nations issue. It is believed that he will be most welcome to him and those who want him to go along with the party and concentrate on the domestic shortcomings of the present republican regime rather than to have the campaign drift into a discussion of the theoretical advantage of membership in the league of nations. Governor Cox has been particularly anxious to have Massachusetts and help in the campaign against Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, who is the champion of the league and the Versailles treaty, but practical democrats know that if they want to head the enormous Irish vote of Massachusetts back into the democratic fold they cannot play the role of siren with a league of nations lute.

Return of Cox is Watched.

Old-time politicians say that in a period of unrest such as existed in 1920 and which persists today, the mass of the people in the country are fairly aching to vote against something or somebody. They voted against Wilson and the league in 1920 and they will not vote for the league in 1922. The democrats are desirous of capitalizing the discontent into a mass movement against everybody in office who has the misfortune to be up for re-election. As most of the office holders are republicans today, the democrats feel they have fine chance for victory in such a move. Meanwhile the return of ex-Governor Cox is being watched with keen interest in both political camps. William Jennings Bryan once came back from Europe and talked himself into a pack of trouble the very first night after his arrival.

CROP'S VALUE \$2,051,300

Okanogan Project More Than Pays for Its Cost.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—With a crop valued at \$2,051,300 in 1921, the United States reclamation project in Okanogan county earned a return of \$211,141 more than the estimated cost of the project up to December 31, 1921, according to J. S. McIntosh, deputy commissioner of the bureau of statistics and immigration, who has just completed a report. The total value of the 1921 production of the district, the largest part of which was in apples, was \$2,051,300, while the estimated cost of the project up to the end of last year was \$1,470,154. Hay and forage included 1151 acres, which produced crops valued at \$26,230. Vegetables and garden truck produced on 111 acres was valued at \$18,550. Fruits and vegetables produced on 4736 acres had a value of \$1,996,255, and the miscellaneous production of 64 acres was valued at \$4965.

MASONIC ENVOYS FROM CUBA ATTEND UNVEILING OF TABLET TO PATRIOT.



SCENE AT INIQUEZ CEREMONY. A delegation of prominent Masons from Cuba journeyed to Washington, D. C. to attend the unveiling last week of a marble tablet to the memory of General Calixto Garcia Iniquez, Cuban patriot, the ceremonies taking place at the Raleigh hotel, where the tablet was placed and where the general died. Photo shows Felix V. Preval, grand secretary of the grand lodge of the Cuban Masonic bodies, and V. Gonzalez, interpreter, speaking to the gathered masons after the unveiling ceremony. The tablet is made of marble and bronze from a canon used by General Iniquez during the Cuban revolution.

PAY RISE TO BE ASKED

MAINTENANCE-OF-WAY MEN WANT INCREASE.

400,000 to Request Labor Board for Wartime Minimum of 48 Cents an Hour.

(By Chicago Tribune Leased Wire.) CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Maintenance of way men on practically all of the American railroads—400,000 of them—will ask for an increase of pay from the United States railroad board Monday. According to the announcement made by E. F. Grable, president of the union, the demands will call for a minimum wage of 48 cents an hour, the wartime rate, as against the present scale of 23 to 35 cents.

The demands of the maintenance of way men, who declined to strike when the shop crafts laid down their tools several weeks ago, comes at a critical point in the controversy between the roads and the striking shompen. If comes on the heels of the announcement of a finish fight between the roads and the shompen after all peace parleys had failed, but whether it would complicate matters is something which neither officials of the maintenance of way men nor the railroad board discuss. If Monday's action is successful, it is the filling of demands of increased pay is in keeping with the policy announced by the way men at the time the shompen were ordered to resubmit their differences to President Grable. At that time the way men refused to go out, agreeing to resubmit their differences and grievances to the labor board. More than 100 of the 105 railroads in the country who are affected by the demands will be parties to the hearing. The maintenance of way men will only present one case, however, and this one hearing and the one decision upon it will cover all.

"We are asking for a minimum of 48 cents an hour," said President Grable, "and the maintenance of way men will only present one case, however, and this one hearing and the one decision upon it will cover all."

Arguments for the increase will be based on the present upward trend of wages outside the railroad industry and the increased cost of living. Wages all over the country are increasing. Cost of living is advancing and economists tell us we are entering a period of prosperity.

"Our organization has some men, such as crossing watchmen, who are drawing as low as 17 1/2 cents an hour," he said, "and they are working throughout the United States, not a local one, as claimed in regard to the establishment of a 25-cent minimum, which, it is said, applies only to negroes and Mexicans in the south."

It is believed that Mr. Collins left behind him a document denouncing Erskine Childers, the renegade British officer who has been charged with the murder of Mr. de Valera's chief adviser, as the prime cause of the trouble in Ireland, declaring his own opinion was that Mr. de Valera was led by this sinister figure.

Mr. Childers, who was in the British intelligence service during the war, appeared in Ireland after the war and identified himself with the most extreme faction, and has since the time of Mr. de Valera's organization both in a political and military way. He has an American wife who is an avowed socialist and whose house is a rendezvous for all anti-British and later anti-free state elements of note.

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St. Paul Oil Well Down 851 Feet.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The oil well being drilled near St. Paul is now down 851 feet and the promoters have reported that they believe they are entering a flow of oil. Experiments have been in progress in the locality for the last two years. The present well represents a cost of many thousands of dollars. Much of the money was advanced by residents of Marion county.

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TARIFF IS BIG HELP FOR CHEMICAL MEN

New Law Provides Best Protection in History.

GERMAN TRADE IS HIT

Aim Is to Prevent Creation of New Teutonic Monopoly in Manufacturing Dyes.

The following is the first of a series of articles dealing with the situation in the chemical industry. Others will appear from time to time. (By Arthur Crawford, (Chicago Tribune Leased Wire.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27.—Regardless of what the tariff conferees may do in adjusting the differences between the house and senate bills, the domestic chemical industry will receive in the new law greater protection than ever before in its history.

Butties in the original house bill passed in July, 1921, and in the measure passed recently by the senate were fixed with a view of preventing a return to the war, when Germany retained practically a monopoly in the manufacture of many important chemicals, notably dyes.

The house ways and means committee and the senate finance committee were in accord on this policy of making rates so high as to enable the chemical industries developed in this country during the war to gain a permanent foothold.

According to a democratic estimate the rate of duty in the chemical schedule of the senate bill averaged from 40 to 60 per cent higher than those in the former Payne-Aldrich law, which were considerably greater than those in the existing Underwood act. A computation made by a farm bloc senator, who was attempting to justify the rates in the senate bill, showed that 81 per cent of the chemical schedule had equivalent ad valorem rates based on foreign valuations averaging 33 per cent in the senate bill, as against 71 per cent in the house bill, 18 per cent in the Payne-Aldrich law and 16 per cent in the Underwood law.

The McCumber bill as reported from the finance committee to the senate contained 44 items in the chemical schedule in which the duty rates were the same as in the Underwood act, 67 items on which duty rates were higher than in the Underwood act and 135 items in which they were higher than in the Payne-Aldrich law.

Protection Held Adequate.

The republicans who are responsible for the tariff bill declared with pride that the chemical schedule for the first time in the history of the country will furnish adequate protection for the domestic industry. Hereafter, they state, the tariff laws have protected the organic and synthetic products, and practically the entire dye and synthetic drug consumption of the United States.

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EVANGELIST IS "BROKE"

Trotter Says Everything Taken to Prove Wife's Charges False.

PROVE WIFE'S CHARGES FALSE.

(By Chicago Tribune Leased Wire.) GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 27.—Mel Trotter, nationally-known mission organizer, in discussing his plans for the future, declared that financially he was absolutely broke.

"If the world, now that it knows that I am innocent of all these charges, will let me work, I'll be able to live in the world to live. The court decree has taken much of my property, but I'm physically strong and this will give me a chance to recover."

Judge Majors' decree dismissed Mrs. Trotter's bill for separate maintenance, awarding Mr. Trotter a divorce decree but granting Mrs. Trotter costs, expenses and alimony, which amounted to \$40,000.

"I am going to continue my evangelistic work," continued Trotter, "as though nothing had happened. I want to emphasize that the court found there was no evidence of the truth of Mrs. Trotter's charges. There was not a thing proved along the line of immorality. I knew I was innocent of what she did."

Trotter says he has had numerous invitations extended to him to conduct services, and these have come from many states.

IRISH FIGHTERS ENLIST

3000 Dublin Men Join Forces Since Collins' Death.

BY PAUL WILLIAMS. (Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.) DUBLIN, Aug. 27.—The killing of Michael Collins has strongly reacted upon the troops and a total of 3000 Irishmen are reported to have enlisted in the army since Mr. Collins' death. It is not expected that those who were responsible for his death will be long permitted to enlarge.

It would not be at all surprising if the government should undertake with a large force to search the hilly country east of Cork and Kerry, continuing vigorously until all the leadership made irregularly are killed or captured.

Tom Hales, operating near McCormick, is a marked man. John Collins, brother of Michael Collins, is a marked man. John Collins, brother of Michael Collins, is a marked man.

OPERATORS TO STAY OUT

Hard-Coal Session Will Not Be Representative, Is Report.

(By Chicago Tribune Leased Wire.) CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Illinois and Indiana operators, declare that three-fifths of the bituminous tonnage of America will not participate in the national joint conference at Cleveland, October 2, at which, under the terms of the Cleveland peace treaty, a fact-finding agency is to be set up to discover what is the matter with the mining industry. Instead, the absentees plan to get behind the plan contemplated by President Harding for an impartial commission.

Over \$500,000,000 a year is billed on America's fuel bill by 33 iron mines each year for the bituminous pits. John L. Lewis, head of the United Mine workers, estimates that the labor of about 60,000 men days are lost each year for the reason that the mines run an average of 215 days or less out of a possible 308 days.

At \$10 a day, Mr. Lewis points out, this amounts to a yearly loss of \$600,000,000, "not a loss of anything that already exists, but a loss of what should exist."

2500 Veterans Expected.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—C. D. Cunningham, department commander of the American Legion, expects an attendance of 2500 veterans at the annual department convention, to be held at Wenatchee next Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Mr. Cunningham will leave for Wenatchee Tuesday. Delegates to the convention from the Grand Lodge post of this city are: A. F. Cormier, post commander; Lloyd Doyart, 445 Kresky; Claude Oliver, Ansel Foundations and Harry Robinson.

Next to dyes, the items in schedule No. 1 which have occasioned the greatest amount of discussion are those relating to vegetable oils. Agricultural organizations, especially the dairy associations, have urged high duties on vegetable oils, their interest being primarily due to the fact that some of these oils are used in butter substitutes. Some of the agricultural interests have also sought protection as a means

Our Next Crop of Big Men. The big men of today were the saviors of yesterday. There is no denying this fact—and the great examples of systematic saving are too well known to repeat—the question is, "Who will be the big men of tomorrow?" The answer is the same today as it was yesterday and a thousand years ago. The big men of tomorrow are the saviors of today.

The United States National Bank. Sixth and Stark. "One of the Northwest's Great Banks."

FLY-TOX Dealers in Portland. Anderson, Carl G., 847 Mississippi. Anderson, Carl G., 674 Alberta st. Anderson, Carl G., 1723 Denver st. Anderson, Carl G., 123 E. Lombard st. Anderson, Carl G., 1258 Greeley st. Anderson & Lloyd, 710 Alberta st. Angus, J. W., 306 Lombard st. Bail, R. J., 3002 E. Stark st. Bagg & Foth, 531 Union ave. N. Basket Grocery & Delicatessen, 248 Alder st. Beckwith & Schmidt, 103 Grand st. Bjorklund & Co., 676 Thurman st. Borovicka Bros., 150 Gibbs st. Boucher Bros., 488 Salmon st. Brubaker & Normandin, 1652 East E. Stark st. Burns, D. C., 208 Third st. Burroughs & Hunt, 321 Third st. Bybee Avenue Grocery, 1385 Milwaukee st. Caldwell, J. W., 1595 E. 12th st. Caruthers, H. J., 474 Jefferson st. Case, A. F. & Son, 136 East Killingsworth ave. Corner Grocery Co., 269 Crosby st. Couch & Currier, 301 N. Jersey st. Court Grocery, 1213 Sandy Blvd. Cull & Chambers, 7136 55th ave. S. E. Crum & Son, 1009 Union ave. N. Daily, C. J., 2909 70th st. S. E. Daniels, E. W., 1001 E. Broadway. Davis, E. E., 428 Ave. S. E. Donaldson, J. H., 6010 24th st. S. E. Douglas, E. F., 774 E. Ankeny st. Eagle Stores, Inc., 74 Front st. Eagle Stores, Inc., 527 Williams ave. Eagle Stores, Inc., 271 E. Broadway. Eagle Stores, Inc., 144 Killingsworth ave. Eagle Stores, Inc., 1251 Sandy Blvd. Eagle Stores, Inc., 1392 Hawthorne. Ellison & Co., 654 E. Burnside st. Fisher & Co., 735 Thurman st. Fountain Grocery, 700 Washington. Franks, R., 537 Foster road. Freeberg, F. L., 485 Montgomery st. Gensme & Wolfram, 735 Union Ave. N. Goff, H. J., 107 W. Kilpatrick st. Gunther, Inc., 470 Williams ave. Gunther, Inc., 970 E. Gilman st. Gunther, Inc., 709 Hawthorne ave. Gunther & Hickey, 225 N. 23d st. Harvey, Wm., 883 E. Tenth st. N. Hill & Son, 355 E. 39th st. N. Holmes, C. L., 525 1/2 Main st. Horn, A., 640 E. Main st. Hughes Bros., 1234 Holgate st. Jensen, M., 621 Washington st. Johnson & Shop, 556 Union Ave. N. Jones Mercantile Co., 307 Davis st. Knight Drug Co., Fifth and Washington st. Knight Drug Co., Tenth and Washington st. Kuhn, Hugh, 536 Utahilla st. Koehn, Bernard, 11 E. Killingsworth ave. Kraft, J. A., 181 Fourth st. Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Fifth and Washington st. Long, G. W., 340 Corbett st. Loygren, L., 355 E. Broadway. Loygren, L., 355 Union Ave. N. Mallett Bros., 40 N. Third st. Manahan, J. T., 25th st. N. Martin, J. C., 401 Hassall st. Mason & Sons, 571 Williams ave. Mathes, A. J., 597 22d st. S. E. McCall, J. C., 184 Williams ave. McEneaney & Huff, 375 E. 11th st. McKee, P. A., 1028 Clinton st. Meier & Frantz, 5th and Alder. Meriwether, L., 393 E. 41st st. Michigan Market & Grocery Co., 102 E. Killingsworth ave. Neilson & Co., 325 N. 16th st. Neubauer, J. B., 372 Eleventh st. Older, Wortman & King Co., Tenth and Alder st. Olinas, Mrs. G., 706 Sandy Blvd. Owl Drug Co., Broadway and Washington st. Park Rose Mercantile Co., Sandy and Ryan. Pearson, S. Oscar, 263 N. 21st st. Perry, L. A., 69th and Sandy Blvd. Pfander Bros., 715 Powell st. Portsmouth Mercantile Co., 821 Lombard st. Proctor, W. A., Pleasant Home, Or. Samson, O. A., 1993 E. Gilman st. Santley, F. C. & Market, 4430 Woodstock ave. Seales, John, Sandy, Oregon. Schmeckel, Wm., 114 E. 28th st. N. Schmuckel, W., 34th and Hawthorne. Schoen, J. C., 14th and Sandy Blvd. Schrage & Son, 256 Grand ave. Schweid & Son, 1037 Division st. Scott & Son, 717 Mississippi ave. Sealey Dresser Co., 37 Fourth st. Senel & Son, 1040 Hawthorne ave. Sibley, J. B., 4th and E. Gilman st. Simmons & Co., 501 Fessenden st. Simola, A. O., 14th and Sandy Blvd. Skooge, Chas., 1053 E. 20th st. N. Sorensen's Grocery, 1101 E. Caruthers st. Squires, C. V., 1572 E. Gilman st. Stoll, F. G., 1509 E. Stark st. Stout-Lyons Drug Co., Third and Morrison st. Stout-Lyons Drug Co., Washington st. Stout-Lyons Drug Co., Broadway and Stark st. Stout-Lyons Drug Co., 11th and Washington st. Sugarman, David, 185 N. 23d st. Tamm, T. J., 759 Alberta st. Tichborne, C. K., 121 N. 18th st. Tilt, Top Delicatessen, 151 Morrison. Toulon, J., 155 N. 23d st. Ugleholm Bros., 23d and Thurman st. United Grocers of Oregon, 74 Front. Uvelde, O., 234 N. 16th st. Vols, B. P., 7430 60th ave. S. E. Walstrom, Gus, 455 Roseview. Wiley, L. E., 3940 Foster road. Young & Northrop, 295 Front st.

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