

## RUSSIANS LEAVE HAGUE GATHERING

Conference Is Declared Definitively Over.

## OTHER NATIONS BLAMED

Nations Hold Out for Fixing Amount of Debt Later by Mixed Commissions.

THE HAGUE, July 14.—(By the Associated Press).—At midnight the Russian delegation issued a statement that the conference was definitively over. Maxim Litvinoff, head of the soviets, said he planned to leave for Moscow Sunday.

The end of the conference followed two stormy sessions Wednesday which disturbed the calm of the Carnegie peace palace and apparently ended all chance of an agreement between the Russians and the other powers.

The charges between the Russian and the other powers had become far wider than at Genoa. The British and French acted in agreement here on the demands concerning the Russian property, which the Russians maintained practically amounted to insistence on absolute restitution.

**Other Meetings Fail.**

At the meeting of the sub-committee on property, Maxim Litvinoff, head of the soviets, said emphatically he believed that the conference had exhausted its usefulness. At later sessions the sub-committee on debts had equally unfavorable results. The Russians insisted on having the conference fix the total amount of pre-war debts Russia would be expected to pay, but the non-soviet powers stood for fixing this sum through mixed commissions at a later date.

At the conclusion of that meeting M. Litvinoff declared that the non-Russian delegates had clearly agreed to make the conference a failure and were trying to pin the Russians down to answers to questions in order to justify breaking up the meeting.

**Conference Is Criticized.**

M. Litvinoff criticized the organization of the conference bitterly; its division into sub-committees, which was arranged before the Russians arrived, he declared, had been destined to complicate the negotiations and prevent their success.

Capitalism and communism were pitted against each other in bitter battles which demonstrated the difficulties of harmonizing the two economic systems. When the non-Russians were insisting that the amount of pre-war debts which Russia shall pay must be decided by a mixed tribunal, M. Litvinoff objected, saying:

"There are two worlds now, capitalist and communistic. One world would name a communistic and the other a capitalist judge. It would require angels to do justice on such a tribunal and I have not met any angels, and doubt whether they can be found. So I want this conference to decide upon the amount of pre-war debts we shall pay."

## DEFINITE ANSWER DEMANDED.

In this connection Litvinoff also declared that the soviet government must know the amount of its obligations, as it expects to pay them. "Many respectable governments admit the responsibility for debts and interest and don't pay them," he said pointedly. "We intend to pay if we enter into an agreement."

Discussing the situation with the president of the Associated Press, M. Litvinoff said that the French experts said:

"Today's developments clearly demonstrated that it is impossible to carry on any negotiations with the soviet government, whose sole object is to obtain funds to perpetuate the soviet government's existence."

## BERRY GROWER ENJOINED

Court Issues Order Temporarily Preventing Sale of Fruit.

SALEM, Or., July 13.—(Special).—The Oregon Growers' Co-operative association today obtained an order in the Marion county circuit court restraining August Lantz, berry grower, from selling his crop of berries to persons or corporations other than the plaintiff. The association in its complaint alleged that it had entered into a contract with Mr. Lantz whereby the latter was to deliver to the plaintiffs his entire yield of berries aggregating a value of approximately \$5000. It further alleged that Mr. Lantz had disposed of part of his berry crop to another concern and thereby violated his contract with the plaintiff. Judge Bingham, in granting a temporary injunction, pending further consideration of the case, commented that it had been the rule of the courts generally to uphold contracts such as that entered into by Mr. Lantz.

## SILVERTON HAS BLAZE

Barn Razed, Lumber Damaged and Six Horses Burned to Death.

SALEM, Or., July 13.—(Special).—Fires which started from an undetermined source early today destroyed the Fred Lawrey livery barn at Silverton, burned six horses to death, and damaged a quantity of lumber belonging to the Silver Falls Timber company and a store operated by the H. L. Stiff furniture corporation. The loss was estimated at \$7500. Mr. Lawrey carried \$1000 insurance.

The flames were discovered in the livery barn at 4 o'clock this morning and for a time an entire business block was menaced. Calls for assistance were received in Salem but because of lack of fire-fighting equipment here the local department was unable to respond.

Damage to the Stiff furniture store aggregated \$3000, while the Silver Falls lumber yard was damaged to the extent of \$100.

## DEATH TAKES MILL MAN

George Palmer, La Grande Lumber Operator, Passes Suddenly.

LA GRANDE, Or., July 13.—(Special).—George Palmer, founder of the George Palmer Lumber company of this city, died here suddenly Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Palmer came to La Grande 18 years ago and until less than a year ago was actively identified with the organization which he founded and which

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Senate Not Disposed to Sidetrack Measure.

## SOME RATE CUTS LIKELY

Vote Not Yet in Sight, but From Now On Action Is Expected, Says Sullivan.

BY MARK SULLIVAN.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—(Special).—Early this week your correspondent stated that the proposal to postpone consideration of the tariff bill until the indefinite future had not received any support among republican senators. It was stated that, while the suggestion had been made by republican leaders, it was not taken seriously by the republicans, it had not received any attention within the senate. That statement is no longer true.

A few senators who are regulation party men have turned a kinder ear to the suggestion. Nevertheless, the number is small and there is no probability whatever of this suggestion being acted upon. The attitude of the republican leaders and of nine out of ten of the republican senators is that, having gone so far as they have with the tariff bill, they should now go on to the end, and that to stop now would make the whole tariff performance seem so futile that it would add greatly to the adverse judgment from which congress and the party are already suffering.

**Reductions More Likely.**

What is more likely to happen is that a group of what may be called "middle-of-the-road" republican senators will bring pressure to bear to make considerable reductions in the schedules as they now stand and otherwise make the bill more acceptable to the country than it was in the form in which the senate finance committee, under the leadership of Mr. McCumber, introduced it.

From now on the country may expect to see a steady and successful pressure on the part of this group of senators to make the rates lower and the bill altogether more reasonable. As a result it may be expected that the bill will be pushed forward to a vote as rapidly as is consistent with normal opportunity for debate on the part of the democrats.

This result is the first response of the senate to interest shown by the public throughout the country in the tariff discussion. Up to very recently the most conspicuous response of the country to the tariff discussion has been indifference. The public has not seemed to take the bill seriously and has shown less interest in it than in any previous tariff at the same stage of development.

## Wool Schedule Vital.

Some persons account for this on the ground that the public rarely gets interested in any tariff bill until the wool schedule comes under discussion. It is difficult to explain why this should be so, but persons with long memories say it is the wool schedule that brings popular interest in a tariff bill to its height. In the debate on the present tariff it will be some days yet before wool is reached. In the meantime, the show of public interest now beginning has led to the result here outlined.

The bill cannot yet be said to be in sight of a vote. The democrats have still a good deal to say, and considering the time always consumed by the opposition in debate on a tariff bill, it cannot be charged that the democrats are unreasonably dilatory. It is the republicans who have been conspicuously responsible for the extreme length of time during which the tariff bill has been under discussion.

Chairman Fordney and the other republican members of the house ways and means committee began their hearings on the bill more than a year and a half ago. The bill was first reported into the house a little over a year ago. Thereafter the actual passage of the bill through the house was fairly speedy, but before the bill was sent to the senate republicans had been severely beaten in the finance committee spent more than eight months rewriting it.

It was on April 11, last, that the bill came to the senate. Since that time changes made in the original house draft. The debate in the open senate began April 20, and the two months and three weeks which have passed since then have been by no means an extraordinary length of time for a tariff debate in the senate.

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good this year," he said, "due not only to a return of more stable conditions, but also largely to the fact that we have been advertising the attractions of the northwest to eastern people."

"We plan to do other extensive advertising, and I do not like to advertise something of which I only know from hearsay. Therefore, I came down here to get in contact with your community."

In discussing the general economic situation, Mr. Smith was most optimistic.

"Our company is very confident of the future," he said, "and has evidenced that confidence in announcing a \$13,000,000 budget for the year with which to build additional equipment and make improvements."

"Among these improvements will be the addition of 1800 refrigerator cars for carrying northwest fruit to eastern markets on a 72-hour service. Only five stops will be made between the coast and Chicago. I just had a letter yesterday from St. Paul stating that crop conditions all along the Northern Pacific line are splendid and we expect a big movement of tonnage as a result."

## PLAYING CUPID DENIED

INTRODUCTION OF ACTRESS TO MR. GOULD DISCLAIMED.

Manager of Gaiety Company Admits, Though, He Brought Mrs. Sinclair to America.

(Copyright, 1932, by the New York World. Published by Arrangement with the LONDON, July 13.—(Special Cable).—George Grossmith, in an interview with the World in his dressing room at the Lyric theatre, denied that he had played the part of Cupid by introducing Mrs. Vera Sinclair to George J. Gould. He admitted, however, that he might have been guilty of understating Cupid, for Gould met his bride when Grossmith took to New York in 1913 the London Gaiety company of "The Girl on the Film," in which the second Mrs. Gould was then playing. Then followed a successful season of the play in London, he said.

"Though I did not introduce them," Grossmith said, "I heard some time later that they had met and that she had found Gould a most charming and courteous gentleman. When the time came for me to take the company back to England Mrs. Sinclair told me she was going to remain in America."

"Why should I return to England, where I have had only two-line parts?" she said to me, so we returned without her and I have not seen her since. But I am delighted at the news, and if I knew where they were honeymooning I would send them a congratulatory telegram."

Elsewhere in theater circles about town the World learned that Mrs. Sinclair, as she became known after she left England, comes of a good old English family and that she is not much past 30 years of age.

It is said here that she hoped when she remained behind in America that Gould would finance a show in which she should be the star, but so far as known here this hope did not materialize. Those who remember her stage career say that though she was very pretty and charming she never would have reached stardom had she remained in London.

## VICTIM OF AUTO IS DEAD

CAR DRIVEN BY CALIFORNIA TOURIST STRIKES BOY.

Accident in Clatskanie Results Fatally for Child and Driver of Machine Is Exonerated.

CLATSKANIE, Or., July 13.—(Special).—Francis Anderson, 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Anderson, who live near Delena, Or., died in a hospital at Rainier last night of injuries suffered when he was run over by an automobile driven by A. O. Hayward of Alcatraz, Cal., near the boy's home.

The boy, with a party of small friends, was walking in the highway when the accident happened. Mr. Hayward, according to reports, was driving slowly, and almost stopped when one of the boys ran into the road ahead of him. It was said that the tourist allowed the first crowd to crowd ahead of him and that he came into the highway. He was struck by the car and was killed.

Mr. Hayward took the injured boy to Rainier, where he was placed under a doctor's care. The authorities exonerated Mr. Hayward of blame for the accident.

## County Candidates to File.

VANCOUVER, Wash., July 13.—(Special).—Filing books for candidates for county offices will be opened at 8 o'clock in the office of L. Garrett, county auditor, who himself aspires to be elected to the office of county commissioner. As many as 15 candidates for some of the offices have been talking about filing. It is expected that a large number will file tomorrow, particularly among the republicans. The democrats will not have a full ticket.

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# THE LAST

**I AM the greatest of super productions!**

**I AM from the pen of James Oliver Curwood!**

**I AM the ultimate in dramatization of north-land yarns!**

**I AM the finest entertainment value ever offered.**

**I AM arriving in Portland Saturday!**

**I AM going to be at the Liberty!**

**LAST TIMES TODAY "SOUTH OF SUVA" with MARY MILES MINTER and BUSTER KEATON in "MY WIFE'S RELATIONS"**

**Yes—The Life Savers Are All Gone! Sorry.**

### HAZELWOOD PIES

Short, crisp crust and delicious deep fillings of pure fruit and creamy custards.

**Wild Blackberry Fresh Cherry Loganberry Apple Custard Coconut Cream Hazelnut Cream Lemon Cream Large size . . . 40¢ Individuals . . . 10¢ Boston Cream Pie 50¢**

**HAZELWOOD DAIRY STORE 126 Tenth Street**

**BROADWAY HAZELWOOD Pastry Department 127 Broadway**

### "a stroke in time"

Chairs, tables, woodwork, porch and lawn furniture and outside blinds need touching up frequently to keep them in bright repair.

"A stroke in time" will save many a surface.

**RASMUSSEN & CO. PORTLAND, ORE.**

*Northwestern Paint for Northwestern Purposes*

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