REV. C RARICK DUE IN CITY THURSDAY

Ex-Pastor Here to Take Up Evangelistic Duties.

NEW JOB SECRETARIAL

Minister to Preach and Work for Local Missionary Society of Methodist Church.

The Rev. C. C. Rarick, formerly a Portland pastor, will arrive in the city Thursday from Washington, D. C., to begin his new duties here as secretary of the city missionary society for the Methodist Episcopal church. His work will be principally evangelistic in character.

He also has been chosen to be the pastor of a new Methodist church to be constructed at Fremont and East Twenty-sixth streets, according to announcement made yesterday by Bishop W. O. Shepard. The lot for the church has been purchased and the Portland Council of Churches has given its consent to the erection of a church there. Plans for the new building will be made soon.

Dr. Rarick, in connection with his work in the missionary society, will make addresses at night in the smaller Methodist churches and will do much personal evangelistic work.

Dr. Rarick has been executive secretary of the board of temperance, prohibition and public morals of the Methodist church with headquarters in Washington, D. C., for three and a half years. His family has remained in this city.

Before leaving Portland, Dr. Rarick was for six years pastor of the Central Methodist church and before that, of the Mount Tabor Methodist church of this city. Preceding his coming to Portland, he was stationed in Astoria. He was for several years secretary of the Oregon conference.

WAR AGAIN THREATENED

(Continued From First Page.)

would be justified if necessary for enforcement purposes. Yet, if Germany resisted, and the zone of even the most moderate German newspapers makes this seem entirely possible, then a general French mobolization would follow and Poincare's 1914 phrase, "Mobilization is not war," could be repeated with just as much truth now as then.

That Lloyd-George realizes these possibilities and is working night and day to avoid them is clear from his non-aggression pact proposal, which certainly was intended to prevent France taking any unauthorized steps toward the enforcement of the treaty of Versailles. France's resistance shows that she understands the game and does not intend to make any such promise. Therefore if the pact actually is signed there will be a reservation excepting Versailles' enforcement measures and this reservation will nullify the scheme of the whole document.

France Clearly Obstacle.

France clearly is an obstacle to the kind of new peace treaty that Lloyd-George wants but feels justified in this stand, holding that a "Georgian" peace would reduce her to the rank of a second-class power by hamstringing her army. The question thus arises whether the Treaty of Versailles, whereon France stands, really is not a peace at all since it means perpetual war or threats of war. This issue would have arisen three years ago but for the successive efforts of the Millerand, Leygues and Briand governments to modify the treaties in accordance with British conceptions. Poincare is the first since Clemceau to demand full enforcement of the treaty's paragraphs.

It is hard to say what England's attitude will be if a showdown comes. It is widely believed here that Great Britain is urging the United States to bring pressure to bear upon France to hold her horses and to agree to a binding non-aggressive pact by promising that when political stability thus is assured, America will co-operate economically and will consent to substantial concessions concerning debts. But the difficulty here seems to be that such promises are useless to the present French government unless they are publicly made and the United States is unwilling to make such public assurances for internal political reasons.

Again American home politics seem to Europeans to be the principal factor in delaying peace.

STRIKERS BEAT WORKERS

(Continued From First Page.)

sible to obtain protection for the workers.

Hattie Luckenbach Loaded.

The work of loading the steamer Hattie Luckenbach of the Luckenbach line was completed at the Portland Flouring mills dock yesterday about 1:30, and the steamer got away for Mobile. She had aboard 2800 sacks of flour and 80 barrels of pickles.

The American Hawaiian company's steamer Minnesotan completed a parcel lot of flour at the Globe mills yesterday noon. She is loading cargo for the United Kingdom and the continent.

Seven additional steamers are due to arrive in the harbor today for unloading and taking on cargo. This will mean that additional men will be needed by the employers to take care of them, thus adding to the problem of giving all vessels speedy dispatch.

Vessels Expected Today.

The arrivals today will include three McCormick steamers from San Francisco—the Parlso, the E. H. Meyers and the John Kirkpatrick; the Luckenbach line steamer Lewis Luckenbach; the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific steamer Henry S. Groves and the Pacific Steamship company's steamer West Catanace, all from the Atlantic coast, and the Latin-American line steamer Regulus from the sound.

The steamers E. H. Meyer and the Paraiso arrived in the Columbia river yesterday and should arrive in Portland harbor early this morning. The Lewis Luckenbach and the Henry S. Groves were due about midnight, and the West Catanace sometime this morning.

Police were guarding all docks yesterday where loading or unloading operations were going on. From two to four officers were detailed to each dock. No disturbances were reported during the progress of the work.

Police Arrange Reserves.

With a view to having an emergency force which could be dispatched to any section of the city to take care of any disturbances which might arise, Police Captain Inskeep called in all special officers and held them at police headquarters last night.

Nearly 50 additional men are now working on the force for the handling of the additional details caused by strike duty. It was announced at headquarters yesterday that additional men would be put on today in case they were considered needed.

Mayor Baker said yesterday that Chief of Police Jenkins had been instructed to put on as many additional men as were needed to take care of the situation.

Report on Strike Uncertain.

The mayor said last night that he had received no intimation yet as to when reports of the citizens' and the strikers' committees appointed by him to make investigations of the situation would be turned in.

Dr. C. C. Rarick, who will return to Portland as pastor and evangelistic worker in Methodist churches.

A report yesterday that a move for obtaining arbitration of the strike would be forthcoming this week, could not be confirmed either by union or employers' officials. William F. Woodward, chairman of the state board of conciliation, said that neither side has made any move to refer the matter to that body for investigation.

Mr. Woodward said that it was in the province of the mayor or county officials to refer the question to the board of conciliation if it was considered that the interests of the public were suffering from the strike conditions. He said that he was surprised that the matter had not been referred to his board rather than to a citizens' committee, inasmuch as the conciliation body had power to subpoena witnesses, while a citizens' committee had no such power.

Board Able to Investigate.

The conciliation board has power to make an investigation, but it cannot enforce its decisions upon either party to a controversy. Its power, however, is in giving the truth of a strike or controversy to the public, and informing public opinion, Mr. Woodward explained.

Besides Mr. Woodward, the members of the board of conciliation are Otto Hartwig, secretary, representing labor, and John K. Flynn, representing the employers.

ACID SOURCE NOT DIVULGED

Thrower Denies Bottle Given Him by Longshoremen.

Hallis Straw, who the police say dashed a bottle of oil of mustard into the face of Frank Henderson, strike breaker, while the latter was sitting in a bus in front of the waterfront employers' union at Second and Oak streets Saturday morning, emphatically denied yesterday afternoon in the city jail where he is held in lieu of $1000 bail on a charge of felonious assault, that the bottle had been given him by three members of the International Longshoremen's association just before the deed was committed.

It was said at the employers' headquarters that officers had wrung a confession from Straw under oath that three members of the union had given him the bottle. Straw stoutly refused to divulge why he had thrown the acid. He asserted that he was not an I. W. W. nor a member of the union. His case will be heard in municipal court today.

Henderson, whose face was badly burned, was reported improved today, and physicians at the emergency hospital said he would not lose the sight of his left eye, as was at first feared. It is doubtful whether the burn will leave a scar.

Unusual quiet reigned in the various districts where strikers congregate and where strikebreakers are employed. Not a single disturbance or call for police aid was heard. The crowd of union men formerly loitering around Second and Oak streets was entirely lacking yesterday, save for a few pickets.

Captain Inskeep, in charge of the first night police relief, detailed all extra men to strike duty when he took charge late yesterday afternoon and held them in reserve at police headquarters for emergency calls. In addition police still continued to guard the employers' headquarters and the various docks where loading of ships is in progress with the aid of strikebreakers.

LIBERTY BONDS.

We buy and sell all issues of Liberty Bonds and U. S. Certificates. Portland Trust Co., Sixth and Morrison streets.—Adv.

Voters to Decide Bond Issues.

WHITE SALMON, Wash., April 30.—(Special.)—A special election will be held in all school districts of Klickitat county on May 6 to decide on bonding the county for building highways under the Donahue law, and bonding to construct the White Salmon-Trout Lake and the Bickleton-Roosevelt highways.

High-Grade Family Automobile

Only $725

Hudson super six, like new, has been rebuilt and repainted. We sell these rebuilt Hudsons with a warranty same as a factory warrant on new car. We also give 90 days' free service.

C. L. Boss Automobile Co.

BOTH STORES:

40-46 North Broadway

615-617 Washington St.

SOCIETY OF CAPITAL PASSES BUSY WEEK

Debutantes' Subscription Ball Decided Success.

FIRE UPSETS SOCIAL PLAN

General Pershing Will Give Luncheon Today in Honor of Lady Astor and Husband.

BY BETTY BAXTER.

(Copyright, 1922, by The Oregonian.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—(Special.)—The "little season" has become an imposingly big one, and the past week has been one of the busiest Washington society has ever known. The Dames of the Loyal Legion, the League of American Penwomen, the National League of Women Voters, the democratic national committeewomen are some of the organizations that met here this week, and all were the center around which much entertaining revolved.

The week opened auspiciously with a large luncheon party given by no less a person than General John J. Pershing, for no less a person than Marshal Joffre and his wife and her daughter. General Pershing asked a notable company of diplomats, cabinet members, senators and representatives, army and navy officers and members of resident society of both sexes to meet them. That and the big fire at the New Willard hotel were the chief excitements of Sunday.

Fire Upsets Social Plans.

The New Willard, where so many parties are staged and so many notables like the vice-president and Mrs. Coolidge, the director of the budget and Mrs. Charles Dawes, the president's physician and Mrs. Charles E. Sawyer, and others like them, all live, and where Daughters of the American Revolution and Penwomen and others were staying in large numbers, was damaged last Sunday and upset many of the week's tsocial plans and parties arranged to take place there had to be postponed or switched to other places. And that was difficult, for the city is so full of people and so many entertainments on the books.

Tomorrow General Pershing is giving a big luncheon in compliment to Lady Astor and her husband, of course. She came over Friday from the Baltimore conference of the League of Women Voters and Friday afternoon was entertained at a luncheon given by Senator Claude Swanson of Virginia, and tonight was entertained at dinner by the third assistant secretary of state and Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss. The British ambassador and Lady Geddes did not entertain for the Astors.

Mrs. Vanderbilt Gives Dinner.

Mrs. George Vanderbilt gave a dinner dance last Monday for her daughter Cornelia, who drives such a good-looking yellow roadster.

Mrs. Charles F. Foulke gave a dance that evening also for her debutante granddaughter, Miss Gladys Chapman Smith, the younger smart set dividing their evening between her house and the Vanderbilts. The Southern society, which is a large and flourishing organization in this southern town, had a dance Monday also. Then there were many interesting dinners, among those so entertaining being Air Commodore Leo Charlton of the British embassy staff and Mrs. Louis Titus. There was a benefit musicale, Mrs. Royal Johnson, wife of Representative Johnson, gave a luncheon, and Mrs. Henry F. Dimock a tea for the debutantes and those working for the debutante ball given Tuesday evening to help raise Washington's quota for the George Washington memorial, to which the entire country is subscribing.

Ball Decided Success.

That ball was planned for the New Willard, but had to be given instead at the Washington barracks, but was a decided sucess. For several seasons the debutantes have given a subscription ball, usually for no purpose except to get together and have a good time, but this year they made the memorial a beneficiary. The Loyal Legion got together Tuesday, and the conference of the League of American Penwomen got well under way, and Mrs. Harding received the league delegates at the White House. The vice-president and Mrs. Coolidge were guests of honor at a dinner which the secretary of state and Mrs. Hughes gave Tuesday, and Mrs. Coolidge was honor guest at a luncheon which Mrs. Joseph I. France, wife of Senator France of Maryland, gave the same day at her Baltimore residence.

Several prominent women, like Mrs. Samuel Spencer, wife of Senator Spencer, for example, went over from here also for the party, to which were asked the foreign delegates to the conference of the National League of Women Voters, which convened in Baltimore.

General Charlton, who is going home soon, has been much entertained lately, and among his hosts were the military attache of the French embassy and Mme. Dumont, who entertained Tuesday. Those who have been members of Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh's dancing classes all got together and gave a big dinner at the Chevy Chase club Tuesday evening. Mrs. Walsh has had dancing at tea time every afternoon and also every Saturday evening all winter and usually had an instructor present to teach new steps to those who wished to acquire the knowledge.

Friday Big Day.

Friday was an exceptionally big day. It was "Washington day" for one thing for the League of Women Voters' Baltimore conference. All of the delegates came over, including Lady Nancy Astor and the other distinguished women from many parts of the world. Mrs. Harding received them all at the White House, and various groups were luncheon guests, among the hostesses being Mrs. Herbert Hoover and Mrs. Frederick Huidekopen and Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, with whom Lady Astor stayed while in Washington. Mrs. William Eric Fowler entertained the California delegates for luncheon and talked to them about the George Washington memorial. Then there was an evening of authors' costume carnival ball of the Penwomen's league. There were five prizes offered for the best presentation of a book title, character from a book, historical, national or humorous, and there certainly was great originality in costumes.

Pythians Planning Drive.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 30.—(Special.)—Following the annual state meeting of the Grand commandery in Aberdeen, May 18, Washington Knights Templar will commence plans for raising approximately $200,000 to entertain visitors expected at the triennal conclave of the order in Seattle in 1925. Committees to make plans for the money-raising will be named at the state meeting here. The meeting will be held in Masonic temple, but if dances or larger meetings are held, a large hall will be rented.

Administration to Change.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 30.—(Special.)—The new city administration, elected in December, will take charge of municipal affairs at the council meeting Wednesday night. T. H. Hill, treasurer, is the only officer to change, being succeeded by Floyd Vammen. Mayor Bailey is preparing his review of the year past and recommendations for the coming year. No changes are expected in the appointive offices.

Redmond Has Snow.

REDMOND, Or., April 30.—(Special.)—The residents of Redmond and people living in the surrounding country found the ground covered with snow today. The last two weeks, balmy spring weather was enjoyed and everyone has planted garden. The sudden change in the weather, however, was not severe enough to damage things and by noon the snow had disappeared.

Brownsville Seniors Give Play.

BROWNSVILLE, Or., April 30.—(Special.)—The senior class of the Brownsville High school Friday night presented a play entitled "Nothing But the Truth." Two performances were given at the high school auditorium, one at 7:15 and another at 10 o'clock. Two of the high school teachers coached the players.

Lumbermen's School to Open.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 30.—(Special.)—A school for Grays Harbor lumbermen in kiln drying and artificial seasoning of lumber will begin Monday afternoon at the Eureka mill in Hoquiam, where a kiln and a classroom for demonstrations and lectures have been made available. Arthur Koehler, Albert Hermann and A. C. Knauss, dry-kiln experts from the government forest products laboratory at the University of Wisconsin, will give lectures.

S. & H. green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., coal and wood. Broadway 6353. 560-21.—Adv.

NEMO WEEK

May 1st to May 6th

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Buy NEMO Self-Reducing Corset No. 444 $4.00

—It is scientifically designed, contains high-grade material, supports the abdomen, reduces superfluous abdominal flesh and coaxes forth flat, fashionable lines. All this for $4.

—No. 444—Low top, medium skirt. Strong white, or pink, coutil; sizes 24 to 36.

Corset Section—On the Fourth Floor.

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No One Need Buy Cuticura Before He Tries Free Samples

Soap, Ointment, Talcum, 25c. everywhere. Samples free of Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass.

Pioneering Is Slow Work

Therefore, the Manufacturers of the

Chambers FIRELESS Gas Range

in order to do in one week—what otherwise would take months—have authorized us to slaughter their stock, thus making room for a new carload.

They Will Allow This Week

$20 to $50

Deduction

on all their ranges exhibited on our sales floor. When these are sold, to introduce this wonderful

Gas Saver

the prices will be restored. Ask our salesforce how they cooked meals, baked bread, roasted meat with a half to two-thirds less gas than usual.

A revelation to Thrifty Housewives!
A revolution in Cooking!

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MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The Federal Reserve System

ALMOST from the birth of this Republic and up to a decade ago, America's ablest statesmen, economists, and financiers vainly sought a remedy for the financial ills of the country and a satisfactory response to the insistent demand for a banking system capable of adjusting itself to the varying needs of the nation. Congress twice sought to solve the difficulty by the establishment of a central Bank of the United States, but failed. The vast extent of territory and the totally different requirements of its various sections could not be served adequately by a central bank. A period of experimentation in State and National Banking Systems followed, neither of which was entirely successful. Meanwhile panic followed panic, with disastrous results.

The panic of 1907 caused Congress to give the situation its immediate attention. It created a Monetary Commission, which, after a thorough study of the world's banking systems, made an exhaustive report. The Pujo Committee also investigated the banking methods in this country. With this data at hand, Congress, early in 1913, took up the matter of banking reform in earnest and in December of that year the Federal Reserve Act was placed on the statute books.

This Act is universally admitted to be a great constructive piece of legislation and is praised even by critics of the Federal Reserve System. Under its wise provisions the money of the country no longer is mobilized in one or two sections but is distributed regionally through the 12 Federal Reserve Districts to the Federal Reserve Banks, and by them redistributed to their Branch Banks. While formerly, as in 1907, the money required to move the crops on this coast was at the other side of the Rockies, now credit is always available at "crop moving time."

Born amid the confusion of the Great War, the Federal Reserve System met a test which its most ardent supporters never anticipated. And it stood the test. In the opinion of the bankers of the country the age of "panics" is past. It is only a question of time until ALL banks will become members of the Federal Reserve System. Nothing else can give that feeling of security which the discriminating depositors of today demand.

Ladd & Tilton Bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System, in the 12th Federal Reserve District, of which San Francisco is the center. Hence it is under both State and Federal supervision.

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To the insuring public

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AUTOMOBILE *Fire and Theft Insurance* is written on what is called a non-valued policy. If an insured car is stolen or burned the loss is paid on the basis of:

"the actual cash value of the property at the time of loss . . . with proper deduction for depreciation, however caused . . . which (value) shall in no event exceed what it would then (at the time of loss) cost to repair or replace the property . . ."

The amount of insurance stated in the policy is the **maximum** sum for which the company is liable in event of total loss and is also the amount upon which the premium is computed. If the amount of insurance is greater than the cash value of the automobile the policy holder is paying for more insurance than he can collect in event of loss.

All automobile values have been reduced, directly or indirectly, by manufacturers' price cuts and by the overstock in the used-car market in recent months. A condition has been created under which many automobiles which were not insured for more than they were worth when the policies covering them were written, are today overinsured.

It is recommended that persons carrying automobile fire and theft insurance consult their brokers or apply to the agents of their companies for reduction of their policies and for return of the difference in premium if overinsured.