

COURT ORDERS TRUTH IN CLOTHING LABELS

Clear and Definite Description Is Demanded.

DECEPTION IS BARRED

When Misbranded Goods Attract Customers by Fraud, Other Manufacturers Suffer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.—Labels or brands under which articles are sold, when open to construction in the mind of the purchasing public that they describe components or materials used in the manufacture of the articles, must clearly and definitely describe them, the supreme court today held in an opinion delivered by Justice Brandeis in a case brought by the federal trade commission against the Winsted Hosiery company of Connecticut. Justice McReynolds dissented.

The opinion of the court, while confined to the particular issues presented, will, it is stated, have a general effect in broadening the jurisdiction of the federal trade commission in such practices. Chairman Quinlan of the commission described the decision as a great victory.

Labeling Is Discussed.
Explaining that the Winsted company for many years had manufactured underwear for the retail trade bearing the brands "Natural Merino," "Gray Wool," "Natural Wool," "Natural Worsted," or "Australian Wool," Justice Brandeis declared, "None of this underwear is all wool," but "much of it contains only a small percentage of wool; some as little as 10 per cent."

In this connection, while the Winsted company labels, particularly that word "merino," have long been used in the trade, the court did not accept the contention that they are generally understood as indicating goods partly of cotton.

He declared it "unsound," asserting that the labels in question are literally false, and except those which bear the word "merino," are "probably so." All are calculated to "deceive."

Trade Label Diverted.
"When misbranded goods attract customers by means of the fraud which they perpetrate, trade is diverted from the producer of truthfully marked goods," the justice stated, and the fact that "honest manufacturers might protect their trade by also resorting to deceptive labels," is no defense for such practices.

"Misrepresentation and misdirection have been so common in the knit underwear trade that most dealers no longer accept labels at their face value," the justice continued; but that "does not prevent their use being an unfair method of competition."

The court pointed out that trademarks which deceive the public are denied protection and found that the commission was justified in its conclusion that the practice constituted an unfair method of competition, and that it was authorized to order that the practice be discontinued.

HARDING AGAINST KLAN

Disapproval Expressed by Secretary in Letter to Medford Woman.

MEDFORD, Or., April 24.—(Special.)—A declaration made by a speaker for the Ku Klux Klan at the Klan's public meeting held here recently that President Harding was friendly to the organization, so aroused Mrs. Frank L. Applegate of Medford that she wrote to the president concerning the truth of the statement. Today she received the following reply:

"The White House, Washington, D. C., April 18, 1932.
"My dear Mrs. Applegate: Your letter of April 12 to the president is received. You may be very sure that any statement of the president's interest in or approval of the Ku Klux Klan is a complete and egregious misrepresentation of the president's attitude. In some quarters it has even been represented that the president is a member of this organization. Not only is that untrue, but the fact is that the president heartily disapproves of the organization and has repeatedly expressed himself to this effect. Very sincerely,
"GEORGE B. CHRISTIAN, JR.,
"Secretary to the president."

RAIL SPUR TO BE BUILT

Ground Broken for Track to Serve Union Oil Plant Near Bend.

BEND, Or., April 25.—(Special.)—Breaking ground for the Spokane, Portland & Seattle spur which will serve the Union Oil company's \$9,000,000 tankage and storehouse plant, construction of which has been authorized, began here today. At the same time it was announced that the Brooks-Seaton Lumber company has sold to the oil company a tract slightly more than an acre in extent, with a 250-foot frontage on the Klamath California highway and 200 feet on the Wye.

According to the construction engineer for the oil interests, work will begin at once on the erection of a four-tank plant, which, with warehouse and office, will cost in the neighborhood of \$500,000.

BARRIERS BAR COLD GLOW

(Continued From First Page.)

complicated proteins, of which this luciferin is a member.

Visible Light Estimated.

"I once made a calculation which is exceedingly rough, but which showed that about one part of luciferin in a billion and a half of water will give a light visible to the naked eye."

In demonstrating the process Professor Harvey put a large quantity of the crustacea into a flask, added water and got a brilliant blue glow which showed clearly in a darkened room. Professor Harvey figures that each of the little animals produces about one one-thousandth candle-power.

FRANCE STANDS BY VERSAILLES TREATY

Enforcement Alone, If Necessary, Is Aim.

ULTRIOR MOTIVE DENIED

No Public Man Has Ever Dreamed of Territorial Annexation, Declares Premier Poincare.

PARIS, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—France will, if necessary, undertake alone to see that the treaty of Versailles is executed, if the Germans default in their reparations payments, Premier Poincare intimated in a speech before the general council of the department of the Moselle today.

May 21, when the Germans must either accept the conditions laid down by the reparations commission or default in their payment, is an important date for France, said the premier. It is France's duty, he added, "in full independence," to maintain the integrity of the treaty.

"All we have ever asked and all we ask today is the execution of the treaty," he said. "We must have the peace of Europe depends upon it. Our future and our national prosperity depend upon it."

Methodical Action Urged.
"It is not by precipitate action or by decisions with reflection that we will obtain it. It is by persevering and methodical action. But it must be done."

The premier declared he ardently hoped for the cooperation of the allies in case Germany defaulted, "but according to the terms of the treaty," he added, "each may in case of need take, respectively, such measures as are deemed necessary, and we shall not suffer it that our unfortunate country should succumb under the burden of reparations alongside of a Germany that does not consent to make the necessary effort to discharge her debts."

"We shall defend, in full independence, the French cause, and we shall not abandon any arms the treaty gives us."

Referring to the charges of militarism and imperialism made against France, M. Poincare said:

Ultrior Motive Denied.
"The imperialism of France is acute in some countries in which we are charged with ulterior motives of conquest. I do not know of a single French public man who has ever dreamed of territorial annexation. But we do not understand today after the Rapallo accord (the Russo-German treaty) the imprudence there would be in our disarming too rapidly."

"That accord brings out into the full light the sympathies which have developed between the bolsheviks and the Germans. How many persons, wrested from their confidence of yesterday, will not now admit that the cabinet was right in desiring to insist for the moment on 18 months' military service?"

M. Poincare referred to the discoveries of stocks of arms and munitions in Silesia, the formation of police organizations in Germany composed of former non-commissioned officers, which, he said, were so easily transformed into a framework of military force. He instances these things, as well as the pan-German agitation to justify the precautions of France.

Germany Waiting for Chance.
"Things are going in Germany," he said, "as if the pan-Germans were waiting for an opportunity to foment trouble sooner or later on their eastern frontier with a view to getting back by force the Polish regions taken from Germany by the treaty of Versailles."

"What is going on at Geneva," continued the premier, "singularly confirms all we knew of the state of mind of top great a portion of the empire. How long have we had Germany prepared the treaty with the soviet government? And are we sure the treaty has been entirely published?"

"Is it or is it not accompanied by secret clauses. Is it simply a shield for political and military conventions?"

At any rate, added M. Poincare, the coming together of Germany and the soviet was a great menace to Poland and an indirect menace to France.

French opinion, said the premier, would have been prepared for the dissolution of the conference at Geneva upon the disclosure of the terms of this Russo-German treaty.

"But," he added, "we did not separate on this occasion from our allies."

Two Juries Out at Bend.
Verdict in Weston Murder Trial Still Hangs in Balance.

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2 SENTENCED TO CHURCH

Methodist and Presbyterian "Punished" for Bad Conduct.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Sentences to go to church every Sunday for six months were imposed by Magistrate Fish in Brooklyn today upon two men who spent the church hour yesterday quarreling, swearing and fighting in a restaurant. Harry Baulis, who admitted he was an "occasional" Methodist, and Harry Pearson, who said he was a member and sometimes went to the Presbyterian church, were the recipients of the unusual sentences.

Their pastors were asked to report to the court if they failed to appear regularly.

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PAY CUT HELD ARBITRARY

RAIL KEYMEN'S HEAD TESTS ON REDUCTION DEMAND.

TRAFFIC ORGANIZATIONS WILL PRESENT DATA TO FEDERAL LABOR BOARD ON COST OF LIVING.

CHICAGO, April 24.—The railroad managements arbitrarily declared telegraphers must accept a 4-cents-an-hour reduction in wages. E. J. Manion, president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, said before the United States labor board today in his closing arguments against the proposed reduction.

Today's hearing closed the seven weeks' session which has been in progress before the labor board here on the railroad's request for a general wage reduction amounting to approximately 10 per cent. The shop craft, involving a large number of the railroad men, took up the largest part of the time of hearings and they were followed by such organizations as the dispatchers, maintenance of way, telegraphers and others of which the carriers had asked a reduction.

Although the hearing as far as the employers and the employees are concerned is closed, the labor board has granted traffic organizations the right to come before the board and present figures on the cost of living. This testimony will be taken Friday afternoon.

FARMER RUN DOWN BY AUTO.

ILWACO, Wash., April 24.—(Special.)—Ell Norton, a farmer living ten miles north of Ilwaco, was run down by an automobile driven by Pete Welch here today, a front wheel passing over his chest. He was taken to the office of Dr. Paul and found not to be badly hurt, and later taken to his home.

Hazelwood Orchestra

J. F. N. Colburn, Director

TONIGHT'S PROGRAMME

6 to 8 and 9:30 to 11:30

1. "Notoriety Rag"....Widmer
2. "Les Pateneurs," Waltz....E. Waldteufel
3. "Maggie Flute," Overture....Mozart
4. "Alice Blue Gown"....H. Tierney
5. "Didn't You?"....H. Felix
6. "Lilac Domino"....Curvillier
7. "Wonderland of Dreams"....L. N. Abbot
8. "California," Fox Trot....Conrad and Friend

Washington St. Hazelwood
CONFECTIONERY AND RESTAURANT
388 WASHINGTON STREET
Near Tenth

For Colds, Grip or Influenza

and as a Preventive, take Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets. The genuine bears the signature of E. E. Grove. (Be sure you get BROMO) 30c—Adv.

Three Girls, No Boys, Arrive.
OREGON CITY, Or., April 24.—(Special.)—Girl babies have outnumbered the boy babies in Clackamas county since January, 1932, and three more arrived at the Oregon City hospital since Friday, April 21. The girls are as follows: To Mr. and Mrs. Fred Von der Ahe, of Milwaukie, route 1, a seven-pound daughter, named Margaret Virginia, Friday; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Johnson, of Colton, 7½-pound daughter, Sunday, and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Law, of Oak Grove, daughter, Sunday.

Name for "Lost Lake" Wanted.
BEND, Or., April 24.—(Special.)—With the admission that "Lost lake" is not a satisfactory name for the lake near Bend so designated by the United States geographical board, through its secretary, C. S. Sloan, that looking for a name upon which name of historical connection, an Indian word or the name of a pioneer who is now dead, "Lake Bend" was rejected because it is purely advertising, Mr. Sloan explains in a letter to the Bend commercial club.

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One of America's Foremost Dyeing and Cleaning Establishments

Some Day

—That day may not be far distant when you will call upon our organization to serve you. On that day you will become acquainted with master workmanship, at reasonable prices.

Out-of-town work promptly done. We pay return postage.

EXCLUSIVE—BUT MODERATE IN PRICE

GRAND AVE. **Allyn's** AT YAMHILL
DYEING & CLEANING
AT YOUR BECK AND CALL EAST 123

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