

AMERICAN CLAIM WILL BE PRESSED Allies Cannot Take All Germany Is to Pay.

UNITED STATES IS FIRM Powers of Europe Will Not Be Permitted to Grab Whole of First Reparations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—It was stated on high authority today that the American government does not intend to allow the allies to take all that Germany can pay in reparations and leave nothing for the United States as recompense for expenditures incurred in the occupation of the Rhineland.

Reports Draw Prosemen. This pronouncement of American government policy was occasioned by a press dispatch from Paris to the effect that the allied governments contemplated deferring payments to the United States for the Rhineland occupation on the ground that the American government had not ratified the treaty of Versailles.

Allied Position Indefensible. Such a position on the part of the allies, it was stated, would be indefensible and it could not be maintained for a moment.

AMERICAN CLAIM HELD JUST London Newspapers Admit Right to Share in Reparations.

LONDON, March 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—Although American claims to priority of payment for the upkeep of the United States army in the Rhineland has been featured in the news columns, the allied comment appeared today.

The Daily Chronicle, under the caption "America's Bombshell," says: "Intrinsically, the claim is not unreasonable and if the practical effect is to make some of our continental friends less zealous to prolong the occupation of the Rhineland, this would be quite as much to the taste of British public opinion as it is to America's."

The newspaper admits it may be urged that, as the United States is not participating in the treaty of Versailles, it has no claim to money collected under that treaty, and that the more correct course would have been to claim it direct from Berlin under its own treaty, but it checks the fact that America undertook the Rhine occupation jointly with the allies, "does give her some moral claim for joint reimbursement."

The Westminster Gazette, using the same headline, says that there is not much doubt that every penny the United States takes will have to come out of the allies' share of the reparations.

"America has already intimated that she thinks the whole reparations question a proper subject for discussion at the Genoa conference," adds the Gazette, "and we may properly assume that this sudden and unexpected insistence on her rights is a part of the same policy which she wishes the curtain finally rung down on the reparations farce. Very possibly, also, she wants to take her wings away, and take the moral high ground of persuading her European associates to speed the parting ally."

This action by the United States compels the allies to face the fact that the cost of occupying German territory is not to be met by a proportion to the debt for which the occupation is security, and that the whole scheme of payments and conditions needs to be substantially revised."

The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent says that the American demand was received there with undisguised satisfaction at the embarrassment it was likely to cause the allies.

The Tagliche Rundschau is quoted as saying that the moment has come for Germany to inaugurate an active foreign policy aiming at obliteration of the treaty of Versailles.

The correspondent ascribes to the newspaper the statement that America's antagonism to France being no longer concealed, the German demands are conquering the enemy world. In conclusion, he quotes: "Away with control commissions! Away with the reparations betrayal! Away with the locust plague of armaments! Out of your trench, Herr Wirth, and up to the allied attack!"

ALLIED MINISTERS REPORT Versailles Treaty Declared Not First Mortgage on Germany.

PARIS, March 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—The decisions reached by the allied finance ministers Saturday as to the distribution of the first billion marks of German reparations payments amounts to the attention of the allies' reparations commission in time for discussion at tomorrow's meeting.

The American claim for \$241,000,000, for the expenses of the army of occupation, has been referred by the finance ministers to their governments, which probably will lead to direct negotiations.

The claim regarding allied circles as on a par with the allied claims upon Germany, according to

high authorities. All idea of claiming that the treaty of Versailles constitutes a first mortgage upon Germany's facilities for payment has been rejected. What remains to be determined, it is stated, is whether the reparations commission is the proper collecting agent for the United States.

SCHEM OF WEALTH JAILED SON OF LATE JOHN F. DODGE HELD ON LIQUOR CHARGE.

Liberty Gained Under Bail After Night in Prison; Complaint Is Made by Girl.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., March 13.—John Duval Dodge, son of the late John F. Dodge, millionaire automobile manufacturer, was at liberty tonight under \$7000 cash bail, following his arraignment today on charges of driving an automobile while intoxicated and in company with a woman.

WHAT CONGRESS DID AS ITS DAYS' WORK. Senate. Four-power Pacific treaty is debated during entire day, Johnson and Borah speaking at length in opposition.

By unanimous consent, agreement is made to vote today at 4 o'clock on Robinson amendment exempting interested outside nations.

House. Army appropriation bill, reducing army to 115,000 men, 11-000 officers and carrying a total of \$275,000,000, reported.

Chairman Fordney informs steering committee that bonus bill will be introduced today.

Representative Frear makes public scathing answer to the letter written by Secretary Mellon.

Representative Blanton pleads for revocation of censure imposed by house, only to be told by Floor Leader that his crime was unrepeatable while.

Agricultural appropriation bill providing free seed is passed.

and of illegally transporting liquor. Hearing on both charges was set for Tuesday, March 21.

Dodge was released from the county jail late today after his attorney, Harry C. Howard, and Robert H. Everard, whom Dodge and his wife have been visiting here, had deposited the required bail.

Mrs. Dodge accompanied Howard and Everard to the court when bail was arraigned, but declined to comment on the midnight automobile ride that resulted in her husband's arrest Saturday night. She left the jail with her husband.

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SCHOOL BODY PROJECTED Parent-Teacher Association at Lincoln High Planned.

Possible organization of a Parent-Teachers' association at Lincoln high school will be discussed by committees representing parents and teachers within a few days.

Lincoln high school teachers, through a committee, informed parents at a general meeting at the Central library last week that the faculty declined to join a parent-teachers' branch because of its state and national association affiliation.

The teachers expressed willingness, however, to co-operate with parents through a new form of organization. It was voted to appoint representative committees to discuss the matter.

Mrs. George J. Perkins, parent-teacher leader, has appointed H. M. Tomlinson, deputy city attorney; R. M. C. Holman, county commissioner; and Mrs. B. B. Simmons as committee to represent the parents. T. T. Davis, principal of Lincoln high school, will announce his selection of a teachers' committee today.

FOUR DIE AFTER PARTY Family Found Gassed Amid Much Evidence of Moonshine.

CHICAGO, March 13.—A father and three children, the oldest a boy of 12 years, lay dead of gas today as the result of an alleged "moonshine" party in their home. The condition of the mother was critical.

A note, scrawled on a soiled piece of paper, found on the kitchen table amid overturned bottles of whiskey gave the cause of the tragedy. "I must go," read the message, believed to have been scribbled by the father before he turned on the gas. The dead are John Lipinski and his three children.

ALLIES ARE WORRIED BY MOSCOW NOTES Tone of Communication on Genoa Not Liked.

CONDITIONS ARE AT STAKE French Interpret Declarations as Meaning Soviet Envoys Will Make No Pledges.

PARIS, March 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—The allies are worried by the tone of the communications from Moscow with regard to the Genoa economic conference and views have been exchanged among the allied governments in the last few days as to the conditions under which the success of the deliberations of the Russian soviet representatives who there in the spirit indicated by two recent declarations of the soviet leaders.

These declarations have been interpreted in French circles as meaning that the Russian representatives will go with a determination to talk about anything they desire to, or take any part at all.

Whether Premier Poincare will be a member of the French delegation prepared to go to Genoa seems now very doubtful.

The absence of America has so reduced the possibilities of usefulness of the conference, according to the French viewpoint, that there now is almost no prospect of his going.

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TRICK SCENTED BY TROTSKY Serious Interventionist Activities Declared Threatened.

MOSCOW, March 12.—(By the Associated Press.)—Leon Trotsky, soviet minister of war, addressing an extraordinary session of the Moscow soviet conference, presented documentary, newspaper and circumstantial evidence designed to show threatening interventionist and counter-revolutionary activities against Russia this spring.

For perhaps the first time Trotsky included American capitalists with "Paris and London" as behind the curtain in schemes particularly in the Caucasus, where he said Bakou is the motive behind foreign capitalists, who, he declared, were backing ex-Grand Duke Nicholas.

Trotsky advised preparation of the red army.

Paris Conference March 23. LONDON, March 13.—(By the Associated Press.)—The conference of British, French and Italian foreign secretaries in Paris to discuss the programme of the Genoa conference, has been fixed for March 24, it was announced today.

An official statement also was given that the Italian government has accepted April 9 as a date for the opening of the Genoa gathering.

TODAY DECIDES TREATY (Continued From First Page.)

It would impose blanket obligations on the four powers and the league of nations covenant.

Senator Johnson's address of more than two hours was directed largely against the declaration of the treaty supporters that its chief benefit lay in the provision abrogating the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Establishment of a four-power group in the Pacific, Senator Borah declared, would court a recurrence of the situation which existed in Europe in 1914 through the conflicting interests of the triple entente.

"If that be the correct interpretation," he said, "it is nothing more than a re-statement of the old-established system of diplomatic groupings that has obtained for 3200 years."

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THE UNITED STATES MUST ENTER THE "NEW ALLIANCE," TO ESCAPE A THREAT OF DANGER BECAUSE OF THE OLD.

"The argument for this present surrender of our ancient policy of independent national action," continued the California senator, "is nothing in the end but that one word—danger. The Anglo-Japanese alliance, the gentlemen on the other side say, exposes us to danger; therefore, we have no choice. We must accept this treaty."

"I shall vote against this treaty because it is a betrayal of the spirit which made this country safe when it was feeble and has departed from it and our record in history will be that in striving to barter our heritage for safety we lost safety."

Statesmen Are Quoted. Mr. Johnson quoted many utterances of Japanese and British statesmen giving assurance that the Anglo-Japanese alliance never was directed against the United States and asserted if these solemn declarations were not to be believed, this government was following a foolish policy by establishing a partnership with powers which had deliberately deceived the American people.

The present conflict in the senate, asserted Senator Johnson, is not unlike that which was presented by the league of nations.

"For the second time," he said, "the senate is asking to change the foreign policy which has prevailed in the republic since we became a nation. The old familiar arguments ring out again and the statesmen who were wont today to accept what yesterday we rejected."

"From the beginning of the contest concerning the league of nations some of us have endeavored to make plain that our position was not one of aloofness or isolation for the United States. We never expect nor wish to live a hermit nation. I believe in consultations and conferences among the chief powers of the world. No leagues are required for this; no alliances; no engagements to devise efficient means to meet aggression; no treaties of the status quo in the biguous treaties, so that wronged peoples will be forever without redress."

Frankness Is Advocated. "Openness, frankness, the sunlight of publicity alone are required. To just this sort of thing we looked forward in the limitation of the armaments conference. The president has really thought, when he addressed the senate and presented the treaties, that the conference had been conducted in this fashion. He did not know all that transpired. He evidently was not aware that in all the minutes presented to the senate concerning the quadruple alliance. Indeed, there has never been greater secrecy concerning any document submitted in this fashion."

"It is true that two distinguished members of the senate were members of the conference and in view of their statements upon the floor that they know little or nothing concerning its making. The treaty is presented to the senate with no explanation and with a denial of any information."

Hughes' Explanation Doubted. In the course of the argument, Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, declared the circumstances surrounding the reservation attached to the treaty by Mr. Hughes when it was signed presented in his opinion the most conclusive proof that somebody else wrote the treaty."

"Mr. Hughes has stated," said Mr. Borah, "that he wrote this treaty. Why then didn't the idea come into Mr. Hughes' mind when he was writing the treaty to include the reservation that he mandated islands. To me it is the most conclusive proof that somebody else wrote the treaty."

This statement brought Senator Lodge immediately to his feet protesting against "an impeachment of Mr. Hughes' veracity."

Senator Borah greatly concerned about the veracity of Mr. Hughes or anybody else," replied Senator Borah. "I don't understand why Mr. Hughes wrote it, it was necessary for him to rewrite it at the same time."

Treaty Considered Alliance. Senator Borah, reading from the parliamentary debates on the measure which put Great Britain into the war, quoted Lord Grey to the effect that while the triple entente was not an alliance and while there was no treaty obligation to enter the war to aid France, there was a moral obligation because France, relying on the entente, had her navy in the Mediterranean and her north coast exposed to the German navy.

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LIQUOR SHIPS UNDER FIRE GOVERNMENT TO ACT AGAINST ATLANTIC RUM-RUNNERS.

Test Case Will Be Made of Craft Flying British Flag Which Transferred Cargo.

PORT PIERCE, Fla., March 12.—Telegraphic instructions have been forwarded for the department of justice to act on its information in connection with certain cases involving capture of alleged liquor smuggling ships beyond the three-mile limit of the American coast line. It was stated today by Attorney-General Daugherty while here with President Harding.

The instructions were understood to apply particularly to the case of the British schooner Grace and Ruby which was seized off Boston several weeks ago with a valuable cargo of liquor and which is now held in that port pending a disposition of the case.

United States District Attorney Harris was said to have been given complete charge for the government of this case, which, it is understood, will be used as a test case in determining procedure in the future.

The Grace and Ruby was seized off Boston after a shot was sent across her bows by the coast guard cutter Tampa. It is understood that while at sea she transferred liquor to a motorboat tender, which subsequently was seized inside the three-mile limit, and it was said here today that she was now being towed to the coast.

"Now you are creating a group in the Pacific consisting of four great powers. You are leaving outside China with her 400,000,000 and Russia with her 180,000,000 people, making up one-fourth of the human race. What do you think will happen?"

"If you agree to the 'moral obligation' which is now being put on your conference in the Pacific, we will assume that congress is free, that is, it is not bound to act. But when your representatives come back from the parliamentarian debates on the measure which put Great Britain into the war, quoted Lord Grey to the effect that while the triple entente was not an alliance and while there was no treaty obligation to enter the war to aid France, there was a moral obligation because France, relying on the entente, had her navy in the Mediterranean and her north coast exposed to the German navy."

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WOMEN! DYE THINGS NEW IN "DIAMOND DYES"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her worn, shabby dresses, blouses, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, drapery, hangings, everything, even if she has never dyed before. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is sure because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to spot, fade, streak, or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.—Adv.

TURN TO THE RIGHT COMING! It's Another Masterpiece by the Man Who Made "The Four Horsemen"

Red Fox SIGN OF SATISFACTION NOTHING "Just as Good"

HEADACHE POWDERS Safe & Sure "Try the Drug Store First"

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Hundreds of Millions Invested for You

DID you ever stop to think, as you munch the toast that comes crisp from the electric toaster on your breakfast table, of the huge investment of money, labor and invention that makes possible for you this typical comfort and convenience of modern living?

Start with the power stations. The hydro-electric and other power investments in the States of Washington and Oregon alone are more than \$248,525,000.00.

Then the electrical manufacturers. The perfected convenience and efficiency of the electrical equipment and appliances which contribute so much to the comfort of your household has been made possible only by a huge investment of capital on the part of the General Electric Company, the Edison Electric Appliance Company, and many others.

Complete stocks of these standard electrical materials and appliances are maintained by the Pacific States Electric Company in its warehouses in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Oakland, Seattle and Portland. This represents another large investment of capital by virtue of which