

# Morning Oregonian



VOL. LX—NO. 19,059

Entered at Portland, Oregon, Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1921

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## FRANCE ABANDONS BIG NAVY DEMAND

### U. S. Proposal of 175,000 Tons Accepted.

## BRIAND REPLIES TO HUGHES

### Submarine Next Issue to Go Before Parley.

## ITALY ALREADY IN LINE

### Some Frank Talking Done by American Secretary in Dealing With French Premier.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—Acceptance by France with reservations of the American proposal of 175,000 tons in capital ships each for France and Italy swept the arms conference forward tonight to its next major problem—the submarine issue. Italy already has accepted the 175,000-ton figure, conditioned only on its acceptance by France.

Formal announcement of French acceptance and details of French reservations apparently were reserved by the sub-committee of 13 for the full naval committee, called to meet Thursday. The sub-committee, however, published messages exchanged by Secretary Hughes and Premier Briand which led up to the action of the French delegation. The messages were read and discussed by the sub-committee, but the official communiqué disclosed no more than the texts of the cables.

Reservations Made Known. The premier's message showed that reservations attached to acceptance of the 175,000 capital ship tonnage had to do with "light cruisers, torpedo boats and submarines." This has served to bring the conference to a standstill until the submarine issue can be solved, when the five-power capital ship agreement will be completed automatically.

It is assumed that the full naval committee was called to lay out a programme for the discussion of submarines and anti-submarine craft, as the two are interwoven in French and British opinion.

This implies that the auxiliary craft elements of the American plan must be shaped into agreement before the conference committee can return to ratify the capital ship agreement.

Submarine Next Issue. A direct step toward bringing up the submarine issue in its first phase—the British proposal to abolish submarine warfare—was taken today. The British delegation asked that a treaty session be called to permit presentation of their case.

As such an open session Lord Lee of the British group will set out reasons why the British believe submarines should be banned. He will read a prepared statement, it is understood. But there are indications that even in that statement the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

That statement is called the British will show lack of conviction, that the conference will have the British view on submarines. It will, it was understood, set out also the secondary British proposal that if submarines are to be retained the tonnage allotments be cut far below the existing strength principle of the American proposals.

Mr. Hughes Deals Frankly. There is also a suggestion in British quarters that, should neither view prevail, the British would deem it necessary to seek radical increase in their allotments of anti-submarine craft as a measure of self-defense.

## GOVERNMENT CURBS RAILWAY DIRECTORS

### INTERSTATE COMMERCE BODY RESTRICTS ACTIVITIES.

## SNOW, POSSIBLY RAIN, DUE TODAY

### No Real Promise of Relief Yet Made.

## SCHOOLS AGAIN ARE CLOSED

### Raw East Wind Continues to Rake Portland.

## POWER IS INTERRUPTED

### Linemen Are Unable to Trace Trouble and Service Resumes By Itself.

## ARMS COIN TO BE ISSUED

### New Dollar Will Reflect Spirit of Limitation Conference.

## TRAGEDY OF NORTH AILED

### Weird Story of Eskimo Love and Murder is Told.

## UTAH TOWN AGAIN JOLTED

### 14 Distinct Earth Shocks Felt. Little Damage Done.

## \$1505 SAVED ON FLOUR

### Washington Department Gains by Delaying Purchase.

## EX-DRY AGENT SENTENCED

### Seven Years in Federal Prison and \$16,000 Fine Imposed.

### MILWAUKIE, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

### SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—Elsmore, a town in southern Utah, which was rocked by an earthquake in October, again suffered from the earth's movement today when 14 shocks between 3 A. M. and 9 A. M. were recorded. Little damage was done.

### LIMA, Peru, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The seismograph of the Lima Geographical society at 1:30 A. M. Sunday registered a violent earthquake at a point estimated to be about 530 kilometers from Lima, possibly in Calamarca, a northern department of Peru. The agitation lasted 45 minutes.

### OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 20.—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

### SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—Elsmore, a town in southern Utah, which was rocked by an earthquake in October, again suffered from the earth's movement today when 14 shocks between 3 A. M. and 9 A. M. were recorded. Little damage was done.

### LIMA, Peru, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The seismograph of the Lima Geographical society at 1:30 A. M. Sunday registered a violent earthquake at a point estimated to be about 530 kilometers from Lima, possibly in Calamarca, a northern department of Peru. The agitation lasted 45 minutes.

### OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 20.—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

## ANTI-PURSE SEINING LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

### MADE BY JUDGE OF MARSHFIELD.

## HARDING AND ENVOYS DIFFER ABOUT JAPAN

### Question Regards Including Principal Islands of Empire in 4-Power Pacific Pact.

## DAIL IS EXPECTED FINALLY TO AGREE

### Treaty Approval Unlikely Before Tomorrow.

## SENATE HEARING ENDS ON CUBA SUGAR DUTY

### LOUISIANA PRODUCERS ASK 2.5 CENTS LEVY.

## FAIR SEEMS TO BE UP TO CAR OWNERS

### Gasoline Tax Apparently Is Only Hope.

## OTHER PROPOSALS COMBATED

### Property and Income Levy Plans About Given Up.

## UPSTATE MEMBERS FIRM

### Day at Statehouse Spent Largely in Conferences Ament Fair, but Little Is Accomplished.

### STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Dec. 20.—(Special.)—This is the last proposition there is to submit for consideration. Consider it as an emergency. Will we yield or have no fair?

### This question was shot at the members of the joint roads and highways committee late this afternoon. The committee has not yet given an answer.

### The "last proposition" is to have the gasoline consumers of Oregon contribute \$200,000 for financing the 1925 exposition. The plan, in brief, is to increase the tax on gasoline from 2 to 3 cents a gallon and from the revenues so produced set aside \$1,000,000 a year for three years.

### While the state highway committee did not have this programme suggested to it until after 4 o'clock and had no time for discussion, R. A. Booth, chairman, expressing his individual opinion, said he did not consider the proposition economically sound.

### Eventual Gain Promised. This contemplated gasoline tax was said to involve robbing the highway fund for a year or two, but that with the 3-cent tax a permanent charge, the highway department in the long run would be greatly benefited.

### From early morning until late tonight the 1925 exposition finance programme had been the subject of continuous conferences. The gasoline tax proposal was not sponsored by the fair committee formally until this afternoon. The fair committee from Portland repeatedly changed its programme and finally abandoned the joint hearing of house and senate which had been arranged.

### While the fair committee was trying to whip its ideas into shape the legislators were restless, marking time doing almost nothing. The press of the state printer broke down and there were no printed bills available. This added to the irritation of the members milling around waiting for something to do. Murmurs were heard and Speaker Bean was informed by several representatives that unless the fair programme was pushed they would move for sine die adjournment and not come back.

### Fair Finance Problem. As the situation appeared tonight, the bloc of 35 house members against the nature of the proposed state income tax has as much opposition as the property tax; a poll tax would not carry by the people, it is believed. Thus the financing problem sums down to gasoline or, possibly, getting odds and ends of various appropriations.

### Secretary of State Koser has been browsing around and has found some places where money can be secured, such as the appropriation for the Northwest Tourist association, a bit of the educational millage tax, possibly, and a few things like that.

### No member of the legislature is yet committed to the increased gasoline tax. There is still the state highway commission to be considered, for the legislature is not likely to overrule it.

### (Concluded on Page 4, Column 1.)

## SNOW, POSSIBLY RAIN, DUE TODAY

### No Real Promise of Relief Yet Made.

## SCHOOLS AGAIN ARE CLOSED

### Raw East Wind Continues to Rake Portland.

## POWER IS INTERRUPTED

### Linemen Are Unable to Trace Trouble and Service Resumes By Itself.

## ARMS COIN TO BE ISSUED

### New Dollar Will Reflect Spirit of Limitation Conference.

## TRAGEDY OF NORTH AILED

### Weird Story of Eskimo Love and Murder is Told.

## UTAH TOWN AGAIN JOLTED

### 14 Distinct Earth Shocks Felt. Little Damage Done.

## \$1505 SAVED ON FLOUR

### Washington Department Gains by Delaying Purchase.

## EX-DRY AGENT SENTENCED

### Seven Years in Federal Prison and \$16,000 Fine Imposed.

### MILWAUKIE, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

### SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—Elsmore, a town in southern Utah, which was rocked by an earthquake in October, again suffered from the earth's movement today when 14 shocks between 3 A. M. and 9 A. M. were recorded. Little damage was done.

### LIMA, Peru, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The seismograph of the Lima Geographical society at 1:30 A. M. Sunday registered a violent earthquake at a point estimated to be about 530 kilometers from Lima, possibly in Calamarca, a northern department of Peru. The agitation lasted 45 minutes.

### OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 20.—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

### SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—Elsmore, a town in southern Utah, which was rocked by an earthquake in October, again suffered from the earth's movement today when 14 shocks between 3 A. M. and 9 A. M. were recorded. Little damage was done.

### LIMA, Peru, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The seismograph of the Lima Geographical society at 1:30 A. M. Sunday registered a violent earthquake at a point estimated to be about 530 kilometers from Lima, possibly in Calamarca, a northern department of Peru. The agitation lasted 45 minutes.

### OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 20.—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The arms conference will be reflected in a new series of silver dollars minting of which will be started immediately. The design of the new dollars was approved by President Harding today, following approval by the fine arts commission. Director Baker said that about 700,000 of the new dollars would be struck in the next few days.

### EDMONTON, Alberta, Dec. 20.—A weird story of Eskimo love and murder was brought in by messenger today from the icy region of Wager Bay, 30 miles east of the Hudson Bay trading post, nearly five months after the quintuple tragedy occurred.

### SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 20.—Elsmore, a town in southern Utah, which was rocked by an earthquake in October, again suffered from the earth's movement today when 14 shocks between 3 A. M. and 9 A. M. were recorded. Little damage was done.

### LIMA, Peru, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The seismograph of the Lima Geographical society at 1:30 A. M. Sunday registered a violent earthquake at a point estimated to be about 530 kilometers from Lima, possibly in Calamarca, a northern department of Peru. The agitation lasted 45 minutes.

### OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 20.—The state department of business control today awarded contracts for 2345 barrels of flour to be used in the state penal institutions and asylums at an average price of \$5.33 a barrel.

## ANTI-PURSE SEINING LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

### MADE BY JUDGE OF MARSHFIELD.

## HARDING AND ENVOYS DIFFER ABOUT JAPAN

### Question Regards Including Principal Islands of Empire in 4-Power Pacific Pact.

## DAIL IS EXPECTED FINALLY TO AGREE

### Treaty Approval Unlikely Before Tomorrow.

## SENATE HEARING ENDS ON CUBA SUGAR DUTY

### LOUISIANA PRODUCERS ASK 2.5 CENTS LEVY.

## FAIR SEEMS TO BE UP TO CAR OWNERS

### Gasoline Tax Apparently Is Only Hope.

## OTHER PROPOSALS COMBATED

### Property and Income Levy Plans About Given Up.

## UPSTATE MEMBERS FIRM

### Day at Statehouse Spent Largely in Conferences Ament Fair, but Little Is Accomplished.

### STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Dec. 20.—(Special.)—This is the last proposition there is to submit for consideration. Consider it as an emergency. Will we yield or have no fair?

### This question was shot at the members of the joint roads and highways committee late this afternoon. The committee has not yet given an answer.

### The "last proposition" is to have the gasoline consumers of Oregon contribute \$200,000 for financing the 1925 exposition. The plan, in brief, is to increase the tax on gasoline from 2 to 3 cents a gallon and from the revenues so produced set aside \$1,000,000 a year for three years.

### While the state highway committee did not have this programme suggested to it until after 4 o'clock and had no time for discussion, R. A. Booth, chairman, expressing his individual opinion, said he did not consider the proposition economically sound.

### Eventual Gain Promised. This contemplated gasoline tax was said to involve robbing the highway fund for a year or two, but that with the 3-cent tax a permanent charge, the highway department in the long run would be greatly benefited.

### From early morning until late tonight the 1925 exposition finance programme had been the subject of continuous conferences. The gasoline tax proposal was not sponsored by the fair committee formally until this afternoon. The fair committee from Portland repeatedly changed its programme and finally abandoned the joint hearing of house and senate which had been arranged.

### While the fair committee was trying to whip its ideas into shape the legislators were restless, marking time doing almost nothing. The press of the state printer broke down and there were no printed bills available. This added to the irritation of the members milling around waiting for something to do. Murmurs were heard and Speaker Bean was informed by several representatives that unless the fair programme was pushed they would move for sine die adjournment and not come back.

### Fair Finance Problem. As the situation appeared tonight, the bloc of 35 house members against the nature of the proposed state income tax has as much opposition as the property tax; a poll tax would not carry by the people, it is believed. Thus the financing problem sums down to gasoline or, possibly, getting odds and ends of various appropriations.

### Secretary of State Koser has been browsing around and has found some places where money can be secured, such as the appropriation for the Northwest Tourist association, a bit of the educational millage tax, possibly, and a few things like that.

### No member of the legislature is yet committed to the increased gasoline tax. There is still the state highway commission to be considered, for the legislature is not likely to overrule it.

### (Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

### WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—A difference in view as to the application of the new four-power Pacific treaty has arisen between President Harding and the American arms delegates, but the president announced in a statement tonight that it would not be permitted to embarrass the work of the conference.

### In the president's personal opinion, as outlined today to newspaper men, the principal islands of the Japanese empire are not to be regarded as included among insular territories to which the treaty applies.

### The American delegation, on the other hand, agreed with the representatives of the other powers before the treaty was signed that the principal islands of the Japanese empire were to be covered under the agreement along with all the other Pacific islands under the sovereignty of the United States, Great Britain, France and Japan.

### In his statement, issued after a two-hour conference with Senator Lodge and Underwood of the American delegation, the president said he had "no objection" to the interpretation agreed to by this government's plenipotentiaries, but assumed that the spirit of the conference contemplated respect for territory in every way that would promote peace.

### The president's original announcement of his views created a stir among all delegates, and although none was willing openly to take issue with him, there were intimations that such an interpretation of the treaty which have been caught beyond its bounds in the Pacific ocean by means of purse seines. Congress has no law abridging this power. Therefore the demurrer to the amended complaint should be sustained.

### Section 2 of the law makes it unlawful for any person to possess, purchase or sell in the state of Oregon any fish caught by purse seines.

### The court decision regarding it says that: "Until congress acts under the interstate commerce laws, the state may properly regulate or prohibit the importation of salmon into the state, which have been caught beyond its boundaries in the Pacific ocean by means of purse seines. Congress has no law abridging this power. Therefore the demurrer to the amended complaint should be sustained."

### (Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

## DAIL IS EXPECTED FINALLY TO AGREE

### Treaty Approval Unlikely Before Tomorrow.

## GRIFFITH AND VALERA CLASH

### Pact Foes Promise to Submit Issue to Election.

## DEBATE IS HOT ONE

### All Ireland Is on Edge While Waiting for Verdict—Keeping People in Suspense Opposed.

### DUBLIN, Dec. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—After today's session of the Dail Eireann, it was clear that a decision on the treaty would not be taken before Thursday afternoon at the earliest; some members, among them Michael Collins, were even of the opinion that adjournment over the holidays might be necessary.

### Arthur Griffith, head of the plenipotentiaries, and Eamon de Valera, who is strongly opposing the treaty, are agreed, however, that a suspense would be bad for the country. As a matter of fact, judging by the attitude in Dublin, the whole country is fairly sick with uncertainty and anxiety.

### It was made evident today that the Dail Eireann will tolerate no form of closure. Twenty additional members, the speaker announced, have sent in their names to be heard.

### Ratification More Likely. Observers were of the opinion that the prospects of ratification have improved. One speaker sharply criticized the attitude of some of the members, suggesting that though they would vote against the treaty they really hoped it would be approved. This tended to confirm reports that several deputies, though unwilling to expose the country to the consequences of rejection, wish to maintain their personal position as true republicans.

### The main force of the attack on them was based on the argument that "even De Valera has abandoned the idea of a republic and framed an oath recognizing the king as head of the community of nations with which Ireland is to be associated."

### Speech Is Exciting One. The most exciting speech today was that of Dr. Patrick McCartan, who condemned everybody impartially and declared emphatically that the republic had been abandoned in Dublin before the delegates crossed to London. He evoked applause by expressing preference for Griffith and Co. who, he said, did their best over the "quibblers" among whom he included De Valera.

### Dr. McCartan denounced the whole Dail cabinet, saying they all went into the boat of British imperialism. He was an uncompromising republican, recognizing kings as out of date and he objected to any association with the British empire.