LEGISLATION DELAY IS LAID TO OLD MEN

Tax Bill Trouble Attributed to Penrose's Ill Health.

YOUNG MAN HELD NEEDED

Sullivan Suggests That Senators Who Are Valuable Be Retained in Advisory Capacity.

BY MARK SULLIVAN.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—(Special.)—Most of the trouble about the tax bill goes straight back to the state of health of the chairman of the senate committee which has charge of the framing of that bill, namely Penrose of Pennsylvania.

It is gross mismanagement to attempt to utilize Senator Penrose's depleted vitality by making him act as a chairman of the senate finance committee, which position involves sitting in a stuffy room and listening by the hour and by the day to arguments from long-winded attorneys on minute aspects of sections of the tax bill dealing with cigarettes or soda water.

That is not the sort of thing that a man in Senator Penrose's state of health is best adapted to and it is unjust both to him and to the public to condemn him to it.

Penrose Understands Taxation.

It is not surprising if, at the end of a long period of such experiences, a man even in the best of health should not be able to deal adequately in broad principles or listen with sufficient durability to varying points of view.

Senator Penrose ought to be saved for a different and bigger thing. He understands sound principles of taxation. No one understands them better. If he could receive repose and leisure and freedom from the harassing conditions attendant on the chairmanship of the finance committee, he could lay down the outlines of a good tax measure as well as any man in the state, but his time and his vitality have been consumed with petty details, and the result is a makeshift measure for the present, coupled with the announcement that the senate will wait another year before doing away with the war-time tax measures and writing a peacetime one.

What is true of Senator Penrose is also true of the chairmen of practically all the important senate committees.

All Are Declared Old Men.

They are all old men. Their average age is about 70. This age is an advantage for wisdom, but a disadvantage for quick action. Nevertheless, what the senate insists on doing with its old men is to make them chairmen of important committees, where they have to stand up under the burdensome, harrowing work which could better be done by younger men.

The older senators ought to be saved for better work than that. There ought to be some such institution as "chairman emeritus" of each committee. These elderly senators are among the most valuable men in the body but their value lies obviously in the years and experience which gave them wisdom and does not lie in their capacity for the drear details of committee chairmanships.

In this situation lies most of the explanations of the present dilatoriness of confreres as respects taxation, the tariff and everything else.

Public Angry About It.

Everybody knows that the public is angry about it. Every republican leader who is not among those responsible for it admits the condition and exhausts the vocabulary of explosive irritation in giving his opinion of it.

The trouble is that the fraternity of politicians results in a sealing of lips. Privately, they will admit it all and admit also their fear of the consequences but publicly they won't do anything that will hurt anybody's feelings.

Properly seen, it ought not to hurt the feelings of a senator to be retired as chairman of a committee. It is not to be presumed that it hurt the feelings of President Eliot of Harvard when, at the age of 70 or thereabouts, he was elevated from the position of president of Harvard to that of president emeritus. Undoubtedly his tenure of life and his usefulness were increased by his release from administrative details which neither called for wisdom nor conferred distinction.

Maximum Benefit Given.

In his new position he could give the world the maximum benefit of his wisdom and experience. That is the way the senate chairmanship ought to be looked at.

No change in the present congressional situation is in sight. Everybody points to leadership by President Harding as the only solution. The specific suggestion has been made that President Harding should have at the White House once or twice a week a meeting similar to his cabinet meetings which should include the steering committees of the senate and the house.

Probably some senators would resist that as unconstitutional in spirit. Senator LaFollette, who is a member of the steering committee of the senate, would probably refuse to attend and Senator Borah might conceivably say that such an institution would be inconsistent with constitutional separation between the executive and legislative branches of the government.

But the great bulk of the republicans, alarmed at the probable consequences of the present condition, would welcome such a remedy.

BRUMFIELD GETS REST

(Continued From First Page.)

forth rapping for order by the bailiffs.

T. J. Medley, Oakland farmer, was rejected as a tentative juror on a challenge of the defense on grounds of actual bias. John O. Lystul of Glendale was also rejected. He admitted that he had been one of District Attorney Neuner's clients.

Dentist Gets Kindling Wood.

After court had been adjourned Dr. Brumfield talked with Mr. Rice and A. N. Orcutt, his attorneys, for several minutes. He then joined his guards for the trip back to the jail.

"Sorry I kept you waiting, boys," he remarked on the way.

On entering the jail Dr. Brumfield scooped up an armful of kindling wood and carried it to his quarters.

"I guess I'll take a supply of kindling with me now for this afternoon," he said.

Mrs. Brumfield, accompanied by her friend, Miss Vernita Ellensburg, went on a shopping tour shortly after lunch. In the sample rooms for traveling salesmen in the basement of the Umpqua hotel she looked over some dresses and furs, but did not make any purchases.

When court opened at 9 o'clock this morning, only a dozen spectators were present, but the audience grew steadily during the day. The preliminary action of the trial seems to interest only court room "fans" who have their counterpart in the baseball enthusiasts who stand up through the cold hours of early dawn waiting to buy tickets for the world's series. Talk about the streets of Roseburg, however, shows that all available court room space will be at a premium when witnesses begin to testify.

Crowds Watch Brumfield.

An interested crowd lines up near the jail each time Dr. Brumfield is scheduled to make a trip to or from the courtroom. This audience melts away as soon as the alleged murderer has passed by and evidently does not care to sit in the courtroom at this stage of the trial.

The speed at which the trial is moving has brought a great deal of favorable comment from Roseburg citizens. Judge Bingham has been praised highly for his methods of conducting the hearing, which is declared by attorneys to be making rapid progress.

The general prediction of those in touch with the case is that the final jury will be ready Monday. The prosecution is expected to take three or four days to present their side of the case, and the defense about three days. About a day and a half are allowed for final argument, and then the last act of one of Oregon's most sensational murder mysteries will be written by the 12 gentlemen of the jury.

WHAT CONGRESS DID YESTERDAY AS ITS DAY'S WORK.

Senate.

Republican leaders, after an all-day conference, predict compromise will soon be reached by which a super-income tax of 50 per cent will be levied on large incomes.

Democrats criticise Senator Penrose's announcement that pending tax measure is but temporary.

Senator Colt, republican, Rhode Island, attacks Panama canal tolls repeal bill and Senator Calder, republican, New York, defends it.

Sales tax bill attacked by Senator Lenroot and supported by Senator Smoot.

House.

House not in session. Treasury Secretary Mellon opens fight before ways and means committee for authority to refund or convert country's foreign loans of more than ten billion dollars.

HOSPITAL IS PROJECTED

(Continued From First Page.)

of the Kimball School of Theology, reported that 60 students had enrolled this year. This is practically double previous matriculations. The entrance requirements have been raised and the general condition of the school was reported to be improved.

In the afternoon the executive committee went into closed session and it was understood that matters pertaining to a number of withdrawals occupied the attention of the members.

Idaho Man May Come Here.

Rev. Charles MacCaughey, superintendent of the Moscow, Idaho, district of the Methodist church, was present at the session today, and Bishop Shepard made the announcement that he probably would be named as pastor of the Centenary-Wilbur church when the appointments are read later in the conference. It was reported that an agreement had been reached on this matter Tuesday night between the bishop and prominent members of the church.

Dr. MacCaughey entered the Columbia river conference in 1903 and was made superintendent of the Moscow district in 1917. He came into public notice in 1916, when he cleaned up the saloon element in Sandpoint, Idaho, while pastor of the Methodist church there.

Acceptance Is Assured.

The church has been assured that he would accept the appointment for a long term, which will enable him to carry out the social service programme outlined by the members of the church.

Consideration of the advisability of transferring The Dalles district from the Columbia river conference to the Oregon conference was under way yesterday afternoon following the arrival of a commission from the Columbia section. The Dalles district includes all the Methodist churches in eastern Oregon east of the Multnomah county line and several leading southern Washington cities, such as Goldendale and White Salmon.

If the transfer is effected it will mean that 30 more churches will have their headquarters in Portland and that all business transacted by them will come through this city. The Dalles district is said to favor the transfer to the Oregon conference, but the Columbia river conference objects to losing the large number of attractive appointments the district holds.

Officers Are Elected.

It is probable that a compromise will be effected whereby the district will be transferred with the exception of the churches in Umatilla county. At the termination of the session between the two committees it will be announced whether the transfer will be made.

New officers of the conference were elected yesterday, with Bishop Shepard presiding. J. C. Spencer of Albany was elected secretary, Henry T. Atkinson of Portland treasurer, and T. D. Yarns of Springfield, statistical secretary.

The routine work of the session was well under way with the several committees practically ready to submit their annual reports. Until these reports are submitted exact figures of the year's activities can not be had.

One important movement reported by the church during the year is the restoration of abandoned country churches in the form of the old circuit system. Ministers are to be appointed to ride the circuits as in early days and it was said that a considerable number of abandoned churches are being opened again in this way.

Rev. William Wallace Youngson, superintendent of the Portland district of the Methodist Episcopal church, would neither confirm nor deny the report that a large Methodist hospital would be built in Portland when reached over the telephone late last night. Bishop Shepard could not be reached at any time during the evening to comment on the plans which came to light yesterday.

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Sample each (Soap, Ointment, Talcum) of Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass. Sold everywhere.

JAPANESE WATCH U. S. WAR FORCES

Mikado's Army and Navy Are Pronounced Efficient.

OFFICERS WELL TRAINED

Secret Operatives Declared to Be Posted on American Plans Regarding Pacific.

BY LOUIS SEIBOLD.

(Copyright by the New York Herald. Published by Arrangement.)

TOKIO, Oct. 6.—(Special.)—No details of the plans of the United States for protecting its interests are permitted to escape the vigilantly intelligent eye of the mikado's government. The best-trained students of military affairs and observers thoroughly coached in the subtle and elusive methods of the most efficient secret police in the world have noted with meticulous exactness every step taken by the United States to prepare for any eventuality that may develop from the sensitive conditions that prevail on the Asiatic mainland, in Japan or in the waters surrounding the islands fringing the equator and dominated by the national influences of Great Britain, the United States, Japan, France, the Netherlands, Australia and New Zealand.

There is a very well-defined conviction here at the Japanese capital that the archives of the foreign office and the navy and war departments—particularly the former—contain complete and accurate information regarding the actual and potential military plans of the United States. There is the further impression that every move, publicly announced or carefully guarded, made by the United States, Great Britain and France has been minutely analyzed and compared with relative Japanese features in order to disclose to the mikado's advisers the strong and weak spots in his imperial military machine.

Japan Dominates Islands.

In this respect Japan enjoys, to some extent, the same advantage that favors the United States in the Atlantic. This is due to the similarity of ocean topography in that, with the exception of Hawaii and the Panama canal, most of the islands in the Pacific fringe the territory directly controlled or administered by Japan, just as the Atlantic islands are distributed almost within the shadow of the North American continent.

Military experts of other nations staitoned at Tokio express the opinion that the Japanese government has not been slow in appreciating whatever advantage may accrue from this similarity of territory. These observers, whose information is much more conclusive than is possible for the casual observer, assert that the Japanese government has proceeded to equip the island of Nippon and its island establishments in pretty much the same manner as the United States fortified the Panama canal, Porto Rico, the newly acquired Virgin islands and Culebra in the Atlantic. The greatest importance is apparently attached by the Japanese naval authorities to the plais of the United States for adding to the fortification of the Panama canal and of the Hwaii and the Philippines, to say nothing of provision which Japan believes has been made for increasing the defensive power of the islands of Guam, Yap and the Baker group.

American Plans Learned.

Coincident with the announcement by the American naval establishment that it proposed to transfer its major sea forces from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the Tokio experts were informed that the American government had definitely adopted plans for expanding the fortifications on the island of Oahu, the principal unit of the Hawaiian group, upon which Honolulu is situated.

The Japanese naval authorities have accepted as wholly accurate the reports that Oahu is to become the chief base of operations for the American navy in the Pacific. They not only believe it, but are credited with having developed their own plans to increase to the maximum extent the military possibilities of the Pary group and the Ladrones, which occupy relatively the same position to the Asiatic mainland as the Hawaiian islands do to the western coast of the United States.

Suspicions Held Justified.

If anything were needed to justify the suspicion of the Japanese people that the United States proposed to exercise a larger influence in the problems of the Pacific growing out of the illegal confiscation of Asiatic territory by Japan, the complications resulting from the dispute over race equality and the limitation of armaments in Far Eastern regions, would be provided by the determination of the American government to concentrate a real fleet of capital fighting ships, with all necessary auxiliaries, in Asiatic waters.

The statement made by President Harding and Secretary of the Navy Denby that the United States proposed to increase its naval representation in the Pacific caused most of the Japanese politicians to "sit up." They construed the statements of the American officials and the plan to assemble its most formidable fighting sea craft as wholly inimical to the imperialistic expansion of Japanese plans in Asia and the Pacific. According to information that appears to be absolutely reliable, the Japanese government immediately moved to prepare itself for any contingencies that might develop from the situation thus provoked.

Japan Is Surprised.

Japan was swept off its feet by the tremendous movement that grew out of the disarmament project in favor of an entire readjustment of political conditions in the Pacific which would take from her control dominance over weaker peoples and throw her back on her own already overcrowded island home to engage in an economic war that would be a losing one from the start.

The failure of the mikado's government to discredit the Monroe doctrine by effecting alliances with Mexico and other Latin American republics was keenly disappointing to the manipulators of that project. It was hoped that by making agreements based upon military and economic considerations Japan might be able to build up a machine in the American republics that would nullify the value and potential effectiveness of the Panama canal to the United States.

Trade Treaties Success.

With the exception of Chile and Paraguay, Japan has been able to negotiate only the most ordinary trade agreements with the South American republics, and her technical advisers have practically given up hope of impairing the value of the Panama canal to the government that controls, operates and is preparing to increase both its offensive and defensive power.

Thrown back on her own resources in the western Pacific and Asiatic mainland, for which she is obviously determined to fight, the mikado's government is credited with having projected the most practical scheme of resisting American aggressions in the line of readjustment of political conditions in this section of the world. Consequently no details of the definite and orderly processes contemplated by the United States in this direction are permitted to escape the eye of the highly capable Japanese statesmen and technical experts.

Nipponese Navy Good.

The Japanese navy has always been kept at a very high degree of efficiency and the successes won by it unmistakably establish the intelligence with which it has been directed. There is little question but that it would give a very good account of itself, even though it were defeated in battle.

The Japanese army is already the largest in the world and information obtainable regarding the future plans for it do not indicate any impending decrease to meet the popular demand for disarmament in other parts of the world. The mikado's government maintains a standing army of 600,000 of the best trained fighters in the world. They are distributed throughout Shantung, Manchuria, Mongolia and Siberia, with, of course, the largest unit kept at home. Military experts of other countries who have kept a close eye upon the operations of the Japanese army in the far east concede its supremacy in the matter of equipment and availability for immediate use over the land forces of any other country.

Army Is Efficient.

It is splendidly officered and the various branches of it are admitted to have been systematically kept up to a very high degree of efficiency. An adequate system of transports is also maintained, so that if the mikado's government decides to move to the fortifications of the islands naturally acquired by it, or turned over under mandate of the league of nations, a very formidable land force could be diverted to such service.

Impartial military experts are confident, however, that the principal use that would be made of the Japanese land forces would be in resisting the foreign invasion of territory on the Asiatic mainland, particularly in Shantung, Corea and Manchuria. The adequate fortification of it has unquestionably been anticipated. A call to arms from Nippon would not only make immediately available a standing army of 600,000 but within a few weeks the reserves that would bring it up to a war footing of 1,500,000, with auxiliary reserves that it is estimated would produce an army of 3,000,000 within a period of ten months.

INDUSTRIES SHOW GAINS

OUTPUT OF WASHINGTON STATE INCREASED.

Manufacturing Business Developed Rapidly in Period From 1914 to 1919, Reports Census.

THE OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—All cities in Washington state show a gain both in the number of manufacturing industries and in the value of output from 1914 to 1919, according to a report of the census bureau made public here. Seattle had 1229 establishments in 1919 against 1014 five years before, and in the same period the annual payroll increased from $13,624,000 to $76,458,000 while manufactured products increased from $37,770,000 to $149,650,000.

Spokane had 365 establishments in 1919 as compared with 275 in 1914 and an increase in payroll in the same period from $3,617,000 to $8,073,000 with a gain in manufactured products from $16,636,000 to $42,445,000. Other Washington cities are reported as follows:

Tacoma—Establishments in 1919, 348, as against 339 in 1914; payroll gain same period $6,311,000 to $17,602,000, and value of produts increased from $27,708,000 to $103,172,000.

Vancouver—Establishments increased from 28 to 39; payroll from $344,000 to $8,009,000, and value of products from $1,301,000 to $21,252,000.

Hoquiam — Establishments increased from 35 to 38; payroll from $1,421,000 to $3,721,000, and value of products from $5,009,000 to $11,872,000.

Walla Walla—Establishments increased from 47 to 69, payroll from $368,000 to $726,000, and value of products from $2,015,000 to $4,323,000.

Yakima—Establishments increased from 42 to 77; payroll from $511,000 to $1,820,000, and value of products from $1,937,000 to $5,767,000.

Aberdeen — Establishments increased from 60 to 72; payroll from $1,427,000 to $3,195,000; value of products from $4,815,000 to $15,758,000.

New Jeweler at Aberdeen.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Oct. 6.—(Special.)—L. S. Vincent, for the past five years with Jaeger Brothers of Portland, has taken over active management of the Thomas jewelry store here, and will conduct the business. Thomas J. Thomas, formerly manager, will remain with the firm.

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FIGHT FOR STATION ON

BOTH TACOMA AND SEATTLE AFTER AIR BASE.

Representatives Miller and Johnson to Clash Over Question at Naval Meeting Today.

THE OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Oct. 6.—Representatives Miller of the Seattle, Wash., district, and Johnson, representing the Tacoma district, will clash tomorrow before the house naval affairs committee over the question of whether the proposed naval aviation station in western Washington should be at Sand Point, near Seattle, or Camp Lewis, near Tacoma.

The general board of the navy, after a trip of investigation, reported to congress last December in favor of Sand Point, but congress ignored this proposal along with all other new Pacific coast naval plans. Representative Miller then introduced a special bill providing for the establishment of the base at Sand Point, but to the surprise of the friends of the Sand Point proposal, when a hearing was held on the bill, naval officials expressed doubt as to the practicability of the plan.

Admiral Coontz cast a cloud over the measure by saying that he could see need for further investigation, indicating some preference for Camp Lewis. This gave much encouragement to civic leaders in Tacoma to make the fight for Camp Lewis. It was intimated that Admiral Parks, who signed the original report favoring Sand Point, and who has just returned from the west coast, may not stand by his original recommendation. Should he turn on his earlier report, the result is likely to be the establishment of both a lighter-than-air and a heavier-than-air aviation station at Camp Lewis within a short time.

County Taxes $999,476.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Oct. 6.—(Special.)—The total amount of money to be raised by direct taxation in Grays Harbor county, exclusive of schools, as fixed in the budget completed yesterday by the county commissioners, was $876,576. The cuts effected by the commissioners totaled $68,250, the largest being elimination of $55,000 asked by Oakhurst sanitarium for permanent improvements to that institution. A total of $122,850, or $10 each for all school children in the county, was allowed for the school fund, which brought the total amount to be raised by direct taxation to $999,426.

S. & H. Green Stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., coal and wood. Main 353; 560-21.—Adv.

Phone your want ads to The Oregonian. Main 7070. Automatic 560-95.

A Correction

Through error we advertised an "all-wool" Blanket for Friday's sale at Half Price. The ad should have read "wool-mixed," but the price is correct, as one-half of original selling price. They are wonderful values at

$5.25 —Pair—

Roberts Bros. THIRD & MORRISON

Cherry's give Credit

Here's the most in frocks for the price!

(Specially collected and priced)

Smarter Fall Frocks

Canton Crepe — Crepe Satin Tricotine

$29.50 - $37.50

All type frocks are represented in this collection — every new style with touches of beads, embroidery and other charming adornments.

Here Are Greater Values Than the Prices Imply

In the Styles and Colorings That Fashion Approves.

Fall and Winter Coats $37.50 and Up.

Now in our New Daylight Location, occupying the entire second floor at Park and Morrison. Entrance 349 Morrison.

100 "Gage" TRIMMED HATS

$10.00

Friday and Saturday Only

Just in by Express

Better Quality—Better Style—Better Price

Every hat has its own individuality.

These hats made by Gage—one of the best makers in this country—need no introduction.

There is not one hat in this lot that should sell at this extremely low figure. That means they are worth much more.

Hats of Lyons velvet, panne and hatters' plush—trimmed with beads, jets and ostrich.

We Advise Early Shopping

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The sweetest day of the Year! When?

A Good Physic.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle in effect, easy to take and certain to act, take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are excellent.—Adv.

Yeast Vitamon Tablets Give Firm Flesh "Pep" That Makes Men Win

Increase Energy and Clear the Skin—Easy and Economical to Take—Results Quick.

To at once increase energy and put on firm "stay-there" flesh, thousands of thin, nervous, run-down folks have turned to the new tablet form of true yeast-vitamines known to druggists as Mastin's VITAMON. This supplies a proper dose of all three vitamines (A, B and C) and is so highly concentrated that results are quick and wonderful.

Nine out of every ten people working inside most of the time fail to get enough oxygen into their lungs or enough health-building nourishment from their foods, and as a result they become thin, sunken-cheeked, hollow-chested, run-down and underweight. Such folks will find this simple test well worth trying: First weigh yourself and measure yourself. Next take Mastin's VITAMON—two tablets with every meal. Then weigh and measure yourself again each week and continue taking Mastin's VITAMON regularly until you are satisfied with your gain in weight and energy.

Mastin's VITAMON Tablets mix with your food, help it to digest and provide the health-giving, strength-building nourishment that your body must have to make firm tissue, strong nerves, rich blood and a keen, active brain. They will not upset the stomach or cause that bloated feeling, but, on the contrary, are a great aid in overcoming indigestion or chronic constipation. Pimples, boils and skin eruptions seem to vanish as if by magic, leaving the complexion clear and beautiful. Mastin's VITAMON Tablets are easy and economical to take and they keep indefinitely. So remarkable are the benefits from these highly concentrated tablets that entire satisfaction is absolutely guaranteed or the small amount you pay for the trial will be promptly refunded. Be sure to remember the name—Mastin's VI-TA-MON—the original and genuine yeast-vitamine tablet. There is nothing else like it, so do not accept imitations or substitutes. You can get Mastin's VITAMON Tablets at all good druggists, such as The Owl Drug Co.

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Are the Strong, Vigorous, Well-built Fellows—The Ones With Plenty of Firm Flesh, "Pep" Such As Comes From Taking Mastin's Yeast Vitamon Tablets. Try Them Yourself And Watch the Truly Amazing Results.

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