BIGAMY DEFENDANT HELD FOR PERJURY

"Love Nest" Proprietor Said to Have Lied for License.

OTHER VICTIMS SOUGHT

Clinton R. Miller Believed to Have Deceived Score of Women in Various Parts of Country.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 25.—(Special.)—A charge of perjury today was added to the charge of bigamy under which Clinton R. Miller, inventor and globe-trotter and principal in the "love nest" exposure, is held without bail in the county jail. Miller, according to testimony of policewomen and one of his wives, for three months has lived with his two latest brides at 6805 Hamilton avenue, this city.

The perjury charge against Miller, who, the police believe, has maintained "love nests" in different cities of the country at divers times, was made by Chief of Detectives Edeburn, and was based on an alleged sworn statement of Miller made when he obtained a license to marry Ruth Hedrick, who is known to be his third wife. Miller, according to the police, at the time he obtained the license, swore that he had never been married.

Woman to Testify.

A sequel to the "love nest" record of Miller is promised when Pauline Welch Miller, now ill in Mercy hospital, as the result of an operation, appears before Magistrate Sweeney to give her version of Miller's matrimonial escapades. In the meantime the police are combing the country for information that will lead to the finding of other wives the inventor was said to have.

Miller, while on a tour of Florida, married Pauline Welch at Jacksonville. While en route to this city from Florida he met Ruth Hedrick on a train and before they arrived here Miller proposed to the girl and was accepted. They were married and the inventor brought his second bride to this city. They resided in Race street for several months. He then sent for wife No. 1 and installed her in the Race-street home with wife No. 2, where the trio lived for three months.

Police Arrest Bride.

The "love nest" was broken up when policewoman arrested wife No. 2 in Greensburg last Thursday. Indications since a trunk of Miller's love letters were obtained in Kelley-street house late this afternoon are that he has a score of wives in the United States.

Besides letters addressed to Miller there were many addressed to Marney Edwards Jacksonville, Fla.; Curtin Romiller, Birmingham, Ala., and Clinton Romiller, Odessa, Fla., the detectives said. All the names, they said, they believe are fictitious. This is borne out by the fact that the letters were all addressed to "general delivery."

ALL STATE TAKES HAND

(Continued From First Page.)

with the importance of a harmonious pirit. The men who have been working upon the exposition plan up to the present writing have had but one thought in mind—a greater Oregon; a united people.

Personal Interests Denied.

"The best illustration to start this sentiment over the state will be an unanimous expression in the November election followed by similar action over the state. There are no personal interests to serve and no special privileges to be granted. What is required on the part of everyone is a whole-hearted spirit of enthusiasm that will put the exposition over to do the greatest amount of good to the largest number.

"A very gratifying feature of the work up to the present time has been the wholesome support received from neighboring states, California, Washington, Idaho, Utah and other sections of the west are offering the most substantial kind of support to Oregon in 1925. Governor Davis of Idaho was in the city September 22 and promised the aid of his state in exploiting the exposition in connection with a large programme already started in Idaho to bring more people to the west. It seems that we have the good will of almost everybody in the country, and it now remains for Oregon to make good.

Broad Spirit Is Advised.

"Let the broader spirit prevail. It is Oregon, not Portland, that we wish to advance. We need more people in the state at large. More hotels, apartment houses, homes, better and more highways, people on farm lands and factories to give abundance of employment. We have arrived at a period in our development where we need to tap the natural resources of the state. We need cheaper fuel to induce manufacturing, and additional markets for the products of the soil, the field and the farm.

"This is the remedy for lowering taxes and increasing land values. The exposition will advertise Oregon and the northwest. The means by which people can come west are the paved highways and motor transportation. Opportunity will be given railroad and steamship lines to inaugurate reduced rates. Conventions of all kinds will come to all parts of the west and to the exposition, and thus hundreds of thousands will see the Oregon country for the first time.

Profit to State Cited.

"Candidly, there are no other means that one can think of that will advance the social and industrial resources of the state quicker than the exposition in 1925. It's Oregon's opportunity. It will be Oregon's last chance to stage a world-wide enterprise during the present generation. Twenty years ago Portland approached a similar period in the Lewis and Clark fair. The city and state profited thereby. It proved an asset instead of a liability. Many men looked with caution at the outcome, but the real beginning of industrial expansion for Oregon began in 1905.

"What will the harvest be in 1925 with all the world's attention turned toward the west? What will it be worth to Oregon for every state, every nation to participate in an enterprise centered in the heart of the northwest? I believe that the automobiles alone will pay back the capital invested by Oregon in the exposition.

Big Returns Predicted.

"By the investment of $6,000,000 in an exposition I venture the prediction that Oregon will receive far in excess of $100,000,000 in return. Without figuring the results in a monetary sense, it will be worth all the exposition costs to give the people an opportunity to work toward one end, to have the spirit of co-operation prevail broadcast. Let the watchword be forward to 1925 for a greater Oregon, and make it unanimous."

The personnel of the state-wide 1925 exposition organization, of which Julius L. Meier is chairman, follows:

W. B. Ayer, Portland; J. C. Ainsworth, Portland; Edward J. Abbey, Newport; E. C. Apperson, McMinnville.

George L. Baker, Portland; F. E. Beach, Portland; Charles F. Berg, Portland; C. D. Bruin, Portland; W. L. Bahson, Portland; J. D. Brown, Portland; Harold Baldwin, Prineville; Truman Butler, Hood River; J. R. Blackabay, Ontario; E. E. Brodie, Oregon City; Elbert Bede, Cottage Grove; R. A. Booth, Eugene; Mr. Barrett, Pendleton; Denton G. Burdick, Redmond; Minnie E. Bond, editor Oregon Grange Bulletin, Eugene.

N. U. Carpenter, Portland; George L. Cleaver Portland; O. M. Clark, Portland; William Cornfoot, Portland; C. C. Colt, Portland; Edward Cookingham, Portland; H. L. Corbett, Portland; J. A. Cranston, Portland; Merle E. Chessman, Astoria; Harvey E. Cross, Oregon City; Mrs. Ida B. Callahan, Corvallis; E. V. Carter, Ashland.

Ben Dey, Portland; Marshall N. Dana, Portland; J. T. Dougall, Portland; John F. Daly, Portland; David M. Dunne, Portland; J. S. Dellinger, Astoria; James J. Donegan, Burns; Frank Deckebach, Salem; B. C. Darnall, Portland.

J. O. Elred, Portland; J. C. English, Portland; J. R. Ellison, Portland.

Leo Friede, Portland; H. J. Frank, Portland; I. N. Fleischner, Portland.

Frank S. Grant, Portland; Franklin T. Griffith, Portland; Herbert Gordon, Portland; C. E. Gates, Medford; L. L. Goodrich, Eugene.

M. H. Houser, Portland; H. L. Hudson, Portland; W. J. Hofmann, Portland; Max S. Hirsch, Portland; Eric V. Hauser, Portland; O. Hartwig, Portland; W. W. Harrah, Pendleton; C. S. Hudson, Bend; William Hanley, Burns; Marshall Hopper, Klamath Falls; Bert Hall, Klamath Falls; J. M. Hawkins, Albany; O. T. Hill, La Grande; George W. Hyatt, Enterprise; J. C. Hostetler, The Dalles; C. C. Hall, Klamath Falls.

C. E. Ingalls, Corvallis.

P. Jackson, Portland; A. J. Johnson, Corvallis; C. S. Jensen, Portland.

W. M. Kinsworth, Portland; F. C. Knapp, Portland; J. B. Kerr, Portland; Thomas Kay, Salem; Dorsey Kreitzer, Marshfield; Henry Kuhl, Canyon City; E. C. Kirkpatrick, Dallas.

I. Lowengart, Portland; D. C. Latourette, Oregon City; A. H. Lea, Salem.

Will Moore, Portland; A. L. Mills, Portland; C. A. Morden, Portland; Coe A. McKenna, Portland; Paul C. Murphy, Portland; Phil Metschan, Portland; Hamilton McCormick, St. Helens; George A. Mansfield, Prospect; T. J. Montgomery, Baker; S. C. Morton, St. Helens; Charles Marsh, Pendleton; F. M. Miller, Lakeview; W. P. Mahoney, Heppner; L. T. Merwin, Portland.

George Neuner Jr., Roseburg.

Ben W. Olcott, governor, Salem; H. J. Ottenheimer, Portland; Emery Olmstead, Portland.

O. M. Plummer, Portland; O. L. Price, Portland; Ira F. Powers, Portland; E. B. Piper, Portland; William Pullman, Baker; Judge Parker, Condon; Julian Perkins, Roseburg; Walter M. Pierce, LaGrande.

W. H. Ragsdale, Moro; Henry E. Reed, Portland; A. E. Rockey, Portland; Frank A. Rowe, Wheeler.

Arthur C. Spencer, Portland; Fred M. Seller, Portland; L. B. Seeley, Portland; Cameron Squires, Portland; Joseph Simon, Portland; R. H. Strong, Portland; W. P. Strandborg, Portland; Frank Spencer, Portland; Nathan Strauss, Portland; R. E. Smith, Portland; George C. Sabin, Grants Pass; A. C. Shute, Hillsboro; L. L. Stewart, Fossil; R. W. Sawyer, Bend; C. E. Spence, Oregon City; B. F. Stone, Astoria; W. S. Short, Vancouver; B. W. Sleeman, Portland; Ben Selling, Portland; Ben Sheldon, Medford; L. J. Simpson, North Bend; George Stapleton, Gresham.

A. L. Tetu, Portland; W. F. Turner, Portland; F. E. Taylor, Portland; Guy W. Talbot, Portland; Howard W. Turner, Madras; John A. Thornburg, Forest Grove.

H. B. Van Duzer, Portland; Vernon Vautier, Medford.

W. A. Wood, Gold Beach; H. C. Wortman, Portland; Paul Wessinger, Portland; C. F. Wright, Portland; J. O. Wilson, Portland; William D. Wheelwright, Portland; L. R. Wheeler, Portland; W. F. Woodward, Portland; W. D. Whitcomb, Portland; Adolphe Wolfe, Portland; Frank M. Warren, Portland; H. A. Whitney, Portland, J. B. Yeon, Portland.

ROBBER BELIEVED SLAYER

Police Think Theft of Cash Was Motive for Killing Family.

DOWAGIAC, Mich., Sept. 25.—Search of the house in which William Monroe, his wife Mary and their 17-year-old daughter Neva were beaten to death with a club as they slept a week ago last night, strengthened the authorities' belief today that robbery was the motive. A letter from Mesick, Mich., formerly the home of the Monroes, also supported this theory, the sheriff announced.

In the cellar of the Monroe home, half buried in the dirt, was found a tin can that containend 67 cents. Officers now believe this can contained the money the family was said to have saved up to purchase a home.

Relatives told officers today Monroe carried life insurance amounting to $2000 and that his wife's life was insured for $1000. The family was believed to possess approximately $1000 in cash.

Horseshoe Tourney Planned.

ALBANY, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special.)—An old-fashioned horseshoe pitching tournament will be a feature of the Linn county fair next week. It will take place during the forenoon of October 5. George C. Wire is in charge of plans for this event. Horseshoe pitching has been a popular pastime here the past summer. Each afternoon for many weeks the game has been played in Bryant park and often several contests have been under way. Because of the revived interest in this old-time sport, the directors of the fair association decided upon this tournament.

WHY JAPAN IS DETERMINED TO HOLD WHAT SHE HAS GAINED BY FORCE IN FAR EAST.

Here are the reasons for Japan's conviction that her representatives must be governed by special considerations during the conference called by President Harding for the discussion of limitation of armaments and far eastern questions:

1. Because expansion is absolutely necessary for the survival of a population of 78,000,000 Japanese hemmed within the borders of an island territory only one-third larger than the state of Texas.

2. Because of her determination to hold on to the 750,000 miles of land area and to perpetuate her domination over more than a million miles of seas that she has acquired or seized since the Japanese-Russian war, 48 years ago.

3. Because she is determined to provide a larger field for her rapidly growing merchant marine, through which she hopes to dictate the trade conditions of the far east and the Pacific.

4. Because she will demand non-interference with her programme for exploiting the natural and commercial resources of northern China, Corea, Manchuria, Mongolia and Siberia, whose populations, aggregating nearly 30,000,000, are defenseless against her huge army and splendid navy.

5. Because of her ambition to dominate through the application of imperialistic policies the political and economic fortunes of the countries she has coerced with her military machine and from which she must secure raw materials to gratify her ambition for world power.

6. Because she is determined to find homes and occupations, from which she will greatly profit, for the teeming millions who struggle for a livelihood in the overcrowded territory of the imperial island empire.

7. Because of her confidence that, by the application of force, she will finally compel the assimilation of the 30,000,000 of alien population of Formosa, Shantung, Mongolia, Saghalien and the islands in the Pacific mandated to her by the Versailles treaty and the League of Nations.

8. Because she will demand the fullest liberty in fortifying the islands now administered by her as a means of defense against any attempt to deprive her of the territory she has illegally seized or to curtail her dire need for expansion.

9. Because of her demand that other nations shall grant racial equality to Japanese subjects seeking homes and occupations outside of the imperial Japanese empire.

10. Because of her determination to resist any encroachment by the United States or any other power with which she has not consented to share the trade of Asia and the Pacific through the instrumentality of secret treaties negotiated for mutual advantage.

NIPPON READY TO FIGHT

NATION IS DETERMINED TO KEEP ITS WAR GAINS.

Non-Interference to Be Demanded in Exploiting Manchuria, Corea, China, Mongolia, Siberia.

(Continued From First Page.)

in all the world, the Japanese, within 40 years, have emerged from a state of primitive civilization to one of enlightened progress. But it was not until the end of the last century that her people began to employ the lessons learned since the days of Perry and instanced their ambition to compete with the more experienced and larger nations in the world.

Czar's Armies Vanquished.

The actual modern career of Japan as a power of the first rank, however, did not actually begin until 1904, just 18 years ago. It was in that year that the hitherto comparatively obscure Asiatic island empire startled the world by defeating the hitherto unvanquished armies and navies of the Imperial Russian Czar and exacted concessions that transformed her overnight into the dominant influence in Asia.

In the 18 years that elapsed between the Japanese-Russian war and the present date, Japan has furnished an exhibition of political, diplomatic, military, territorial and economic advancement unparalleled in the history of nations. She has become a world power in every sense of the word and at the present time is the most turbulent and disturbing among them.

The mikado's government, confronted with this most serious of all human problems, began to reach out to find room in which to grow. A one-sided war against huge, illiterate, peaceful, sluggish and unambitious China added the valuable island of Formosa to Japanese territory and gave her the comparatively unimportant Jarry group of islands, which has since been transformed into a highly developed naval base.

Further Conquest Sought.

The easy victory over China encouraged Japan to seek further conquest on the Asiatic mainland. Sporadic conflicts between her advance guard of intriguants in Manchuria and the covetous Russians brought about the war which resulted in the humiliation of the great Slav nation and contributed the greatest surprise in the history of modern warfare.

While her navies were seeking out and destroying the inadequately equipped and ill manned units of the Russian war fleet, Japan thrust her splendidly organized and managed armies into the mainland of Asia and invaded and passed through Corea, Manchuria and Mongolia in pretty much the same manner as the forces of the imperial German kaiser made a towpath of Belgium.

When Japan emerged the victor in the war with Russia she had impressed her iron grip on the defenseless northern provinces of China, and by resort to several forms of diplomatic subterfuge has since retained practical control of all of them.

Mandate Means Control.

The great world war added not only to the territory of Japan but encouraged the expansion of her political, military and economic power over all of northern China and into Siberia, which she has systematically set about reducing to subserviency by the same process she employed in her earlier victories.

By skillful bargaining and alert and subtle diplomacy she compelled the Paris peace conference to grant her mandatory authority over some of the most important islands in the Pacific fringing the equator. Mandatory authority in the Far East practically amounts to absolute control.

KLUX OPPONENTS FORM

White Horse Knights Organized to Fight Klansmen.

CONEHATTA, Miss. Sept. 25.—The order of the White Horse Knights, whose announced purpose is to oppose the spread of the Ku Klux Klan and to outlaw the existing order of the klansmen, was organized here today.

National headquarters will be opened in Jackson. James C. Johnston, West Jackson, was elected grand chief.

Grain Trading Unrestricted.

SOFIA.—Fredom of trade in grain has been granted by the government as the result of pressure by the reparation commission. In return, the allied military committee has relieved Bulgaria of her embarrassing liability to maintain a respectable army under the treary requirement for 12-year enlistments, by agreeing to permit a certain number of two-year volunteers to be recruited.

3 KILLED, 3 HURT IN BELFAST RIOTS

Bomb Throwers Take Part in Irish Disorders.

TWO CHILDREN WOUNDED

Police in Cork Said to Have Begun Tactics Similar to Those of Pre-Truce Days.

BELFAST, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—Two persons were killed and 36 wounded in rioting here last night during which bombs were thrown. Two children playing in the street and a girl were wounded by stray bullets.

The girl was wounded when the police and military fired on crowds in Seaford street.

During the fighting a saloon was burned. One bomb was thrown in the Milewater road, wounding six persons, two seriously.

One version of the earlier bombing in East Belfast is that a unionist crowd threw a bomb into a liquor and grocery store to set it on fire, and that while they were carrying out the operation they were made the target for a republican bomb.

Military reinforcements arrived this afternoon.

Man Is Shot.

One man was shot and killed and a woman wounded during rioting in the Newtownards-road district in East Belfast Saturday. A public house in Cambria street, North Belfast, was looted and burned.

Armed and masked men raided the homes of J. Whattaker, general manager of the Castlecomer-Kilkenny coal mines, where a strike is in progress, and J. Hargreaves, manager of the mines. Both men were taken away.

CORK, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—According to reports made by republican liaison officers, incidents occurred Saturday night and early today reminiscent of conditions that prevailed prior to the truce.

Citizens Are Insulted.

A party of citizens were reported to have been halted in MacCurtain street and roughly treated by members of the British constabulary. Women of the party, terrified, fled.

A police patrol of five men was accosted on St. Patrick's bridge by a large patrol of British police. The republicans were alleged to have been questioned and called "Irish swine" and assaulted with batons and revolver butts. One man was stabbed in the arm.

The city council has decided to forward to the Irish government in Dublin a statement from the commandant at Spike island regarding the alleged severity of the treatment of Sinn Feiners interned there.

According to the statement, interned men who were severely disciplined for singing in their huts at night continued singing Wednesday night as a protest.

Men Declared Beaten.

The statement said several soldiers entered huts at 11 o'clock at night and beat the men with rifle butts and stabbed several with bayonets. The huts were stripped of all beds, tables and other conveniences. The next morning the interned men refused to parade or work, whereupon the military authorities locked the doors of the huts. The interned men countered by taking down the doors and burning them and otherwise wrecking the huts. The statement added that the wrecking would continue until demands of the interned men are granted.

CONCILIATORY NOTE LIKELY

Premier's Reply Expected to Give Irish Chance to Negotiate.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—Several members of the British cabinet who are said to have studied Premier Lloyd George's reply to Eamonn de Valera, have not yet conveyed their views to the premier, and it is regarded as not unlikely that the premier's note will not be ready for dispatch before Tuesday or Wednesday.

Opinion seems to be hopeful that the note will be couched to accommodate the position of the Sinn Fein leaders and enable them to come into another conference.

Meanwhile, disturbing reports of new provocative acts, alleged to have been made by black and tans in Cork and elsewhere, are causing apprehension among those hopeful of a settlement.

Developments in the internment camp at Spike island, where prisoners are reported to be carrying out reprisals for alleged rough usage by guards and the week-end developments in Belfast added to the disquietude.

In the light of these occurrences, significance is attached to a statement made in Dublin by Irish authorities on the government side, that "peace wreckers" again are at work.

GERMANS ARE EXPECTED

Emigration to America Declared Likely in Near Future.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—Unless Germany discourages emigration, a flood of Germans may follow re-establishment of American consular offices in that country, in the opinion of officials of the department of labor.

While the percentage immigration law permits not more than 13,000 Germans to enter this country in one month, practically none have come here in recent months, notwithstanding that the American commissioner at Berlin has the power to vise passports.

AUTO PLUNGE KILLS TWO

Pasadena Man and Prominent Omaha Realtor Lose Lives.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 25.—Raymond H. Welch, Pasadena, Cal., was killed instantly, and J. E. George of Omaha, a prominent realtor, was injured fatally when the automobile in which they were returning to Omaha from a business trip plunged into a ditch.

The accident occurred near Fairmount, Neb., today.

OWN GUN KILLS HUNTER

Accidental Discharge Strikes War Veteran in Right Eye.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Sept. 25.—(Special.)—J. George Frank Jr., 25, son of J. George Frank, proprietor of the City bakery and grocery, was killed instantly today by the accidental discharge of a shotgun.

Mr. Frank with two brothers, a brother-in-law and two friends, was hunting rabbits near Nine-Mile bridge, between Walla Walla and Wallula. The party returned to their automobile and in putting the guns in the car Mr. Frank's was discharged, the load striking him in the right eye. The accident occurred so quickly that none of the party knew just how the gun came to be discharged.

The body was brought to this city and will be buried here. Mr. Frank was an overseas veteran and a member of Walter C. Lee post, American Legion.

POLES DENY ULTIMATUM

RUMOR OF WAR PLANS ON SOVIET HELD FALSE.

Note to Minister at Moscow Dealt Solely With Repatriation of Prisoners, It Is Said.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—The Polish legation declares it is authorized to deny categorically reports that an ultimatum has been sent by Poland to the Russian soviets and that military preparations are being made by Poland against Russia. It is announced by the legation that the note to the Polish minister at Moscow and handed to the soviets dealt solely with the repatriation of Polish prisoners and with the Polish railroad material left to the disposal of Russia.

PEACE HEADLINES' KEYNOTE

Check of Polish War Plans Asked in Moscow Papers.

MOSCOW, Sept. 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The keynote of head lines in all Moscow newspapers yesterday concerning Poland's ultimatum to Russia is "we want peace."

Karl Radek and other prominent communists contribute articles in which both the proletariat and bourgeoise in the European countries are called on to "check the Polish war plans," which are alleged by the writers to be inspired by France.

Roumanian Rumors Denied.

WARSAW, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—A Roumanian delegate is on the way to Warsaw to meet a representative of the Moscow government to arrange further negotiations over the Russian-Roumanian boundary dispute, said an official statement issued by the Roumanian legation yesterday. The statement declared rumors of war preparations by the Roumanians against the soviets are unfounded.

CHARLES' FRIENDS TARGET

Attempt Made on Lives of Leaders in Hungarian Assembly.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—An attempt on the lives of Count Julius Andrassy, ex-minister of foreign affairs, and ex-President Rakevsky, of the national assembly, was made from the galleries of the assembly chamber yesterday, five shots being directed at the pair. Neither was injured, although one bullet pierced Count Andrassy's clothing. Ibraham Koster, an ex-lieutenant, was arrested on a charge of firing the shots. He gave evidences of insanity, but police declared he was shamming, asserting they had discovered a widespread plot to murder leaders of the movement to restore ex-Emperor Charles to the throne.

The shooting marked the stormiest session of the assembly since the war.

Railroad Warehouses Burned.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 25.—Fire destroyed the Missouri, Kansas & Texas and Fort Smith & Western freight warehouses and offices here last night. Loss is estimated at more than $40,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The Informal Affair,

—when you wish to serve just a little bit of ice cream, coffee and cake—but O dear! you haven't had time to bake a cake—

"Well, John, go after the ice cream while I make the coffee—and—just the thing—here is a package of

P. C. B. Assorted Cakes!

I'll never be without at least one package in the house."

There is such a variety of kinds that everyone will be pleased — chocolate covered, cocoanut sprinkled, cream centers, iced coatings, fruit filled and all the other delicious favorites.

A P.C.B. PRODUCT

P.C.B. Assorted Cakes

PACIFIC COAST BISCUIT CO.

Portland Oregon

DOG WANDERS FOUR YEARS

WAY FINALLY MADE BACK TO CIVILIZATION.

Animal, Left on Inlet by Moore Expedition, Returns to Civilization at Last.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 25.—(Special.)—Those who entertain the opinion, natural or acquired, that cats are better able to fend for themselves than dogs, should see Ben Dane, and take note of his history. He is a dog that the inexpert would readily acclaim the largest that ever landed in Seattle. He is five years old, and during four of those years he was successively a movie actor in the frozen wilds of the Arctic, a beach comber among the Aleuts on the islands of Bering sea, and finally a volunteer—well fed—watchman for the salmon canneries in the vicinity of Petersburg, Alaska.

With Mrs. Claude Rountree of 716 Nob Hill he arrived yesterday from the Alaska coast on the Admiral line steamer Spokane.

The dog went to the Arctic four years ago from Los Angeles with a company which was to film an Arctic drama. The filming of the story required a great deal of travel among the islands of the ice-bound seas beyond the Arctic circle, and accidentally or otherwise the dog, a great dane, was left on one of the islets near the Siberian coast.

At Petersburg he found, for the first time since he had been separated from the movie outfit, people of his own kind. It was at the beginning of the salmon packing season. The town was full of Americans, and Dane felt at home.

He adopted Mrs. Rountree, and when the latter started home on the Spokane arrangements were made to bring him to Seattle also.

NO CHANGE IN OIL STRIKE

Parties of Patrol Guards Much in Evidence About Area.

COALINGA, Cal., Sept. 25.—Inspection of the entire area of the California oil fields in which strike conditions exist revealed today practically no change in the situation. Parties of patrol guards armed with shotguns, were much in evidence throughout the area. These guards declared they were union men on strike and displayed union buttons. They declared that they were not stopping travelers, but merely tracing movements of all visitors to the district and reporting back to headquarters.

In the various districts there was no evidence of renewed activities, either on the part of operators or strikers.

SEATTLE GETS SESSION

About 3000 Visitors Expected at Veterans' Convention.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 25.—(Special.)—Seattle will be host to about 3000 delegates and their families next year by the awarding today of the 1922 convention of the veterans of foreign wars to this city.

It was the third year that Seattle had started out to land the convention, although the attempt two years ago was abandoned at the last moment.

Roosevelt post of Seattle next Tuesday night will begin plans for the reception and entertainment of the delegates. The meeting also will be in the nature of a jubilee affair over getting the convention. An entertainment fund of $3000 is to be raised.

CANCEL DEBT, IS PLAN

SUGGESTION MADE TO GET ALLIES TO DISARM.

Chairman of Committee of 48 Recommends That Offer at Conference Be Authorized.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A suggestion that American spokesmen in the limitation of armaments conference be authorized to offer to cancel the indebtedness of France, England and Italy in return for agreements by those countries to disarm was advanced in a letter to President Harding, made public today by its author, J. A. H. Hopkins, executive chairman of the committee of 48.

Mr. Hopkins advised submitting to the three great powers in the form of an "ultimatum" the following statement:

"We will not cancel your indebtedness gratis, nor are we content to postpone longer the payment of the overdue interest. But if you and the Japanese delegates will agree to disarm or agree on a uniform and progressive ratio of disarmament, America will join with you in so doing, and will cancel or reduce your indebtedness to the American people to the same extent and in the same ratio. There is, however, no other way in which the American people will consent either to cancel or reduce your financial obligations."

Navy Re-enlists "Oldtimers."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—The first week after resuming recruiting the navy obtained 261 recruits and re-enlisted 228 "old-timers," the department announced, bringing the strength of the navy proper up to over 114,000 officers and men.

Help That Aching Back!

LAME in the morning! A dull, throbbing backache all day long! Worn out and discouraged when evening comes! And tomorrow—the same old round of suffering! It's little wonder that one is nervous and dispirited.

Yet to endure such misery is both foolish and unnecessary. You want to be well, and the quickest way to get well is to find the cause of your trouble and correct it. More than likely it's your kidneys. That dull, nagging backache may be Nature's first warning of some hidden weakness. You may have headaches and dizziness, too, with sharp, stabbing pains, a depressed, nervous feeling, and annoying bladder irregularities. Don't risk gravel, dropsy, or dreaded Bright's disease. Help your weakened kidneys before it is too late. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's* have helped thousands and should help you. *Ask your neighbor!*

Read How These *Portland* Folks Found Relief:

MRS. CARL VOGEL, 369 N. 19th St., says: "My kidneys were weak and I had a constant pain in the small of my back. I could not rest at night and got up in the morning feeling dull and tired. Headaches were frequent and I became nervous and run down. My kidneys acted irregularly and annoyed me a lot. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills and used them as directed. They were just what I needed and soon cured me of all signs of kidney complaint."

H. C. BEARDSLEY, 1058 E. 24th Street, says: "I had trouble with my back, and when the pains caught me across my kidneys I was helpless for a while. The trouble was like lumbago and couldn't have hurt me worse if my back had been broken. My kidneys were weak. After I started using Doan's Kidney Pills the pain in my back soon lessened and before long I was entirely rid of the complaint."

MRS. CHAUNCEY ROUNDS, 989 Cleveland Ave., says: "I was living in Minnesota and my kidneys were giving me an awful lot of trouble. I was running a large boarding house and the heavy work nearly finished me. A constant ache across my back took all the energy out of me, and my limbs swelled. Doan's Kidney Pills were an old-time reliable kidney medicine, so I used them and was soon well and strong. Doan's ended the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills

At all dealers, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.