# Morning Oregonian.

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## ILLINOIS INDICTS GOVERNOR SMALL

### Embezzlement of State Funds Charged.

### LARGE SUMS ARE INVOLVED

### Lieutenant-Governor and Banker Face Trial.

### BONDS FIXED AT $50,000

**Conspiracy and Use of Money for Investment for Private Gain Are Alleged.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 20.—Warrants were issued tonight for Governor Small, Lieutenant-Governor Sterling and Vernon Curtis, Grant Park banker and son of the late Senator Curtis, following their indictment today on charges of embezzlement, conspiracy and operating a confidence game through the alleged use of interest on state funds for their personal gain.

Four indictments were returned. They covered charges of fraud by the trio during the terms of Small and Sterling in the state treasurer's office between 1917 and 1921.

The first indictment charged the governor, lieutenant-governor and Curtis jointly with embezzlement of $700,000. A separate indictment against Governor Small charged him with embezzlement of $500,000, while Lieutenant-Governor Sterling was individually charged with embezzlement of $700,000. The fourth indictment charges the three with conspiracy and operation of a confidence game, involving $2,000,000 interest on state funds.

The alleged illegal operations named in the indictments centered around deposits of state funds with the "Grant Park bank," held by the grand jury to have been a fictitious institution since 1908, when it ceased to function.

Individual bonds on each indictment were fixed at $50,000 by Judge E. S. Smith.

Governor Small was notified of the indictments at his office through his secretary, George Sutton. Lieutenant-Governor Sterling and Mr. Curtis were notified by the sheriffs of their respective counties.

Governo Small will appear in court at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, it was said, to arrange his bonds.

**State Funds Used.**

The "Grant Park bank," established many years ago by Alonzo Curtis, father of Vernon Curtis and the late Senator Curtis, although having ceased to function several years prior to Small's term as treasurer, was used by the alleged conspirators as the agency through which to make loans of state funds to Armour & Co., and Swift & Co., Chicago packers, according to the indictments. Although the packers' notes drew 7 and 8 per cent interest, it is charged that less than 2 per cent was turned into the state treasury during the Small and Sterling terms.

Under the law in operation then the state treasurer was requested to obtain at least 2 per cent on state funds, but according to Attorney-General Brundage, who pushed the investigation, the law did not permit the treasurer to use for private gain any interest earnings in excess of 2 per cent.

**Law Violation Reported.**

In its report, presented by the foreman, the jury said:

"From the evidence submitted, it appears that the treasurer of the state of Illinois carries large daily balances and that during the administration of Fred E. Sterling those balances have ranged from $22,000,000 to $32,000,000. During the administrations of Len Small and Fred E. Sterling, as treasurers, the law then in force in the state required the state treasurer to deposit all moneys received by him on account of the state within five days after receiving same in such banks in the cities of the state as in the opinion of the treasurer were secure and which paid the highest rate of interest. We find that both the letter and spirit of that law were violated. For the purpose of circumventing those provisions an ingenious scheme was adhered to.

**Two Funds Are Kept.**

"Beginning with the administration of former Treasurer Small, the daily balances were carried on the books under two primary funds, one denominated as the 'vault fund' and the other as the 'sale fund.' The so-called safe fund represented loans made to the so-called 'Grant Park bank,' which was formerly a private banking institution which absolutely ceased to function as a bank after 1908. Although this purported bank was purported to be owned by a single individual and not transact any banking business whatever, and had no depositor other than the state of Illinois, yet it was given huge deposits of public moneys by two former state treasurers, Small and Sterling. The average deposits of state moneys carried by this purported bank were $10,000,000.

The evidence shows that money was taken from the state treasury generally in lots of $500,000 and deposited in the so-called Grant Park

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## STEAMER RUNS WILD; SINKS IN COLUMBIA

**EFFINGHAM STRIKES ROCKY BANK AT STELLA, WASH.**

**Steering Gear Disabled—Rent Causes Vessel to Sink at Rate of 4 Feet Every 3 Minutes.**

ASTORIA, Or., July 20.—The steamer Effingham of the European-Pacific line, which left Portland today en route to the United Kingdom with a general cargo, struck the rocky bank of the Columbia river at Stella, Wash., at 8:30 o'clock tonight and sank in a few minutes, according to radio advices received here from the wireless operator of the steamer. The officers and crew were saved.

Disabled steering gear was said to have been the cause of the wreck.

When the vessel struck the rocks the rent in her plates was such that she sank at the rate of four feet every three minutes, it was reported. Despite the rapid sinking, the radio operator stuck to his post, sending out S. O. S. calls which were picked up here.

Surveyors and salvage crews will go to the scene of the wreck tomorrow to ascertain what can be done with the vessel.

The Effingham loaded a part cargo of wheat and flour here and was bound for San Francisco and San Pedro to complete loading.

The steamer was of 6324 gross tonnage and 4671 net tonnage. She was 402 feet long and 32.1 feet in depth. She was built in Seattle in 1919. She carried a crew of 43.

## KISSABLE GIRLS WARNED

**Irish-Bohemian Poet Starts Out on Singular Conquest.**

NEW YORK, July 20.—Kissable young women between here and San Francisco are hereby warned that they may be approached soon by a young Irish-Bohemian poet in a crushed hat and khaki hiking suit and asked for a kiss.

The young poets from Greenwich village made the rounds of New York city editors early today and exhibited the champion kisser, who, they declared, had wagered he could win kisses from 1000 girls on a trip across the continent. This main attraction of the party, who refused to give his name, said the young women of Yonkers would have the first chance to kiss him today. He will then start west.

## WOMAN HOLDS UP TRAIN

**Crew Scurries to Shelter When Glass Revolver Is Flashed.**

BERKELEY, Cal., July 20.—Armed with a glass revolver filled with candy, Mrs. Mary Taylor of West Berkeley today "held up" the Southern Pacific "cannon ball" freight train shortly after it had started on its daily run. Emerging from behind a shed in the Southern Pacific yards, Mrs. Taylor brandished her revolver and the train crew scurried to places of shelter.

She had stopped the train to frighten the members of the crew, who she believed had made advances to her yesterday.

About the time the police arrived Mrs. Taylor had discovered that it was the crew of another train she wanted to "get even with."

## COURT DECIDES FOR BOY

**Lad May See Sunday Games Despite Mother's Objection.**

NEWARK, N. J., July 20.—The right of a 4-year-old boy to attend Sunday baseball games despite his mother's objection has been upheld by Vice-Chancellor Backes.

The vice-chancellor yesterday refused an application of Mrs. Grace Lines of Morristown for an order prohibiting her husband, John A. Lines, from taking their son for Sunday walks, because, she said, she had discovered Lines took the boy to ball games. Mrs. Lines, who is suing for separate maintenance, has custody of the boy under a court order, but the father is permitted to have him on Sunday afternoons.

## POMONA CONTINUES FIGHT

**Sunday Closing Issue to Go to State Supreme Court.**

POMONA, Cal., July 20.—Pomona will carry the fight for Sunday closing of places of amusement where admission is charged to the state supreme court, it was decided today by the city council.

The council, considering a recent ruling of Judge Burnell of Los Angeles, which held the city Sunday closing ordinance unconstitutional, voted to instruct the city attorney to appeal to the higher court.

Meanwhile Sunday entertainments will continue under sanction of an injunction allowing them a stay of operation of the ordinance pending legal decision as to its validity.

## PORTLAND BOY DROWNED

**Nine-Year-Old Child Is Caught in Whirlpool at Rainier.**

RAINIER, Or., July 20.—(Special.)—Allen Johnston, 9 years old, whose parents live at 855 East Tenth street North, Portland, was drowned in the Columbia river here late this afternoon, when he was caught in a whirlpool. His body was recovered a few minutes afterward and pulmotors were used for two hours in an attempt at resuscitation.

The youth came here on an auto stage about 2 o'clock this afternoon.

## PHONE RATE CUT HELD DUE OREGON

### Reduction Below Former Schedule Advocated.

### INDEPENDENT SYSTEM ASKED

### Fat Company Should Be Put on Diet, Says Tomlinson.

### VALUATION BASIS IS HIT

**Depreciation Costs and Payment of 4½ Per Cent to Parent Corporation Declared Unfair.**

SALEM, Or., July 20.—(Special.)—Telephone rates in Oregon should be reduced as low, if not lower than they were prior to March 1, 1921, and such rates should be retroactive to March 1 of this year according to the argument advanced today by H. M. Tomlinson, assistant city attorney of Portland, in his opening statement before the public service commission in the telephone rate rehearing.

The entire rate base on which present telephone rates are computed should be revised downward and in addition to this, the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company should be required to eliminate obsolete equipment, now in operation, eliminate duplication in plant and revamp a top-heavy organization according to the speaker.

He advocated that the telephone company in Oregon be divorced from the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company and operated in this state as an independent organization. "If not tied up in red tape and formulas prepared by officials in New York and San Francisco, the Oregon company could be placed on a profitable basis at substantially lower costs," he said.

The inter-relation of the telephone company in Oregon with the Western Electric company and the American Telephone & Telegraph company was stressed and Mr. Tomlinson stated that the city intended to produce evidence which would show that the people of Oregon are suffering from such relations.

Collections by the company for

(Concluded on Page 6, Column 3.)

## BIG ELECTRIC UNIT IS CONTEMPLATED

**NORTHWESTERN PLANS PLANT OF 8000-HORSEPOWER.**

**$1,000,000 in Stock to Be Issued to Pay for Construction and Improvements Proposed.**

Faith in Portland's future and desire to aid in the development of the surrounding country are shown in preliminary work started by the Northwestern Electric company looking toward the building of another hydro-electric plant on the White Salmon river a short distance below its present plant. Engineers are working with a diamond drill to explore foundations, and if the project is approved after data are completed, the new plant will add 8000-horsepower in electric energy to the present output of the company.

Plans are in hand for the speedy completion of the unit after it is once started, and by January 1 it will be in operation, with the proviso, always, that the exploratory work now under way does not discover some hampering feature that would make completion of the plant undesirable.

To finance the new construction, as well as pay for other extensions and additions to the Northwestern properties, the company will offer for sale cumulative preferred stock bearing 7 per cent interest to the value of $1,000,000. The stock, whose par value is $100, will be sold at $95 a share, netting 7.37 per cent to the investor.

A stock sales office to handle the flotation of the new issue of securities was established yesterday at room 228 Pittock building, and active selling will begin August 1. The plans contemplate a large participation in the purchase of securities by employes of the company and its customers. J. G. Tavares will be manager of stock sales.

The construction of its latest power unit as contemplated is but the continuance of a policy of expansion that has marked the conduct of Northwestern Electric affairs since the company was first formed in July, 1911, and started operating in the electric power field in April, 1913. It has grown consistently, until it now supplies much light and power in the close-in retail district supplied by underground power lines and furnishes the greater part of the same district with steam from its two city plants for heating, cooking, etc.

From this close-in section of the city the service has been spread until electric energy and light is supplied from the Sellwood ferry to the industrial district north of the Sherlock addition, on the west side, and from Waverley to St. Johns on the east side, while a distribution system in Vancouver, Wash., is being built.

Its steam heating system is rated as the seventh largest in the entire

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## DAMAGE IN MILLIONS FROM BIG OIL FIRE

**BLAZE IN MEXICO SEEMINGLY BEYOND CONTROL.**

**Troops Rushed to Amatlan to Keep Flames From Spreading. Eighty-Five Acres Devastated.**

MEXICO CITY, July 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—A great fire in the Amatlan oil fields has destroyed property worth several million dollars, and so far as is known is still uncontrolled.

Advices from Tampico say that two wells are burning and that lot 162 has been devastated. This lot comprises approximately 35 hectares, or about 85 acres.

One of the oil companies here has been informed that the fire was caused by lightning, which ignited two wells simultaneously. The consensus of opinion among oil men in Mexico City is that the fire was accidental, whether by lightning or not, and that there was no deliberate attempt at sabotage, as had been rumored earlier in the day.

Troops have been rushed to Amatlan, and workmen from other districts are aiding in fighting to prevent the fire from spreading.

The Amatlan field is one of the richest in the state of Vera Cruz. Amatlan lies between Tuxpan and Tampico, about 35 miles northwest of the former city and some 70 miles southwest of Tampico.

The fire broke out when the Killeis company, an independent concern, brought in a well. The flames spread rapidly to the Mexican Petroleum and other nearby properties.

PITTSBURG, July 20.—Pittsburg oil companies with properties in the Tampico district were notified that the great fire raging in Amatlan started when two big wells, No. 1 and Morrison well, No. 5, located on lot 162, "came in yesterday." They at once caught fire from the boilers.

Oil authorities here were of the opinion that the greatest difficulty would be experienced in putting out the fire, as the oil gushes from the ground with a force so great as to overcome the heaviest steam pressure that can be brought against it, and it is by the use of steam that such fires are usually fought.

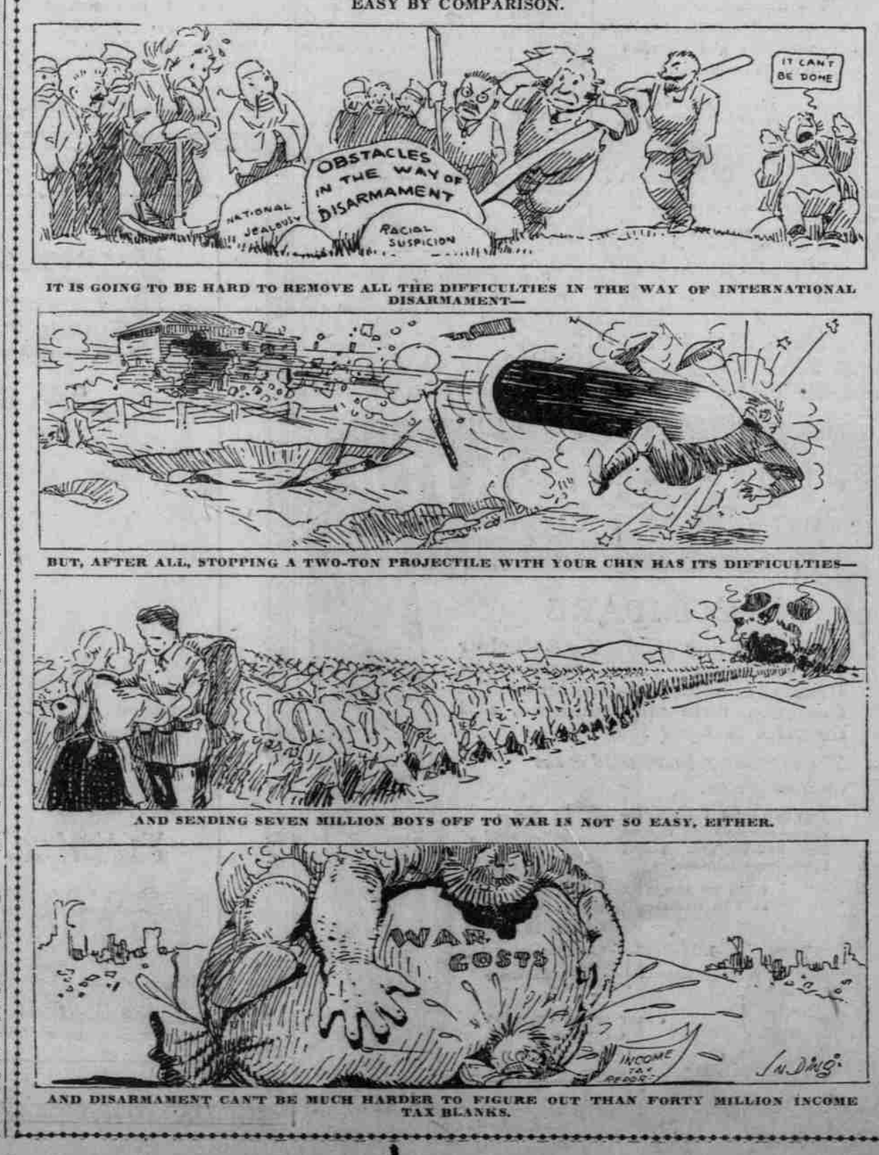
## FOREST FIRE CONTROLLED

**175 Men Required to Fight Blaze in Sequoia National Area.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 20.—A fire in the Sequoia national forest, which was drawing toward the towns of Havilah and Bodfish, in Kern county, was under control today after a hard struggle by a fire-fighting force of 175 men.

The fire started two days ago in the camp of a sheep herder. More than 3000 acres were burned over.

**EASY BY COMPARISON.**




IT IS GOING TO BE HARD TO REMOVE ALL THE DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF INTERNATIONAL DISARMAMENT—

BUT, AFTER ALL, STOPPING A TWO-TON PROJECTILE WITH YOUR CHIN HAS ITS DIFFICULTIES—

AND SENDING SEVEN MILLION BOYS OFF TO WAR IS NOT SO EASY, EITHER.

AND DISARMAMENT CAN'T BE MUCH HARDER TO FIGURE OUT THAN FORTY MILLION INCOME TAX BLANKS.

## STATE'S DEBT NOW IS $107,400,593.84

### Summary Compiled by Tax Commissioner.

### COUNTY'S SHARE $31,337,532

### Total for Balance of State Reported $82,420,293.

### CURRY'S DEBT SMALLEST

**Compilation, Believed First of Its Kind, Shows Obligations of Various Counties.**

SALEM, Or., July 20.—(Special.)—Oregon's indebtedness, including all county, city, school, port, irrigation district and drainage district bonds and other obligations, aggregate $107,400,593.84, according to a report filed with Governor Olcott today by Frank Lovell, state tax commissioner.

The survey was made by Mr. Lovell at the request of Governor Olcott, following receipt of an appeal for this information from Louis F. Goldsmith of Portland, secretary of the State Taxpayers' league. The report was said to be complete with the exception of minor obligations contracted by Gold Hill, Freewater and Stanfield, which have not yet been reported to the tax commission.

The report shows that the combined obligations of Multnomah county, including schools, cities, port and drainage district, aggregate $31,337,532.36, as against $82,420,293.84 for all other counties in the state.

Of this total the county indebtedness charged against Multnomah is $2,225,000, while its school obligations aggregate $843,482.36. The city indebtedness is $26,448,050, port, $1,421,000, and drainage district, $400,000.

**Clatsop County Second.**

Clatsop county has the second largest indebtedness of $8,851,296.80, while Jackson county is in third place with obligations aggregating $4,304,618.35. Curry county, with an indebtedness of $126,596.48, has the smallest amount of obligations of any county in the state.

A summary of the obligations follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| State of Oregon— | |
| Rural credit bonds | $ 450,000 |
| Irrigation bonds | 300,000 |
| Highway bonds | 24,140,300 |
| Total | $24,980,300 |
| State obligations | $ 24,980,300.00 |
| County, April 5, 1921 | 11,255,024.02 |
| School, June 27, 1920 | 7,118,508.08 |
| City, April 5, 1921 | 48,081,961.74 |
| Port, April 5, 1921 | 8,640,000.00 |
| Irrigation | 6,658,100.00 |
| Drainage | 566,700.00 |
| Grand total | $107,400,593.84 |

**County Summary Given.**

In making the survey Mr. Lovell was able to compile the obligations of the various counties, municipalities, ports, drainage districts and irrigation districts up to and including April 5, 1921.

The indebtedness of the school districts was brought down to June 21, 1920, the last date of contracting obligations prior to starting the survey. Including the indebtedness credited to Gold Hill, Freewater and Stanfield, but not yet reported, Mr. Lovell said the grand total as shown in his report would not be increased more than a few thousand dollars.

The following summary shows the obligations by counties, as reported to the state tax commission:

Baker—County indebtedness, $75,000; school, $316,759.61; city, $898,332.14; total, $1,250,091.75.

Benton—County indebtedness, $211,754.95; school, $140,377.99; city, $349,608.34; total, $701,941.19.

Clackamas—County indebtedness, $359,636.62; school, $347,583.65; city, $1,229,978.55; total, $1,937,197.82.

Clatsop—County indebtedness, $705,896.15; school, $361,216.51; city, $3,889,284.14; port, $3,925,000; total, $8,851,396.80.

Columbia—County indebtedness, $347,103.63; school, $158,402.99; city, $281,853.15; drainage, $79,700; total, $867,049.77.

Coos—County indebtedness, $892,665.91; school, $329,485.17; city, $663,025.22; port, $940,000; total, $2,316,176.30.

Crook—County indebtedness, $354,500; school, $41,438.53; city, $385,000; irrigation, $1,350,000; total, $2,130,938.53.

**Curry's Debt Smallest.**

Curry—County indebtedness, $94,419.69; school, $32,177.39; total, $126,596.48.

Deschutes—County indebtedness, $202,361.25; school, $157,468.78; city, $401,000; irrigation, $1,115,000; total, $1,875,830.03.

Douglas—County indebtedness, $388,500; school, $270,738.62; city, $691,795.66; port, $200,000; total, $1,461,034.28.

Gilliam—County indebtedness, $50,000; school, $13,573.73; city, $140,500; total, $204,073.73.

Grant—County indebtedness, $38,500; school, $29,074.91; city, $49,513.57; total, $117,087.58.

Harney—County indebtedness, $63,263.57; school, $97,263.89; total, $160,527.46.

Hood River—County indebtedness, $75,000; school, $165,401.82; city, $215,000; irrigation, $392,000; total, $847,401.82.

Jackson—County indebtedness, $700,000; school, $349,608.35; city, $1,670,009.80; irrigation, $1,585,000; total, $4,304,618.35.

Jefferson—County indebtedness, $100,000; school, $54,397.55; city, $22,092.26; irrigation, $57,100; total, $233,839.90.

Josephine—County indebtedness, $260,000; school, $87,092.81; city, $299,634.06; irrigation, $830,000; total, $1,536,726.87.

Klamath—County indebtedness, $480,424.87; school, $156,220.07; city, $327,793; irrigation, $417,000; total, $1,381,437.94.

Lake—County indebtedness, $200,000; school, $129,766.67; city, $12,515.85; total, $342,282.52.

**Lane's Total, $2,802,524.**

Lane—County indebtedness, $129,371.19; school, $384,576.60; city, $2,016,576.64; port, $262,000; total, $2,802,524.52.

Lincoln—County indebtedness, $180,000; school, $92,642.15; city, $180,500; port, $890,000; total, $1,343,142.15.

Linn—County indebtedness, $609,322.72; school, $291,777.98; city, $412,824.29; total, $1,323,924.99.

Malheur—County indebtedness, $130,000; school, $110,067.85; city, $401,938.39; irrigation, $1,823,000; drainage, $57,000; total, $2,523,106.24.

Marion—County indebtedness, $315,250;

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

## NEGOTIATIONS CLEAR UP JAPANESE ISSUES

**SURVEY OF DISARMAMENT PROPOSAL PROGRESSES.**

**Washington Expects Tokio to Enter Conference Fully With Pacific Problems to Be Included.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—Negotiations with Japan relating to the scope of the disarmament conference apparently were about to enter a more active phase. Both the state department and the Japanese embassy have nearly completed their preliminary surveys and another conference between Secretary Hughes and Ambassador Shidehara was considered likely within a few days. It was understood to be the intention thus to keep the exchange of opinions informal for the present.

In the view of American officials the negotiations were not likely to be of sufficient duration to interfere with the plan for bringing the conference together here by early November. The state department manifestly continued confident that the Tokio government would agree to the proposed broad discussion of far eastern questions in the conference as soon as the American views were fully understood by Japanese statesmen.

The Japanese ambassador here was understood to be fully advised of the attitude of his government. On the side of the United States, Secretary Hughes has consulted with many high officials on the subject of the pending negotiations and late this afternoon had an extended conference with President Harding.

That Senator Lodge, Massachusetts, chairman of the foreign relations committee, will be one of the delegates was expected.

LONDON, July 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—It was believed that the idea of holding a preliminary disarmament and Pacific conference in London would be abandoned. The London conference was supposed also to have been strongly favored by Japan. Instead of the proposed preliminary conference, there will be held here a conference between the British cabinet ministers and the dominion premiers. This conference will be devoted, first, to a discussion of the policy and representations of the British empire at the Washington conference, and, second, to the advisability of asking the Washington government to postpone the disarmament and Pacific conference to some date later than November 11. It was considered likely here that the Washington conference possibly would not assemble until spring.

## HOUSE OF 460 PROPOSED

**Census Committee Reapportions Membership for States.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—Reapportionment legislation providing for a house of representatives of 460 members as compared with the present membership of 435 was agreed upon tonight by the house census committee. Washington would gain one member.

Under the reapportionment legislation two states, Maine and Missouri, would each lose a member and 16 states would gain members as follows:

California, four; Michigan and Ohio, three each; New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania and Texas, two each, and Arkansas, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Massachusetts, New Mexico North Carolina Oklahoma and Washington one each.

The census committee at the last session reported out a bill providing for a house of 483 members, but the house voted to amend the bill so as to hold the membership to the present 435. The measure did not pass the senate.

## INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS


**The Weather.**

YESTERDAY'S—Highest temperature, 72 degrees; lowest, 57; clear.

TODAY'S—Fair and warmer; northwesterly winds.

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Lloyd George plan for Ireland ready for presentation to De Valera. Page 4.

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Governor of Illinois indicted on charge of embezzlement. Page 1.

Warrants out for arrest of Turlock, Cal., men who deported Japanese. Page 3.

Texas legislature urged to take action to end outrages of masked bands. Page 6.

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**Pacific Northwest.**

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America's passion pageant to be presented at University of Washington. Page 3.

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Burned body is declared that of W. Dennis Russell. Page 1.

**Sports.**

Pacific Coast league results: At San Francisco 5, Portland 4; at Los Angeles 6, Seattle 5; at Sacramento 6, Vernon 2; at Salt Lake 7, Oakland 17. Page 12.

Defense attorneys grill Bill Burns for three hours. Page 12.

Fight card arranged for next Wednesday at Milwaukie. Page 12.

Extra heats required in two circuit races. Page 12.

**Portland and Vicinity.**

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Quick revival of auto trade predicted. Page 5.

City council unanimously grants permit for hospital. Page 11.

Oregon an asylum for paroled men. Page 10.

Grand Exalted Ruler Mountain of Elks and party, visit Portland. Page 10.

Steamer Effingham sinks in Columbia. Page 1.


## BURNED BODY HELD TO BE RUSSELL'S

### Coroner's Jury Declares Laborer Murder Victim.

### SLAYER IS NOT NAMED

### County Court Expected to Increase Rewards.

### MANY WITNESSES HEARD

**Charred Remnants Identified by Some as Russell's and by Others as Dentist's.**

ROSEBURG, Or., July 20.—(Special.)—That the body found in the Brumfield auto wreck was that of W. Dennis Russell and that he met his death by gunshot wounds inflicted by a person unknown, was the verdict returned by the coroner's jury, at 8 o'clock following two hours of deliberation.

The jury was unanimous in its decision, which read:

"We find the deceased is named W. Dennis Russell, is a native of Douglas county, Oregon, aged about 44 years, and that he came to his death on July 13, 1921, at a point on the Pacific highway about one-half mile south of his residence near Dole in Douglas county, Oregon, by gunshot wounds, inflicted by an unknown person."

**Bigger Reward Likely.**

County Judge Quine and members of the county court stated that the court will meet tomorrow and doubtless will authorize a much larger reward than has yet been made for the capture of the murderer.

Two portions of scalp, found at the wreck, figured principally in the inquest. One portion of the scalp was taken from the body and the hair thoroughly washed, cleaned and preserved. The other portion was much larger and carried a piece of the scalp bone, the hair being quite heavy. Over every point of identification there was a dispute. Some witnesses said that the hair resembled Brumfield's, others stating that it was identical with that of Russell. The general build of the two men was shown to be very nearly the same, Russell's shoulders had a peculiar shape, some of the witnesses stated, while others said that the shoulders were exactly those of Brumfield.

**Nails of Both Well Kept.**

Those witnesses believing the body to be that of Dr. Brumfield, made much of the fact that the nails of the hands were well kept, being neatly trimmed and polished. Friends of Dennis Russell, however, stated that he, too, always kept his finger nails in good condition.

Mrs. Brumfield and others who said that the body was that of the doctor declared that the dentist had heavy callouses on his feet. This, too, was said to be true of Russell by friends and relatives. Physicians who made the post-mortem examination on the body stated that the body was in such a badly mutilated state that identification was practically impossible.

The most convincing bit of the evidence, in identifying the body, centered around the feet and particularly the toe nails. Friends of Russell stated that his toe nails were very crooked and peculiar. This fact they said was noticed also by them when they viewed the body at the morgue after it was found beneath the car.

Deputy Sheriff Percy Webb, who was with the coroner at the time the body was removed from the wreck and who was among the first to discover the evidence leading to a murder theory, followed the coroner on the stand. He told substantially the same story regarding the finding of the body and the various articles put in evidence. He stated that a portion of the overalls in which the body had been clothed was clinging to the corpse when it was removed from the wreck.

**Doctor Declared Seen.**

Floyd C. Gurnee stated they saw Dr. Brumfield traveling south in his machine about 7:45. At 10:15 the Brumfield car was seen dashing through the city by Edward Kohlhagen, who was directing traffic away from a block in which a church carnival was being held. Mr Kohlhagen was unable to state whether or not Dr. Brumfield was at the wheel, but believed that it was the doctor driving.

Grant Clayton testified regarding finding of a large pool of blood on the pavement of the Pacific highway, directly opposite the Booth ranch house of Dillard.

"The pool of blood was about five feet long and about two feet wide," he said. "In the center was a thicker pool, evidently where the head had been. I found portions of hair and scalp bone in this place and several portions of a bullet. Later, after the blood had been cleaned away, I made a further examination and found a piece of copper jacket imbedded in the pavement. I removed this and turned it over to the sheriff, together with the hairs and pieces of bone."

He was shown this evidence, which had been preserved and readily identified it. The hair, he said, was identical with that of Dennis Russell, with whom he had been acquainted

(Concluded on Page 4, Column 2.)

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