

JAPANESE LIBERAL RAPIDS UPON POLICY

Foreign Relations Declared
Far From Satisfactory.

ILL WILL HELD INCURRED

Ex-Speaker of House Admonishes
Government to Promote Better
Understanding Abroad.

TOKIO, June 22.—(By Mail).—Several thousand Japanese listened this week to an address by Saburo Shimada, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, and a prominent liberal, in which he attacked the policy of Japan in its foreign relations. The meeting was held under the auspices of Japanese Christians, with the object of discussing means of improving relations between Japan and the United States, and its organizers invited Dr. H. Wainwright, a prominent American missionary, to present his views.

Mr. Shimada declared that what he had to say was not pleasant for Japanese to hear, but a Japanese to speak. He continued:

"But we must take account of our present position. We were one of the five great powers during the European war, but we have succeeded in gaining ill will since the war. The prejudice against us is not racial, for it is shared by the Chinese and Koreans. Our antagonism to America on account of exclusion is not wholly just, for Canadian and Australian exclusion is more rigid than American exclusion. We have spent large sums of money in Siberia and sent an unwarranted number of soldiers in violation of our agreement with the United States. We have not been just to Siberia, while France and England and even the United States are seeking to establish trade relations with the Russian people."

Shoddy Goods Declared.
"We have seemed to the Chinese, our age-long neighbors, to be taking advantage of their weakness. The European nations were at war. We have sent out shoddy goods and done damage to our trade and have awakened suspicion by appropriating so much of the army and navy and so little for education."

"My object in saying these things is to lay the foundation for a broader and better national policy. We need to build up public opinion in Japan similar to that now being created in the United States for the reduction of armaments, for mutual understanding between ourselves and other nations, especially between us and the United States, and for the encouragement of the interchanges of peace."

"It is extremely difficult to get the American people as a whole to cast a vote in favor of war, so great is the sentiment for peace in that nation. This was shown in America's reluctance to enter the European war. Just such sentiment should be more diligently fostered in Japan and it is my endeavor to strengthen national sentiment in favor of peace, especially between Japan and America in battleship building the height of folly. Certainly Japan cannot keep step in such a race."

Good Will Paramount.
Dr. Wainwright said that presuppositions are important, for they influence life. He went on:
"It is better to presuppose peace between Japan and the United States and do our utmost to prevent war than to presuppose a conflict and endeavor as far as possible to maintain peace. We must rid the world of the false supposition that the growth and expansion of one nation is at the expense of the other nations. The rise of Japan as a selling nation is not a menace to the trade of others. Every selling nation is at the same time a buying nation."

Both speakers were heartily cheered by the audience when they declared for co-operation between Japan and the United States in the limitation of armaments and in the cultivation in both countries of ideals of mutual good will.

GOVERNMENT URGED TO ACT
Japanese Chamber of Commerce for Armament Reduction.

OSAKA, Japan, June 21.—(By Mail).—The chamber of commerce has followed its recent initiative in the question of reduction of armaments by sending to the cabinet a memorial expressing the hope that the government will take the initiative in proposing a reduction of armaments, so that it can be carried out in conjunction with the British and American governments. The memorial continues:

"The principal reasons for our advocacy of the reduction of armaments are first, our desire to avoid, from the humanitarian point of view, the ravages of war, such as were wrought by the recent European conflict; second, our desire to safeguard the world's peace by avoiding endless competition among the powers in military expenditure; and last, our desire to lessen the burden of war expenditure so as to enable the powers concerned to perfect their cultural undertakings and industrial developments."

"The reduction of armaments is now supported by public opinion among the powers. It seems quite opportune that Japan, which has always done good work for the sake of humanity, and been solicitous of the maintenance of the world's peace, should take the lead in proposing the reduction of armaments at a time when the league of nations is working for the establishment of the world's peace."

"Seeing that the adoption of such a policy by the Japanese government would have the effect of dispelling the powers' suspicions of this country and of reducing the war expenditure under which the Japanese people are groaning, it is sincerely to be desired that the government will take the course suggested without delay."

"The Osaka chamber of commerce is of the opinion that although the co-operation of Britain and America is necessary for the realization of the reduction of armaments, yet economy of war expenditures is possible to a certain extent, even without going to the length of reducing armaments. It is therefore urged that the government to effect such curtailment of war expenditures as is possible, pending an agreement between the powers on the reduction of armaments."

MYSTERY SHIP PROWLING

(Continued From First Page.)
Forecastle head, along one ship off port bow, Mr. Captain Erling Herwig was in his bunk and Chief Officer Harald was on the bridge. The Port Morgan was slipping through the water easily and the night was dark. It was seen the sailing vessel was without lights. Quartermaster Claf-

DEMOCRATS TURN GUNS ON TARIFF

Fordney Accused of Hearing
Only High Rate Champions.

STEEL COSTS ATTACKED

Some Republicans Join Opponents
in Barring Measure and Law
Violations Are Alleged.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The Fordney tariff bill alternately was condemned and praised in a six-hour session of the house today. In a speech which drew repeated rejoinders from republicans, Representative Collier of Mississippi, democratic member of the ways and means committee, charged that Chairman Fordney had permitted the committee to hear only one side of the case in framing the measure.

PARIS LIKELY TO AGREE

AMERICAN OFFICIAL CALLS AT
FOREIGN OFFICE.

Outlook Held to Be Bright for
Participation by France in
Plans of President Harding.

PARIS, July 11.—(By the Associated Press).—Sheldon Whitehouse, counselor of the American embassy, called at the French foreign office today and talked with M. De Peretti de Rocca, director of political affairs, on the possibility of holding a conference on disarmament.

Mr. Whitehouse delivered no document, merely engaging in a tentative conversation on the subject. Official comment on President Harding's proposal was withheld, but the receipt of the official invitation, but unofficial opinions, gathered in official circles, were to the effect that France certainly would accept such an invitation.

The attitude of the French government, however, is said to be unchanged since it was set forth in the assembly of the league of nations last December. It was explained, in ready and would be glad to reduce her armaments and save the heavy expense involved, as soon as she can safely do so, but any decision on this question must depend upon absolute security from the measure.

Inquiries in official circles disclosed the impression that such security had not yet been obtained. The upper Silesian troubles and the nationalist reaction in certain parts of Germany were cited as indications that the time had not yet come when France could safely weaken herself in the face of Germany. French opinion in this connection is said to be unchanged since it was set forth in the assembly of the league of nations last December. It was explained, in ready and would be glad to reduce her armaments and save the heavy expense involved, as soon as she can safely do so, but any decision on this question must depend upon absolute security from the measure.

In this connection it was declared that since the peace conference at Montclair at Beuthen last week, two French officers there have been besieged in their quarters by menacing crowds, being saved only by the intervention of the police, while French official dispatches declared that of the 40,000 troops who were under General von Hoerster in Upper Silesia only 20,000 were withdrawn. Of the 20,000, said to be remaining, half were non-combatants, and the remainder were understood to be the elements which were continuing the anti-Polish struggle in the region.

The French government affirmed that the version of the assassination of Major Montclair, yet come from German newspapers, was inaccurate in essential particulars, both the British and British press demonstrated that someone in the crowd of demonstrators was responsible for the shooting.

READY RESPONSE EXPECTED
Powers Reported Sounded Before
President Sent Note.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The suggestion of President Harding looking to a disarmament conference was today met by a ready response from the powers concerned. Their attitude toward such a proposal, it was said, was nominated in advance through American ambassadors.

Tending to confirm this belief, in the opinion of officials, was the statement of Premier Lloyd George in the house of commons today welcoming the initiative of President Harding in the matter. The powers were sounded also on the question of the far east, and whether a discussion of this problem would be in connection with a consideration of disarmament. As a result the impression obtained that the far eastern problem will be promptly considered.

The details of organization of the conference will be left until the powers formally accept. Before the conference actually opened, the subjects to be considered, however, and an understanding given of what the powers consider their special interests. It was said today, it is believed that Secretary Hughes may head the American delegation.

BUS FORCES FARE DOWN

(Continued From First Page.)
between Portland and some of the principal points involved. Rates shown below in each case include war tax:

Ret. Portland.	Way Trip	New Day
Forest Grove.....	\$1.00	\$1.10
Hillsboro.....	1.25	1.35
Salem.....	1.50	1.60
Woodburn.....	1.75	1.85
St. Helens.....	2.00	2.10
Rainier.....	2.25	2.35

That the Southern Pacific cannot at this time see its way clear to reduce interurban fares, but is giving the subject of continuance of its electric system's service at a great loss careful study, was the statement yesterday of J. A. Ormady, acting general passenger agent here.

"Because of the large losses in operation of our electric lines in Oregon, we cannot see our way clear at this time to make any reduction in fares, which, we incline to believe, would result in an increased loss from these lines rather than a decrease," said Mr. Ormady.

"The situation is having our careful study as to how we may continue to give to the people of Oregon the best service at the lowest cost. Our electric lines and yet reduce the losses or eliminate them altogether."

S. & H. green stamps for cash Holman Fuel Co. coal and wood. Main 333; 569-51-AdV.

DEMOCRATS TURN GUNS ON TARIFF

Fordney Accused of Hearing
Only High Rate Champions.

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Violations Are Alleged.

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STEP TO DISARM CHEERED

(Continued From First Page.)
ing, as I expected replies to a conversation put to the extent of \$2,500,000 annually while the treasury will receive only a few dollars in revenue because of the reduction.

"What a staggering price the American people are paying," exclaimed Mr. Collier, "to reimburse the British and British press demonstrated that someone in the crowd of demonstrators was responsible for the shooting."

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GLADSTONE SEASON OF CHAUTAUQUA ON

Concert Is to Be One of Opening Features.

CAMP SITES ARE POPULAR

Dr. Robert Parker Miles to Be
Speaker at Tonight's Session,
Telling of Experiences.

OREGON CITY, Or., July 11.—(Special).—The big state of the Gladstone park will swing open tomorrow when the 25th annual assembly of the Willamette Valley Chautauqua association will commence and will continue for 10 days.

The opening remarks at 1:30 o'clock will be made by Harvey E. Cross, president, and J. R. Ellison. Organization of classes and announcements will be made.

At 2 o'clock a concert will be given by Liberty Bell of Boston. A baseball game between Pacific university and Waseda Japanese university will be played. This will be called at 4 o'clock.

At 5 o'clock at the symposium, "Community Service" will be the subject. Ray Carver and Mrs. Edward L. Brown in charge.

The Liberty Bells of Boston will give a concert at 7:30 P. M., followed by a lecture, "Tallow Dips," by Robert Parker Miles.

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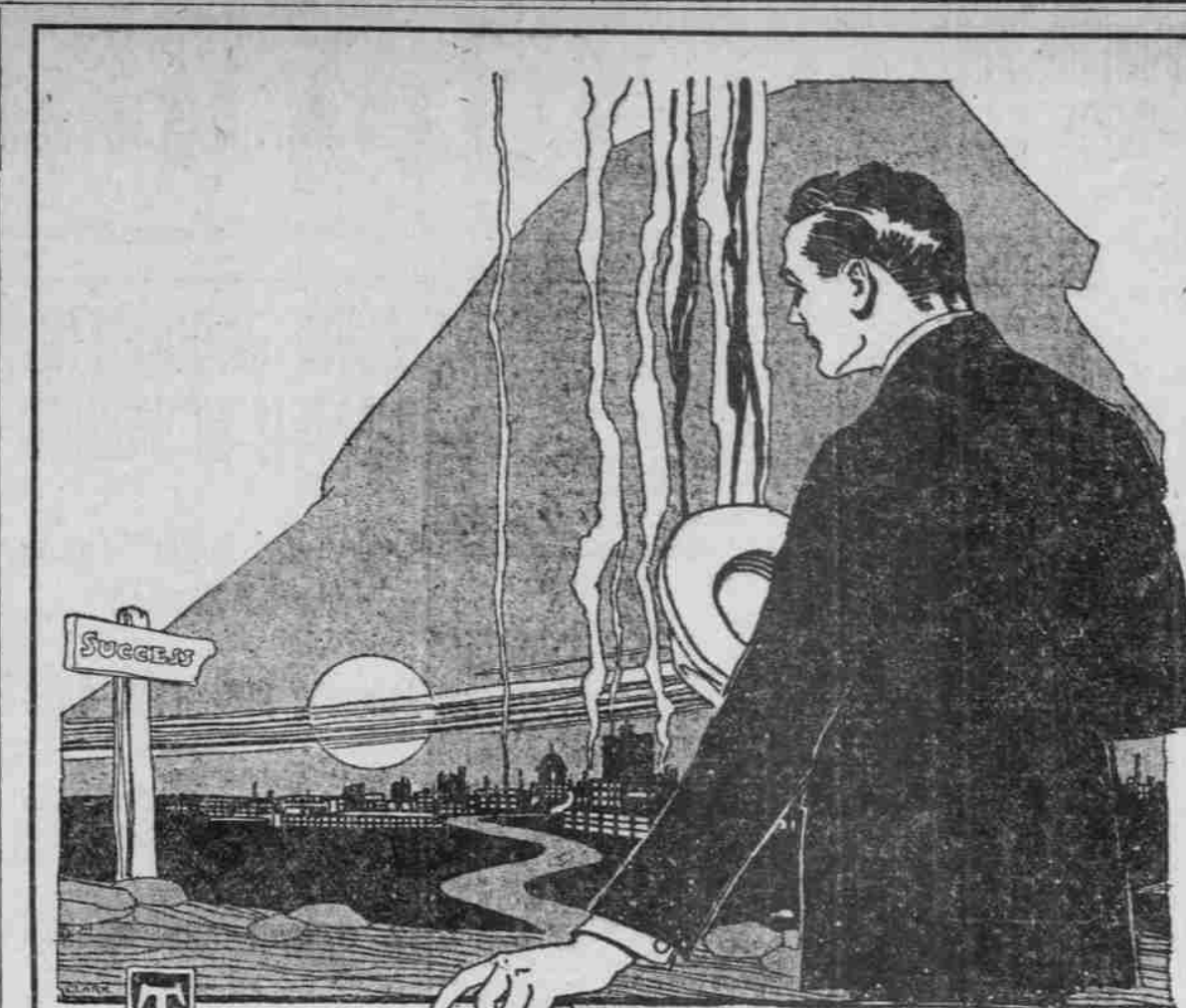
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The Roadway of Success Lies at your Feet!

BEFORE people will back a man, before they will loan him money or give him credit, they want to know what sort of a man he is. Does he live beyond his income or is he thrifty? A savings account with a good bank is often the deciding factor in business credits and promotion. It is the beginning of the journey on the roadway of success!

Decide now to SAVE—to set aside a certain definite amount of your income each month! Open your account with The First National Bank.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND OREGON

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK WEST
OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS

FOREIGN TRADE DROPS

CUT OF 3 BILLION DOLLARS IS
SHOWN FOR FISCAL YEAR.

Slump Is About Evenly Divided Between Exports and Imports;
Gold Influx Increases.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—America's foreign trade fell off more than \$2,000,000,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, a summary of trade issued today by the department of commerce shows. The slump about evenly divided between exports and imports.

Exports for the year aggregated \$6,519,000,000, as compared with \$6,108,000,000 the year before, while imports amounted to \$4,519,000,000, against \$5,238,000,000 the previous year. The trade balance in favor of the United States for the year was \$2,000,000,000.

Exports in June totaled \$340,000,000, as against \$325,000,000 in May and \$329,000,000 in June, 1920, while imports were \$198,000,000, compared with \$204,000,000 in May and \$252,000,000 in June, 1920.

While lower than the total for the previous year and the \$7,000,000,000 in 1919, exports for the last fiscal year were greater than the total of \$5,919,000,000 in 1918 and \$6,250,000,000 in 1917.

Exports during the last year were greater than in any year since 1917 with the exception of 1920.

Gold imports for the fiscal year were \$2,000,000,000.

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Naturopaths and Diet Specialists

NEW METHODS AND TREATMENTS FOR CERTAIN DISEASES. SOONIA, KIDNEY TROUBLE, LUMB