

## NOTE FROM JAPAN INSISTS ON YAP

### Mikado Firm in Stand on Claim of Mandate.

### HUGHES ASKED FOR PROOF

### Reservations by Wilson at Paris Are Denied.

### AWARD IS HELD INVALID

### American Declares Question at Issue Is Rights of United States as War Ally.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18.—The American and Japanese governments have adopted equally firm attitudes as to the status of the island of Yap. Diplomatic exchanges are continuing and those to date were made public today in Washington and Tokyo. They consist of two memoranda and three formal notes.

Japan, in its last communication received late in the Wilson administration, insisted it had received a mandate for the island from the supreme council May 7, 1919, and that it could not agree with the American contention that irrespective of any award of mandate other nations should have free access to the island for cables.

In replying, Secretary Hughes, April 5 stated that the United States could not be bound by action either of the supreme council or of the league of nations and that as no one had been "authorized to surrender or cede" the right of the United States in the island the American government could not recognize the allocation of the island or the validity of the mandate.

### Notes Before Allies.

Japan now is considering this communication. Great Britain, France and Italy also have before them similar notes. Exchanges between the four governments were understood to be under way with a view to reaching an accord.

Meantime, however, France in a preliminary reply stated that the council to consider it. May be that when it comes up, she would approach it with a view to finding a solution giving every satisfaction to the United States.

The viewpoint of the Harding administration is explained today in that the question of Yap is the supreme council did actually award the island to Japan on May 7 is of secondary importance.

The important point at issue, it was emphasized, is recognition by the allied governments of the principle laid down by Mr. Hughes that the United States as a principal allied and associated power has an equal right in the former German colonies and that those rights cannot be disposed of without consent of the American government.

### Approval Is Expected.

Administration officials believed that the soundness of this position will be conceded by its former war associates. With this principle recognized, it is believed the details as to the American rights can be worked out.

No official information has come indicating Japan's position. Press dispatches from Tokyo today, however, said newspapers there seemed to think Japan would adopt a passive attitude.

Japan, it was pointed out, adopted a positive attitude on Yap in her last note. The imperial government said in order for the United States to maintain its position that the mandate was not awarded to Japan by the supreme council, it would have to prove that not merely reservations were made by President Wilson, but that also his views were accepted by the council.

### Bad Faith Pointed Out.

"It must also be remembered," Japan said, "that if a decision in favor of the exclusion of the island of Yap—a question of grave concern to Japan and one on which the Japanese delegation invariably maintained a firm attitude—had really been made, as it is implied by the argument of the United States government, at the meeting of the supreme council May 7, 1919, at which Japan was not represented, it could not but have been regarded as an act of entirely bad faith."

### Proof Held Unnecessary.

It was to this note that Secretary Hughes replied April 5. At the same time sending similar notes to the governments of Great Britain, France and Italy. He declared that the United States was unable to agree with Japan's contention that, in order to maintain its position, it would have to prove that not merely reservations were made by President Wilson, but that also his views were accepted by the council.

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## EX-KAISERIN'S BODY REACHES POTSDAM

### THORN WREATH, SYMBOLIZING SADNESS, PUT ON COFFIN.

### Ex-Crown Princess, Grand Duke of Baden, Von Hindenburg and Generals Meet Train.

LONDON, April 18.—The funeral train bearing the body of the German ex-empress reached Potsdam shortly before midnight, said a dispatch from Berlin received here early today.

The station was cordoned by police. Prince Henry, the ex-emperor's brother, the ex-crown princess, the grand duke of Baden, Field Marshal von Hindenburg and Generals Ludendorff and Mackensen were on the platform. Officers mounted guard around the bier.

A Berlin dispatch to the Daily Mail said the mayor of Emmersloh, near the German-Dutch frontier, placed on the coffin of the German ex-empress a wreath of thorns entwined with laurel, symbolizing the sadness which overshadowed her in her last days.

### DOORN, Holland, April 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German ex-emperor suffered last night from severe nervous depression and to this was due his absence from the Maarn station today when the funeral train departed with the body of his wife, Augusta Victoria.

During the morning he regained his composure in a measure and attended a special service held before Princess Victoria Louise and her husband, the Duke of Brunswick, and Prince Oscar left for the ceremony at Potsdam, Germany.

At the moment of leaving-taking Wilhelm almost collapsed again.

### AUTHOR TO PAY DAMAGES

### Skipper, Who Resembles Character in Book, Gets \$10,000 Award.

HONOLULU, T. H., April 18.—(Special.)—Frederick O'Brien, author of "White Shadows in the South Seas" passed through here recently on his way to American Samoa. He told of having lost a suit in a Tahiti court filed by "Lying Bill," skipper of the Morning Star. The amount awarded was \$10,000.

### STORMS' TOLL ABOUT 100

### Relief Work in Six Southern States Being Pushed.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 18.—With the death toll of the tornadoes and storms which swept six southern states Friday and Saturday remaining at approximately 100, relief work in the storm areas is being pushed with reports tonight indicating immediate needs of sufferers have been met.

The list of known dead stands at 94, with a number more missing and believed dead in Arkansas and Texas. A dozen or more of the injured are expected to die. Hempstead and Miller counties, Arkansas, were the hardest hit by the storm, with 58 deaths, hundreds being homeless.

In Texas and Arkansas early planted crops were destroyed.

### WOODCUTTER IS KILLED

### Tree Falls and Crushes Skull of Man Wielding Ax.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 18.—(Special.)—David Lindgren, a woodcutter near Eagle Creek, on the Matt Glover place, was killed instantly this morning about 10:30 o'clock when a tree fell, crushing his head. He was cutting the tree and it crashed to the ground in the opposite direction from which he was working. Lindgren was a member of the Matt Glover place, which was a year ago for Mr. Glover. The funeral will be Wednesday afternoon. Lindgren had a brother, Charles Lindgren, who lived with him in a cabin in the woods.

### SENATE VOTES FOR ESCH

### Appointment to Federal Commission Is Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18.—The nomination of former Representative Esch of Wisconsin to be a member of the interstate commerce commission was confirmed today by the senate.

Senator La Follette, republican, Wisconsin, opposed confirmation.

### SHIP TO CARRY LIQUOR

### Munson Line Steamer to Sail From Montevideo "Wet."

BUENOS AIRES, April 18.—The American shipping board vessel Huron, managed by the Munson line, which will sail from Montevideo Wednesday for New York, will be a "wet" ship, it was announced by the line today.

### BRYAN VISITS HARDING

### Commoner Evades Politics and Pays Respects to President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18.—William Jennings Bryan called today on President Harding.

## PHONE REHEARING ARGUED AT SALEM

### All Oregon Joins Portland in Protest.

### EXCESSIVE PROFITS CHARGED

### Legality of Suspending New Schedule Questioned.

### RATE BASE HELD TOO HIGH

### Public Service Commission Is Told Charges More Than Enough for Fair Return on Capital.

SALEM, Or., April 18.—(Special.)—Rehearing of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph rate case and suspension of the recently increased charges pending a final order in the controversy were sought in a petition submitted by the city of Portland and argued before the Oregon public service commission here today.

Oral testimony placed before the commission indicated that practically every important city and town in Oregon had joined with the city of Portland in its action for a rehearing of the case, while the Oregon State Hotel association intervened through a separate petition presented by Lawrence McNary, attorney for the organization.

### ANNUNZIO WEDS PIANIST

### Soldier-Poet of Fiume Flies Marries Woman "Patriot."

GENEVA, April 18.—Gabriele D'Annunzio, soldier-poet, married in a civil ceremony Saturday in a village near Lugano, Signorina Lissetta Baccara, an Italian pianist, says a Lugano dispatch.

They are passing their honeymoon in the Italian lake country.

### Rate Suspension Questioned.

James T. Shaw, general attorney for the telephone corporation, with headquarters in San Francisco, while admitting that the public service commission had authority to order a rehearing of the case, declared that it was not within the rights of the commission to suspend the present rates, which had been in effect for more than 30 days. Mr. Shaw contended that this question had been settled in the courts and there were numerous decisions on the subject.

In opening the case for the petitioners Frank Grant, city attorney of Portland, alleged in part that the present rates of the corporation were excessive, service poor and inadequate, profits unreasonable and that the rate base on which the advanced charges were computed was too high. Reference also was made by Mr. Grant to the enormous profits of the American Telephone & Telegraph company, parent corporation of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company. He said that any extension, unless absolutely necessary, should be delayed until conditions returned to normal.

### Average Rise 30 Per Cent.

Mr. Grant said investigation had shown that the increase in some instances was as much as 200 per cent, while the average advance throughout the state exceeded 30 per cent.

Attorney McNary, in submitting the (Continued on Page 4, Column 1.)

## POKER GAME WINNER IS THROWN INTO JAIL

### OLD, LITTLE-USED LAW IS IN- VOKED IN COURT.

### Joseph Mozorosky Imprisoned for Failure to Pay \$1600 Jury Declared Dice Loser.

Failure of Joseph Mozorosky to pay the judgment of \$1600 returned by a jury in Judge Stapleton's court two weeks ago in favor of Sol Swire, loser to Mozorosky at gambling, resulted in an execution against the body being issued yesterday morning and the throwing of Mozorosky in the county jail. Shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Presiding Circuit Judge Kavanaugh issued a writ of habeas corpus returnable before Judge Stapleton at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Invocation of this old, seldom-used law through which a man may be imprisoned temporarily for debt was the move of Henry E. McGinn, former circuit judge, who represented Swire in the recent civil action.

In the petition for writ of habeas corpus, John H. Stevenson and J. J. Fitzgerald, attorneys for Mozorosky, contend that his imprisonment is unconstitutional, asserting that the debt incurred by Mozorosky is not founded on fraud, that he is not an absconding debtor and that there is no warrant of law for such an execution.

Swire filed suit for \$1600 against Mozorosky on the ground that the latter had won \$800 from him at gambling and under an Oregon law a loser at gambling may sue the winner and recover damages double the amount of the loss. The statute was designed to discourage gambling. Attorney McGinn won for Swire, receiving judgment for the full amount demanded.

### EXCURSION FARE IN AGAIN

### Southern Pacific Re-establishes One and a Third Rates.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 18.—Re-establishment of excursion rates to all points east by all transcontinental roads, was announced by the Southern Pacific company today. The rates were suspended in 1917.

Tickets will be sold from June 15 to August 15 and the time limit will be October 31. The old excursion rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip will be restored.

Excursion rates on these carriers to all points west were announced some months ago. Today's order returns the roads to the old excursion status.

### TRAINING CAMP IS DATED

### Reserve Officers to Be at Camp Lewis on June 16.

THE OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., April 18.—Reports that there would be no training camp for reserve officers at Camp Lewis, Wash., this year, were ended today by announcement of the war department that the training camp at Camp Lewis would open June 16.

### WOOD UNIVERSITY CHIEF

### General Elected President of Penn- sylvania Institution.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—Major-General Leonard Wood today was elected head of the University of Pennsylvania by the board of trustees.

He was nominated by the board last month.

## MASTODON SKELETON FOUND IN SAGEBRUSH

### SHEEPHERDER DIGS UP ONE OF NINE-FOOT TUSKS.

### Arlington Plans to Exhume Bones of Prehistoric Mammal and Put Them on Exhibition.

ARLINGTON, Or., April 18.—(Special.)—The skeleton of a mastodon, apparently complete, was discovered yesterday in Butcher Knife canyon, about four miles southeast of Arlington, Or., in Gilliam county, near Willow creek, by William Marshall, a shepherd in the employ of Smythe Bros.

The prehistoric relic was discovered by Marshall upon noting the point of one of the tusks sticking up several inches above the sandy soil in the sagebrush. Fred Danielson, camp tender for the Smythe Bros. shearing plant and sheep camps, brought one of the tusks to Arlington this morning. The tusk measured exactly nine feet from the base, which is 12 inches in diameter, to the tip and is a perfect specimen.

Mr. Danielson said that the skeleton of the prehistoric mammal is complete, as far as could be determined from a preliminary excavation, and Arlington citizens were planning to have the find exhumed and brought to town for exhibition purposes. Remains of prehistoric animals have been found in this territory before, but this is the first time that a complete specimen has been discovered.

### MR. STOKES LOSES 3 CO-RESPONDENTS

### Millionaire Admits Evi- dence Is Lacking.

### Rowland Miller, Will Myers Also Eliminated.

### FOUR OTHERS TO REMAIN

### Defense Expected to Begin in Earnest Today When Wife's Mother Will Go on Stand.

NEW YORK, April 18.—(Special.)—Three co-respondents were lost in the legal shouls of the Stokes divorce trial today. Four remain. The elimination of three—Rowland Miller, Will Myers and W. E. D. Stokes Jr.—was both a legal formality and a confession by the millionaire plaintiff that agents had failed to find sufficient evidence against them.

Young Stokes, even before the trial began, was out of consideration, so that withdrawing his name was a technicality. But the two others were under scrutiny until yesterday.

### Mazes Are Accentuated.

As usual, the day's developments served to accentuate the mazes of the proceedings. In addition to dropping the co-respondents, counsel for Mr. Stokes succeeded in changing an address in a charge of misconduct. This step was somewhat involved, but simply told, it was like this:

The original complaint, sprinkled with various "unidentified men," contains a reference to one such at No. 229 West Seventy-eighth street. "The tall, dark young man," romantic wanderer in the early sessions of the trial, Mr. Stokes' lawyer discovered, according to the evidence, was at No. 311, the Stokes home. So a motion was made to move him, and after considerable debate he was moved.

### Other Developments Follow.

Other developments followed in rapid succession.

The action naming Edgar T. Wallace was consolidated with the original action. It will be recalled the complaint was amended to include Wallace, and now legal action united the two in form, after they had been joined in fact. Meanwhile Mrs. Stokes filed an appeal on the consolidation and the amendment. She recited that a previous motion to merge the two actions was denied by Justice Ford.

Unless the unexpected occurs, the end of the trial is in sight. Legal difficulties aside, the defense will begin in earnest tomorrow, with Mrs. Stokes' mother as the first witness.

### Complaint Dismissal Denied.

Mr. Littleton's motion to dismiss the complaint was denied and Mrs. Stokes will be free to refute her husband's charges and prove some of her own.

Cross-examination of the three alleged eyewitnesses of the three alleged Stokess incident was concluded at the morning session with Mrs. Mabel Matteossian. She said she thought Mr. Stokes "a dear old man," and assured the court that that was her sole motive for testifying.

Although her memory of her history, insofar as dates went, was somewhat hazy, she fared better under cross-examination than her predecessors. She was the one who testified she saw Mrs. Stokes and Wallace from the roof coping.

### Witness Is Positive.

Questioned once more, she was "positive" she had seen Mrs. Stokes in Wallace's bedroom and that they were somewhat under-dressed. She was sure, too, that the picture on Wallace's dresser was that of Mrs. Stokes. This was despite the fact she had "impressions" of the incident and could not state definitely her position, the position of her pressing companions nor the exact actions of the couple she saw.

For several weeks, Mrs. Matteossian sat huddled in her chair, nervously rubbing her hands, answering questions in a faint voice, sometimes with a tinge ofasperity. Cross-examination failed to shake her original story, and, unlike Mrs. DeAnquinas, she did not boast a "convenient memory."

### Contradictions Are Slight.

There were some slight contradictions. In her original story, she said she saw Mrs. Stokes turn on the light in the room and Wallace came to the window. Pressed, she said she could only give her "strong impression." The extract from the record bearing on this was read to her.

"Did you see Mrs. Stokes turn on the light?"

"I don't remember."

Henry Wise, for Mr. Wallace, asked if she saw the face of the man at the window.

"I'm not responsible for his face," Mrs. Matteossian retorted.

### Witness Vague on Point.

She was not quite sure at first whether her view of the red-haired woman led her to decide that Mrs. Stokes was in the room. She did not know, then, she said at first, whether she had known of Mrs. Stokes. Later she said she was "positive" of her immediate identification.

Mrs. Matteossian, despite her physi- (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

## JAPANESE CALLED HOME FOR TRAINING

### DRAFT LAWS ARE EXTENDED TO FILL UP ARMY.

### Subjects Residing in Philippines and South Seas Are Told to Report for Duty.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—General tightening of the conscription laws by Japan, including extension for the first time of the application of universal military training to Japanese residents in the Philippines, East India and the South Sea Islands was reported to official circles today.

Not only have all Japanese officers stationed in the Pacific islands south of the equator and in the East Indian islands been ordered to return to Japan for military training, but Japanese "all Japanese between 21 and 37 without previous service have been ordered to return for military duty to Japan." As applied to the Philippines, the order was reported to have been issued March 31. So far as is known, it has not been applied either to Hawaii or continental United States.

Officials attach no unusual significance to the reports, but state they are to be regarded only as indicating a general inclination of Japan since the war of adopting more rigorous methods to place herself in a state of defense.

The Japanese law, it was stated, has never exempted a subject from military service by residence in a foreign country, but hitherto considerable latitude has been exercised in the application of the law to Japanese residents some distance from Japan.

It is thought that on account of a reduction of some 15,000 in the class called to the army last December as compared with the preceding year, means of meeting this discrepancy by a more general application of the conscription laws has been judged advisable.

### U. S. EXPENDITURES RISE

### Treasury Statement for March Shows Heavy Increase.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18.—Government expenditures for March increased heavily as compared with February, according to the monthly statement today by the treasury.

Ordinary expenditures totaled \$28,474,359, as against \$21,021,030 for February, while public debt disbursements were \$962,598,242, as compared with \$79,850,750 in February.

Redemption of certificates of indebtedness to \$84,462,500 accounted for the bulk of the public debt disbursement, while the heaviest ordinary expenditures were \$13,079,821 to the railroads and \$100,597,580 to the war department.

### GIANT SEARCHLIGHT MADE

### One of World's Largest to Be In- stalled on Coast.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., April 18.—A searchlight 60 inches in diameter has been shipped by the General Electric company for installation on Mount Tamalpais, near San Francisco. It was announced today. This is one of the largest searchlights constructed. It was said, there being only two or three as large in use.

The rays of the searchlight will pick up a battleship 13 miles at sea and in 500 times more powerful than the headlight of a locomotive.

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## PARKING OF TAXIS CONGESTS TRAFFIC

### Special Investigation Be- gun by Chamber.

### COMPLAINTS ARE POURING IN

### Prominent Men and Women Declare for Remedy.

### GENERAL PUBLIC ROUSED

### New Methods of Handling Down- town Traffic Recommended in Committee Report.

Congestion of Portland's downtown streets through the parking of taxicabs and for-hire cars has become so acute as to demand a special investigation by the committee on traffic and safety of the Portland Chamber of Commerce.

Scores of complaints against usurpation of streets in the congested area have reached this committee and appeals have been made that action be taken to force the taxicabs and for-hire cars to relinquish their monopoly of the streets in the shopping district.

### General Public Complains.

The complaints registered with this committee have come from business men, hotel men, automobile owners and the public generally.

So important has this problem become that the committee appointed by President Van Duzer of the Chamber of Commerce will give special consideration to it and submit its findings in a report shortly. Dr. A. E. Rockey, chairman of the committee, announced yesterday that a report covering the for-hire and taxicab situation would be made as quickly as the investigation has been concluded.

The committee yesterday presented a report recommending new methods of handling traffic in the congested area. This plan conformed in the main with the plan outlined by Captain Lewis, in command of the traffic department of the police bureau, at a meeting last week at the United States National bank.

### Advantage Declared Taken.

Among the complaints registered with the Chamber of Commerce traffic committee were included charges that the for-hire operators were not observing the spirit of the permits granted them by the city council.

Complaints have also been made that many of the stages operated out of Portland have been converted into for-hire cars at any time convenient to the owners.

City Commissioner Barbur was the first member of the city council to take a definite stand in favor of removing the for-hire cars and taxicabs from the congested area. Commissioner Barbur was one of the pioneer backers of the plan to eliminate business enterprises using congested streets.

### Streets Held Too Narrow.

"There is no question in my mind but that the for-hire cars and taxicabs must go," said Mr. Barbur. "Portland streets are far too narrow and are like a pair of shoes outgrown by the wearer. We are beginning to suffer from corns."

"Much of the for-hire and taxicab business is now obtained through the telephone. I have heard that one taxicab company has a monopoly upon the hotels. I cannot see where that makes any particular difference. If the for-hire men and taxicabs are forced to leave the streets to the public, their will devise means to obtain business. I am willing to give them any reasonable time to adjust their affairs, but I will certainly fight in favor of an ordinance restricting them from the downtown streets."

### Prominent Persons Interviewed.

Some idea of the sentiment prevalent among prominent men and women on the question was gained from interviews yesterday by The Oregonian.

D. A. Grout, superintendent of schools, who has visited many of the large eastern cities, was emphatic in his opinion that the streets should be removed from the business area.

"There ought to be some arrangement to keep for-hire cars and taxicabs from the congested business district," said Mr. Grout. "In the eastern cities I have visited, you can always get a taxi quickly by telephoning from any hotel. I think the same system of calling these cars by telephone should be used here."

### Dodson Opposes Monopoly.

W. D. Dodson, general manager of the Chamber of Commerce, said that, in a large and rapidly-developing city like Portland, where the streets are narrow, it is inevitable that there should be restrictions against for-hire cars as to parking.

"While the for-hire cars fill a real need, they must not be privileged to occupy space in the downtown sections where it is needed for other purposes," said Mr. Dodson. "It is a serious question and needs careful consideration. The whole traffic problem here is acute and, it seems to me, is one which must eventually be given full consideration. A plan, based upon the fundamentals of the (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

