BILL ON TIMBER TAX CAUSES HOUSE TILT

Protection of Ports Bond Indebtedness Favored.

MAJORITY REPORT WINS

After Two Hours of Debate, Measure Is Passed to Third Reading. Minority Opinion Rejected.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—An unexpected tilt developed in the house today when house bill 285, introduced by Representative Beals, prohibiting the removal of timber from lands within port districts until all liability resulting from bonded indebtedness of the district is paid, came before the house.

An effort to adopt the minority report of the committee on forestry and conservation, which contained amendments practically nullifying the bill, failed and after more than one hour of debate the house adopted the majority report recommending passage of the bill, and it passed to third reading on the calendar, probably to come up for final passage tomorrow. Equalization of the burden of taxing, especially in large coast counties, where the major portion of the lands are covered with timber, is the main purpose of the bill, according to Representative Beals. He explained to the house that port distrits within Tillamook and other counties on the coast have incurred bonded indebtednes to the full extent of the law in order that proper facilities may be furnished for the movement of timber and lumber.

Big Timber Owners Accused.

Large timber holders, he declared, are making a practice of cutting timber from their lands, permitting their taxes to become delinquent in large sums, and with the denuded lands practically valueless, permitting the taxation to be shifted from the timberlands to the farm and municipal property of the various districts.

Opposition to the proposed bill was voiced by Representative Bennett of Coos and Curry counties and Representative Hindman of Multnomah county, both of whom held that the proposed bill contained provisions which would discourage new industries and which would place an unfair burden upon the timber owners and lumbermen of the state of Oregon.

The main feature of the bill, which drew forth its denunciation by some members of the house, provides that before any owner of timber lands may remove any timber he must first have his holdings divided into tax units and pay to the county his proportionate share of all bonded indebtedness. If this is done the county is required to issue an exemption certificate which will make any further payment on such indebtedness unnecessary.

Amendment Move Opposed.

Representative Hindman made an effort to have the bill re-referred to one of the legal committees for perusal and amendments. This move was opposed, and even when Representative Gordon amended the motion to have the committee instructed to report the bill back to the house Thursday the house voted it down.

The voting down of the adoption of the minority report was by rollcall, which showed members of the house at least opposed the slaughtering of the bill at this time.

The rollcall on the question of adopting the minority report, which had for its purpose the defeat of the bill, was as follows:

For—Bennett, Burdick, Carter, Gordon of Multnomah, Gordon of Lane, Hammond, Hindman, Hosford, Hunter, Hurd, Hyatt, Mrs. Kinney, Kubli, Leonard, Lynn, Marsh, McDonald, McFarland, North, Overturf, Peirce, Shanks, Sheldon, Shiria, Wells, Speaker Bean.

Against—Atcheson, Beals, Belknap, Carsner, Carey, Childs, Davey, Egbert, Fisher, Fletcher, Flint, Hopkins, Hubbard, Johnston, Kay, Korell, La Follett, Lee, Looney, Martin, Miller, Ferry, Powell, Richards, Roberts, Sloan, Stone, Templeton, Westcott and Woodson.

Absent—Gallagher, Miles, Wright.

JAPANESE BAN VOTED

(Continued From First Page.)

messages read, that to his knowledge Senator McNary had never before taken a stand on the Japanese question and that the question was "a burr under his saddle" and that the entire Oregon congressional delegation had never taken their feet off the mahogany desk tops to discuss the Japanese problem in Oregon.

Cool and calm deliberation on the question before the house was urged by Representative Gordon of Multnomah, who declared that although he was as much opposed to Japanese settlement in Oregon as any other member of the house, he could not see where any benefits could be derived from the passage of the bill at this time.

Oregon should follow in the steps of California, according to the viewpoint of Representative Carter of Jackson county, who held that passage of the bill was just the "burr that the national government needed to spur it into immediate action on the subject."

Roberts Fights Proposal.

Expressing a preferment to be shelved rather than vote against his convictions, Representative Roberts took a decided stand against the bill. He told members of the house that 20 years ago he had been shelved for refusing to vote as certain interests desired.

Oregon or any individual in the state house has no right to pass legislation which would incur the enmity of foreign nations and then expect federal protection, according to the contentions offered by Representative Davey of Marion county.

More than half of the membership of the house explained their votes as the roll was called. Several times Representative Templeton, who was presiding, was forced to stop an embryonic oration during roll call.

"The rising sun may set in the west, but it will never set on the west with my consent," said Representative Fisher of Washington county, as he voted in favor of the bill.

Kubli Explains Anti-Vote.

Representative Kubli, who had refrained from taking part in the debate, explained that he voted against the bill because he felt that the question was one which the national government alone should handle and that the state should not embarrass its national representatives at this time by passage of the bill.

The roll call was as follows:

For—Acheson, Allen, Carsner, Carter, Carey, Childs, Fisher, Flint, Hammond, Hosford, Hurd, Johnston, Mrs. Kinney, Korell, Lee, Leonard, Lynn, Marsh, Martin, McDonald, McFarland, Miles, North, Overturf, Pierce, Perry, Richards, Shank, Sheldon, Sloan, Stone, Wells, Westcott, Bean.

Against—Belknap, Bennett, Burdick, Davey, Egbert, Fletcher, Gallagher, Gordon of Multnomah, Gordon of Lane, Hindman, Hopkins, Hubbard, Hunter, Hyatt, Kay, Kubli, LaFollett, Looney, Miller, Powell, Roberts, Shiria, Templeton, Woodson and Wright.

Absent—Beals.

CALLAN DENIES ALLEGATIONS

Reply Is Made to Charges by Representative Leonard.

Emphatic denial that he suggested to Barge E. Leonard, representative from Multnomah county, that the latter drop his efforts on behalf of the anti-Japanese bill in return for support for the soldiers' bonus bill, as Representative Leonard was credited with having charged at the state capitol yesterday, was made last night by A. C. Callan, Portland business man.

Mr. Callan asserted that Mr. Leonard intimated that Mr. Callan might be influential in helping the former procure legal business from members of the Portland Chamber of Commerce if they could come to an agreement relative to the two measures in which both are interested.

Mr. Callan last night made public the letter which he sent to Representative Leonard concerning the anti-Japanese bill, which reads:

"Referring to our conversation when I was at Salem, in which you advised that you had never received any business from the Portland Chamber of Commerce, I find that your contention is correct. It, however, would be embarrassing for me to make any suggestions to them regarding business for you in the future, more especially while you are in actual attendance at the legislature, as, according to my interpretation, your suggestion and my acquiescence would be in direct violation of the corrupt practice law."

Mr. Callan further said that in no way can he speak for the Portland Chamber of Commerce, and that his interest against the passage of the anti-Japanese bill is simply because he is interested in shipping and in the development of the Port of Portland.

DODSON AGAINST ALIEN BILL

General Manager of Chamber of Commerce Sends Warning.

A telegram from W. D. B. Dodson, general manager of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, who is in Washington, D. C., was received by the chamber authorities here yesterday, making strong recommendations against any legislation by the Oregon legislature touching the Japanese situation. Mr. Dodson said he had information showing that the incoming national administration will be greatly embarrassed by any such legislation and declared the issue to be one for the federal government to handle. He said the state department is making a sincere effort to adjust all features of the situation to the satisfaction of all parties.

HIGHLIGHTS OF LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

Senate refuses to consider Senator Hume's bill prohibiting wearing of religious garb in public schools.

Hume bill providing that berries shall not be sold at retail in second-hand boxes is defeated by decisive vote.

Five senate salary bills are approved on third reading.

Nine house salary bills are passed on third reading.

Soldiers' bonus bill is made special order of business for 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

State child welfare commission receives additional powers.

Six new bills are introduced.

House.

New movie censorship bill is introduced.

Anti-Japanese land ownership bill is passed.

Proposal to kill bill prohibiting removal of timber before payment of taxes and assessments is defeated.

GOVERNOR VETOES BILL

HOUSE MEASURE AFFECTING LIENS DISAPPROVED.

Proposed Law Declared Too Drastic—Executive's Position Is Upheld by Attorney-General.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The first exercise of the veto power by Governor Olcott was applied to house bill No. 79, by Representatives Stone and Hammond of Clackamas county. This bill provides additional methods in cities of the state for enforcing payment of liens against lands and delinquent installments on bonded indebtedness for street and other improvements.

"I consider the general purpose of the bill excellent," said the governor in his veto message to the house, "but you will note that in section 3 of said bill provision is made that the title acquired upon foreclosure of city liens 'shall be superior to any lien, claim or charge whatsoever against said land.' This appeared to me a drastic provision. Acting upon this belief, I placed the matter before the attorney-general and my contention was upheld by that officer."

MOSER MEASURE IS FAVORED

Multnomah Delegation Decides to Turn Down Humbe Bill.

STATE HOUS, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The Multnomah county delegation, at a meeting here this afternoon, decided to report favorably on senate bill No. 318, introduced by Senator Moser, and senate bill No. 320, introduced by the Multnomah delegation. The former measure relates to the disposition of funds received by the secretary of state from motor licenses and fees, while the latter bill provides for an additional method to enforce the present laws relating to the impounding of livestock.

The delegation agreed to report adversely on Senator Hume's bill relating to the duties of district courts. These bills probably will be reported out tomorrow.

Irrigation Bills Favored.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The senate irrigation and drainage committee tonight went on record favoring passage of two bills introduced by Senator Joseph providing means for the organization of tunnel districts and making available machinery whereby districts can be formed for the purpose of draining lakes. In both instances, the property benefited by the improvements is assessable to the extent of the costs of the operations.

PLAN TO REDISTRICT STATE IS LAUNCHED

Committee Reports Bill and Fight Is Forecast.

MARION SACRIFICIAL GOAT

County Under Proposed Change Loses Senator and Representative. Eastern Oregon Gains.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The long expected report of the special committee on reapportionment of legislative districts appeared today. The fireworks will start when the bill submitted by the committee gets to the floor for adoption or rejection.

Marion county is singled out as the sacrificial goat in the reapportionment, for under it Marion loses a senator and a representative. There is likelihood of a hasty alliance being organized by Willamette valley delegations to resist the programme of redistricting, which takes from the valley and gives to the empire east of the Cascade range.

The legislators from the sagebrush have the whip hand on the joint committee and the report reflects their influence and importance. Having been gerrymandered 20 years ago in the redistricting, the present lawmakers from that section are determined to increase their strength in the legislature. One of the fights of the early part of the session was over the appointment of the joint committee and now there will be a resumption of hostilities over the redistricting plan which the committee recommends.

Clackamas Gains Little.

Marion county now has two senators, Lachmund and La Follett. Under the proposed bill Marion would have one senator alone and one joint senator with Clackamas county. Clackamas now has one senator alone and a joint senator with Multnomah and Columbia, Senator Banks. The bill puts Marion and Clackamas on an equal basis, senatorially, and while Marion suffers, there is a slight improvement for Clackamas. Should the bill be enacted, political battles in the future will wage over the joint senator from Clackamas and Marion.

Senator Bank's three-ply district, Multnomah, Columbia and Clackamas, would be changed to Multnomah and Columbia.

Senator Edward's district under the bill is chopped up. It now consists of Lincoln Tillamook, Washington and Yamhill counties. The committee recommends a joint senator for Tillamook and Lincoln, coast counties, leaving out Yamhill and Washington.

Senator Smith's district is abolished. He is senator from Josephine county. A joint senatorial district is made up of Jackson and Josephine counties. By the same token, Senator Thomas' district of Jackson is abolished so that instead of each of these counties having a senator alone, they would pool issues on one.

Eastern Oregon Scores.

Having detached one senator by the foregoing combination, the committee has added a second senator to Senator Upton's district of Klamath, Lake, Jefferson, Crook and Deschutes. It was Senator Upton who introduced the joint resolution calling for the appointment of the special re-apportionment committee, although he requested not to be appointed as a member.

A shift is made in Senator Bell's district of Lane and Lynn. The proposed district eliminates Lynn and makes it Lane and Benton.

Among the representative districts, eastern Oregon again scores a couple of points and the valley is drawn on for the purpose. Marion county now has five representatives and the bill eliminates one. D. E. Fletcher's district of Lincoln and Polk is changed to Lincoln and Tillamook, thereby reducing Polk's representation from one and a joint to one representative alone. Charles F. Hopkins' district, Douglas and Jackson counties, is eliminated, and so is the district of F. R. Beals, representing Tillamook and Yamhill.

Two Counties Divorced.

Wasco and Hood River counties, now a joint district with two joint representatives, are divorced and made separate districts. This is held a logical proceeding and probably will be satisfactory to A. S. Roberts and Herbert Egbert, the joint representatives. Both these men, however, are residents of Wasco county.

Malheur county, now linked with Harney, is given one representative alone. P. J. Gallagher, now representing the joint district, and a resident of Malheur county, is also a member of the joint committee which framed the bill.

Grant county, which has been part of a joint district with Klamath, Lake, Jefferson, Crook and Deschutes, is made a joint district with Harney.

The district of Klamath, Lake, Jefferson, Crook and Deschutes, after Grant is ousted from the district, is accorded three representatives instead of two, as at present, Denton, Burdick and H. J. Overturf are the present representatives. Mr. Burdick is a member of the joint committee which recommended the change.

Multnomah Would Gain.

Multnomah county wins another representative and a joint, giving the county 14 members in the house.

There has been some hesitancy on the part of the committee in presenting this bill, for obvious reasons, for it will precipitate a wrangle and the committee did not want to hold up legislation. Senator Thomas already has fathered a resolution to have the committee make its report two years hence instead of at this session. The new reapportionment may or may not pass. No one knows.

PORT BILL CHANGE SOUGHT

Astoria Also Wants Right to Issue Bonds Without Elections.

ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—That house bill 308, to regulate the authority and power of ports, should be amended in some respects, was the opinion expressed by the members of the Astoria port commission at the meeting this morning. Chairman Stone submitted a letter which he had written to the Clatsop delegation and other members of the legislature, asking that amendments be made.

The measure provides that no port can issue and sell bonds without first submitting the proposal to a vote of the people at a special election.

It does say, however, that the Port of Portland can issue bonds to raise funds for channel work, maintenance of dredges, docks and drydocks without calling a special election. Mr. Stone requested that this provision be changed to include Astoria and the other ports of Oregon. He also asked that the bill be made more clear in relation to disposition of money in various funds, so there may be no misunderstandings arise in the future. A letter was received from the bond attorneys, stating that the bond issue recently authorized by the port and on which bids are to be opened next week is legal.

BILLS INDORSED BY COUNCIL

Oregon City Resolution Requests State Aid for Bridge.

OREGON CITY, Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The Oregon City council went on record favoring the bills of Senator Ryan and Representative Hammond in the legislature to have the state furnish funds to build the Oregon City-West Linn bridge here. The bill makes the provision, however, that $105,000 shall be contributed by Clackamas county.

Present at the council meeting, which was called especially to adopt the resolution, were: Mayor Shannon, Councilmen Albright, Cross, Metzner, Petzold, Van Auken and City Recorder Kelley.

NEW CENSOR BILL IS UP

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND MORALS DRAFTS PLAN.

Appointments Would Be Made by Governor—Charges for Viewing Pictures Also Are Fixed.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—A new state censorship law for motion pictures was placed on the house desk today by the committee on public health and morals as an amendment to the state board of censorship bill introduced some weeks ago by Representatives Childs and Fletcher.

The house, upon recommendation of this committee, indefinitely postponed two bills regulating motion picture houses drawn by Representative Hurd. One of these bills provided for a seat for every ticket sold and prohibiting children from viewing pictures containing presentations of crimes.

The censorship bill was drafted by the committee after holding a number of hearings on state censorship and, according to members of the committee, contains suggestions made by both the motion picture men and the various persons who are in favor of state-wide censorship.

A censorship board of three members to be appointed by the governor is provided in the new bill. The terms of office, as provided in this bill, call for one term of one year, one of two years and the third of three years. The members of the board are to serve without pay.

Power is granted in the bill for the employment by the board of a secretary and viewers, whose salaries are to be designated and paid by the board, from funds collected as fees provided for in the bill.

The viewers would receive full authority to pass upon, accept or reject in whole or in part any film with a provision that in all cases appeal from the decision of the reviewers may be taken to the board. A majority vote of the board is considered final.

Fees of $1 for each reel of 1000 linear feet or less and $2 for each film of greater footage are provided in the sub-bill. The board, under the new proposal, must submit monthly reports of its activity to the governor of the state.

The bill contains one provision to the effect that any film offered to the board must be censored within 36 hours after presentation and in the event that it is not so censored, it shall be deemed to have been approved.

The penalty for showing a film that has been condemned by the board would be a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $300 or a jail sentence of not less than 30 days nor more than one year.

The bill carries no recommendation other than it takes its regular place on the calendar to be considered by the entire membership of the house.

DELAY IRRITATES BEAN

(Continued From First Page.)

from horse power to weight and a number of other features will provoke discussion.

Some senators are being swamped with telegrams protesting increase in license fees. The weight plan is admittedly more equitable than the horse power basis, for light cars with high power are paying more than their fair share under the present arrangement. The weight system is considered as working out reasonably well and the unit of weight does not affect the light cars particularly, but it will make heavy cars pay more than they have in the past.

Opinion Greatly Divided.

In the senate road committee there is a desire for an additional tax on gasoline which will be used for road uses.

This bill will have to go into the house first, just as the bond bill will have to be initiated in the lower body. There is still, at this late hour, a difference of opinion as to whether the highway commission should be authorized to sell $5,000,000 or more bonds to carry on road work in the ensuing two years. Commissioner Yeon has suggested that the commission be authorized to go the limit, which is $9,000,000, with the understanding that the money will not be used if it is not needed in that period. But when the committee begins considering this point, along comes the declaration that the $2,500,000 for the Roosevelt highway must be always kept in mind until 1923, when considering road appropriations.

From present indications, the road bills will not be finally disposed of until the last night of the session. They will probably just get under the wire, with no time to spare.

Port Reclassification Asked.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Senator Moser has introduced a senate joint memorial urging congress so to revise the statutes of the United States as to include the inspectors of hulls and boilers of the Portland district in the second class. Copies of the memorial have been transmitted to the vice-president of the United States, speaker of the house of representatives and the members of Oregon's delegation in congress.

Bridge Tolls Bill Favored.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Representative Gordon's bill providing for the collection of tolls of the interstate bridge by the governor was reported into the house today in the unanimous report of the revision of laws committee with recommendation that it pass. The report was adopted and the bill probably will come before the house for final passage tomorrow.

Lake Bottoms Bill Is Special

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The house today consented to give special consideration tomorrow morning to Representative Bennett's bill, which grants title to the state of Oregon of all lands in lake bottoms. This bill, it is said, will encounter an avalanche of opposition from persons who are opposed to the state interfering with private ownership of lake bottoms.

LAURGAARD INCURS LAWMAKERS' ENMITY

County-City Consolidation Attitude Resented.

MOVEMENT IS KILLED

Resolution Postponed Indefinitely After Multnomah Delegation Replies to Criticism.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Olaf Laurgaard, who is city engineer of Portland, aroused the resentment of the Multnomah delegation today when he accused the members of not being sportsmen enough to submit the proposed consolidation of Portland and Multnomah county to the people of the state.

He was informed that "passing the buck" might be popular with the city commissioners, but that it required a greater degree of sportsmanship to kill a bad measure at the start than to shift the responsibility for decision to the voters.

The consolidation resolution was considered by the delegation and was disposed of in one-two-three order. Chairman Kubli inquired what should be done with it, so Representative North moved its indefinite postponement.

Postponement Is Voted.

This carried with but two negative votes. It was then that Laurgaard protested against the measure being railroaded, and he said that the American Association of Engineers, Oregon chapter, of which he is president, favors the consolidation.

The city engineer predicted that the measure would be placed on the ballot by initiative if the legislature did not act. Laurgaard declared that the resolution were merely preliminary to consolidation. At his assertions John H. Hall, Walter Evans, Senator Moser and several other lawyers present laughed and pointed out that if the resolution was adopted consolidation would be completed and there would be nothing left to do but write a charter.

Consolidation Is Opposed.

Mr. North objected to consolidation, saying it means increased costs. He cited the office of Laurgaard and showed how the salaries and expenses have increased five-fold, although the big paving programme ended in 1912.

Consolidation would merely mean another bureau and increased pay, concluded North.

Mr. Gordon took up the "sportsmen" statement and when he had given his opinion of the way the city commissioners act the meeting adjourned.

SENATE APPROVES 14 BILLS

Leasing of Property by University Regents Among Measures.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The following bills were approved by the senate on third reading today:

S. B. 236, by Bell—To provide for leasing and purchase by the board of regents of the state university property on which the music building of that institution is being constructed.

S. B. 329, by Smith—Relating to the admission of feeble-minded persons to state institutions.

S. B. 257, by Thomas—Relating to board of park commissioners and giving municipalities right to acquire property for camp grounds and aviation fields.

S. B. 256, by Thomas—Relating to board of park commissioners and giving mayor authority to fill vacancies with approval of council.

S. B. 144, by Thomas—To cancel all claims against sheriff and clerk of Jackson county on account of failure of bank of Jacksonville.

S. B. 250, by Porter—Providing for method of voting special tax in roads districts and defining duty of county clerk and assessor.

H. B. 27, by Hindman—Authorizing courts to modify decrees for appointment of trustees for care or custody of children.

H. B. 304, by Sloan—Pertaining to maintenance of bridges or culverts over county roads or state highways.

H. B. 319, by joint committee on roads and highways—Providing for appointment of assistant highway engineer.

H. B. 75, by Hindman—Relating to establishment of county roads.

H. B. 53, by Gordon—Requiring oath or affirmation of allegiance to be taken by all teachers in public, private or parochial schools and other institutions of learning in the state.

H. B. 142, by Templeton—Relating to notarial fees.

H. B. 229, by Hindman—To prohibit certain defense against a charge of non-support.

H. B. 128, by Fletcher—Relating to unpaid warrants drawing interest.

HOUSE GETS 11 NEW BILLS

Measure Providing for State Racing Commission Is Introduced.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The following bills were introduced in the house today:

H. B. 350, by joint committee on salaries of state and county officers, (substitute for senate bills 14 and 158 and house bills 251, 125 and 256.)—Providing for the salaries of district attorneys of the state of Oregon.

H. B. 351, by McFarland, (by request of the state fair board.)—Providing for appointment of a state racing commission to control and grant licenses for horse races in Oregon.

H. B. 352, by McFarland—Providing for the payment of the claim of H. W. Purdy for salary and expenses of deputy game warden in July, 1912.

H. B. 353, by McFarland—Providing for payment of $102.75 to L. Fischer, Bend, Or., for game protection fund.

H. B. 354, by Leonard—Amending section 1329, Oregon laws, relating to conduct of trial by jury and prescribing order of proceeding on trial.

H. B. 355, by Bennett—Preventing federal reserve system from forcing banks of this state to clear items at par.

H. B. 356, by McDonald, (by request.)—Amending sections 8336 and 8339, Oregon laws, relating to certificates to practice professional architecture.

H. B. 357, by McDonald, (by request.)—Providing for compulsory dipping of angora goats and other goats for eradication of lice.

H. B. 358, by McDonald, (by request.)—Providing for marketing goat meat and governing selling or trading in such commodity.

H. B. 359, by Perry—For majority of committee on alcoholic traffic—Amending certain sections of Oregon laws, relating to issuance of permits to purchase alcohol by certain persons.

H. B. 360, by joint ways and means committee—Amending section 5547, Oregon laws, relating to salary of clerk of state land board and declaring an emergency.

Berry Box Bill Is Defeated.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—With 22 dissenting votes, the bill introduced by Senator Hume prohibiting the sale or disposal at retail of berries in used or second-hand boxes or baskets was defeated when presented for third reading in the senate today.

New Swedish Cabinet Sought.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 15.—King Gustave today requested former Premier Branting, a socialist, to form a cabinet to succeed that of Premier De Geer, which resigned.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

Last Carloads Have Arrived!

of Portland's (Factory Clearance) Sale of America's Pianos
This sale and its savings will therefore soon come to a close

Greatly Reduced Prices

Pianos as Good as New for $295, $395, Etc.
$15 or $25 Sends One Home, Then $8, $12, Etc., Monthly

$900 Player $595, $18 Monthly. $575 Piano $395, $12 Monthly.

Over One-Quarter Million Dollars in Pianos, $260,340.00 in Pianos and Player-Pianos are now being sold for $178,237.00. The Schwan Piano Co. sales, based on large volume through lower prices, in this sale produced savings to Portland and Coast Piano Buyers of $82,103.00, in which you share or still will share, provided you buy during the time of sale of the balance of now $107,625.00 to be sold at $76,028.00, therefore at a saving of $31,597.00.

TAKE TWO AND ONE-HALF YEARS TO PAY FOR IT.

We are upsetting all local tradition and precedent of the present piano market-trade difficulties, making it possible at this time for nearly everybody to buy a new piano or player-piano.

YOU CAN AFFORD TO PAY $15 CASH AND $8-$12 OR MORE MONTHLY—YOU CAN, THEREFORE, AFFORD TO BUY NOW—DURING PORTLAND'S (FACTORY CLEARANCE) SALE OF AMERICA'S PIANOS

- New and Used Pianos $ 75, $195, $295, $315 to $750
New and Used Players $385, $495, $675, $750, to $975

Terms $15 or More Cash, $6, $10 or More Monthly

101-103 Tenth St. at Washington and Stark Sts.

Schwan Piano Co.

Portland's Largest Piano Distributors

BONUS BILL UP TODAY!

MEASURE SPECIAL ORDER OF BUSINESS IN SENATE.

Proposed Law Provides for Rehabilitation as Well as Cash Consideration and Loans.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The senate tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, under the head of special order of business, will take up and consider house bill 203, providing for the industrial rehabilitation of all persons who served in the world war, together with house joint memorial No. 4, memorializing congress to make the building and grounds at Fort Walla Walla available for hospital use and retraining of disabled ex-service men of the world war.

The bill providing for the rehabilitation of ex-service men was introduced by Representatives Leonard, Johnson, Hammond, Marsh, North and Korell, and was approved by that body last week. It is generally known as the soldiers' bonus measure, and gives to persons entitled to benefits under the proposed law the option of accepting a cash consideration not to exceed $15 a month, based on the time of their actual service, or a loan on property not to exceed $3000.

The measure provides that the bonus shall be referred to the voters at the next general or special election.

6 SENATE BILLS INTRODUCED

Federal and State Co-operation in Animal Husbandry Urged.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Six new bills were introduced in the senate today, as follows, making a total of 347 since the session convened:

S. B. 342, by judiciary committee—Fixing salary of the justice of the peace of Multnomah precinct.

S. B. 343, by judiciary committee—Fixing the salary of the constable of Astoria precinct, Clatsop county.

S. B. 344, by Robertson—Providing for co-operation of state and United States bureau of animal husbandry.

S. B. 345, by reapportionment committee—Providing for reapportionment of legislative districts of Oregon.

S. B. 346, by committee on revision of laws—Relating to petitions of citation.

S. B. 347, by Moser—Providing for prosecution of claims of state of Oregon for recovery of money illegally paid into federal treasury as a direct tax.

MINORITY REPORTS SHELVED

Pleas for Defeat of Child Welfare Bills Disregarded.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The senate, by a vote of 16 to 13, today refused to accept the minority report of the judiciary committee recommending defeat of a bill introduced by Senator Farrell giving to the state child welfare commission increased powers with relation to the adoption of children.

By a vote of 16 to 14 the senate also refused to concur in the minority report of the judiciary committee urging rejection of another bill introduced by Senator Farrell providing that all child-caring institutions in Oregon, whether receiving state aid or not, shall upon request of the child welfare commission, furnish to that body any such information as may be required with regard to each child housed in such institution.

HOUSE PUTS CURB ON TALK

Motion Limiting Debate to 10 Minutes Hereafter Carries.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—Talking at length on house bills must cease. Representative Davey today succeeded in getting a motion through limiting all debate to 10 minutes.

Speaker Bean announced tonight that he would cut the time limit to five minutes if necessary and would not be surprised if the talk limit on bills were cut to one minute before the session ended.

Multnomah Salary Bill Up.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The senate judiciary committee has introduced a bill providing that the justice of peace of Multnomah district, Multnomah county, shall receive a monthly salary of $750. Under the provisions of the bill no fees, commissions or compensations shall be allowed this official, except fees for performing marriage ceremonies.

Teachers' Garb Bill Let Alone.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Feb. 15.—(Special.)—The senate, by a vote of 24 to 6, this afternoon refused to take from the table Senator Hume's bill prohibiting wearing in public schools by any teacher any dress or garb indicating that such teacher is an adherent or member of any religious order.

Phone your want ads to The Oregonian. Main 7070, Automatic 560-95.

Cocoanut Oil Makes a Splendid Shampoo

If you want to keep your hair in good condition be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo (which is pure and entirely greaseless) is much better than anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls of Mulsified will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months. Be sure your druggist gives you Mulsified.—Adv.

OUCH! MY BACK! RUB LUMBAGO PAIN AWAY

Rub Backache away with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacobs Oil."

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right on your aching back, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the pain right out and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica, backache or rheumatism so promptly. It never disappoints.—Adv.

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Grape-Nuts

is not only good to taste but contains those nourishing elements which make for health and energy.

Children and grown-ups thrive on this ready-cooked blend of wheat and malted barley.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE!

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

Clogged-Up Liver Causes Headache

It's foolish to suffer from constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable. Act gently on liver and bowels.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

IF YOU HAVE A BACK ACHE

or if you are subject to dull pains in the head, Dizziness, Nervousness, are languid and feel tired all over, get a package of the old reliable remedy Mother Gray's AROMATIC-LEAF, the pleasant Medicinal Tea. We have many testimonials. As a gentle laxative it has no equal. Ask for Mother Gray's Aromatic-Leaf at druggists or sent by mail for 60 cts. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.—Adv.