

EASTERN COUNTIES BID FOR TWO SEATS

Gain in House Likely; Committee Controlled.

MULTNOMAH MAY BENEFIT

One Berth Left for Wire-Pullers to Battle Over.

SENATORS SHUN NEW TASK

Dennis Only One to Ask That He Be Placed in Body; Gallagher Wins After Fight.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—Eastern Oregon was managed to obtain control of the reapportionment committee and is determined to increase its representation by at least two. Apparently there will be about 4 1/2 representatives to juggle around. Of these, Multnomah will probably receive 1 1/2, eastern Oregon 2, leaving 1 to play ball with.

The reapportionment committee consists of Senator Dennis of Union and Wallawa, Senator Robertson of Sherman, Gilliam and Wheeler, Senator Staples of Multnomah, Senator Patterson of Benton and Polk, Senator Hall of Coos and Curry, Representative Burdick of Deschutes, Jefferson, Crook, Klamath and Lake, Representative Carter of Jackson, Representative Gordon of Multnomah, Representative Hurd of Clatsop and Representative Gallagher of Malheur and Harney.

All sections are represented. With a state map spread before them, President Ritter and Speaker Bean worked out their appointments, so that every section would have some one on the joint committee.

Senator Upton, who introduced the joint resolution under which the committee was appointed, requested that he be left off, as some of the fight against the adoption of the resolution was in the state originally because of him. Senator Dennis was the only senator who asked to be placed on the senate end of the committee. Senator Patterson asked to be left off and Senators Robertson, Staples and Hall did not know they were to be appointed until five minutes before the time.

A two-hour conference was held by Speaker Bean and President Ritter before the speaker finally consented to name Representative Gallagher. Speaker Bean realized that Mr. Gallagher's appointment would give eastern Oregon control of the joint committee and while he was reluctant to name Gallagher, he also declined to indicate the identity of the man he had in mind to appoint in lieu of the representative from Malheur and Harney.

Multnomah Has Two. Speaker Bean's end of the joint committee is his resolutions committee, with the exception that Gordon replaces Kubli. It had been the speaker's intention to have the resolutions committee handle the reapportionment problem.

Multnomah has two men on the committee and is the only county so favored. Mr. Carter is so hemmed in that he admits already that he will be helpless in the committee, and in this he is probably a prophet, for Jackson county is likely to be affected when reapportionment is completed.

Marion, Linn and Washington counties may each lose a representative if eastern Oregon is to gain anything by reapportionment. Mr. Gallagher will try to seize one more representative for his district and Mr. Burdick, who represents five counties, will also wish one. Multnomah will get at least one and a joint and, possibly, two more representatives.

Some Counties Will Lose. Of course, if the state is to be re-districted and the size of the house—60 members—is not increased, some of the counties will have to give up a portion of their present representation, and that is the source of all the political wire pulling.

Senatorial districts will be shifted, according to rumors, in several places. For instance, the district of Senator Upton consists of Deschutes, Crook, Jefferson, Klamath and Lake. It is possible that a senatorial district may be composed of Klamath and Lake, this senator being taken away from Jackson, and Josephine and Jackson being made a joint district. Grant county may be added to Baker instead of being a joint now with Malheur and Harney.

PENROSE DEMANDS ACTION

Closure Rule May Be Invoked to Get Tariff Bill Through.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A petition to invoke closure was circulated today by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, in charge of the emergency tariff bill, although republican leaders said no attempt to choke off debate would be made unless all questions were demonstrated beyond all question.

Senator Penrose soon secured more than the required 16 senators' signatures to the petition requiring that the standing closure rule be invoked, it would limit each senator to one hour's time.

NATION HAS ALMOST 14 BILLION IN VAULTS

\$10,000,000,000 CONSISTS OF BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES OF DEBTS OF ALLIES.

Cash on Hand Amounts to Sum of \$97,410,282.02, According to Count Just Finished.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Completion of the first count since 1913 of cash and securities in the treasury has revealed that Uncle Sam's vaults hold \$13,853,819,326.36 2-3, of which \$97,410,282.02 is cash.

More than \$10,000,000,000 of the bonds and other securities held in trust, which totaled \$12,308,849,043.34 2-3. Acting Treasurer Allen announced, consist of evidence of the indebtedness of the allied nations. The presence of the two-thirds of a cent in the figures was explained as due to a bond of Tennessee for \$1,666,666 2-3, held by the treasury for the secretary of the interior as part of a number of bonds purchased for the benefit of Indians.

The last count of the treasury's cash and securities in 1913 showed \$1,226,422,051.48 2-3, of which \$100,231,911.90 was cash. Sale of 100,000,000 standard silver dollars to the British government during the war to relieve the silver famine in India, officials said, explained most of the difference in cash.

The count of the treasury's cash and securities was necessitated by the resignation of Treasurer John Burke.

FALSE TEETH HALT COURT

Plate Slips Down Lawyer's Throat While Making Argument.

PROSSER, Wash., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—Suspense between tragedy and comedy interfered with court proceedings yesterday when Campbell W. Bushnell, a prominent attorney, in a fit of coughing swallowed his false teeth.

The victim of the strange accident was in danger of choking to death before he succeeded in impressing upon the astonished spectators that he wished someone to pound him on the back violently. Eventually someone had the presence of mind to administer the pounding, whereupon the teeth were ejected and the attorney was enabled to resume his argument.

MONTANA PROTEST FAILS

Court Enjoins Interference With Passenger Fare Lift.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 27.—Upon application of counsel for Montana railroads, Attorney-General Rankin was enjoined by the United States district court here from interfering with the establishment of increased passenger fares within the state recently authorized by the interstate commerce commission.

The injunction was served upon the attorney-general as he stood in the district court here from interfering with the establishment of increased passenger fares within the state recently authorized by the interstate commerce commission.

The attorney-general as he stood in the district court here from interfering with the establishment of increased passenger fares within the state recently authorized by the interstate commerce commission.

CHAMBERLAIN IN RELAPSE

Condition of Senator From Oregon Not Entirely Satisfactory.

THE OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 27.—Senator Chamberlain's condition was not entirely satisfactory today, following two chills last night, but his physician, Dr. H. A. Fowler, spoke reassuringly.

A special surgical treatment with a local anesthetic became necessary yesterday to relieve the senator's suffering and today's backset was attributed to that.

OLCOTT HAS OPERATION

Governor Expected to Return to Work Next Week.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—On account of a minor operation, Governor Olcott has had an enforced absence from the executive office for several days. He is at present confined to his bed.

Attending physicians said he probably would be able to return to his office early next week.

ELECTION REFORM URGED

House Resolution Would Abolish Special Messenger System.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Abolition of the system of certifying election returns is provided in a resolution introduced in the house today.

INDEMNITY SPLITS BRITISH, FRENCH

German Reparations Put Up to Experts.

FRANCE'S DEMAND RADICAL

Lloyd George Avers Berlin Can't Pay Huge Sum.

SESSION MADE DIFFICULT

English Premier Declares Exports, Only Method of Reimbursement, Would Impair World Trade.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—The question of German reparations tonight was placed again in the hands of a committee of experts, which committee is to consider certain details and report to the council before a final decision is taken.

The Allied supreme council took this action, as suggested by the Belgians, after sharp differences had developed between the English and the French delegates' viewpoints as to the amount of indemnity Germany should pay.

The discussion on reparations was taken up in an atmosphere made unfavorable by the radical position assumed yesterday by M. Doumer, French minister of finance, who named \$12,000,000,000 gold marks as the total indemnity Germany should pay.

M. Doumer's attitude caused embarrassment when the subject was resumed.

The British premier is understood to have indicated that the radical demands made by M. Doumer were impossible of realization.

Reparations Are Discussed. The committee is composed of MM. Loucheur and Doumer for France, Baron D'Abernon and Sir Laming Worthington-Evans for Great Britain, Colonel Theunys for Belgium, Signor G'annini for Italy and Kenzo Mori for Japan. The committee met tonight.

Lloyd George took up the question of reparations at the opening of the session of the council. He declared there was no difference of opinion regarding the merits of the problem.

"Germany must pay to her almost capacity," he asserted. "To assure this the allies must stand together. It is useless to try to get more than Germany can pay, for her interests are identical with the interests of the allies."

It is to Great Britain's interest as well as to the interests of Belgium and France that Germany pay to the last farthing. But the question is how to get it.

"Germany could easily pay inside (Concluded on Page 3, Column 1.)"

HARDINGS' LUGGAGE IS AT WHITE HOUSE

Moving of Personal Effects is Started.

House in Washington, With Furniture, Will Be Sold; Invitation of Mrs. Wilson Accepted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Moving of the personal effects of President-elect Harding and Mrs. Harding into the executive offices of the White House was begun today from the Harding home here.

Mrs. Harding came from Marion Sunday to attend to this work. The Harding house will be sold, together with the furniture, and only a few personal belongings have been reserved.

It was upon the invitation of Mrs. Wilson that Mrs. Harding decided to make ready in advance for the change.

An antique settee, several chairs, pictures which are heirlooms and some rare china were among the articles. The single wagonload which was brought to the executive offices of the White House today is expected to remain there until the president-elect is inducted into office.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 27.—President-elect Harding visited the fashionable colony here today. He did not board his houseboat Victoria until late tonight for the last lap of his journey to Miami. The Victoria is expected to reach Miami Saturday.

Enjoining a crowd at the docks, Mr. Harding went ashore early in the afternoon. After a private luncheon at the cottage of Joseph Ritter he played golf and was a guest at a dinner at the Everglades.

Plans for an official reception to the president-elect were abandoned when his personal representatives declared he wanted no formalities to attend his visit.

A committee from Miami also was told Mr. Harding would prefer to carry out his vacation programme without devoting attention to popular demonstrations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—President-elect Harding, in a letter today to our Navy, edited and published by American naval officials and men, declared that so long as there is need for national defense "we must maintain our navy."

"Our navy is the great wall of America," he wrote. "I believe that a navy which is almost good enough in the end will prove more costly to the safety of the United States than no navy at all."

"We would all like to reduce armaments, but so long as there is need for American national defense we must maintain our navy, not only in its material strength, but in the morale and capacity of its officers and men."

SINN FEIN LEADER SLAIN

Michael Garvey Is Killed While in Bed at Belfast.

BELFAST, Jan. 27.—Michael Garvey, ardent Sinn Fein, was mysteriously killed while in bed today.

The crime is believed to have been in revenge for the shooting of three policemen who were to have been important witnesses at a military inquiry last night.

NON-PARTISAN FORCE OUSTED BY VIGILANTES

Organizers Leave Nuckolls County, Neb.

Ex-Service Men Accused of Intimidating Workers but Legion Denies All Responsibility.

NELSON, Neb., Jan. 27.—A citizens' committee, in which ex-service men were prominent, today waited on non-partisan league organizers who have been in this vicinity several days and asked them to leave Nuckolls county and stay away.

The organizers complied. No disorder accompanied the notice served on the league, although nearly 100 people gathered at the hotel to witness their departure.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 27.—C. A. Sorenson, attorney in Nebraska for the non-partisan league, said tonight his advice from Nelson were that the league organizers had been driven from that town by threats and intimidation. He said he intended to bring suit in federal court for damages from the men who constituted what he designated a "mob."

"I was first told that an American Legion committee waited on the league workers," said Mr. Sorenson, "but legion officers at Nelson have informed me the committee was not authorized by the legion post."

Nuckolls county is in south central Nebraska, on the Kansas line. It was the scene of similar disturbances several weeks ago.

BONUS IS HELD ASSURED

National Commander of American Legion is Optimistic.

AURORA, Ill., Jan. 27.—A brief message, "The bonus is going over," was brought here today by Colonel E. W. Galbraith, national commander of the American Legion.

He tempered his prediction of congressional action on soldier legislation by stating that it will require two years or more to work out the adjusted compensation plan, but he said that he had seen President-elect Harding and that he favored the bonus.

ACTION ON DEBS COMING

Department of Justice Expected to Make Recommendations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Recommendations of the department of justice as to a pardon for Eugene V. Debs probably will be submitted to President Wilson within the next few days.

President Wilson has said, however, that he would not pardon Debs, as he believed such action might lower the morale of the people in the event of another war.

NEW YORK TOWNS ROCK

Large Cracks Appear in Ground. Earthquake Believed Cause.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Villages in this section were shaken today for the third time in less than two weeks by what was believed to have been an earthquake.

Large cracks appeared in the ground at several places.



OLD GUARDS RAISE WAIL OVER DAWES

Mellan for Secretary of Treasury, Latest Cry.

Protests Deluge Harding

Irreconcilables Say League Taint May Crop Forth.

PENROSE LIFTS HIS VOICE

Senator Turns Thumbs Down on International Bankers; Must Keep Money at Home.

BY MARK SULLIVAN. (Copyright 1921 by the New York Evening Post, Inc., and published by arrangement.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(Special.)—The pressure to maneuver Harding into substituting Andrew Mellon in the place of Charles G. Dawes of Chicago for secretary of the treasury comes from a group who are old guard leaders and also violent irreconcilables.

Some of the irreconcilables can't get away from their league of nations obsession. They have a kind of rabies on the subject. Not content with the result of the election, they like to go back to it and pick it up in their teeth and shake it. They have invented the theory that as regards the league of nations Dawes is not, from their point of view, 100 per cent pure.

During the war Dawes passed considerable time abroad in charge of the purchasing of supplies, not merely for the American army but for all the allies. In that connection these irreconcilables have a suspicion that Mr. Dawes may have had continuing contacts with European statesmen. Further than this, these irreconcilables are uneasy over a rumor that Dawes once made a speech that leaned toward the league of nations.

Line Drawn on Bankers. Also they have invented an esoteric distinction between international bankers, on the one hand, who are supposed to have unclean leanings toward the league of nations and, on the other hand, what they term "internal" bankers. Superficially Dawes as head of a Chicago bank would seem to be just as much an "internal banker" as Mellon at the head of a Pittsburgh bank. But the irreconcilables have figured out some kind of distinction between the two.

Senator Penrose makes this distinction one of his permanent political axioms. He says that if he has to get in bed with big business he is going to choose as his bedfellows the type of big business man who keeps his money at home and develops the country like Standard Oil, and not what Penrose calls "these international shavers."

Economists may not be able to go all the way with Penrose in recognizing any particular distinction of merit between bankers who facilitate production and bankers who facilitate foreign market, but as a matter of practical politics it is a rule one of Penrose's guide to success. Penrose's relations with Standard Oil composed one of the most enviable episodes of American politics some years ago.

Democrats Like Dawes. Another thing that some of the old guard leaders mumble about is the fact that Dawes is acceptable to democrats to a degree which arouses their suspicions. They have discovered that Dawes approved John Sikes (top Williams), the present Democratic controller of the treasury, when the latter's appointment was before the senate for confirmation.

The particular scandal of these old guard leaders, if only they knew it, is probably worse. Those of us who move among the leaders of both parties recall that at the time when McAdoo resigned as secretary of the treasury one of the men whom some democratic leaders recommended to Wilson as McAdoo's successor was Dawes.

The fact that Dawes' character and standing as a banker make him acceptable to some democrats overhangs in the minds of these suspicious standpaters the fact that Dawes has been a republican all his life, that he was a republican officeholder under McKinley 25 years ago, that he has been more or less active in republican politics all his life and that he took a prominent part in the republican pre-convention campaign last year.

Harding Difficult to Move. There is but little likelihood that the sort of argument that is moving this little group of old guard leaders will have much weight with Harding. This should not be said without also saying that Mellon is a very able man and would make a good secretary of the treasury. He is described as being more of a great business organizer than merely a banker. He has organized and operated several large corporations engaged in the oil business, in the steel business and in other lines.

The characteristic of Mellon is said to be that he has started these corporations, organized them and continued to operate them personally, in distinction from the usual custom of bankers who merely deal in the securities of the corporations they are interested in. (Concluded on Page 3, Column 2.)

KU KLUX KLAN LIFTS MYSTIC VEIL TO 500

After Wading into Cave, Candidates Are Knighted.

For First Time in History, Public, Although Well Guarded, Is Permitted to Witness Conclave.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 27.—More than 500 candidates waded knee deep in water and slush tonight into the mystic cave of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan and mounted to the heights of super knighthood, where they may not sit among the gods of the empire invisible.

The ceremonial, described as the greatest since the founding of the new organization of the Klan, was held on the 54th anniversary of the taking of the oath as imperial wizard by General Bedford Cross, the original invisible empire of the Ku Klux Klan was founded on January 27, 1865, in the hills of Tennessee.

Half the Alabama state fair grounds, where the ceremony was held, was flooded knee deep in water. The candidates, hooded and masked, waded in, picked dry spots, but were forced to splash forward to the strains of weird music.

The initiates took the oath about the fiery emblem of the order, on the inside of a great quadrangle formed by hundreds of white-robed, hooded figures. The outer walls of the great square were guarded by klansmen horsemen, that none might enter but those who were conversant with secrets of the order.

The klansmen, shrouded in white, formed a living cross in the center of the race track; each held a cross aloft, the standard being white and the crossarm red. Two great searchlights played upon them. In front was the throne of the imperial wizard, surrounded by a thousand klansmen.

The candidates were marched forward in four, passing the throne and the cross, and there, in front of the living emblem, the oath was administered.

This was the first time in history the public has been permitted to witness the rites of the order on a house top inside the fair grounds enclosure, with guards on all sides to see that they kept the places assigned to them.

W. J. Simmons of Atlanta, imperial wizard, in a statement to newspaper men said the new order stood for: "One hundred per cent Americanism and reconnection to bedrock principles."

"White supremacy. To keep forever separate church and state. To protect woman's honor and the sanctity of the home."

Mr. Simmons cited the following figures on the membership of the Ku Klux Klan: "The order has 30,000 members above the Mason and Dixon line; it has 7000 in Chicago. Seven hundred thousands have been received from Los Angeles regarding the organization of a Klan on the Pacific coast. A middle west domain office is to be established either in Chicago or Cincinnati."

The present organization was incorporated in 1915. It includes in its ranks a few survivors of the original Klan.

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FATE OF LOTISSO IN HANDS OF JURY

Frenzy Is Not Insanity, Declares Judge.

VERDICT IS EXPECTED TODAY

Description of War Bride's Murder Brings Tears.

DEFENSE TORN TO BITS

Prosecution Attacks Changing of Tactics as Cause of Defendant's Alleged Lapse.

Jurors in the murder trial of Thomas Lettison, slayer of his 13-year-old English war bride, failed to return a verdict last night, after having deliberated on the case more than six hours.

The fate of Lotisso was placed in their hands at 4:25 o'clock. When they had failed to reach an agreement by 10:30 they were locked up for the night. It was said at that time that the juror, under instructions from Circuit Judge Tucker, before whom the case was tried, were retiring with the intention of ending their deliberations this morning, if possible.

Six verdicts are possible: Guilty of murder in the first degree; guilty of murder in the second degree; guilty of manslaughter; guilty of insanity; first-degree murder involves premeditation as well as purpose and malice; second-degree murder, purpose and malice without deliberation; manslaughter, homicide without malice or deliberation but committed in the sudden heat of an irresistible passion.

Legal Insanity Explained. As the defense of insanity was interposed in the case, Judge Tucker devoted a considerable part of his instructions to the jury to the question of legal insanity. He pointed out that the burden of proving insanity rested with the defense, that if there was any reasonable doubt in the minds of the jury as to the presence of insanity that it should be resolved in favor of the prosecution.

Legal insanity, he said, is such as detaches reason and renders a person incapable of distinguishing between right and wrong. Eccentricity of mind does not constitute legal insanity, and if a man has a reason enough to know the nature and quality of his act and whether they are right or wrong he is legally sane, continued the judge, who went on to assert that temporary frenzy and anger, sometimes termed "emotional insanity," is not legal insanity.

Premeditation Also Discussed. The question of premeditation, which distinguishes between first and second-degree murder, was gone into at some length by Judge Tucker. An act is as much premeditated if it is resolved in mind a few moments before carried out as if it was thought over hours or months before in the eyes of the law, he asserted.

In determining premeditation, the question is not how long did he deliberate, but did he in fact deliberate? he said.

Argument of Joseph H. Page, associate attorney with Albert B. Ferrera and Orval Perkey, for the defense, showed a concrete snafu in the theory of the defense from that stated by Ferrera in his opening statement (Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

HERE COMES THE STORY OF DOLORES CAY! There's a title to quicken the fancy—"Dolores Cay," the short story offering of The Sunday Oregonian in its next issue. It was written by Frederick Irving Anderson, and it greets its first readers in the big Sunday magazine section.

Who was Dolores Cay—black of tress and tragic in her sorrow? Or was she, after the manner of misnomers, sunny of hair and glance and temperament?

Both guesses fly far from the mark. Dolores Cay was a southern island—literally the island of sorrows—and the characters that move about it in Anderson's intriguing yarn cannot fail to grip your interest to the final paragraph.

Once each week, in the Sunday issue, The Oregonian presents a superior short story. Search them out, for they are fiction equal to any magazine offering, and the men and women who wrote them are recognized literary peers.

All the News of All the World The Sunday Oregonian Just Five Cents