

SUFFERING PICTURED BY AIRMAN IN COURT

How Trio Fought Hunger, Cold and Worry Told.

HINTON PUT ON STAND

Farrell Sank From Exhaustion Frequently, Companion Who Write Letter Tells Naval Bench.

ROCKAWAY, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Two of the three balloonists who were lost four days in the frozen Canadian wilds portrayed their sufferings from cold, hunger and worry today before the naval court of inquiry.

Lieutenant Walter Hinton pictured the intense suffering of the eldest of the trio—Lieutenant Farrell—saying Farrell sank frequently from exhaustion, fainted and at one time after making remarks which Hinton told the court it would be "unfair" to quote, the younger officers conferred on the advisability of taking a knife from him.

It was a letter from Lieutenant Hinton to his wife, stating that Farrell had begged his companions to cut his throat, use his body for food and press on, that led to the first fight between Hinton and Farrell at Mattice, after they had trekked out of the wilderness and Farrell had learned of publication of the letter. Farrell had vigorously denied the story.

Both Fear Farrell's Knife.

Hinton said regarding the struggle for existence waged by Farrell Kloor and himself after they had been dumped on the shores of Hudson bay in a wild fight with Rockaway.

"At 12:20 December 16, Lieutenant Farrell fell from exhaustion. It would be unfair for me to state in this court that he was in a condition of being unable to stand, but I called Lieutenant Kloor and consulted him as to the advisability of taking the knife from Lieutenant Farrell and going on only with the hope that we would find assistance."

Continuing, Hinton testified: "Lieutenant Farrell gave me his money—\$94—and said, you keep it; if anyone gets through, you will."

Farrell Receives and Goes On.

"I suggested that Lieutenant Farrell try to come with us to where we could build a fire. This he did."

"In talking over what could be done, I suggested that Farrell of his flying suit, as this had considerable to do with his exhaustion. He took off the suit and I flung it over my shoulders."

Of the quarrel at Mattice, Hinton said: "After Lieutenant Kloor received the telegram from Secretary Daniels telling us not to talk, I went from our car to the house where Farrell was."

"On entering, I requested that he go with me to the car, as we had received a very important telegram that concerned him. He flew into a rage and made statements which I do not consider fair."

Not Responsible, Says Hinton.

At this point Hinton's testimony was interrupted by Rear-Admiral Kline, presiding officer, who conferred with the other members of the court. When Hinton was directed to proceed, he said:

back to her: "You won't see Tessie tomorrow." The witness said that Lotissio had accused her of trying to keep his wife from him and had called her many names, but had apologized for doing so at one time. She denied that she had always tried to pull his wife away when Lotissio wanted to talk with Mrs. Lotissio and persuade her to come back and live with him. Mrs. Dawn asserted that she remained near Mrs. Lotissio at Tessie's request.

"She told me, 'When I'm with Tom I don't want you to leave me,'" said the witness.

Mrs. Dawn denied that she taunted Lotissio with his inability to regain the affections of his wife.

Penalty Realized, She Says.

Mary Jennings, also a worker at the Hazelwood, repeated on the witness stand a conversation with Lotissio five weeks before he killed his wife. Lotissio came to her to get her to telephone his wife for him. He spoke tenderly of Mrs. Lotissio and said that he never intended to marry again and that his marriage either would be a success "or nothing," said Miss Jennings. For some reason she was prompted to ask him, "Tom, you wouldn't kill her, would you?" she said.

"He said: 'Well, I don't know,'" continued the witness. "I said: 'You know it would only mean death to you,' and he answered, 'Well, I'd be willing to hang.'"

Crowds thronged the courtroom and corridors of the courthouse leading to the place where the trial was being held to such a degree that Judge Tucker ordered that no one except witnesses be admitted to the courtroom, after available seats had been filled. The prosecution, conducted by Earl F. Bernard and Joseph Hammer, is not half through with its case and indications are that the case will continue well into next week.

JUDGE DUCKS GIRL ISSUE

SEATTLE COURT REFUSES TO CENSOR CABARET COSTUMES.

Action of Police Chief in Restricting Entertainers, However, Discussed From Bench.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Austin E. Griffiths, judge of the king county superior court, today refused to accept the invitation of the police chief to act as censor on the costumes of a dozen more or less shapely and more or less young women entertainers employed in the Portola cafe, 110 Third avenue South.

John F. Dore, counsel of the cabaret, today took the judge into court with his "show" gowns and he asked the court to look them over and say whether Police Chief Seabright was right in ordering such attire banned from a public place of amusement.

But Judge Griffiths declined—or rather didn't accept the invitation. Casting a cold, flaky and uninterested eye at the bench where the girls were seated, the court without discussing their garments, which were concealed by long coats, turned to the legal phases of the case. The court acted on Dore's request that he be allowed to submit a brief of the state "nuisance" statute in support of his contention that the chief of police was acting unlawfully in the alleged attempt to prescribe certain attire for the Portola's entertainers and to prohibit them from "partaking of temperance" drinks with the patrons or from dancing or speaking to the latter.

The suit for injunction brought by J. H. Woods and Joe Marsell, as promoters of the Portola cafe, was continued to Tuesday.

Arguments between Dore and Thomas J. L. Kennedy, first assistant corporation counsel, waxed withering at times.

Quoth Kennedy: "This thing of having women with evening clothes from the waist down and bathing suits from the waist down importuning the men to dance with them and buy them drinks is not for the best interests of public morals."

"No doubt," commented Dore, "we'd all be better off without cabarets and great many other institutions, but they serve a purpose. They provide amusement for a certain class of people, or they wouldn't exist. And it's not the province of the chief to make us live such lives of blessedness that we'll go to heaven when we die."

Dore conceded the right of the police to raid the cabaret and arrest any employee for violation of law, but he contended that the police were enforcing certain arbitrary rules which had nothing to do with the laws.

"Counsel," retorted Kennedy, "we're trying to have this cabaret made a ward of the court. Naturally, if he does, we'll wash our hands of it."

REPUBLICAN SPLIT HOPE OF BOURBONS

Break Between Harding and Johnson and Borah Denied.

RUMOR IS DISCREDITED

Idahoan, Californian and President-Elect Known to Have Met and Reached Agreement.

THE OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 19.—A somewhat sensational dispatch from Marion, O., today to the Washington Star intimating that there was a breach between President-elect Harding on the one hand and Senators Borah of Idaho and Johnson of California on the other, was characterized by friends of the two senators tonight as an effort to "make trouble."

The story had its foundation in the fact that neither of the two senators have paid a visit to the president-elect at Marion, although for several weeks there has been a constant pilgrimage of "best minds" in that direction from Washington.

The central idea of the story was that Mr. Harding had made up his mind that the two senators are irreconcilable to a point where they might as well decide to get along without their advice.

Borah in Farley Weeks Ago.

Investigation brought, quick refutation of the story, it being pointed out that when Mr. Harding was here some time ago on the way home from Panama Senator Borah conferred with him for an hour and a half. Senator Johnson was with him for almost three hours. Both senators discussed the question of the peace treaty with him and Senator Borah went into the matter of filling the post of secretary of the interior. Since that time, it is learned, the two senators have both been in correspondence with the president-elect. Senator Borah receiving a letter from him today.

The dispatch had the quality, however, of affording good reading in Washington, where there is always a readiness to believe any story which pictures a break between two leading public men. Washington was so long fed up on stories of a break between President Wilson and his old friend Colonel House that an almost insatiable appetite for that sort of news has been acquired.

Harding Hesitates, Says Dispatch.

After dwelling on the comment around Marion at the failure of Borah and Johnson to appear there, the dispatch says: "It would appear as events have shaped themselves here in Marion that Mr. Harding has hesitated to draw Senator Borah of Idaho and Senator Johnson of California into the picture of party accord."

"Without Senators Johnson and Borah the conferences have been getting along nicely and in a manner which the president-elect himself would characterize as becoming."

"Perhaps Mr. Harding has made up his mind it is useless to attempt to placate the irreconcilable Johnson and the irreconcilable Borah. Perhaps he feels the republican majority in the new senate will be big enough to leave these two recalcitrants from the far west out of consideration."

Harding Silent, Reads Report.

"He has not expressed these views to anyone so far as known, however, and there is not the slightest doubt that it would be one of the happiest moments of his life if the next president could be assured that Messrs. Borah and Johnson would some day let their minds go along with his."

"There are plenty of so-called irreconcilables and 'bitter-enders' in the senate who hold no terror for the president-elect. The implacable Senator Albert Fall of New Mexico has been to Marion, and has gone away satisfied that whatever Senator Harding works out in the way of a new association of public men will be in the name of the people of the United States to disassociate yourself and us and the people of our country from the English people who were our associates in the recent war."

The committee was composed of men who have served in the civil, Spanish-American and world wars.

republican president takes oath of office they place party regularly above temperamental irreconcilability.

No Hope for Johnson.

"Senators Johnson and Borah, on the other hand, are likely to be irreconcilable on 'most any old subject' most any old time."

It was pointed out that there are several prominent republican senators who have not been at Marion, and that no one has thought of charging their aloofness to any break with the next president. Among the absentees are several irreconcilables, including Brandegee of Connecticut and Moses of New Hampshire, also several of the leading mild reservationists.

Oregon, Washington and Idaho cast their votes solidly this afternoon against the proposal to increase the house membership from 435 to 453. Representative McArthur of Oregon went even further. He was one of 27 members who voted for an amendment offered by Black of Texas which would reduce the membership to 304.

WIVES WILL LOSE JOBS

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES WHOSE HUSBANDS WORK AFFECTED.

Movement Started by Seattle War Veterans Expected to Include City and County Offices.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—First action toward wiping the names of married women who have working husbands off the payrolls of city and county offices, and supporting governmental organizations was taken by the Seattle port commission today. The commission voted unanimously to drop from its rolls on February 1 every married woman whose husband is employed.

Leaders of war veterans' organizations said they would use the port commission's action as a precedent to be cited to every city and county officer, in an effort to rid the payrolls of Seattle and King county governments of all married women whose husbands are in a position to support them.

Bernard R. Hodge, director of the veterans' welfare commission; David F. Tilley, chairman of the veterans' welfare committee; and Frank C. Reagan, commander of Seattle post No. 18, American Legion, said that they are considering a plan to call on every city and county officer for a list of married women with working husbands who are on the city and county payrolls.

As justification for this "show down" to be requested, the leaders of the movement for the veterans said that there has been a break between reports concerning well-to-do married women on county and city payrolls, and the desire to bring them out from the officials concerned before taking any action. They said a large number of these reports referred to cases so startling they could hardly bring themselves to believe the stories.

MEDFORD VACANCY FILLED

William J. Warner Nominated Postmaster by President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—President Wilson's nominations to the senate today of postmasters included William J. Warner, Medford, Or.

MEDFORD, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—The appointment by President Wilson of William J. Warner, acting postmaster here, as postmaster of Medford met with general approval from the Medford public because of his 13 years' service in the local postoffice in which he first entered as a rural carrier, became a clerk in 1908, assistant superintendent in 1912 and acting postmaster since the death of Postmaster George P. Mims last June. The new postmaster is 37 years old, has a wife and three children and has been a life-long republican.

ANGLOPHOBES AT CAPITOL

Wilson Is Visited by Committee With Anti-English Petition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—President Wilson was visited today by a committee from the American Veterans' association for the recognition of the Irish republic, officially and formally in the name of the people of the United States to disassociate yourself and us and the people of our country from the English people who were our associates in the recent war."

The committee was composed of men who have served in the civil, Spanish-American and world wars.

BIG BANKERS DESERT HIGH-TARIFF RANKS

Interests Fear Europe May Fail to Pay Big Debt.

FARMERS ALSO WEAKEN

Boston Financier Says Northwest Is One With Middle-West Against Establishing Duties.

BY JOHN J. LEARY JR.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Because the big banking interests of the country wish to give Europe an opportunity to pay the enormous debt as yet unfunded, the high protective tariff interests of New England have all but abandoned their hope of a new tariff law as stiff if not stiffer than the Payne-Aldrich act. With the banking interests against them and good republican farmers in the middle west also opposed to a high tariff they see this Waterloo.

This is the statement made to me by the chief executive of one of the most important groups that go to make up the home market club.

"The bankers of the country are opposed to any law that will keep goods out of the market. Europe is paying the \$3,500,000,000 of unfunded debts on their books or in their hands and the other billions owed American corporations, firms or individuals direct. They cannot see how this debt can be paid or normalcy in trade returned, unless we are prepared to take goods from Europe."

Bankers Turn Free Traders.

"Stating it otherwise, the bankers have turned free traders. The farmers of the middle west and the northwest are likewise against high duties on manufactured articles. These interests taken together are unbeatable. It is therefore clear to those who have dug into the matter that we have to be content with a low tariff."

Checking this statement through various groups, I find that the leaders are reconciled, if not exactly pleased, with the situation described. This is true even of the wool manufacturers, whose pet schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich bill was probably the most discussed feature of that measure.

English Competition Not Feared.

"We have as a matter of truth, a prominent cotton factor told me, 'nothing to fear in competition from England. Time was before the war when we did. Now English labor costs so much more than it did that it is not to be feared.'"

"Germany just now is not a factor, and will not be for a year or two, on her feet, however, there will be another story to tell. It may be, and some of us think, the way out is to wait until that time comes and then meet it."

But figuring it any way you wish, we cannot really look for too much now."

Woolen Trades to Fight.

In the woolen trades, much down in the mouth just now, there is manifest a tendency to fight. But even here the conditions are recognized.

"We may be compelled to meet stiff opposition on cheaper wools," a trade leader says, "but we need not worry at this time about the finer goods. Just now at least England cannot beat us on the better grades."

The protectionists, however, will not yield without a hard fight. For that matter, just now only what might be termed the most progressive of their leaders are taking the position that "little is better, than nothing."

This spirit of compromise, or rather of the necessity of compromise, is illustrated, I think, by what I am told on excellent authority in the present position of the dye makers, the one group best fixed to demand "a whole hog."

Dye Licensees Even Abandoned.

A feature of their protection scheme included a system of licenses on all dyes imported. Now I am told, the dye makers are prepared to abandon this feature as one likely to make trouble if insisted upon too strongly. The desertion of the big banking interests on whom they have always leaned is a sad, hard blow.

Phone your want ads to the Oregonian, Main 7070, Automatic 580-95.

Lipman Wolfe & Co. Merchandise of Merit Only



3 Days Have Gone—7 Days Remain Full Steam Ahead!

As a train gains in momentum as it speeds forward, so does

This Readjustment Sale in which many of our

Entire Stocks Are Reduced (more than 1,000,000 dollars worth)

50, 40 and 33 1/3 Per Cent

grow in importance daily. More and more people are learning of the UNUSUAL VALUES—up to date they have been the biggest of any we have ever recorded

Come Today!

No Man Can Afford to Overlook This Money-Saving News—

Our Entire Great Stock of Men's Suits and Overcoats

at \$36.00

If you are looking for low prices regardless of style, fit, material, etc., that is your business. If you are looking for low prices and high first-quality clothing, that is our business, and inasmuch as more than 3000 men right here in Portland and the suburbs have shown an interest in our business, it behooves you to make this sale your business.

—All of which is a roundabout way of saying that if a man wants the very best suit and overcoat he can possibly buy for \$36.00, here is the place to get it. This sale, which has established a record in the men's clothing business west of Chicago, took on a new importance with the arrival of an additional group of clothing, consisting of 1200 Suits and Overcoats, the product of the best manufacturers in the east, which were selected by our own buyer, who purposely made a hurried trip to Chicago and Rochester for that express purpose.

—Every day the Men's Clothing Store is crowded with men, most of whom have friends who have probably shown them the garments they bought here. We have many duplicates in our stock, but you are urged to select at once. Come Wednesday and get the finest garment you will ever be able to get at this price, no matter what the working conditions and the woolen market situation may be six months or a year hence.

—There are sizes for men of all builds. There are stouts, slims, shorts and regulars.

Fifth Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

This Store Uses No Comparative Prices—They Are Misleading and Often Untrue

ASSESSORS' MEETING ENDS

Idaho Officials Urge More Effective Law Enforcement.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 19.—(Special.)—The Idaho Assessors' association concluded its annual convention here today. Resolutions adopted and the secretary of state as head of the department of law enforcement to call on sheriffs of the various counties to perform their duties properly. The McArthur bill pending in congress was endorsed.

It was decided this year to assess sheep at \$4 a head, range cattle at \$25, range grade bulls at \$100, yearlings at \$12, and milch cows at \$40. No decision was reached with relation to the assessment of bank stock.

It was decided to ask merchants to file form statements with assessors covering the amount of stock they have on hand.

LAZY HUSBANDS TO WORK

Walla Walla Weary of Feeding Men Who Want to Do Nothing.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—If it can legally be done, the city commission decided today to force lazy husbands and fathers to work.

The matter was brought to the attention of the commission by Rev. Otis H. Holman, J. K. Kinnison and W. J. Earnest, representing the United Relief society. They told the commission that the relief society has been furnishing food and fuel for many families of the city and that in many instances the men of the families find excuses for not working, but stay around home and eat the food. The commissioners are working out a plan to make them work.

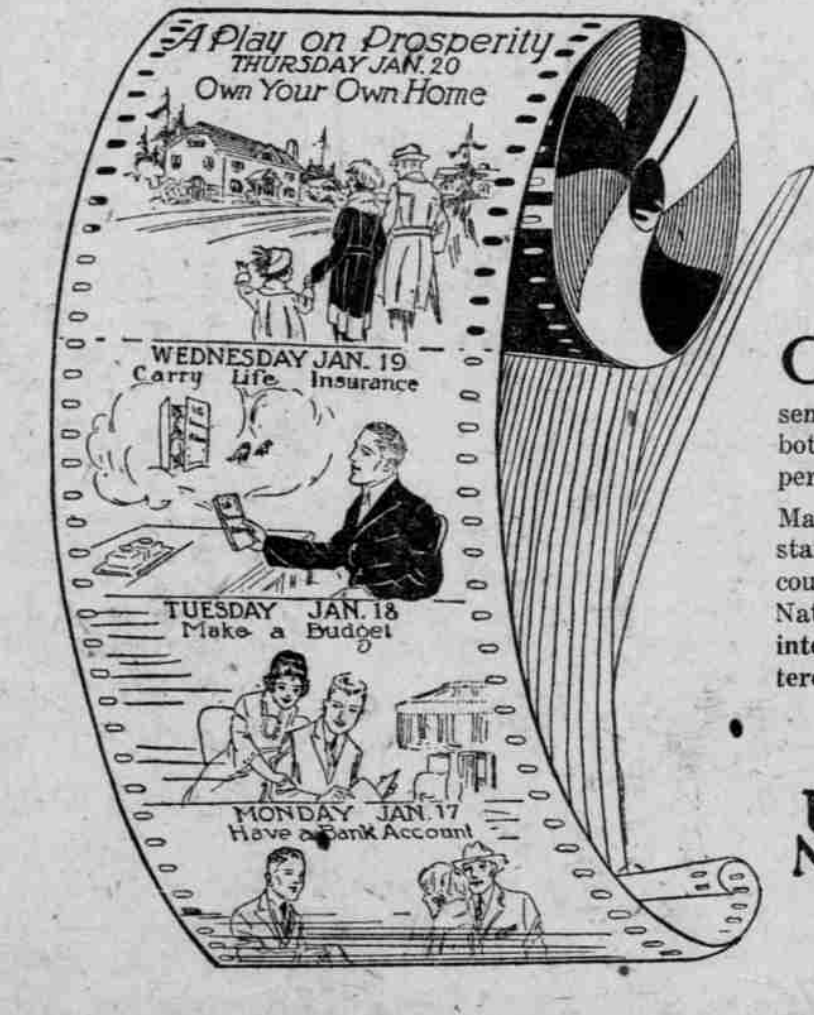
Kansas Farmers Meet.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 19.—No action pertaining to the non-partisan league will be taken by the Kansas Farmers' union, which opened its 14th annual convention here today, according to a statement made by H. D. Collins of Erie, president of the board of directors.

PROGRESSIVE BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB smoker and installation, Benson hotel, Saturday, Jan. 22, 8 P. M. Members and friends. Admission 50c.—Adv.

Best grades coal. Prompt delivery. Diamond Coal Co. Bldg. 3027.—Adv.

National Thrift Week



"One of the Northwest's Great Banks"

The United States National Bank Sixth and Stark

