PORT BILL STRUCK BY MONKEY WRENCH

Captain Hosford Opposes Consolidation Programme.

RIVAL MEASURE OFFERED

Multnomah Representative Would Have Money Appropriated for North Portland Harbor.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—What is considered as a monkey wrench in the machinery of the proposed port consolidation programme was thrown by Captain Hosford, representative of Multnomah county, today. A bill introduced by Mr. Hosford is in direct opposition to the programme approved by the chamber of commerce and committee of 15 in Portland and which will be approved in Portland Thursday morning by the commission of public docks.

Captain Hosford is unalterably opposed to the purchase of Swan island and the elimination of that obstruction in the Willamette river. His bill not only prevents purchase of the island, but it stipulates particularly that the Port of Portland shall make a channel to the North Portland harbor. In support of his measure, Mr. Hosford has been lobbying among the members from east of the mountains, explaining that with a channel to North Portland the cattle and sheep of the Oregon ranges will go to market by water instead of by rail. Mr. Hosford reports that he has unearthed a considerable sentiment favorable to his bill from the eastern Oregon representatives.

Hosford's Move First.

There is expected from Portland not later than next Monday an emergency bill, carrying authority for sale of $1,000,000 of bonds by the Port of Portland commission to buy Swan island and to do channel work. Captain Hosford has made the first move, for his bill is calculated to block the million-dollar measure. Mr. Hosford's measure calls for an emergency appropriation of $500,000, of which $250,000 shall be used for the construction of a 25-foot channel in the Oregon slough and the Columbia river from the interstate bridge to the confluence of the Columbia and Willamette rivers. The bill also prevents the purchase of property and all of the money is to be devoted exclusively to channel purposes.

Coincident with the appearance of the Hosford bill came A. A. Aya, who is in the lobby in the interest of North Portland harbor. Mr. Aya is supplementing the missionary work of Mr. Hosford for the latter's measure. Also, there arrived today a lengthy petition from residents of North Portland, who urge the passage of the Hosford document. About 1000 signatures are attached to the petition.

Strong Drive Being Made.

It is apparent that a strong drive is being made by the interest identified with North Portland to upset the programme of the Port of Portland commission and force improvement of North Portland harbor. Mr. Hosford's argument to legislators is that there are five concerns in North Portland which require the proposed 35-foot channel. In addition to the Swift packing concern, he mentions the Dollar steamship people, who want to load lumber from the Monarch mill and take cargoes to the Atlantic seaboard.

Cattle raisers in eastern Oregon have not been satisfied with the North Portland yards, or rather with the packing concerns there, and the argument that if the North Portland harbor is provided with a channel their meat can be shipped by water to foreign markets and thus give them better returns has a strong appeal. This argument of water-borne meat transportation has struck a responsive chord among a number of the eastern Oregon legislators and there may be enough of them to make hard sledding for the other port development programme, which the business interests of the metropolis have stamped with approval.

Swan Purchase Opposed.

Mr. Hosford, who is an old river captain, maintains there is no occasion to dredge out Swan island or to buy that property. He says that a straight channel can be made from the railroad bridge at St. Johns to the edge of Portland harbor without any particular disturbance to the island. Captain Hosford intimates that there is a real estate deal of some character lurking behind the port consolidation programme. While Mr. Hosford is working for his bill in the house, he is not overlooking the senate, and there is considerable lobbying in progress there.

The Hosford channel bill will go to the Multnomah delegation, which will also be the destination of the group of five Port bills which are to be acted on by the dock commission Thursday. Members of the delegation who are particularly interested in the Port policy regret that the measures were not sent here today, so that they can receive quick dispatch. The emergency measure carrying the $1,000,000 will be the first disposed of, apparently, and then will come a contest between the Hosford bill for $800,000 and the million-dollar bill. The majority of the Multnomah delegation will stand by the series of bills which have the indorsement of Portland's commercial interests, but the members outside of Multnomah will have something to say on the eventual disposition.

John H. Burgard, member of the dock commission, and George H. Kelly, of the Port of Portland commission, were in Salem today, but confined their efforts to seeking an appropriation from the ways and means committee for $12,000 for the Patton home, for which institution they have asked appropriations for many years.

ROAD LEGISLATION BEGUN

(Continued From First Page.)

date attention to the bill now pending, appropriating funds for highway construction and post roads as well as roads through forest reserves in the various western states.

Time Saving Promised.

Decisions of the roads and highway committees of the house and senate to meet in joint session will mean that much time will be saved for consideration of important legislation which is expected to come before this session. Heretofore the two committee have acted separately, except on rare occasions, thus necessitating two hearings on practically every important road matter that has been presented to the lawmakers of the state.

Both committees are said to be disposed to give ear to the plans and ideas of the highway commission, and it is not probable that any measure will be reported favorably by either committee unless it has the approval of the majority of the highway commission.

The bill releasing the Roosevelt highway funds provided for in bonds authorized by the voters of the state at a special election in 1919, was introduced to the senate today by Senators Hall and Norblad. The bill proposes that the string attached to the bond issue, providing that no money be expended by the state unless matched dollar for dollar by the government, be detached.

Distribution Is Arranged.

Provision is made in the bill that the money derived from the sale of the $2,500,000 bond issue be turned over to the state highway commission, in order that construction work may not be delayed by failure to have funds available for acquirement of rights of way. Further provision is made that half of the money be expended in the southern portion of the state and half in the northern part.

The proposed bill directs the governor to issue and sell the Roosevelt highway bonds within the next two years. It also provides that the money derived from this sale shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of a special fund, subject to demand of the highway commission.

The route of the highway, as outlined in the bill, extends from the city of Astoria, through Tillamook, Lincoln, Lane, Douglas, Coos and Curry counties to the California line. Practically all restrictions, so far as government aid is concerned, are removed by the bill.

ASIATICS STILL OPPOSED

ANTI-JAPANESE SENTIMENT IS STRONG IN HOOD RIVER.

Residents Say Feeling Has Grown More Violent, Although Less Has Been Said About It.

HOOD RIVER, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Anti-Japanese sentiment in Hood River, instead of retrograding, as was concluded at Salem because the local anti-Asiatic association had no programme for the introduction of a bill aimed at Japanese land ownership, has made a remarkably steady growth in the past year, according to George R. Wilbur, who as state senator in 1917 introduced an anti-alien land bill, withdrawn at that time at the request of the federal government.

"It is true that the feverish activity of local citizens has to a large degree subsided," said Mr. Wilbur, a member of the Hood River Anti-Asiatic association, "but I believe from my daily talks with those with whom I come in contact that a majority of our citizens have reached the conclusion that some state legislation is needed to protect our lands and prevent them from passing more and more into the hands of non-assimilable aliens.

"The problem in a large measure is a national one, but this part relating to land ownership is our own. It is a local one that the national government cannot handle. The increase of existing Japanese population, which cannot be affected by national regulation, will in the future prove a worry if we do not introduce local laws."

"Hood River stands now as she has always stood on the Japanese question," said R. E. Scott, secretary of the Anti-Asiatic association. "We have not been before the public much lately, but we are in touch with legislators from other counties who have expressed themselves in entire accord with us on the question of prohibiting land ownership or control by Japanese."

SEEK HYDRO-ELECTRIC BODY

Creation of Commission Urged in Bill Introduced in the Senate.

STATEHOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Creation of a hydro-electric commission is proposed in a bill that reached the senate today. The commission, if created, will be composed of three members who shall be named by the governor. The commissioners will not receive any compensation under the act, but will be entitled to actual traveling expenses.

It is provided in the bill that the commission shall make a survey of all hydro-electric power plants in the state and report thereon, showing the original cost thereof, the territory served by them, the cost of hydro-electric power each horsepower generated at such plants, the amount each horsepower for which the same is sold to the public and such information as the commission may deem necessary.

Provision also is made for a general survey of the hydro-electric power which could be developed in the Columbia river gorge and throughout the state and separate the same into units as near as practical to do so.

The bill carries an appropriation of $25,000.

BOND COMMISSION PROPOSED

Bill Proposed by O. P. Hoff Would Authorize Body.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Creation of a bond commission to consist of the governor, state treasurer and superintendent of banks, is authorized in a bill now being prepared by O. P. Hoff for introduction in the legislature this session. The members of the commission shall serve without pay.

It shall be the duty of the commission, under the provisions of the bill, to invest funds of the segregated accident fund, industrial accident fund, catastrophe fund, A. R. Burbank trust fund and the Thurston monument fund. Liability of the state treasurer as custodian of said securities shall remain as now imposed by statute.

Bill Aid to Bankers.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Any foreign bank or banker doing business in Oregon may make loans based upon its or his entire paid-up capital and surplus without regard to the amount thereof maintained in this state, but not exceeding 10 per cent thereof for any one loan, should a bill introduced by Senator Joseph become a law.

Bonus Bill Is Approved.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The senate late this afternoon approved house joint memorial No. 2 urging congress to enact what is known as the national bonus bill. Telegrams notifying the Oregon representatives in congress of the action of the senate were sent to Washington tonight.

Bill to Expedite Court Work.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Upon stipulation of the parties interested in a suit, circuit judges will be authorized to appoint judges pro tem., should a bill introduced by Senator Hare become a law. The bill is designed to expedite court procedure and avoid long and costly delays.

NORBLAD DRAWS UP REDISTRICTING BILL

Fight to Block Measure Is Declared Inevitable.

OTHER PLANS ARE AIRED

Congressional Ambitions of Solons Probably Will Prevent Any Agreement on Matter.

STATEHOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—First of the bills to create new congressional districts in the state has been drawn by Senator Norblad, who modestly confessed to a desire to serve in Washington. This is but the forerunner of a number of similar measures, and by the time they are all received and under consideration, the map of the districts will look like a crazy quilt.

Senator Upton has a congressional district in mind, and Speaker Bean will have a bill on this topic, or some one will introduce one containing his ideas. At this time there are in prospect at least half a dozen congressional bills. No one has yet submitted a bill to reapportion the legislative districts, which will be the fireworks bill of the session, judging from the underground rumblings.

Changes Are Proposed.

According to Norblad's ideas the four congressional districts should be as follows:

First district—Columbia, Clatsop, Tillamook, Lincoln, Benton, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Lane, Jackson and Josephine.

Second district—Baker, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Hood River, Harney, Klamath, Lake, Malheur, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wheeler and Wasco. This is the second district as at present composed.

Third district—Multnomah county, the same as as present.

Fourth district—Clackamas, Washington, Marion, Polk, Linn and Multnomah.

The first and fourth districts in the Norblad measure chop chunks from Representative Hawley's district. The bill seriously interferes with another plan to create the fourth district by running a line south of Marion county.

To the argument that Multnomah will capture any joint congressman as well as the one to which it is entitled, Norblad has prepared a safeguard, which disqualifies any resident of Multnomah county from being an aspirant for the joint district. In other words, the Multnomah people are up against taxation without representation in so far as the fourth congressional district is concerned. Such a plan will not set well with the Multnomah delegation, so a fight on the Norblad measure is assured.

Other Booms Nourished.

Also opposition will be found from Southern Oregon, for there are boomlets being nourished by Representatives Sheldon and others. The bulk of the votes would be other than in Jackson and Josephine.

Based on population, Norblad's first district has a population of approximately 179,000 and the second district has about the same number of people. The third district, Multnomah county, has more than is needed, so the third district is given a population of 210,000 and the overflow is supplied to the joint district, which thus acquires 210,000.

In the final analysis, it is probable that all the congressional redistricting bills will go to the scrap heap because of the many conflicting personal ambitions and that the legislature will solve the difficulty by providing for one congressman to be elected at large.

12 SENATE BILLS APPEAR

Total of 36 Measures Now Introduced at Salem.

STATEHOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Twelve senate bills made their appearance here today, making a grand tottal of 36 bills to be introduced up to time of adjournment tonight.

Summary of the bills follows:

Senate bill No. 28, by Jones—Increasing salaries of county clerk, sheriff, assessor and school superintendent of Lane county.

Senate bill No. 29, by Joseph—Creating hydro-electric committee commission and appropriating $25,000 to carry into effect the duties thereof.

Senate bill No. 29, by Joseph—Repealing requirement of medical examination for men contemplating matrimony.

Senate bill No. 30, by Ryan—Amending act of 1920 defining purposes for which banks may hold real estate.

Senate bill No. 31, by Moser—Amending law relating to powers of cemetery association.

Senate bill 32, by Joseph—Amendment permitting foreign banks to base loans upon its entire paid up capital.

Senate bill No. 33, by Joseph—Fixing limitations on revocations, countermands and payments of checks and drafts.

Senate bill 34, by Hare—Requiring proceedings of grand jury to be reported at discretion of judge, and providing that report shall be available at trial of the case when an issue is raised with respect to evidence given before grand jury.

Senate bill 35, by Hare—Changing statute relating to obtaining money under false pretenses of a bill, even though unsigned.

Senate bill 36, by Hall and Norblad—Releasing appropriation of $2,500,000 for construction of Roosevelt highway, despite any action that may be taken by government to match funds.

Senate bill 37, by Eberhard—Requiring the filing of conditional sale contracts after ten days old.

Senate bill No. 38, by Banks, Hare and Eddy—Providing for appointment of judge pro tem upon stipulation of parties interested in suit.

STREET IMPROVEMENT GOAL

Eugene Proposes Law to Get Fund From County Court.

EUGENE, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A law compelling the county courts of the state to assist in improving city streets leading to the county roads is favored by the Eugene city council and at a meeting on Monday night O. H. Foster, city attorney, was instructed to go to Salem to work for the passage of such a measure at the present session of the state legislature.

For many years the Lane county court has levied taxes on all property of the county for general road purposes, but none of the money derived from such a levy has been expended on the roads or streets of Eugene.

SALARY INCREASE DEMANDED

Superintendent of Klamath County Schools Seeking Relief.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A petition is in circulation requesting the legislature at this session to increase the annual salary of the Klamath county school superintendent from $1500 to $2400, and her annual expense allowance from $300 to $1000.

Sponsors of the increase assert that should the increase not be granted it is probable that the present superintendent will resign and there is no qualified person to fill the vacancy. Miss Twayla Head now holds the position.

BLIND SCHOOL FUND SOUGHT

Legislature to Be Asked to Appropriate $40,000.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A bill to be drafted by Oscar W. Horne of Portland will provide for an appropriation of $40,000 with which to start construction on what will be known as the Oregon institution for the adult blind. This institution was authorized at the special legislative session last January and later was approved by the voters of the state.

The original law provided for a tax of one-sixth of a mill on the assessed valuation of the property of the state for building and furnishing the institution, while an annual tax of 1-25 mill was provided for maintenance and operation. After the bill had been approved by the voters it was discovered that the tax levy could not be made in time to yield any funds for the purpose this year. As a result Mr. Horne will ask for an appropriation of $40,000, which is the equivalent of the amount that will be raised through the 1-25 mill levy.

This bill will be introduced in the senate probably tomorrow. Mr. Horne said he was making an effort to procure a free site for the institution and that none of the money derived from the appropriation would be lost to the state.

Mr. Horne was accompanied here by J. F. Meyers, principal of the school for the adult blind in Portland.

8 BILLS IN HOUSE IN DAY

Measures Cover Many Issues in Which Public Is Interested.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Eight bills were introduced in the house today. They are as follows:

House bill 20, Mr. Hyatt—Amending section 1011 Oregon laws relating to power of court to obtain additional jurors.

House bill 21, by Hindman—Amending section 514 Oregon laws authorizing courts to modify decrees for appointment of trustees for care and custody of minor children.

House bill 22, by Kay—Amending section 6669 Oregon laws relating to the secretaryship of the commissioners of labor statistics and inspector of factories.

House bill 23, by Kay—Amending section 6705 Oregon laws relating to secretaryship of board of inspectors of child labor.

House bill 24, by Johnson, Hammond, Marsh, Pierce, Korell, Leonard, Wells and North—Amending sections 3355, 3356 and 3358 Oregon laws relating to relief for indigent soldiers, sailors and marines.

House bill 25, by Hammond—Amending section 2850 Oregon laws proving for admission of soldiers in war with Germany to soldiers' home.

House bill 26, by Hosford—Amending section 2525 Oregon laws relating to chaplains of Oregon state penitentiary and training school.

House bill 27, by Powell—Providing for change in time of holding examination for certification of teachers in state of Oregon from the last Wednesday in June to the second Wednesday in June.

CONSOLIDATION MOVE BEGUN

Transfer of Child Labor and Welfare Bureaus Proposed.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12. (Special.)—The first move towards consolidation of state bodies was launched today in the house by Representative Kay, who presented an amendment placing the child labor department and the industrial welfare bureau under the state labor department.

The amendment does not eliminate the advisory boards who are attached to the various bodies affected by the amendment, but provides that the state labor commissioner shall supervise and administer affairs of the industrial welfare commission and the child labor bureau.

The consolidation provided in this amendment is in direct line with the recommendation contained in the governor's message read to the legislature Tuesday, although the amendment was drawn by Representative Kay prior to reading the governor's message.

BONUS ACT'S PASSAGE URGED

Memorial of Oregon House Asks U. S. Senate to Hurry.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The United States senate is urged to pass the bonus act, known as the four-fold compensation pay for veterans of the world war, without further delay, in a memorial adopted by the house today. The memorial was introduced by Representatives Korell, Johnston, Hammond, North, Wells, Marsh and Leonard and was adopted after the rules had been suspended.

Such compensation, according to the resolution, has been recognized by the people of many states as valid, justifiable and urgent, and speedy approval by the senate of the bonus act is urged in the memorial.

Bill Would Provide Jurors.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The common practice of combing pool halls, cigar stands and street corners for jurors to serve after regular court panels have been exhausted will be unnecessary if an amendment provided in a bill introduced in the house today by Representative Hyatt becomes a law. This amendment directs courts to order additional jurors drawn from jury lists and summoned by the sheriff whenever the regular panel is exhausted or is about to be exhausted.

Federal Aid Bill Urged.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The senate today concurred in the action of the house in approving the joint memorial urging the United States congress to pass the McArthur-Chamberlain federal aid bill, which provides for the appropriation by the government of $100,000,000 for construction of post roads and $10,000,000 for forest roads. Money derived from the appropriations will be distributed among the several states, should the bill become a law.

Tax Resolution Referred.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A resolution introduced in the senate yesterday by Senator Smith providing for the repeal of the 6 per cent tax limitation law and limiting the life of millage taxes in Oregon to two years, today was referred to the judiciary committee. The resolution provides that both questions shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election.

Bill Affects Teachers' Examination.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Representative Powell introduced a bill in the house today which, if passed by the legislature, will change the time of holding of examinations for certifications of teachers to the second Wednesday in June. These examinations are now held the last Wednesday in June.

Best grades coal. Immediate delivery. Diamond Coal Co. Broadway 3037.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

IDAHO HOUSE BACKS M'ARTHUR MEASURE

Memorial to Congress Unanimously Adopted.

FEDERAL ROAD AID ASKED

State's Delegation at Washington Urged to Work for Continuance of Programme.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—House joint memorial, No. 1, was introduced in the house of representatives by Representative McDonald of Kootenai county today, and half an hour later was taken up under a suspension of the rules by unanimous consent and adopted.

The document is addressed to Idaho's senators and representatives in congress, urging them to support and work for the passage of the McArthur bill, now pending, which provides for continuation of the present federal aid programme in connection with state highways.

Idaho's immense progress in road-building during the last biennium has been aided to a considerable degree by co-operation of the federal government under the 1916 law. The funds derived from this aid, however, will shortly be exhausted. The McArthur bill renews the provisions of the former measure and extends to states which are carrying on active highway work the same measure of assistance.

Senators Go to Nampa.

While the senate attended the state seed show, state irrigation congress and allied conventions in Nampa Wednesday, the house of representatives had its first practice in parliamentary procedure, adopted a memorial to congress and debated a proposal to oust the state board of education from its quarters for the duration of the session. The exercise in application of the rules of order came about in the course of an attempt to amend a senate measure to authorize the legislature to pay its attaches.

In addition to the introduction and adoption of the McDonald memorial, two measures were introduced in the house. House bill No. 11, by Hall of Oneida, authorizes the commissioner of commerce and industry to exact a bond from an investment company which seeks the privilege of selling stock or securities in the state. House bill No. 12, by Moore, provides for withdrawing the county of Valley from the third judicial district now composed of Ada, Boise, Valley and Owyhee counties, and attaching it to the seventh judicial district, composed of Adams, Canyon, Gem and Payette counties.

Bank Guaranty Law Asked.

A memorial from the chamber of commerce of Coeur d'Alene was read in the house, which asks for the enactment by the legislature of a bank guaranty law.

The entire session of the house today occupied hardly more than an hour, and the house then adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday morning, to give its members an opportunity to follow their colleagues of the upper house to the conventions now in session at Nampa.

Friends of the primary system will place before the present legislature a bill whose object is to return to the statutes of Idaho a law providing for the nomination of senatorial, congressional, state, legislative and county officers by direct primary elections. Such a measure is in the process of construction. It will probably be introduced next week. Every effort will be made to obtain serious consideration of it in both houses, it is said.

OPEN SHOP TO BE FOUGHT

Idaho Federation of Labor Is Preparing for Action.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 12.—(Special.)—The state federation of labor was in continuous executive session here today discussing the "open shop," to which it is opposed and which it proposes to fight with all the forces that can be rallied.

A resolution asking the executive board to take up the organization of the miners in the state was adopted. Another providing that organized labor be assessed a certain sum for the purpose of furthering organization work throughout the state, was referred back to the committee for amendment.

New resolutions introduced call for installation of a state fire marshal and for establishment of a firemen's relief fund by the present legislature in accordance with the provisions of two bills which will be introduced in the legislature by Senator Thomas of Minidoka county.

Legislative Sidelights.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12. (Special.)—They all like to come back to the scene of their former activities. This applies to former members as well as lobbyists. J. W. Bones, once a member of the house, representing Yamhill county, now has a job as messenger boy for the speaker, carrying messages from the house to the senate. Being over six feet, he is the tallest page that the state legislature has ever hired.

* * *

"I have observed," announced Colonel Bush, taxpayer and eminent citizen of Bull Run, "that the legislators who do the least work stick most assiduously to their desks. But it has this advantage when their constituents drop to these solons appear to be right on the job."

* * *

Oscar Horne, who fathered "labor's bill of rights" when he was in the 1919 session, arrived today, with a sightless man. Mr. Horne is trying to have something done to speed up an industrial establishment for the blind, as voted for by the people at a special election. Mr. Horne's labor bill is likely to be roughly handled this session, particularly the picketing provision.

* * *

A member of the third house, not wishing to pay for his own dinner at the Marion, telephoned a prominent former lobbyist in Portland and asked if he could sign the latter's name to the meal check. As the third house man said he was a member of the Multnomah delegation, the erstwhile lobbyist said it was all right. Now the Multnomah representative, having heard how his name was taken in vain, is trying to prove his innocence to the former lobbyist.

* * *

Sam Brown of Gervais came to the legislature with a complaint. He has been trying to beautify his land along the Pacific highway by planting shrubs. Every time he puts out a few shrubs, stray cattle come along and destroy them. Mr. Brown, tired of feeding strange cows with expensive ornamental hedges, wants a law against the critters. Eastern Oregon legislators favor it, with the proviso that it will not apply to their part of the country, where the state roads are used to drive cattle.

* * *

There is a sneaking suspicion that one reason the legislators will adjourn Thursday is to give the members a chance to be in Portland Friday for the boxing tournament. A resolution addressed to the boxing commission to have the bout pulled off in Salem was written and ready for introduction in the event that the adjournment concurrent resolution failed. Of course the legislators expect to be on the free list at the fight.

* * *

Senator Ryan does things in style. He has his own big passenger car to take him from the state house to the Elks' club, a distance of four Salem blocks—one block being equivalent to about a quarter of a mile. He confides that his old boat can go 90 miles an hour, but he can't get anyone to ride with him when he demonstrates that speed.

* * *

Elmer Dodd, former member, arrived today to make a report as a member of the salary-fixing committee appointed in 1920. As the report will advise against increases, Mr. Dodd expects to depart on the first morning train before the officials learn of his recommendations.

Salary Bill Introduced.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A bill introduced in the senate today by Senator Walter Jones provides for increasing the salaries of the county school superintendent of Lane county from $1500 to $2000 a year; county clerk from $2000 to $3000, and assessor from $1500 to $2000. Provision also is made for the employment of a stenographer in the offices of the county school superintendent at a salary of $500 a year.

Property Transfer Affected.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—Transfers of property by persons within three years prior to their demise shall be presumed to be made in contemplation of death, should an amendment to the state inheritance law meet the approval of the legislature. This amendment is now being prepared and will be read for consideration of the senate early next week.

Treasurer Preparing Bill.

STATE HOUSE, Salem, Or., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A bill now being prepared by the state treasurer's department will provide for the registration of bond permits in multiples of $1000. The present law restricts the registration of bonds in multiples of $500.

Whitman College Gets Bequest.

WHITMAN COLLEGE, Walla Walla, Wash., Jan. 12.—(Special.)—A bequest of $500 has been received by the college from the estate of Miss Julia Whitman of Minnesota. Miss Whitman was a member of the family of which Dr. Marcus Whitman was the distinguished representative for whom the college was named.

Build Up Your Blood With Dr. Williams PINK PILLS

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$48.50 Mahogany Rocker at.....	$28.50	$76 Mahogany Davenport Table at...	$46.00
$55.00 Mahogany Chair at	$35.00	$36 Mahogany Floor Lamp and Shade..	$22.50
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$120 Solid Walnut Extension Table...	$74.50	$585 3-piece Overstuffed Suites at...	$335

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Lipman Wolfe & Co. Merchandise of Merit Only

THE MOVIES' WARNING

Perfect-Fitting Glasses made in my own shop will prevent a recurrence of the trouble.

That the "movies" injure eye-sight is an exploded theory, declares Dr. Schwartz of New York City.

But if your sight is imperfect, the ailment will be more quickly discovered at the motion picture theater than anywhere else.

If, after watching the pictures, your eyes smart and burn, or you have an uncomfortable feeling about your head and eyes, have your eyes examined and find out the reason.

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Combing Won't Rid Hair of Dandruff

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.—Adv.

If you suffer with RHEUMATISM TAKE PRESCRIPTION A-2851

A constitutional treatment for rheumatism and gout. It dissolves the calcareous deposits which cause the painful swelling at the joints and drives the uric acid from the system. In use since 1894. Sold by leading druggists or sent postpaid for $1.00.

Eimer & Amend, 3d Av. and 18th St., New York

Thousands of Married Folks Are Nervous Wrecks—Leading A Regular "Cat and Dog" Life

As a result of the devitalizing weakness caused by PALE, THIN, WATERY BLOOD—without ever suspecting the real cause of their trouble—IRON STARVATION.

Thousands of married people are CROSS, CRABBED AND GRUMPY, with each other all the while—READY TO FLY OFF at the slightest thing when it isn't their fault at all. IRON STARVATION OF THE BLOOD has sapped their nerve force and left them nervous wrecks so that they have no control of themselves and they therefore "GO ALL TO PIECES" on the slightest provocation.

A New York Physician says that MORE THAN ONE-HALF THE POPULATION OF AMERICA PERISHES BEFORE MIDDLE AGE and that one of the chief contributory causes of this terrible waste of human life is the devitalizing weakness brought on by lack of iron in the blood.

THERE ARE 30,000,000,000,000 RED BLOOD CORPUSCLES IN YOUR BLOOD AND EACH ONE MUST HAVE IRON.

An enormous number of people who ought to be strong, vigorous and in the prime of life are constantly complaining of weak nervous headaches, pains across the back, disturbed digestion, shortness of breath, heart palpitation, a general "run-down" condition, melancholy, bad memory, etc., when the real cause of all their suffering is in many cases nothing more or less than IRON STARVATION OF THE BLOOD.

THE PICTURE BELOW OF HUSBAND AND WIFE IS MORE OR LESS TYPICAL OF THOUSANDS OF CASES: WHILE ACTUAL PHYSICAL FORCE MAY SELDOM BE USED THERE ARE SQUABBLES, FUSSES AND QUARRELS. Both husband and wife loved each other when they were married and they both really love each other today, but iron starvation of the blood has made them peevish, nervous, irritable and easily upset—both are ready to "fly into a rage" over nothing—yet these same people often quickly become most charming, pleasing and agreeable and get along splendidly when their starving blood is supplied with iron. IRON STARVATION OF THE BLOOD HAS WRECKED THE HAPPINESS OF THOUSANDS OF HOMES.

The proof of this is shown by the fact that when organic iron is supplied to their blood, that all their multitude of symptoms often quickly disappear and the very men and women who were formerly so complaining now become strong, healthy and vigorous with even dispositions and a sunny cheerful nature. When your blood is starving for iron, no mere tonics or stimulants can put you right—starving blood must have iron the same as a starving person must have food. Without iron your blood loses its power to change food into living tissue and nothing you eat does you the proper amount of good—you do not get the full strength out of it. Nature put plenty of iron in the husks of grains and the skin and peels of vegetables and fruits to enrich your blood, but modern methods of cookery throw all these things away—hence the alarming increase, in recent years, in anaemia—iron-starvation of the blood with all its attendant ills.

If you are not willing to go back to nature then you should eat more such iron-containing vegetables as spinach and carrots and reinforce them by taking a little organic iron from time to time.

But be sure the iron you take is organic iron and not metallic iron which people usually take. Metallic iron is iron just as it comes from the action of strong acids on small pieces of iron and is therefore an entirely different thing from organic iron. Organic iron is like the iron in your blood and like the iron in spinach, lentils and apples. It may be had from your druggist under the name of Nuxated Iron. Nuxated Iron represents organic iron in such a highly condensed form that one dose of it is estimated to be approximately equivalent (in organic iron content) to eating one-half quart of spinach, one quart of green vegetables or half a dozen apples. It's like taking extract of beef instead of eating pounds of meat.

To prove to yourself what Nuxated Iron will do, get your doctor to take a specimen of your blood and make a blood count of your red blood corpuscles, then take Nuxated Iron for a month and have a new "blood count" made and see how your red blood corpuscles have increased, how much purer and richer your blood has become, how much more robust and vigorous you feel; see how the color has come back to your cheeks, how much steadier and stronger your nerves now are. Over 4,000,000 people annually are using Nuxated Iron. It will not injure the teeth nor disturb the stomach. Your money will be refunded by the manufacturers if you do not obtain satisfactory results. Beware of substitutes. Always insist on having genuine organic iron—Nuxated Iron. Look for the letters N.I. on every tablet. At all druggists.

NUXATED IRON ENRICHES THE BLOOD—GIVES YOU NEW STRENGTH AND ENERGY