BITTER FIGHT LOOMS OVER TARIFF ISSUE

Antagonism Is Met in Both Houses of Congress.

EACH SIDE IS CONFIDENT

Democrats Want to Go Slow But Republicans Declare Farmer Situation Is Serious.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Presentation of the Fordney emergency tariff bill in the house and decision of its supporters to call it up for consideration Wednesday was followed today by expressions of open antagonism both in the house and senate.

The opposition, hitherto manifested only to a slight extent, was intensified by the filing of minority views by Representative Rainey, democrat, Illinois, denouncing the measure from beginning to end, and by decision of the senate democratic steering committee to resist hasty enactment of any such legislation.

Chairman Fordney of the house ways and means committee, in reporting the measure, urged action not because it was perfect, but because it was the best obtainable under the circumstances. The report declared that remedial legislation was urgently necessary to correct a situation which was described as rapidly becoming worse and likely to bring ruin to the agricultural industry.

The filing of the committee's report disclosed that the measure had been made applicable for a period of ten months from passage instead of the one-year period previously fixed. Chairman Fordney submitted with the report estimates of the treasury department showing that on the basis of available import figures, approximately $130,000,000 in revenue would be derived from the duties to be imposed under the measure. The commodities enumerated in the bill now produce less than $5,000,000 annually.

Commodities Duties Listed.

As finally approved and reported to the house, the bill carries import duties on commodities, which, together with the rates agreed to in committee and the estimated revenue to come therefrom, follow: Wheat, proposed duty, 30 cents a bushel, estimated revenue, $2,109,520; wheat flour, 20 per cent, $657,000; corn, 15 cents a bushel, $137,625; beans, 2 cents a pound, $3,091,760; peanuts, unshelled, 3 cents a pound, $642,540; peanuts, shelled, 3 cents a pound, $4,405,410; potatoes, 25 cents a bushel, $1,560,000; onions, 40 cents a bushel, $787,040; rice, cleaned, 2 cents a pound, $2,900,660; rice, uncleaned, 1¼ cents a pound, $235,575; flour, meal and broken rice, 1½ cents a pound, $5037; rice, unhulled, ¾ cent a pound, $70,672; lemons, 1¼ cents a pound, $881,250; oils, peanut, 26 cents a gallon, $4,333,420; oils, cottonseed, 20 cents a gallon, $2,479,400; oils, soya bean, 20 cents a gallon, $3,837,000; cattle, 30 per cent, $5,851,500; sheep, $2 a head, $102,484; lambs, $1 a head, no estimated revenue; mutton and lamb, 2½ cents a pound, $1,656,792; wool, unwashed, 15 cents a pound, $9,900,000; wool, washed, 30 cents a pound, $28,500,000; wool, manufactures of, 45 cents a pound, $11,250,000; wool, scoured, 45 cents a pound, $45,000,000.

Vote Divides Committee.

On the vote in the ways and means committee, on reporting the bill, two republicans and four democrats voted in the negative. Representatives Treadway, Massachusetts; and Tilson, Connecticut; were understood to have been the republicans who stood against the measure, while Representatives Rainey, Hull, Tennessee; Oldfield, Arkansas; and Collier, Mississippi; were the democrats who opposed the legislation.

The republican committee members were said to have opposed the bill on the ground that if tariff legislation was to be enacted it should include protection for manufactured commodities, a few of which were allowed to remain in the final draft. This contention appeared to have gained some strength among representatives from textile and other manufacturing districts and is expected to precipitate heated debate.

Bitter Opposition Expected.

Representative Knutson, republican, Minnesota, chairman of the recently-organized conference of representatives from farming districts, said he was sure there would be bitter opposition from the urban representatives, but added:

"We members who see the need of the farmers for help are prepared for a battle royal. We think we can muster 200 votes for the bill and I personally serve notice on those people who seek to defeat this bill that they will sweat blood before they get anything for their industries when it comes to a permanent tariff unless they do bite fair thing now."

Against this came the statement of the senate democratic steering committee that they did not regard the measure as an emergency proposal and would demand that it be considered by the finance committee in regular order when it reaches the senate.

Notice Served From Floor.

Senator Harrison, Mississippi, democrat, served notice from the floor of the senate that he would oppose the bill.

"The democratic party," he declared, "cannot afford to stultify itself at this time upon so an important a question of principle as that which the tariff proposals involve."

"Let me say to my friend from Mississippi," Senator Thomas, democrat, Colorado, interjected, "that I sympathize with his view and between us we may be able to keep some part of the democratic party in line."

Representative Rainey, in presenting the minority views, warned of dangers which he said would beset the business of the country should the emergency measure pass. He declared that the measure amounted to an embargo and that it would "inevitably" lead to retaliatory tariffs.

Trade Treaties Discussed.

"All commercial treaties between nations were practically annulled by the war," Mr. Rainey's report said, "and today new commercial units are in process of formation. Every commercial nation is today prepared with the means of quick retaliation, and there is grave danger that they will quickly respond to the challenge we give them in this bill."

The Rainey report also charged that the bill had been framed without hearings and that no experts had been examined. It asserted that the majority in congress proposed protection as the medicine for every economic evil, adding that "this bill is protection mad." The republican plan of protection in this instance, the report declared, offered a remedy worse than the ill it sought to correct.

Production Blow Alleged.

After reviewing the trade figures in exports and imports, the minority statement asserted that assessment of prohibitive tariff rates meant eventually a lowering of production in America.

"Of course Europe can pay only in gold or goods," he continued. "They cannot pay in gold and they are not manufacturing at the present time enough goods. Even if they were, we propose in this bill to make imports less and less. If we are to remain a creditor nation, and we must do that or suffer now immeasureable financial calamities, we must import more than we export.

"It might be possible to report out a more hastily prepared, ill-considered measure than this, but up to the present time it never has been accomplished."

Mr. Rainey concluded his expression of views by predicting that the report submitted by Chairman Fordney "would not venture far from shore" and that the republican supporters of the bill would merely demand that "everybody vote for this legislation whether he believed it right in principle or not."

WHAT CONGRESS DID AS ITS DAY'S WORK.

Senate.

Concurrence was given in the house amendment to the resolution reviving the war finance corporation, eliminating all reference to the federal reserve board.

A resolution was offered declaring the sense of the senate to be that no recognition of any kind be given the soviet government of Russia.

The nomination of Senator John F. Nugent, who was defeated for re-election, to be a member of the federal trade commission, was received and confirmed in open session.

The nomination of John F. O'Bryan of New York to be a major-general in the officers' reserve corps, thereby making him eligible to become head of the militia bureau, was received.

Democratic senators held a conference and decided that emergency tariff legislation is not required, but that careful study and debate must be given the pending proposition for the benefit of agricultural products.

Laughing at the refusal of the house to join in the usual holiday recess, the senate laid off work until Thursday, and thus will solve the problem by a series of three-day adjournments.

House.

Ways and means committee reported the emergency tariff bill for relief of farmers; interstate and foreign commerce committee had a hearing of Sheppard-Towner maternity bill urged for immediate consideration by the national league of women voters.

Census committee met and decided to have hearings on the reapportionment bills for the house based on the last census.

Representative Stevenson of South Carolina introduced a resolution to turn German and Austrian property in the hands of alien enemy custodian over to the war finance corporation until congress is ready to distribute it.

F. D. Roosevelt Gets Job.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 20.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, candidate of the democratic party for vice-president in the last election, will assume charge of the New York office of the Fidelity Trust & Deposit company of Maryland on January 1. Announcement that Mr. Roosevelt had been elected vice-president of the company was made after a meeting of the board of directors today.

S. & H. green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co. Main 353. 560-21.—Adv.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

YEAR IN JAIL IS GIVEN DR. RUMELY

Two Others Sentenced for Concealing Paper's Owners.

ALL THREE TO APPEAL

Verdict Cannot Be Accepted Because of Knowledge of His Innocence, Says Publisher.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Dr. Edward A. Rumely, ex-publisher of the New York Evening Mail, and S. Walter Kaufman and Norvin Lindheim were sentenced to prison terms of one year and one day each in federal court here today on conviction for conspiracy to withhold from the government knowledge of the alleged German ownership of the newspaper during part of the war.

Rr. Rumely and co-defendants, who were both New York attorneys, were found guilty by a jury on Saturday of having failed to report to the alien property custodian a debt of $1,451,700 to the imperial German government. The charge that the German government actually owned shares of the newspaper's stock was not proved.

All Three Are to Appeal.

Judge William I. Grubb of the United States district court sentenced all three to the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga. The three defendants announced they would appeal.

Before being sentenced all three defendants protested their innocence of committing any "wrong against this country."

"Accept this verdict I cannot," said Dr. Rumely in a statement, "for before the tribunal of my own conscience I am innocent.

"For 15 years, in the school that I founded, in all my public work, in the progressive movement, as in my newspaper, I have given my best to further the things that would be helpful to my country. I have never knowingly done any act to harm it.

America Declared First.

"My grandparents of German blood, myself a student of German universities, I loved the German people. In every issue, however, that affected this country, I worked for and advocated the full maintenance of our rights more emphatically against German ruthlessness than against the British blockade, and in the Evening Mail, I was among the first to urge preparedness in economic, military and social matters."

Dr. Rumely declared that the last two and a half years of his life have been "a black hell," his "resources are far spent" by continuous federal prosecution and he has been debarred from all work.

Deal Held Honorable.

"Today it is hard to visualize our relations of five years ago with Germany, then a friendly nation," he added. "Although working against the British blockade, my association with German representatives was on a decent and honorable basis. It was not the damning thing it would have been with German aggression and war upon us.

"I knew that Heinrich Albert acted as banker for commercial interests centered in Germany. I believed him when he said that funds were being advanced for the account of Herman Sielcken, who, as an international shipper, had much to gain from an opening of the seaways. To my belief my report to the alien custodian was truthful.

"If with my energies spent, this remains a legally recorded verdict, I must and will submit to the law of the land; acquiesce I never can."

$4,000,000 in Gold Arrives.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Gold valued at $4,000,000 arrived today on the Imperator for the account of the British government with Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

Braiding, embroidery hemstitching. Booth's, Morgan bldg.—Adv.

ALIEN HEARINGS LIKELY

SENATE EXPECTED TO HEAR ALL OF CONTROVERSY.

Several Societies Want to Present Case When Immigrantion Restriction Comes Up.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—First action since the Johnson bill restricting immigration for one year was passed by the house, will be taken tomorrow by the senate immigration committee, Senator Colt, Rhode Island, announced today.

The committee will be asked to decide whether it shall open hearings or report the bill at once, but Senator Colt said that inasmuch as he had received a number of applications from societies and individuals to be heard, he would urge the committee to begin hearings the first week of the new year.

In addition to the Johnson bill, the committee will consider several senate measure relating to immigration, but differing from that already passed by the house in the manner and time of the enforcement of restrictions.

Wide differences of opinion exist among senators regarding the immigration question and it is probable that the committee will decide to hold extensive hearings.

Candy Company Passes Dividend.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The directors of the Continental Candy company today decided to pass the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents a share, now due. The company is one of the many corporations in which Allan A. Ryan is interested.

Lipman Wolfe & Co.
"Merchandise of Merit Only"

Talking About Good Luck!

Here Are Several Thousand Neckties

The Most Handsome Gift Scarfs—The Finest Values We Have Ever Offered for Particular Men

At $1.00, $1.65 and $1.95

Fresh and New—Right Out of the Packing Cases Reaching Us Five Days Before Christmas

PARTICULAR MEN will be delighted with these Scarfs, made of fine materials, the most refined colorings, the choicest patterns and the smartest shapes. Positively the broadest and most exquisite assemblage of Men's Scarfs we have ever offered at the prices—ready for selection by those who wish to give men friends the one gift that is always right, always useful and always highly appreciated.

Whether you want to give him just one superb Scarf, or a half dozen, our holiday collections will give you gratifying selection, at whatever price you wish to pay.

At $1.00
Hegadorns, Italian twill and fine quality satins.

At $1.65
Basket weaves, fine quality satins and bengalines.

At $1.95
Imported Swiss and brocaded silks, heavy basket weaves of the finest quality.

Street Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

This Store Uses No Comparative Prices—They Are Misleading and Often Untrue

A Phonograph
The Ideal Christmas Gift
All the latest models to choose from.
Special Xmas Terms
PAYMENTS ONLY $5 A MONTH
Eilers Music Bldg.
Entrance 287 Wash. St.
Take Elevator to 2d Floor

Lipman Wolfe & Co.
"Merchandise of Merit Only"

A Sale of Christmas Candies at New Low Prices

29c and 39c Pound

Christmas certainly wouldn't be Christmas without plenty of bright-colored, mixed candies and rich, sweet chocolates. Owing to the enormous demand we have provided additional candy booths and are now selling Christmas candies on three floors, as follows:

Cream Mixed, Broken Mixed and Hard Mixed, 29c Pound
Chocolate Creams, 39c Pound

All Bunty Candies Half Price

The most delicious of mixed candies in attractive packages.

Tip Top Inn Bakery, Sweets Booth, Street Floor and Economy Basement Store, Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Make Yourself a Present of a
Bradford Suit or Overcoat
Bradford Clothes Are Back to Normal Prices
$15, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $45
Bradford CLOTHES SHOP
285 Washington St.
Bet. Fourth and Fifth

THOMPSON'S Deep-Curve Lenses Are Better
Trademark Registered
THE SIGN OF PERFECT SERVICE
Thoroughly experienced Optometrists for the examination and adjustments, skilled workmen to construct the lenses—a concentrated service that guarantees dependable glasses at reasonable prices.
Complete Lens Grinding Factory on the Premises
SAVE YOUR EYES
THOMPSON
OPTICAL INSTITUTE
EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS.
Portland's Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped, Exclusive Optical Establishment
209-10-11 CORBETT BLDG., FIFTH AND MORRISON
Since 1908.

Buy Christmas Seals and help fight Tuberculosis

This space donated by the First National Bank

Tonight—AUDITORIUM—8 o'Clock

PUBLIC MEETING
In Commemoration of the
300th Anniversary *of the* Landing *of the* Pilgrims

Patriotic Address by a
Brilliant Orator

CHORUS OF 300, ORCHESTRA OF 100 PUBLIC SCHOOL PUPILS

All Are Invited — Admission Free