



REPUBLICAN TIDE CONTINUES RISING

Champ Clark, Bourbons' House Leader, Beaten.

SENATE MAJORITY MAY BE 10

Harding Jumps Into Lead in Oklahoma.

TENNESSEE IS CLOSE

G. O. P. Likely to Increase Margin by Some 60 Representatives. Texas Post Is Won.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The crest of the republican election wave, both presidential and congressional, continued rising tonight as belated returns filtered in.

Among the Democratic casualties were defeats of Champ Clark of Missouri, ex-speaker and present democratic leader in the House; election of a republican representative from Texas; re-election of a republican senator from Missouri and a sudden jump of Senator Harding into the lead in Oklahoma. Another border state, Tennessee, hung by a narrow margin, but with democrats leading.

A republican senate majority of about 10, as compared with but two at present, and a house majority of around 100, as against 40 odd, were other forecasts of the overwhelming majorities.

Eight States Still Doubtful.

With about eight states still in the doubtful list, a presidential-senatorial contests, the huge majorities assured Senator Harding of at least 246 electoral votes, with Governor Cox certain of 127 and all from the "solid south," including Kentucky.

The republicans today added Idaho, Maryland and South Dakota to their string, on the face of the large majorities, and of the remaining states the republicans were reported leading in Oklahoma, Arizona, Missouri, Montana, Nevada and North Dakota.

Democratic margins in New Mexico and Tennessee were reported. Among republican senators elected in hard contests were Lenroot of Wisconsin, who was opposed vigorously by Senator La Follette; Spencer of Missouri, who defeated Breckenridge Long, ex-assistant secretary of state, and Jones of Washington, senate commerce committee chairman; Senator Phelan, democrat, California, was defeated by Samuel M. Shortridge, republican, and Senator Smith, democrat, Maryland, a veteran, lost to O. E. Weller, republican.

Nugent Defeated in Idaho.

Senator Nugent, democrat, Idaho, was defeated by ex-Governor Gooding. Senator Harding at Marion exchanged telegrams of congratulation and planned his southern vacation. Among his messages was a brief one of congratulation from Governor Cox. Another presidential candidate, Parley E. Christensen of the farmer-labor party, issued a statement declaring that the election spelled the elimination of the democratic party. He predicted a rout of the republicans by his organization in 1924.

With majorities piling up in what democratic leaders said was a "solemn referendum" upon the league of nations, President Wilson withheld any comment.

Colby Is Disappointed.

Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state, expressed disappointment. Senator Johnson of California, leading "irreconcilable," stated that the election meant the end of the league, and another, Senator Smith, democrat, said, "I am glad that the fight upon the league issue was a 'tragic misadventure'."

The Electoral College.

Total Electoral Vote, 531—Necessary to Elect, 266.

States	Hard.	Doubt.	Dem.
Alabama	12	12	12
Arizona	12	12	12
Arkansas	12	12	12
California	12	12	12
Colorado	12	12	12
Connecticut	12	12	12
Delaware	12	12	12
Florida	12	12	12
Georgia	12	12	12
Idaho	12	12	12
Illinois	12	12	12
Indiana	12	12	12
Iowa	12	12	12
Kansas	12	12	12
Kentucky	12	12	12
Louisiana	12	12	12
Maine	12	12	12
Maryland	12	12	12
Massachusetts	12	12	12
Michigan	12	12	12
Minnesota	12	12	12
Mississippi	12	12	12
Missouri	12	12	12
Montana	12	12	12
Nebraska	12	12	12
Nevada	12	12	12
New Hampshire	12	12	12
New Jersey	12	12	12
New Mexico	12	12	12
New York	12	12	12
North Carolina	12	12	12
North Dakota	12	12	12
Oklahoma	12	12	12
Oregon	12	12	12
Pennsylvania	12	12	12
Rhode Island	12	12	12
South Carolina	12	12	12
South Dakota	12	12	12
Texas	12	12	12
Vermont	12	12	12
Virginia	12	12	12
Washington	12	12	12
West Virginia	12	12	12
Wisconsin	12	12	12
Wyoming	12	12	12
Total	386	127	18

PRESIDENT SILENT ON ELECTION RESULT

Physician Says Health Is Not Affected by RETURNS.

Secretary Colby Tells Cox That He Is Confident Country Will Rise to Sense of Duty.

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Harding Jumps Into Lead in Oklahoma.

TENNESSEE IS CLOSE

G. O. P. Likely to Increase Margin by Some 60 Representatives. Texas Post Is Won.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson had no comment to make today on the result of Tuesday's election, nor did he send any message of congratulation to President-elect Harding.

Having received only the preliminary returns before retiring last night, the president rose early today and after breakfast scanned the later figures of the republican victory in the morning newspapers. Later he spent some time on the south porch of the White House and conferred with Secretary Tumulty.

Rear-Admiral Grayson, the president's personal physician, made a special visit to him at noon and stated subsequently that the president's health apparently had been unaffected by the result of the election. He said the president had had a restful night and that he was in "good condition."

During the afternoon the president and Mrs. Wilson took a daily automobile ride. Mr. Wilson received no callers and the only visitors at the White House executive offices were Henry Morgenthau, ex-ambassador to Turkey, and Norman E. Hapgood, minister to Denmark.

Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state, was the only member of the cabinet to make any formal comment on the outcome of the election, but not before he had telegraphed to Secretary Wilson the labor department sent a message to Governor Cox in which he declared that "truth crushed to earth shall rise again."

Mr. Colby said he was "disappointed and depressed," but that he could not but feel that "in some way and by some avenue not at the moment disclosed the country will set up to the highest concept of duty."

Official and diplomatic Washington, impressed by the proportions of the republican victory in what leaders on both sides in the presidential fight had declared to be a "solemn referendum" on the league of nations, already have begun to speculate as to the president's probable course with regard to the treaty of Versailles, which has reposed in the White House since the senate refused to ratify it, for a second time last February.

There was no one in Washington who professed to know what decision, if any, the president had made. Two courses were regarded as open to him.

To leave the whole question of peace with Germany and the league to the new administration which takes office March 4, or to re-submit the treaty to the senate at the session beginning early in December.

Unless the treaty is re-submitted to the senate, that body, at its forthcoming session could act on the question of peace with Germany only by resolution. Such a measure was adopted at the last session, but was vetoed by President Wilson. Whether the republican majority would understand the Wilson administration to be decided by republican leaders.

BRITISH COAL STRIKE ENDS

Majority of Votes to Stay Out Are Lacking; Rails to Resume.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—At a conference of delegates of the miners' federation today a resolution to call off the coal strike and to advise the men to resume work tomorrow, or at the earliest possible moment, was passed. The belief prevails that work will resume full services next Monday.

Only four mining districts were against accepting the government's offer.

It is expected the railways will resume full services next Monday.

IRISH GIRLS' HAIR SHORN

Kerry Lads Crop Tresses of Colleens Seen With English.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Some West Kerry lads cropped the hair of an Irish colleen who was accused of keeping company with an English recruit.

Hugh Martin, correspondent of the Daily News, writes the black and tans have retaliated by cropping the hair of four other girls, who were pulled out of bed for the purpose, beat six young men and burned several hay ricks and a creamery.

Martin gives details, then: "The house of commons will no doubt be told by Sir Hamar Greenwood that this latest example of police methods is a fabrication."

VOTE PLEASAS HARDING

Telegram to New Orleans Paper Lauds Louisiana Support.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—In a telegram today to the Daily States here the managing editor of the Marion Star, Senator Harding's paper, said: "Senator Harding asks our office to utter his most grateful appreciation of the fine vote given him in Louisiana, particularly as it manifests a growing belief in the republican position."

"He asks me to say to you he has some friends, which leads me to the last vestige of sectionalism in America, in thought, politics, our economic life and in government."

HARDING WATCHES LANDSLOPE GROW

President - Elect Rests After Hard Campaign.

RESULT IS NEVER DOUBTED

Congratulatory Messages Are Received in Masses.

CABINET TALK IS HEARD

Root, Knox, Lodge, Hughes, Wood and Others Are Suggested as Next President's Advisers.

MARION, O., Nov. 3.—Warren G. Harding spent his first day as president-elect resting from the tension of election night and reviewing late returns with particular attention to the make-up of the 67th congress.

He expressed keen pleasure as the growing figures confirmed a republican gain in both senate and house. For he had told his friends that his greatest apprehension over the outcome had not been a fear of defeat for himself as much as a realization that as chief executive his hands might be tied by lack of a working majority in the legislative branches.

His interest throughout the last weeks of the campaign turned specifically to the senatorial situation and any other one cause that he left his front porch and swung around the circle of states where the present narrow senate majority was receiving its heaviest attacks.

Doubt Never Entertained.

As for his own fortunes, he said today that he never had been in doubt for a moment from the time of his nomination. He did voice surprise at the tremendous majorities piled up for him, however, declaring the result had overreached his fondest hopes.

Mr. Harding was not inclined to regard the triumph as a personal one. As he told many of his audiences during the campaign, his feeling was that the decision would be made on issues rather than candidates, and the league of nations and the record of the Wilson administration at home were the determining factors.

An avalanche of congratulatory messages was received by President-elect and Mrs. Harding today, many prominent democrats being numbered among those who sent their good wishes. Governor Cox sent a brief telegram accepting the result, and the senator in a still briefer message thanked him. When Mr. Harding looked in at his office at the end of the afternoon no word had yet been received from President Wilson.

Now that the political complexion (Concluded on Page 3, Column 3.)

COX AND WILSON ARE BLAMED FOR DEFEAT

BRYAN SAYS PRESIDENT AND CANDIDATE BEAT PARTY.

Commoner Declares Leaders Lost Election by Misfaking Names for Real Sentiment.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 3.—In a statement today, W. J. Bryan placed what he termed the blame for democratic defeat about equally between President Wilson and Governor Cox. The president, he said, "laid the foundation for the disaster, and the governor completed the structure."

The statement was as follows: "The American people want the government to play its part in the abolition of war, but they are indifferent as to whether we are part of a league or part of an association of nations. There is nothing in a name but everything in a sentiment. The real issue presented by the democratic party was not whether we should co-operate with other nations interested in peace, but whether we should assume a moral obligation which had no weight except as it suspended the right of congress to act independently when the time arrived for action. The nation will do its part in aiding to prevent war, but it will not surrender into the keeping of any foreign group the right to determine when we shall declare war."

"Governor Cox, instead of repairing the injury done by the president, aggravated the situation by the manner in which he avoided domestic issues and misrepresented the position of the republican party on the league issue, which he declared to be paramount."

"The president attempted to drive out of public life every democrat who dared to differ from him even in minute details, while he made no effort to strengthen the democrats who made him the keeper of their conscience."

"He alienated all republican support and invited partisan opposition by his appeal, just before the election of 1918, for a congress that would support his personal leadership, and though knowing full well that the majority of the nation was against him, he refused to deal with the senate as a co-ordinate branch of the government."

"Instead of recognizing that the constitutional provision requiring a two-thirds majority for ratification compelled compromise, he insisted upon dictating the terms upon which ratification could be had, and then on the 19th of March, stubbornly rejected ratification with reservations even when Senator Harding and some 35 other republicans were willing to accept the league as he wrote it with the few changes upon which they insisted."

"By thus preventing ratification the president assumed responsibility for the nation's failure to enter the league and thrust the league into the campaign as a partisan issue."

"Governor Cox, instead of repairing the injury done by the president, aggravated the situation by the manner in which he avoided domestic issues and misrepresented the position of the republican party on the league issue, which he declared to be paramount. His attempt to put the democratic party in the attitude of being the sole guardian of the league (Concluded on Page 7, Column 4.)

TENNESSEE WINNER 'OUR BOB'S' BROTHER

ELECTION OUTCOME RECALLS 'WAR OF ROSES.'

Governor-Elect, 72, Republican, Once Rival Campaigned With His Brother, Democrat.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Colonel Alf Taylor, republican, whose election as governor of Tennessee over Governor Roberts, democrat, seemed to be indicated tonight on the basis of available returns, is 72 years old. He ran for governor more than a third of a century ago and entered this year's contest after 25 years of political retirement.

He is a brother of "Our Bob," late governor and senator from Tennessee, and the probability of his election recalls the memorable contest between the two brothers in 1886 for governor. Alf, running as a republican and Bob as a democrat.

The two Taylor brothers, in the 1886 contest, made a spirited campaign, hammering each other's parties and poking fun at each other, but winding up each day with every evidence of unimpaired brotherly affection.

An aged woman with whom the two visited during the campaign recalled the consideration each gave the other and on one occasion presented the brothers with clusters of roses, red for Alf and white for Bob. The campaign thereupon and to this day was known as the "war of the roses," and the "knights of the white rose" as Bob was termed, won at the polls.

During the 1886 campaign Bob Taylor carried with him a fiddle, made, he told his audiences, at his home at Happy Valley in East Tennessee, and which he played at each joint speaking date. He rarely attempted to discuss the serious issues of the campaign, spending the greater part of his time in telling jokes at the expense of his serious-minded brother, Alf, and playing the fiddle. Alf Taylor finally countered by producing the Taylor quartet, composed of his sons and nephews, which played old-time southern melodies, on guitar, banjo and violin, at each speaking date of the republican brother.

ROAD MEETING CALLED

Highway Over Cornell Road Is to Be Considered Saturday.

A good roads meeting has been arranged for Cedar Mill on Saturday evening at the Union school house. An association was recently formed to boost the location of a highway leading Portland over the historic and scenic Cornell road, passing through Cedar Mill, Bethany, North Plains, Banks, Manning, Burton, Vernonia and on to Astoria, and this will be taken up at the meeting.

This road would be of great use in marketing products, and would extend through an extremely fertile section, opening up hundreds of acres of logged-off lands to farm settlement. It is said by those interested. At the meeting Saturday night it is expected to have delegations of citizens present from the various towns interested as well as from Portland.

G. O. P. CERTAIN OF SENATE GAIN OF 7

Total of 55 Assured Without North Dakota.

FURTHER INCREASE LIKELY

Oklahoma and Arizona May Come Into Fold.

REPUBLICAN LOSSES NIL

All Seats in Upper Body Retained With Possible Exception of One From North Dakota.

The republicans have made, on the face of the returns, a certain gain of seven senators—South Dakota, Colorado, Nevada, California, Oregon, Idaho, Maryland—making a total of 56, provided they land the North Dakota senatorship, which is in doubt.

The returns indicate the probable election of republicans in Oklahoma and Arizona, in succession of democrats, making the total republican membership 57 (without North Dakota). The republicans have succeeded in retaining all their seats again, with the possible exception of North Dakota.

The remaining doubtful senatorship is Kentucky, claimed by both sides, but with indications favorable to the democrats. Omitting North Dakota, the probable line-up of the next senate will be:

Republicans	37
Doubtful	1

The republicans will therefore have in the next senate a certain majority of 17, a probable majority of 19 and a possible majority of 20, with the further remote possibility of 22 if Kentucky should return a republican in place of Beckham (dem.).

The probable line-up is:

STATES	Rep.	Dem.	In Doubt
Alabama	1	1	
Arizona	1		
Arkansas	1		
California	1		
Colorado	1		
Connecticut	1		
Delaware	1		
Florida	1		
Georgia	1		
Idaho	1		
Illinois	1		
Indiana	1		
Iowa	1		
Kansas	1		
Kentucky	1	1	
Louisiana	1		
Maine	1		
Massachusetts	1		
Michigan	1		
Minnesota	1		
Mississippi	1		
Missouri	1		
Montana	1		
Nebraska	1		
Nevada	1		
New Hampshire	1		
New Jersey	1		
New Mexico	1		
New York	1		
North Carolina	1		
North Dakota	1		
Oklahoma	1		
Oregon	1		
Pennsylvania	1		
Rhode Island	1		
South Carolina	1		
South Dakota	1		
Tennessee	1		
Texas	1		
Vermont	1		
Virginia	1		
Washington	1		
West Virginia	1		
Wisconsin	1		
Wyoming	1		
Totals	56	37	4

HARDING LEADING COX 10,177 IN TENNESSEE

SOLID SOUTH FEARS FOES HAVE BROKEN THROUGH.

North Carolina District Rated in Doubt; Inroads in Florida, Alabama, Georgia Noted.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Unofficial returns gathered by the Nashville Tennessean from all but three out of 95 counties tonight give Harding a lead of 10,177 over Cox. The figures give Harding 131,733, Cox 131,562.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 3.—Reports from Tennessee left it still in doubt tonight whether the great republican tide had swept over the lines of the "solid south." Both sides claimed the victory by a narrow margin with Governor Cox leading by more than 7000 on incomplete returns available, and with normally republican counties among those to be heard from. For Governor Taylor (rep.) was leading Governor Roberts (dem.) by 13,000, and appeared to have won.

Nowhere else in the southeastern states, however, does it appear that the democratic lines have been broken. No upsets in congressional elections have been reported and only the ninth North Carolina district is rated as still in doubt. In Florida and Louisiana the republicans made distinct inroads and some towns and counties never before outside the democratic column polled decided majorities for Senator Harding, although they did not serve to change congressional results.

The seven precincts of St. Petersburg, Fla., gave Harding a majority of 237 votes, the first republican majority in its history.

In Georgia also the republican vote was above normal. Harding carried nine counties in the north and in Chilton county, Alabama, a 1300 republican majority was rolled up.

In North Carolina the democratic majority was placed at 80,000 on national and state ticket, the largest on record, but in Louisiana Harding carried 13 precincts in New Orleans and was believed to have carried a dozen parishes in the sugar belt.

SOME SCOTS VOTE DRY

Three Mining Centers Favor Prohibition, Others Do Not.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—(Canadian Press.)—Returns up to midnight showed three areas in Scotland in which voting took place yesterday on local option as having polled dry: Sanguhar, Helmsburgh, Barhead, Bonnybriggs, Loan Head and Sterling.

Fourteen other sections voted for no change from the present license status. They included Grangeholm, Bridge of Allan, Dunoon, Lanark, Helmsburgh, Barhead, Bonnybriggs, Loan Head and Sterling.

REED BLAMES LEAGUE

Party Declared to Have Made Mistake on Issue.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 3.—Support of the league of nations plan was the cause of both parties' surprise defeat, declared United States Senator Reed, democrat and irreconcilable opponent of the league, here today. "The American people refused to haul down the American flag," he continued. "It was the tragic mistake of supporting that issue that split the party and resulted in republican victory."

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The Weather.

YESTERDAY'S maximum temperature, 66 degrees; minimum, 28 degrees.

TODAY'S—Rain; southerly winds.

Election.

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Bryan blames defeat on Cox and Wilson. Page 1.

Republicans certain of 17 more votes in house of representatives. Page 2.

Leaders of both parties surprised by extent of landslide. Page 3.

Harding watches landslide grow and rests. Page 1.

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Davey, Kay, Looney, Martin and Perry elected from Marion county to state legislature. Page 6.

Tennessee governor-elect, 72, once rival campaigner with brother for office. Page 1.

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Harding's county lead passes 10,000 mark. Page 17.

Baker re-elected on first-choice vote. Page 17.

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Betty Brainerd, in Tacoma, refuses to discontinue kidnapping of Bobby Stagg. Page 16.

Sports.

Quakers win 14 to 0 in final period. Page 15.

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Commercial and Marine.

Slump in wool market checked as result of election. Page 23.

Southern Pacific strong feature of stock market. Page 23.

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City soon will transfer party docks to Port of Portland. Page 22.

Portland and Vicinity.

City first in west in Mayor Baker's ideal. Page 11.

Increased forestry fund is big need. Page 13.

Three bombs found placed at side door of Jennings furniture store. Page 9.

STATE PLURALITY MAY PASS 60,000

Harding Far Ahead; Stanfield Is Elected.

ALL COUNTIES GIVE RETURNS

Presidential Lead at Present Is 46,117.

SENATE MARGIN 12,379

Chamberlain Is Behind in Returns From Over Oregon—Half Multnomah Talled.

That Senator Harding's plurality in Oregon will be upwards of 60,000, and that Robert N. Stanfield, republican, has been elected over George E. Chamberlain by approximately 15,000 majority were indicated in the face of returns compiled last night from all the counties of Oregon.

The count constitutes 215 precincts complete out of 413 in Multnomah county and about two-thirds of the estimated vote in the up-state counties. In these returns, Harding has a total vote of 194,748 and Cox 58,541; Harding's lead, 46,117.

Stanfield Leads Chamberlain.

In the same returns, the vote for Stanfield is 86,372, and for Chamberlain 73,923. Stanfield's lead, 12,379.

It was apparent that in Multnomah county Harding will have about 15,000 majority over Cox and that the up-state counties will give him an additional 10,000.

On the basis of more than one-half the vote, Stanfield has carried Multnomah county by about 2500 majority over Chamberlain and the remainder of the state by about 15,000 over its opponent.

Every County Is Carried.

Harding has carried every county in Oregon on the basis of incomplete returns from 32 counties and complete returns from Hood River, Josephine, Sherman and Wasco.

Senator Chamberlain had carried Baker, Crook, Deschutes, Harney and Jefferson counties. The complete vote in Hood River also gave him a plurality of 107. The contest here between the two senatorial candidates was close in Union and Coos counties.

In none of the counties that Chamberlain carried was his majority over Stanfield large. Stanfield, it appeared, had safely carried 28 counties with a combined ahead in those herein named as follows:

Socialist Vote Is Light.

In the first congressional district the sole opponent of W. C. Hawley was a socialist and polled but a comparatively slight vote. The figures so far as compiled stand:

Hawley, 26,517.

Talbott, 2,744.

Hawley's lead, 23,833.

In the second district, N. J. Sinnott was opposed by a democrat, James Harvey Graham of Baker county. Incomplete returns showed that Representative Sinnott had carried his district by a vote better than two to one. The incomplete totals were: Sinnott, 19,929. Graham, 8,229. Sinnott's lead, 11,727.

Koser Is Easily Elected.

Sam A. Koser, secretary of state, has easily been elected over J. P. Sears, socialist, and Upton A. Upton, industrial labor candidate.

For the vacancy on the supreme bench, George F. He Van Hinkle, chief justice of the attorney general's office, Mr. Van Winkle's nearest competitor was J. O. Bailey, another deputy of that office.

C. L. Hawley Is Victor.

C. L. Hawley was opposed for dairy and food commissioner only by F. J. VonBremen, socialist, and Mr. Hawley has been elected by a large majority.

The only other contested office was that of public service commissioner for the district west of the Cascade mountains. Fred G. Buchtel has