

MINERS AND BRITON REFUSING TO YIELD

Mediation Still Far Off and Both Sides Shun Other.

FEW RALLY TO RADICALS

Leaders Strongly Against Withdrawing Pumping Staffs From Pits.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The day brought no new developments in the coal strike; neither side to the dispute made any approach to the other and no outside mediation was instituted.

It is still hoped that the proposal of William Bruce, president of the South Wales Miners' federation, may eventually lead to renewed negotiations, but it is admitted that it must first be adopted officially by the miners' executive committee, which has so far been impossible, as members of the executive committee are scattered all over the country.

Few Supporting Radicals.

Advocacy by some extremists of withdrawing the pumping staffs from the mines in the event of a strike, has been generally disapproved by the miners' executive committee, which has so far been impossible, as members of the executive committee are scattered all over the country.

Renewed efforts were made at the ministry of labor today through negotiation by the parties concerned to avert a strike. The negotiations, however, were adjourned until tomorrow.

The national council of the independent labor party adopted a resolution today expressing grave apprehension over the attitude of the government toward the miners, "conveying as it does, an aggressive challenge to the whole working class movement." The resolution requests the labor party to convene a special conference.

Living Costs May Rise.

One effect of the strike will be an increase in the cost of living owing to the decline in the value of the pound sterling and the increased cost of inward bound freights, caused by the diminution of exports, declared Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, in a statement in the house of commons today.

Official estimates of the number of persons thrown out of employment in other industries, the result of the coal strike are lacking, but newspaper estimates place the number at 100,000 at least, with the total growing steadily.

Reports from Morriston, Wales, state that many of the steel workers there who have been decided to emigrate to Canada at an early date.

Miner Guarantees Promised.

Thomas Ashton, general secretary of the miners, at Manchester, today said if the premier called the mine owners and the miners' officials into conference regarding more production out of the mines the first meeting would give the premier all the guarantees to increase output needed. The miners' leaders were willing, Ashton said, to attend such a conference.

The London branch of the Commercial Road Transport Workers' union had already voted to strike in sympathy with the miners, but the order was held up until after today's meeting. A walkout of this union would involve upwards of 180,000 men.

Further curtailment of shipping services is impending. One daily boat instead of three will run between Dover and Calais, and daily service between New Haven and Dieppe will be supplanted by steamers plying between eastern English ports and Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp will be suspended entirely.

TWO STATES GIVE UP MAN

WASHINGTON, OREGON GOVERNORS HONOR REQUESTS.

M. O. Anderson, Arrested at Astoria, Delivered to Officers on Desecration Charge.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 20.—(Special.)—Not until the executives of both Washington and Oregon had honored requisition papers issued by Governor Burdick of Minnesota, were the officials of the eastern state able to gain the custody of Magnus O. Anderson, alias Magnus O. Tolafson, who is wanted at Duluth on a charge of abandonment of minor children.

Anderson had been residing on Puget Island in Washington and was first arrested by the officers at Cathlamet. Before the Minnesota officer arrived, however, the prisoner had been released by the sheriff there and allowed to go to Astoria to visit with friends.

When Anderson refused to return to Washington the Minnesota agent was compelled to cause his arrest in Astoria and seek new requisition papers directed to the governor of Oregon. These papers arrived here today. John C. Brown, deputy sheriff at Duluth, left Salem tonight for Astoria to take charge of the prisoner.

Although living in Washington prior to his arrest, Anderson had been employed by the Crosscut Lumber company at Wauna, Or.

CANADA SEEKS MARKETS

FLAX EXPERT OF GOVERNMENT SAILS FOR EUROPE.

6000 Tons of Fiber and 200,000 Bushels of Seed to Be Sold; War Developed Industry.

OTTAWA, Ont.—R. J. Hutchinson, flax expert of the Canadian government, has sailed for Europe to market for Canadian producers 6000 tons of flax fiber and 200,000 bushels of flax seed.

Production on a commercial scale of flax fiber and flax seed is an industry developed in Canada by the war and dates from 1915. It was at first confined to Ontario but it has become an increasingly important part of farming in Quebec and the western provinces, especially Manitoba. The rapidly with which it is being taken up by farmers is shown by the phenomenal annual increase in acreage. In 1915 4000 acres were devoted to the flax; in 1916, 5000; in 1917, 8000; in 1918, 20,000; in 1919, 20,262; and in 1920, 31,300.

Canadian flax fibre proved its quality when it topped the market last year in Ireland, famous the world over for its high-class linens. The total value of flax fibre products in Canada in 1915 was only \$399,600. In 1919 it had reached \$5,523,900.

Recent government investigations have proved the value of flax straw, not of the fibre variety, for the manufacture of binder twine and paper pulp. Several factories of this kind have been erected. This new use of flax will provide a commercial outlet for the vast quantities of straw which has gone to waste heretofore. It is estimated that the yield of flax seed in the prairie provinces will be 10, 100,000 bushels this year. This variety is used mostly in making linseed oil. The average yield an acre of linen fibre flax in Canada was 318 pounds, valued at from 80 cents to \$1. The year before the yield was 110 pounds to the acre. To insure high quality of fibre seed for export, the dominion department of agriculture provided an inspection and grading service, which saw to it that all seed shipped abroad was sound, dry, clean and well graded. Ninety thousand pounds were shipped to Ireland in 1919, which was sold at \$10.75 a bushel.

COX CHARGE HELD FALSE

DUPONT ACCUSES GOVERNOR OF "GROSS INJUSTICE."

Not to Know Untruth of Assertion on "Corruption Fund" Declared Unbelievable.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 20.—Pierre S. Dupont, president of the DuPont Powder company, in a statement tonight said that Governor Cox had charged the company with "gross injustice" in referring to an address at Cleveland Saturday night to the methods employed by the company in conducting an alleged "corruption fund" of \$1,000,000. Governor Cox was quoted as having said that Coleman Dupont, head of the republican propaganda enterprise and declared he was not surprised that Mr. Dupont, a member of a family which had profited by munitions manufacture, was opposing him, in view of his world peace advocacy.

The statement said in part: "It is almost unbelievable that you did not know the untruth of your assertion, or that you should seek to injure a man by a statement subject to easy refutation as to its truth."

"Your statement does gross injustice to Coleman Dupont, because it is absolutely untrue. You do grosser injustice to those who were responsible for the furnishing of powder during the recent war by your insinuations that they were engaged in making a nation in its hour of need was planned for profit and is still being planned for profit and is still being planned for profit."

The statement added that since 1915 Coleman Dupont "has had no interest in the Dupont company."

42 STOWAWAYS ON BOAT

Organized Ring in Station Ports Smuggling Aliens Over.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Forty-two stowaways who boarded the steamship Logan in Naples were removed under guard when the ship arrived today and taken to Ellis Island.

According to immigration officials this breaks all records in stowaway traffic. Officers said the men were not discovered until the ship was well on the way to New York.

Officials of the Logan said they believed there is an organized "ring" of Italian ports attempting to smuggle immigrants into America.

ROYALTY MUST PAY TAX

Italian King's Estate Valued at Approximately \$3,500,000.

ROME, Oct. 20.—King Victor Emmanuel has estimated the value of his estate at \$2,000,000 lire, which at the present rate of exchange amounts approximately to \$3,500,000. In accordance with the law establishing a tax on patrimony.

The tax the king will pay will amount to about 1,000,000 lire. The estate of the queen is valued at only 1,000,000 lire.

LETTS ACCUSE RUSSIANS

Commissioner Reported Shot and Treaty Terms Violated.

RIGA, Oct. 19.—Refugees returning from Russia say that Waldemar Grinberg, Latvian commissioner to Russia, was shot at Ekaterinero 10 days after the treaty of peace between Latvia and Russia was signed.

They also declare that Lettish troops in the soviet army are not being demobilized as stipulated by the treaty, but are being sent to fight against General Wrangel.

HARDING POSTS REWARD

(Continued From First Page.)

memory now." and its labor provisions and article 10 were made the principal targets of the senator's attacks. Under the labor division of the league, he said, conditions of labor and of commerce would be determined by a council in which the United States would have four votes and foreign nations would have 128. He also referred to the democratic charges of a senate oligarchy and added:

"God strengthen the hand of that so-called oligarchy if there is to be another democratic administration."

The Harding special train will reach Rochester at 9:30 A. M. tomorrow leaving at 10:30 A. M. will arrive in Buffalo at 3:30 P. M.

VIEWERS DECLARED DISTORTED

Harding Favors League Rejection. Declares Senator Johnson.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Oct. 20.—Senator Harding, republican presidential candidate, stands for outright rejection of the league of nations and there is nothing ambiguous or uncertain in his declaration of attitude, Senator Johnson of California declared in an address here tonight.

"For reasons of their own," Senator Johnson said, "certain interested individuals and newspapers may misrepresent the president's position. I regret these imputations upon the sincerity of the utterances of the candidate and the manifest endeavor in some quarters to distort his plain language."

From those who believe as I do he is entitled not only to the warm commendation but to the strongest advocacy and most enthusiastic support. The issue today is the league of nations as presented by President Wilson, which Cox says he will take this country into, and which Harding says he will not.

S. H. Brady, stamps for cash Holman Fuel Co. Main 123, 650-21.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM ASSAILED

Bankers Criticise Methods Affecting Non-Members.

REGULATIONS DENOUNCED Governor Harding Styled 'Usurper' and Par Clearance Plan Held Ruminous and Arbitrary.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—While a survey of the financial policies of the government by Secretary Houston drew the attention of delegates today at the general session of the American Bankers' association convention, state bankers, in the section meeting which followed, brought the administration of the federal reserve system under fire.

They adopted resolutions "condemning and deprecating methods employed by the board" in its relations with state banks which are not members of the reserve system, although the board did not lack defenders during the discussion.

Indignation against the board's regulation compelling the collection of checks and remittance of the face amount at par was freely expressed. Governor Harding was styled a "usurper" of authority and a committee was named to seek amendment of the reserve act so as to "guarantee to the members of the reserve system the privilege of fixing a charge on the handling of checks drawn on all excepting local banks."

Force and Coercion Charged.

Speakers declared Governor Harding had "employed force and coercion" by forcing the use of the par clearance system under which many state banks were said to have been compelled to enter the reserve system or lose certain classes of business. This was "not only unfair, but without basis in law," it was asserted.

Charles DeB. Claiborne of New Orleans declared the service rendered by the banks in the transfer of checks was legitimate and that the banks were entitled to compensation. He asserted that the arrangement ordered by the reserve board for par clearance "does not make every check worth 100 cents on the dollar, because there is nearly always an exchange charge, so the merchant who supports par clearance does not gain anything." If the merchant is benefited by the system, Mr. Claiborne contended, the public "has not been able to see it reflected in reduced prices."

Reserve Board Is Defended.

The reserve board's staunchest defender was O. H. Wolfe of Philadelphia, who asserted that abolition of the clearance and remittance charges and establishment of a "tax" on business wide would have saved banks and commercial interests \$135,000,000 last year. This amount, he said, would have been exacted as a "tax" on business had not the board organized a system to clear all exchanges of bank drafts.

Although he joined in the protest against the par clearance regulations, E. C. McCall of Buffalo, president of the association, expressed unqualified approval of the reserve board's plan to "keep the money in" and urged the state bankers to work together for its growth, instead of "complaining about it all of the time."

Mr. McDougal warned the bankers that "if 'fools' persisted in their opposition to the plan, they would have lived for the past two or three years 'would not always continue.'" He urged restoration of the "sellers' market" when anybody could make money "in money from losses," cannot continue indefinitely.

Foreign Trade Gets Support.

Approval of a proposal to organize a "Foreign Trade League" to finance the nation's foreign trade was given by the association. President Hawes was authorized to call a meeting of bankers and business men to work out plans for the formation of such a corporation under the provisions of the recently enacted edge law, as proposed in the report of the association's committee on commerce and merchant marine presented today.

Fred I. Kent, vice-president of the Bankers' Trust company of New York, until recently a financial adviser to the reparations commission, said that complete restoration of Europe depended upon the annihilation of bolshevism and the restoration of the German indemnity and reconstruction of the devastated regions.

Characterizing bolshevism as "the underworld force," Mr. Kent said its power was so great that the people could not relax their fight against it for one minute if they would not be overwhelmed.

ROOT STATEMENT DENIED

(Continued From First Page.)

who are for the league associated with him in a statement issued to secure support for Senator Harding, whom they know by his own words is against the league, are attempting to deceive the voters. They are permitting their partisanship to rise above their patriotism and trusting perhaps that the last words of Senator Harding may be in their direct line.

Fair Play Demanded.

"I am trying to be charitable to these men in view of the fact that they are persecuted in their own country by reading my public addresses, in which I have invariably said that it would be no purpose to accept my helpful reservations that will make certain the ratification of the treaty and the league, and that my election would be expressive of the desire of the American people for going into the league; whereas, the election of Senator Harding, upon his own statement, upon the statements of Johnson and Borah, would be indorsement for staying out of the league."

"I am asking the newspapers to carry this statement and a copy of the telegram sent to Mr. Root as a matter of fair play because the association of pro-league republicans led

OREGON WORK PRAISED

STATE LEADS WAY IN "MISFIT" INVESTIGATION.

High Praise Given Workers in Statement Issued by U. S. Health Service.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—(Special.)—Under the caption, "Oregon Leads the Way," the United States public health service has issued a statement praising the work of the state's health service in co-operation with the public health service, is carrying on an investigation of the state's health, including those who show neither the ability to work nor fight. The statement begins:

"For the first time in American history the citizens of a state, directed by a representative of the United States public health service, are by voluntary service with almost no money, carrying out a successful state-wide investigation into the numbers and condition of the community. The state is Oregon and the classes investigated are the dependent, delinquent and mentally deficient. The work is not yet complete, but enough has been done to show that the results will be of great value to the work done in other states by a trained official force. It is amazing that the public could be brought to take such interest in such a matter, and the United States health service considers that Oregon's example might well be followed by other states where similar work is hanging fire because of lack of money."

The statement goes into considerable detail as to the method in which the work was carried on by the co-operation of the University of Oregon and several thousand citizens of the state. The result of the work is a complete card index, according to the statement, of all delinquents, dependents and mentally defective in the state. Explaining the purpose of the work, the statement continues: "The object of the work is of course twofold, first, to give the people of the state an idea of the problem that confronts them and the heavy annual loss that it involves; and second, to serve as a basis for conservative recommendations which may enable the legislature to wipe out much of this loss, and at the same time to save the classes involved from much of their present misery by applying well-proved remedies. These ends will certainly be attained."

League Day Is Refused.

Governor Walsh of Montana Urges Voters to Study Pact.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 20.—Governor Stewart of Montana today declined to issue a proclamation declaring October 24 league of nations day in this state on the ground that the league of nations has become the big issue of the campaign and he does not feel justified in the issuance of a proclamation on a matter that is the subject of a political controversy.

Governor Stewart, however, urged the people of Montana to study the league of nations pact.

Teachers in Joint Session.

PENDLETON, Or., Oct. 20.—(Special.)—A joint session of Umatilla and Morrow county school teachers' institute opened here this morning with a total registration of 350.

J. F. Brumbaugh, head of the physiology department of the Oregon Agricultural college, gave an address on "The Evolution of the School Teacher in Literature," as the main feature of today's session.

Apple Packers Walk Out.

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by him has not given the facts and is no more the facts to the people. Only last night Dr. Charles W. Eliot, who has been one of America's foremost educators for more than 40 years, called attention to this very thing to a group of student voters at Harvard, in my presence, and pointed out that in many of the statements signed by 21 men, all of whom he knows, and with most of whom he has been associated, they have recommended their countrymen to put into the presidency a man who rejects the only league of nations which has been actually brought into existence and is functioning. They advise voting for the man selected by the very group of republican leaders who have brought the present disgrace upon the republic."

Mystery, Says Eliot.

"Dr. Eliot also said that many parts of the statement issued do not conform to the well-known facts, that they are misleading and that clear expressions of Senator Harding's stand are suppressed. The 21 signers of the statement," Dr. Eliot further said, "are all honorable men. They signed such a paper, and mystery, I say, all you voters, women voters, independent and republicans, who are in doubt consider whether this statement of 21 eminent republicans is candid, whether its fundamental premises are true or false, whether its reasoning is sound or specious, whether its conclusion is sane and patriotic or injudicious, dangerous for the country and at the bottom immoral."

"Nothing I can say would improve upon the expressions of Dr. Eliot; but it would seem to me that these eminent republicans, recognized leaders of thought in America, cannot afford to rest under the cloud which this statement casts upon them."

Governor Cox's response to Mr. Root's speech came at the close of the governor's New England campaign. The candidate for the presidency today, all championing the league of nations and attacking the league stand of Senator Harding.

Crowds Cheer Governor.

Through Connecticut Governor Cox called upon the voters to defeat Senator Brandegee, republican candidate for re-election because of Mr. Brandegee's enrollment in the "round robin."

Large, cheering crowds greeted the governor throughout his final New England journey today. Special applause was given his frequent statement of his plan to bring the cause of Irish independence before the science and bar of public opinion of the league. One of the largest crowds of the day was at Waterbury, where thousands were massed in Liberty park. The governor's train passed through a few towns where no stops were scheduled, but where crowds, one with a band and torches, cheered the passing cars.

Governor Cox made apparent reference to today's campaign in a speech at that Maurice de Kobra, a French author and humorist, identified yesterday of his plan to bring the cause of Irish independence before the science and bar of public opinion of the league. One of the largest crowds of the day was at Waterbury, where thousands were massed in Liberty park. The governor's train passed through a few towns where no stops were scheduled, but where crowds, one with a band and torches, cheered the passing cars.

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