# NO STATE HOPELESS IS DEMOCRATIC CRY

## Fight to Be Carried to Every Part of Union.

## ROOSEVELT IS CONFIDENT

### Mr. Cox's Running Mate Expects to Take Stump Soon After His Notification.

COLUMBUS, O., July 12.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, democratic nominee for vice-president, announced today following a conference with Governor Cox, presidential candidate, that both had decided that they would consider no state as being hopeless and would carry the fight into every state during the campaign.

This was the first definite announcement from the heads of the ticket since their nomination.

Mr. Roosevelt also reiterated Governor Cox's intimation that the campaign will be carried into the west at an early date. He said he expected to take the stump after his notification. The notification ceremonies, he said, he hoped would be at his home at Hyde Park, N. Y. He also stated that he expected to resign as assistant secretary of the navy about August 1 or after the return of Secretary Daniels from Alaska. His desire to begin preparation of his notification speech, he said, would hasten his resignation. He will go to Eastport, Me., where his family is, to prepare the speech. He said he considered the league of nations the dominant issue and he expected to make his campaign chiefly on that issue.

Mr. Roosevelt stated that he hoped to be in Dayton July 29, when the democratic national committee meets, and also that he hoped to see the president soon.

It was the governor's first day at the executive office since his nomination. At an informal reception he spoke to several thousand people, asserting that he had "never broken confidence with the people," and adding that he had the "deepest conviction that the guarantee of progressive government would be adopted by the people in the election of Mr. Roosevelt and myself."

The governor received a message from San Francisco from Wilbur Marsh, treasurer of the democratic national committee, stating that E. H. Moore of Youngstown, O., his pre-convention manager, was seriously ill in a hospital. The governor sent a message of sympathy.

# PRICE PLOT IS CHARGED

(Continued From First Page.)

at a lower price diverts it into other channels, thus maintaining present high prices.

**Loss to Producer Cited.**

According to Mackay's report, the league withholds milk from the local market at a loss but later the loss is charged back to the producers on a pro rata basis, thus making the producer pay for furnishing too large a quantity of milk for daily consumption.

J. C. Martinazzi, a producer of Tualatin, became a member of the league and furnished the league with 2397 pounds of milk, states the report. Martinazzi received for his milk, $3.15 a hundred pounds, but the amount of $7.19 was deducted from his check because some of the milk furnished by him had been surplus. It was in answer to Martinazzi's request for an explanation of the deduction that the letter signed by "C. Douglas Tyler, secretary" of the Oregon Co-operative league, was written, telling the producer that the league found it impossible to let milk overflow the market, as prices would in that event be broken.

"Why," demands Mackay, "was not that milk sold to the people of Portland at $7.19 less instead of diverting it to a channel which brought a loss borne by the producer?"

An explanation of the origin of the league and of its requirements for enrollment was given by Mackay, he stating that a charter was issued to the league by the state on June 3, 1920, and that thereunder the league is a non-profit-sharing organization and is composed of the same interests which operated some years previous under the name of the Oregon Dairymen's league. Upon signing the contract for membership, says Attorney Mackay, the new member is required to pay a fee of $10 to the league, his membership expiring in 1925.

In his explanation of the history of the league Mackay states:

"I am informed that the change in the nature of the corporation was done under the guidance of one Aaron Sapiro, a lawyer imported from San Francisco, with the object of reorganizing the league so that it would be beyond the pale of the law prohibiting price fixing. That, I am informed, is the reason for the non-profit-sharing organization."

**Object Also Is Explained.**

Mackay asserts that the league interests also obtained a charter from the state under the date of June 3, 1920, for the Oregon Dairymen's By-Products corporation, capital stock of which is $502,500.

The object of the league is given by Mackay as to obtain contracts from all milk producers in the state, by the terms of which the producer agrees, among other things, to sell all his milk to the league, the league to fix the price for the producer's milk and pay him that price after deducting from his check, among other things, the cost of hauling, commission, a pro rata of loss because of surplus milk and 1 per cent for advertising purposes. It is said by Mr Mackay on information received, that at present the league claims to have signed up as members those who furnish 75 per cent of the milk supply, and it s the league's intention to secure control of the entire output and thus be in a position to dictate prices arbitrarily.

**Delivery Situation Viewed.**

Information to the effect that two producers recently apologized to a Portland distributor for belonging to the league was received yesterday by Mr. Mackay. To furnish an excuse to the distributor for ever enrolling in the league the producers asserted that they had not wished to join but that the man who hauls their milk to market refused to deliver their supply to Portland unless they became league members. Under existing conditions, according to information in the possession of Attorney Mackay, the two producers found it necessary to join the league as they were unable to obtain another teamster to haul their milk.

"What power," then inquires Mackay, "told the truck driver that he could not haul the producers' milk unless they joined the league?"

In Mr. Mackay's report is an excerpt from a statement in regard to production costs, furnished by Alma D. Katz, a prominent league official. According to the statement, cost of feeds has increased 24.5 per cent during the year July, 1919, to July, 1920. Farm labor now receives $190 monthly when heretofore it received $85, according to the statement.

Mayor Baker, in discussing the findings yesterday afternoon, declared that the city is ready to back United States Attorney Humphrey's actions "to the limit," and characterized as astounding the statements relative to the operations of the league uncovered by Mr. Mackay.

**Mr. Katz Answers Charges.**

In answer to Mr. Mackay's charges Mr. Katz said that the dairymen have received no increase in milk prices although distributors recently announced a rise to 14 cents a quart but with no benefit to league members or dairymen in general. Mr. Katz also declared that the distributors' organization proposed to enter into a contract with the league to control the price of milk, the combine to be effective during the months of July, August and September. Entrance into such a contract was refused by the league. Of the 14 cents paid by the consumer to the dealer, charged Mr. Katz, the dealer receives 7 cents while the dairyman receives an equal amount. In Seattle, said Mr. Katz, the consumer pays 14 cents a quart, the dairyman receives 8.24 cents and the distributor receives the remaining 5.76 cents.

According to the president of the league, the entire cost of producing one quart of milk is 9.53 cents. If this is true, Katz argued, then the producer is not even receiving production cost.

**Surplus Disposal Discussed.**

In answer to Mr. Mackay's allegations in regard to disposal of the city surplus, Mr. Katz said that it is necessary always to provide for the city's maximum demand. The demand is usually less than the maximum, he said, and that only by diversion of the surplus milk for sale at its butter-fat value is the loss to dairymen lessened.

Mr. Katz also pointed out that if the rise to $3.80 is granted it is unnecessary for the distributor to demand 16½ or 17 cents a quart for milk as the last milk commission recommended that the price to the producer be placed at $3.85 a hundredweight and the price to the consumer be 14½ cents a quart.

"Finally, permit me to say," declared Mr. Katz, "that I will personally contribute to a fund for the employment of certified accountants who will investigate the costs of milk production and distribution, the investigation of the latter to go into inefficient as well as efficient distributing plants."

# HIGH COST LAID TO AUTOS

## SADDLE MAKERS BLAME DISPLACEMENT OF HORSE.

### Statistics Cited to Prove Both Farming and Delivery by Motors Costs More.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 12.—(Special.)—Displacement of the horse by the motor vehicle is one of the causes of high living costs, according to speakers at the joint convention of the Wholesale Saddlery association and the National Saddlery Manufacturers' association.

Wherever the horse has been taken off the milk, grocery and ice routes the cost of these commodities to the consumer has been raised, the harness men said today. "The horse last winter saved New York much suffering by keeping traffic on the move when motor vehicles were out of commission because of snow. The horse saved thousands from being frozen in New England by delivering coal when trucks were stalled.

"Statistics from farmers in the northwest show preparation and planting by horse power costs 42 cents an acre, by gasoline tractor 60 cents and by steam tractor 70 cents. Other statistics show short-haul transportation in cities is cheaper by 33 per cent when horses instead of motors are used."

Contrary to popular belief, the harness makers declare, there are more horses and mules in this country now than ever before, but the breeding industry is falling off because the stock men erroneously fear the horse is being crowded out of industry. The harness men said they intended to appeal to the government for an increased horse and mule crop.

# REED QUIZZES CANDIDATES

### Missouri Senator Wants to Debate League of Nations Issue.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 12.—Senator J. A. Reed tonight made public questions which he intends to propound to all republican and democratic candidates for senator from Missouri, relative to their stand on the league of nations.

The six questions follow the line of objections Senator Reed has made to the league of nations. In a statement he offers to debate the question of whether the league covenant impairs American rights, as he has charged.

# NEBRASKA CORN THRIVING

### Crop Far in Excess of That of Last Year Predicted.

OMAHA, July 12.—Prediction that Nebraska's corn production this year will exceed last year's yield by 4,550,000 bushels is made in a joint crop report by the United States bureau of crop estimates and state department of agriculture.

The report estimates that 188,241,000 bushels will be produced as compared to 184,186,000 bushels in 1919. All wheat production was forecast at 3,453,000 bushels less than last year when the yield was 60,675,000 bushels.

**Evacuation of Batum Confirmed.**

LONDON, July 12.—The war office confirmed the British evacuation of Batum.

# FAILURE IS FACED BY EMBRYO PARTY

## Labor Sends Ultimatum to Committee of 48.

## DECISION TODAY ASKED

### Four Delegates Believe Diferences Will Be Adjusted; Convention Adjourns for Night.

(Continued From First Page.)

addressed the delegates and pleaded for patience.

"Our mills may be grinding slowly, but we hope they are grinding surely," he said.

Toscan Bennett of Connecticut presented the report of the labor party and committee of 48 conference committee when the labor party convention convened tonight.

**Joint Platform Is Advised.**

The report recommended amalgamation and a joint platform.

Mr. Bennett said the conferees struck a snag on a party name, the labor group holding out for "farmer-labor."

The labor group, he said, wanted to hold a joint convention, but the proposition was rejected by the committee of 48.

Farmer delegates caucused today and approved the proposed "farmer-labor" title, he announced.

Bennett, in veiled terms, criticised the attitude of the 48 party conferees and added he believed "the rank and file of the committee of 48 are with us."

**Non-partisan Is Heard.**

O. W. Thomason, a lecturer for the National Non-partisan league, entertained the 48 convention delegates with a recital of state enterprises initiated by the league administration in North Dakota. He said the league had given union labor all it had asked and some more.

Swinburne Hale of New York, talking about deportation proceedings of the federal government, attacked Attorney-General Palmer and won applause. Hale told his audience that Parley P. Christensen of Utah, permanent chairman of the convention, was one "of the first defenders of the I. W. W." The delegates cheered at this until Chairman Christensen was forced to acknowledge them by bowing.

Eamonn de Valera, who got a rousing reception as he entered the hall, cut short Hale's talk and was presented as "president of the Irish republic."

De Valera was applauded when he said the "Irish question" was an "American question." He asked for recognition of the "Irish government" in Ireland.

A delegation pleading for the independence of the Indian empire appeared before the platform committee.

Duncan McDonald, chairman of the labor party of Illinois, said there was no question of the two conventions getting together. He said he saw no difference between delegates except their badges.

Mr. McDonald concluded by saying:

"We have a programme; you have a programme. Put them side by side, and I think you could clip them in two and paste them together again with your eyes shut. Now, if we can agree on principles, surely no one will be small enough to stop at technicalities. The time has come to stand together."

**Hale Continues Speech.**

Swinburne Hale continued his speech after the conference report had been heard.

"There is nothing that stands between the United States and revolution but the new party that is being formed here," Hale asserted.

"I don't want revolution. Nobody who was a soldier wants force and violence. I was a soldier. I'll never be drafted or serve again in another war of offense or defense. You hear that soldiers will not vote for La Follette if we nominate him here. I'm one. I know that they will. I know, too, that if they try another war with Mexico they'll have to fight the World Veterans to get it over."

Hale got three cheers and a prolonged demonstration after which the convention recessed for lunch until 2:30 P. M.

When the resolutions committee of the committee of 48 resumed the proposed Irish plank was taken up. A committee asking for a plank granting recognition to the Irish republic was considered first. Several speakers voiced their opposition to the proposed Irish plank.

**British India Rule Denounced.**

British rule in India was denounced by Taraknath Das of New York, speaking for the Friends of Freedom for India.

When Das finished his appeal to sympathy for Indian independence he received an ovation, half the convention rising in applause.

After Frank P. Walsh of Kansas City, and Dudley Field Malone of New York had presented the argument for a plank advocating recognition by this country of the republic of Ireland, and Demarest Lloyd of Boston had opposed such a plank, the Irish question was passed.

Single tax advocates were then invited to present their arguments.

Mr. Hard, a writer of Washington, was interrupted by the appearance of a delegation led by A. G. Hayes of New York, chairman of the conference committee. Mr. Hayes announced that the amalgamation of the elements outside of the labor party and the committee of 48 had been accomplished. The group he led, he said, contained representatives of the American constitutional party, the American party of Texas, the world war veterans, single tax party, the non-partisan league and the private soldiers' and sailors' legion.

**Motion Causes Laughter.**

Mr. Hayes added that he had every assurance that the national labor party would come in; if not that "we would go to them." Mr. Hayes then left to resume the work of the conference committee and E. T. O'Laughlin of Brooklyn, of the American constitutional party, took the floor as the first speaker for the amalgamating groups.

The convention broke into an uproar after O'Laughlin's talk when speakers from the national labor party entered the hall. Duncan McDonald, chairman of the labor party of Illinois, was led to the platform.

More laughter swept the delegates when a District of Columbia delegate moved that the republican and democratic parties "be invited to join this movement."

Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin remained the most-talked-of candidate for presidential nominee. The terms of the proposed combine were understood by the party leaders to meet his views as expressed last week to Amos Pinchot and George L. Record, of the 48ers.

The recommendations for amalgamation, if approved today, as the leaders confidently expect, mean that the two conventions will preserve their separate identity and continue to function in separate sessions with sub-committees representing identical measures to each for discussion and action.

While other candidates will be placed in nomination in the labor convention and probably in the 48 meeting, too, Senator La Follette's friends say both groups are ready to nominate him.

**Ford Also Is Mentioned.**

Frank P. Walsh, Kansas City; Charles H. Ingersoll, watch manufacturer, and Henry Ford have been mentioned for the nomination. Walsh also is being discussed for vice-president.

Prominent among those assuming a dual-delegate role was James Duncan, one of the leaders of the general strike in Seattle last year. Duncan on Saturday was elected chairman of the Washington delegation to the convention of the committee of 48 and yesterday was chosen vice-chairman of the labor convention.

# COAL PROBLEM UNSOLVED

## MIDDLE WESTERN NEEDS YET FAR FROM ASSURED.

### Operators in Conference Fail to Work Out Plans—Car Shortage Held Responsible.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Bituminous coal operators today failed to work out a plan to bring about immediate shipment of next winter's coal to Minnesota and other middle western states, although agreeing that the problem of obtaining the dumping of 4000 carloads daily until November at Great Lakes ports for movement to that territory hinged on car supply.

There was no indication that any concrete plan would be worked out for the joint conference of the operators and railroad executives at New York Wednesday. The operators' conference, however, will continue tomorrow.

The committee selected to represent the operators in Wednesday's conference also was chosen as a permanent one to function on all questions relating to car supply. D. B. Wents, president of the National Coal association, was selected chairman.

General complaint was made by the operators that the roads were not strictly obeying the interstate commerce commission's 30-day priority order giving preference to the mines in the assignment of open top cars.

At a meeting, which was open only to operators, reports were made that the average daily delivery of coal for the northwest amounted to only 1675 cars, practically one-half of the quantity said to be needed as insurance against a coal famine in the states at the head of the lakes next winter. The operators declared the small deliveries were due to lack of transportation.

Possibility of the re-establishment of a federal fuel administration also was understood to have been mentioned, but none of the operators professed to have any information as to the government's attitude. Informally the operators opposed such proposal.

# BRITISH TAX IS SCORED

### Cut From 60 to 40 Per Cent Excess Profits Levy Promised.

LONDON, July 12.—An attack was made in the house of commons today on the government's financial policy, especially the excess profits tax. Discussion came up over the finance bill. Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, declined to reduce the excess profits duty below 60 per cent, as provided in the budget, but he promised next year the duty would not exceed 40 per cent.

The chancellor also understood that there should be no more borrowing but said that the nation should begin while it was prosperous to make an earnest endeavor to reduce the debt.

# COX GETS FREAK EGG

### Man Travels 100 Miles to Present Omen to Nominee.

COLUMBUS, O., July 12.—(Special.)—Governor Cox was presented today with an egg which has on its smaller end a raised letter "C" which closely resembles his own signature.

Mrs. G. W. Crawford of Portsmouth, O., whose hen laid it, sent R. R. Cropper 100 miles to bring it to the governor as a favorable omen. The governor also has on his desk a rabbit's foot, presented to him as the Ohio delegation was leaving Dayton for San Francisco.

# ARM FOUND BELOW FALLS

### Part of Body Believed to Be That of Man Killed in Barrel.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 12.—The right arm of a man was taken from the Niagara river near the Canadian Maid of the Mist landing today. It is believed to be part of the body of George C. Stephens of Bristol, England, killed yesterday in an attempt to go over the Horseshoe falls in a barrel.

# NO SHIP BUYERS APPEAR

### Government's 21 Wooden Vessels Are Not in Demand.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The shipping board has found no buyers for the 21 wooden ships.

The bids were to have been opened today, but none was received.

# MR. HARDING SEEKS LIGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

republican method. A lot of others will be found that can best be corrected in the same way, and when the country comes to pass on the programme it will demand application of the republican method of correction directly—through the republican administration."

**Oil Flames Burn Farmer.**

FOSSIL, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Harry Shown, 23 years of age, of Twickenham, was seriously burned Thursday while trying to start the crude oil-burning engine used for irrigating purposes on the Shawn ranch. The torch exploded, throwing burning oil directly in his face and over his clothing, setting it on fire. He plunged into the John Day river.

**Body of Child, Drowned, Found.**

CAMP CURRY, Yosemite, Cal., July 12.—The body of 12-year-old Gertrude Kistler, daughter of Representative and Mrs. Sedgwick Kistler of Lockhaven, Pa., who was drowned near Happy Isles in the Merced river on July 7, was found today.

S. & H. green stamps for cash Holman Fuel Co. Main 353. 560-21.—Adv.

# WANDERER'S NOTES SHOW SECRET LOVE

## Police Recover Letters Written to 16-Year-Old Girl.

## TRIAL TO BE HELD SOON

### "Poor Boob" Partially Identified as J. J. Maloney of Providence, Himself a Murderer.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 12.—(Special.)—Rigid police investigation is tearing away the last shred from the claim of Lieutenant Carl Wanderer that he truly loved the wife he slew.

It was learned today, through passionate love notes, that even while he was planning the killing of his wife and unborn baby, he was making desperate love to Julia Schmitt, a 16-year-old girl, who was unaware he was married. A batch of his letters to this girl fell into the hands of the detectives, but too late to be presented to the grand jury, which today voted two indictments against Wanderer, charging him with the murder of his wife and the "poor boob" to whom he had promised $1.50 to aid him in the pretended hold-up of his wife in the plan to steal her $1500.

**Girl Confronts Prisoner.**

Believing that the love affair with Miss Schmitt might furnish the possibility of a motive for the double slaying, the 16-year-old girl tonight was taken again to the criminal court building, where Wanderer was made to confront her. Wanderer admitted having taken the girl to an amusement park.

"Was she the cause of your killing your wife and the stranger?" he was asked.

"No, she was merely a side issue," Wanderer responded. "I was tired of married life."

Later, after an examination, physicians pronounced Wanderer sane.

"When I returned from the army and married, I thought I had found happiness and would never return to the army," Wanderer said. "I continued to think that way until along in May of this year, when I got the longing for the army. I also wanted to get that $1500 from my wife which she had in the bank. I had saved this and sent it to her while in the army. The only money I squandered foolishly was when I took Miss Schmitt out on taxicab rides six times and this cost me $60, the bonus money I received from the army."

**Wanderer's Father Introduced Her.**

Miss Schmitt told the state's attorney that she was introduced to Wanderer by his father, who, she said, was proud of his son's army record.

"Mr. Wanderer told all of his customers about his son and I was introduced to him in the shop," she said. "Carl took a liking to me and took me out five times before I learned through the murders that he was a married man. Then I told him that I would have nothing more to do with him. It was a day or so after the Fourth of July that he slipped a note into my hand in the butcher shop asking me to meet him for a car ride. I met him and on this trip I told him that I would never go out with him again."

In reply to a question Miss Schmitt said that Wanderer talked mostly about his army career. She was allowed to go to her home at the conclusion of the inquiry.

After the physicians declared that Wanderer had responded to all their tests the prisoner was taken back to the detention home.

**"Poor Boob" a Murderer.**

Partial identification of the "poor boob" as J. J. Maloney of Providence, R. I., shows that he may have been a murderer himself. Maloney killed a man in a drunken brawl and dragged his body to a swamp. He served four years of a ten-year sentence and was then paroled upon promise to leave the state and remain away. His own people and his wife's relatives spent all the money they could raise in efforts to save him. After his parole Maloney came to Chicago.

Everything is being sidetracked in order to put Wanderer on trial as speedily as possible. He now claims he can see his wife in his dreams and that he is anxious to be hanged speedily for his crimes. Prison authorities who are watching him closely say he is lying about troubled dreams, as he sleeps like a baby.

**Girl Turns Over Letters.**

It was brought out today that Wanderer had gone out a number of times with Miss Schmitt before the murders and also after them. The girl identified him by his pictures in the newspapers and turned over to the state's attorney the letters he had written her. She says he always conducted himself properly and she considered him absolutely a "nice fellow." In letters to Miss Schmitt, which had been torn up but which detectives pieced together, Wanderer said:

"I hope, Julia, if you can go no further, that you will be a true friend to me. You do not know how happy I was when I saw you. Some day I will tell you a whole lot more. The reason I do not come up to your house is that people would talk about me. Good-night, little love, and happy dreams to you. From Carl."

Her own relatives and church people who knew Ruth Wanderer say she was a pure-minded, cheerful girl. "Please do not call her Ruth Wanderer any more," they pleaded. "Call her Ruth Johnson. That was the name we knew her by. Wanderer was her name for a few months only and it is a name we all wish to forget."

**Demand for Wool Light.**

LONDON, July 12.—At the wool auction sale today 13,500 bales were offered. There was an indifferent demand for scoureds and low crossbreds which were withdrawn. America was not buying.

**Car of Liquor Seized.**

RAYMOND, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—Chief of Police Rainey of this city arrested two Italians of Tacoma and confiscated an automobile load of moonshine whisky Wednesday. The offenders gave their names as James Seno and Herbert Piccoloto. They were driving a car containing barrels and demijohns of liquor totaling 24 gallons. They were fined $100 and costs.


During July and August

"The Store That Undersells Because It Sells for Cash"

Store Closes Wed. 1 P. M.

Jantzen's Bathing Suits in all styles, sizes and colors. Men's, Women's and Children's. All prices, $3.50 to $11.50.

Ptisfer's Cotton and Worsted Bathing Suits in all styles, colors, sizes. $3 to $8.50 suit. Both women's and children's.

Continued With Amazing Values

Our Great Stock-Lowering

CORSET SALE

The Best of High-Grade Guaranteed Corsets in the Season's Most Popular Models at..... $3.95

Miss This Sale and You'll Miss a Wonderful Saving Opportunity

Midseason finds us with hundreds of dozens of high-class regular stock models that we must immediately dispose of to make room for fall goods. Now, to be brief, this is what we offer:

5 Models in Rengo Belt Corsets
5 Models in Henderson Corsets
8 Models in Merito Corsets
6 Models in R. and G. Corsets
3 Models in Colma Corsets

All at One Price $3.95 A Pair, and All Guaranteed

If space permitted itemizing the different lots we are sure the majority of our trade would instantly see a particularly favored model and an out-of-the-ordinary saving!

Nothing but strictly guaranteed high-class Brocades, Satins, Fancies, fine quality Coutils, Pekin Stripes and Novelties. Every size to 36 in the assortment, but not in each model.

Slender, average, average to stout and stouts—every figure provided for. Yes, and to make this sale of greater importance we include FOUR HEAVY STEEL ELASTIC, WATCH SPRING, DOUGLE-BONED MODELS WITH REINFORCEMENTS for the FULL figure in the RENGO BELT REDUCING CORSETS with medium and low bust, and seven snappy Sport Models with full elastic waist or inserts—others in Henderson and Colma front lace styles, all at one price, $3.95 a pair.

Tempting Values in Summer Sewing Needs in

Dainty Laces and Embroideries

Desirable styles and dependable qualities in laces and embroideries selling this sale at the lowest prices you have seen for years. Thoughtful women will purchase now for both present and future needs. Come see for yourself what unusual values are being offered at this sale. You have choice from:

ALL SORTS OF LACES AT 5c YD.
Dainty French Val Edges and Insertions—also English and Domestic Imitation Cluny and Torchon Edges and Insertions in white and ecru—all at 5¢ yard.

FRENCH VAL LACES AT 10c YD.
Very pretty French Val Edges and Sets in medium and wide widths, also real Linen Barmen Edges and Insertions—Imitation Filet and Maltese Laces—all at 10¢ yard.

THE POPULAR LACES AT 25c YD.
A wonderful lot of Imitation Crochet, Filet, Cluny, Carrick-Macross and many other styles in 4 to 6-inch widths. Both Bands and Edges; and all at 25¢ yard.

Dainty EMBROIDERIES AT 10c YD.
In this assortment are Edges—Insertions, and Beadings in a wide variety of patterns. They come in Swiss, Longcloth and Cambric—and all priced for this sale at 10¢ yard.

Embroidered SKIRTINGS AT 29c YD.
Both Imported and Domestic Embroidery Skirtings in 8 to 12-inch widths—they come in fine Swiss and Cambric, and are shown in patterns with fine, firm edges. Choice at 29¢ yard.

Crepe GEORGETTES AT 50c YD.
Most desirable for making neckwear and trimming summer dresses. A fine quality Georgette with hand-loom embroidery in white and colored work—this sale at 50¢ yard.

VOILE FLOUNCINGS AT 50c YARD
Pretty white and colored Voile Flouncings in a full variety of choice patterns. 36-inch width. This sale at 50¢.

VOILE FLOUNCINGS AT $1.00 YARD
Fine Voile Flouncings in white embroidered in two-tone colored silk—also white in eyelet and raised patterns. This sale at $1.00 yard.

Our Store Now Opens at 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros. THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M. Saturdays at 6 P. M.



EXCESSIVE ACIDITY is at the bottom of most digestive ills.

KI-MOIDS FOR INDIGESTION afford pleasing and prompt relief from the distress of acid-dyspepsia.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION 19-8



Resinol will heal that bruised skin quickly

Apply it freely after cleansing the injured spot thoroughly with Resinol Soap. Do not hesitate—no matter how bruised or broken the flesh may be—as Resinol Ointment contains only the purest and mildest balsams which cannot irritate. Its cooling, soothing effect is almost immediate.

A boon to sufferers from eczema and other skin troubles. At all druggists.



No One Need Buy Cuticura Before He Tries Free Samples

Soap, Ointment, Talcum, 25c. everywhere. Samples free of Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. X, Malden, Mass.

THOMPSON'S Deep-Curve Lenses Are Better. Trademark Registered

THE SIGN OF PERFECT SERVICE

Thoroughly experienced Optometrists for the examination and adjustments; skilled workmen to construct the lenses—a concentrated service that guarantees dependable glasses at reasonable prices.

Complete Lens Grinding Factory on the Premises

SAVE YOUR EYES

THOMPSON OPTICAL INSTITUTE EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS

Portland's Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped, Exclusive Optical Establishment.

9-10-11 CORBETT BLDG. FIFTH AND MORRISON

Since 1908.



New Crow

The Successor of OLD CROW

The Perfect Blender and Delightful Beverage

A drink that will surprise and satisfy you.

Just What You Want

Blumauer & Hoch Wholesale Dealers



10¢ AK 25¢

HEADACHE TABLETS

For Headaches and Neuralgia



BORADENT

THE MILK OF MAGNESIA TOOTH PASTE

PROLONGS TOOTH LIFE SOLD EVERYWHERE