Morning Oregonian.

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LOWDEN WINS 28 VOTES FROM WOOD

"Steam Roller" Tactics in Rulings Charged.

SENATOR MOSES IS ROILED

High-Handed Attempt to Even Race Is Alleged.

POWER HELD EXCEEDED

Decision in Seat Contests Declared Made on Personal, Not Judicious, Basis.

CHICAGO, June 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—Lowden forces counted 28 delegates into their columns as the result of today's decision of contests by the republican national committee. The Wood forces lost an equal number.

All attempts at split decisions were lost. While various committeemen professed to see behind the arguments advanced for party harmony a reflection of personal views as they might be favorable to Governor Lowden and General Wood, the committee in repeated rollcalls refused to make compromises and proceeded to make decisions on the evidence of party regularity in the local and district machinery.

Wood Managers Differ.

The Wood managers tonight apparently were having a disagreement over whether the republican national committee has been "steam-rolling" the Wood delegates, and whether they intend to take any action upon it.

Aroused by the steady dismissal of Wood delegates throughout the day's proceedings, until 28 were counted off and a like number added to the Lowden column, Senator Moses of New Hampshire, one of the general's campaign managers, issued a statement denouncing the national committee's procedure as "steam-roller tactics."

There were hurried conferences among the other Wood managers, who apparently had no notice of Senator Moses' intentions.

Chairman Hays Held Fair.

General Wood himself finally was brought into the conferences and at midnight issued a statement in which he expressed confidence that Chairman Hays was "absolutely fair in handling the situation" and said he was "loath to believe" that the committeemen were seating delegates on personal preferences rather than on law and facts.

"Evidently a mistake has been made," said Senator Moses. "The steam roller which was used so effectively in the convention of 1912 and with such disastrous results to the party in the election following has not been scrapped after all. It has merely been in the machine shop for repairs and for some new attachments."

Contests Called Fraudulent.

"The most important of the latter appears to be a patent reversing apparatus which enables the national committee at will to disregard its prior formal action in recognition of certain national committeemen and state chairmen against whose organizations there has been trumped up a series of fraudulent contests.

"The chain of procedure which the national committee formed at its St. Louis meeting in 1917 and at the Washington meeting in 1919 contained three links. The first connected the national chairmen with the recognized national committeemen in the states, to whom were sent the official calls for the convention which assembles next week. The national committeemen transmitted this call to the recognized state chairman, thus constituting the second link in the chain. The third link connected the state chairman with his organization in the counties. Through the operation of this mechanism, delegates friendly to General Wood have been elected with entire regularity in every southern state, save two.

Function Is Analyzed.

"The function of the national committee at this juncture is not to determine qualifications of members of the national convention; it is merely to establish that regularity which entitles a delegate to be placed on the temporary roll, leaving the ultimate question of his right to a seat to be determined by the convention through its committee on credentials.

"Yet, the national committee, with Chairman Hays conveniently absent from the chair, is assuming to decide the matter in advance—but to decide it upon the narrow lines of the committee's personal preference.

"General Wood's friends have always understood that the national committee as at present constituted favored the nomination of Governor Lowden. We have never questioned their right to hold such a preference. But we do question seriously and vigorously their right to color their decisions, which could be merely ministerial if not judicial, by such preference; and the conditions under which so many of the present national committeemen hold their places only increases the strength with which we now assail the course which they are pursuing.

"As a result of the primaries and

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LAW HELD VIOLATED AT RECENT PRIMARY

LANE COUNTY GRAND JURY WARNS OFFENDERS.

Corrupt Practices Act Said to Have Been Wilfully Disregarded in Election Advertisements.

EUGENE, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—Warning was given by the Lane county grand jury before it adjourned this afternoon that future violations of the corrupt practices act in printing election advertisements in newspapers on the morning of the election and of violations of the act in other ways, which it is alleged took place in this city May 21, will be prosecuted, but that because of misapprehension of the law in regard to printing advertisements no indictments for that offense were returned at this session.

Doubtless referring to the activities of the local committee appointed to boost the higher educational millage bill, the grand jury in its report to the court says:

"In the primary and general elections held in Lane county May 21, 1920, we find that the spirit and provisions of this act were carelessly and ignorantly disregarded by some and willfully disregarded by others; that in one instance at least there was a premeditated plan to violate the act on a large scale, on the theory that there would be no arrests or prosecutions for the reason that the number of persons involved was so large that no one would oppose it. We condemn this action as displaying an unwholesome condition in the public mind."

The report stated that it was inadvisable to return indictments for violations of the act on that day for the reason that specific evidence of violations now appears unavailable. The grand jury recommends that in future the officers of the law take a more active part in investigating and reporting violations of the act on election day.

PAPER SHORTAGE SERIOUS

Circulation of Congressional Record Is Ordered Cut.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Senator Smoot, republican, Utah, chairman of the joint commission on printing, announced in the senate today that because of the shortage of print paper only enough copies of the Congressional Record would be printed to supply members of the senate and house.

He announced it also had been decided to limit the number of copies of speeches that might be printed for any one senator.

CAMP ROBBED OF $1500

Loggers Robbed by Highwaymen Who Shoot to Frighten.

ASTORIA, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The employes at the Alger Logging company's camp near Skamokawa, Wash., were robbed Tuesday night of $1029 in time checks, more than $400 in cash and a $100 liberty bond by two unmasked men who entered the bunkhouse about 8 o'clock in the evening and held the men up with revolvers. On entering the bunkhouse and also on leaving it a shot was fived by the robbers.

IRISH RAIDERS REPULSED

Courthouse Near Barracks Fired and Fierce Battle Fought.

CAPPAGHEIHTE, Munster, Ireland, June 4.—A large number of men, armed with bombs and rifles, attacked the police barracks here this morning. The police garrison, consisting of two sergeants and eight constables, replied with similar weapons from the roof.

The courthouse adjoining was set afire and a fierce battle ensued. The raiders finally withdrew.

WINTER COMING ON MARS

First Autumn Snowfall on Planet Is Announced.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 4.—It is now autumn on Mars and the first snowfall of the season on the planet was announced in a telegram received at Harvard college observatory from Professor William H. Pickering, who is stationed at Mandeville, Jamaica.

The telegram said the snowfall occurred at Isidis, which is in the neighborhood of the part of the planet known to observers as Syrtis Major.

SOLDIER DELAY CHARGED

Tactics of Vocational Education Board Held "Inexcusable."

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The federal board of vocational education was charged in a formal report today by the house education committee with "inexcusable delays" in the rehabilitation of soldiers.

The report, however, noted "a gradual improvement in the work" and commended the increasing efficiency.

COW SELLS FOR $30,000

World's Record Price Paid for Holstein-Freisian.

ST. PAUL, June 4.—A world's record price of $30,000 for a Holstein cow was paid today at the Minnesota Holstein-Freisian sale.

The price was paid by Gustav Pabst, Dousman, Wis., for Pabst Korndyke Cornflower, purchased from Fred Pabst, Oconomowoc, Wis. The previous record price was $18,400.

WOOD REGARDED YET AS BEST BET

Only Certainty Now Is That Nothing Is Certain.

RICHES HELD BEHIND JOHNSON

Californian's Nomination Is Just Barely Possible.

DRAMA MAY BE ENACTED

Only Thing Really in Sight for Convention Is Memorable Session; All Else Cloudy.

BY EDGAR B. PIPER.

CHICAGO, June 4.—(Special Editorial Correspondence.)—Six months ago Leonard Wood was the leading candidate for the republican nomination for president; and he is the leading candidate today. Six months ago the nomination of Leonard Wood was a strong probability; now it is somewhat less than that, for it can be said to be more than a strong possibility.

Wood is by no means out of it. But in a short half year his campaign has achieved some militant successes and it has suffered lately some rather dismaying vicissitudes.

The explanation is Johnson—too much Johnson and too many millionaires putting up money for him. Johnson is today the central figure in all calculations for the presidency.

Situation Change Viewed.

Three months ago the Californian's nomination appeared impossible; now it is possible, but nothing more than possible. The reason is the aggressive personality of Johnson, his primary successes, his undoubted power, his popularity with elements of the republican party and, above all else, the division and uncertainty and potential weakness of the forces opposed to him.

Johnson made a Rooseveltian entry into Chicago yesterday. The crowds are verily for him. A noisy reception was staged for him. It lacked much of being a Rooseveltian afair in its spontaneity or sincerity, but it made its impression. Something more will have to be done to convey the Johnson idea from the man of the street to the delegates; but the Johnson instinct for sensations and surprise is great and undoubtedly he will contrive to have the spotlight thrown on him all the time for the next week.

Coercion Held Possible.

The delegates are not for him now, any more than they have been. If they ever are for him it will be under the coercion of an astounding political emergency. A majority of the instructed Johnson delegates outside of California are not even for him. In their hearts they want someone else and they look forward hopefully to the opportunity to leave him. But they do not know where to go, nor can they honorably abandon Johnson until it shall reasonably appear that he has no chance.

Obviously he has a chance and will have until the contest has progressed through several ballots, when it will either improve or the reverse. If the former, they must stay; if the latter, they will be free to find the band wagon.

Straddle of League Opposed.

Mr. Johnson has boldly insisted that there must be no straddle on the league of nations platform. He has

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LAWMAKERS PUT ON STEAM NEAR FINISH

LONG NIGHT SESSIONS HELD TO CLEAN UP CONGESTION.

All Big Supply Measures Are Reported Completed at Long Sessions.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Both senate and house held long sessions again tonight in a final effort to clean up a congestion of minor legislation and one or two important bills before final adjournment at 4 P. M. tomorrow. The senate approved the conference report on the merchant marine bill, as amended to meet house objections, which later was passed by both branches, and then ground out a number of private pension measures. Between times it went into executive session to confirm the nominations of about 500 postmasters. Some 600 others remain to be acted upon tomorrow.

Enactment of the third deficiency appropriation bill was completed late last night, house and senate adopting the conference report just before ending long night sessions preparatory to sine die adjournment at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The measure carries $58,000,000, including $14,000,000 to meet the deficit incurred during federal control of telegraph and telephone lines.

The total of all of the supply measures, including two deficiency bills and the railway deficiency measure, passed at this session, was placed at $4,122,385,143. This included permanent appropriations of $1,492,000,000 for the public debt sinking fund, good roads and government departments and institutions not provided for in the 13 regular annual supply measures.

The largest of the supply bills was the postoffice measure, which carried $462,539,490. The next largest was the army bill with a total of $394,929,000. The sundry civil measure carried the same amount as the naval bill. For the railroad deficiency $309,000,000 was appropriated, while $279,150,000 was provided for pensions. The only other supply measure exceeding $100,000,000 was the legislative, executive and judicial bill, which carried $104,725,000.

Several important measures failed of enactment. They included bills to regulate the meat-packing industry, to bar dangerous aliens from the country and tariff measures to protect industries built up during the war, including dyes, button manufacture and certain mining industries. The cold storage bill, the measure to place an embargo on exports of sugar, and the bill giving the war department authority to operate the Mussel Shoals nitrate plants also failed.

FLAG BURNING DENOUNCED

Senator Thomas Would Curb Feminine Disturbers.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Senator Thomas of Colorado, citing the action of woman sympathizers with Ireland in burning a British flag in Washington this week, today introduced a resolution denouncing "all indignities toward the official representatives or the flag of any foreign government with which the United States is at peace."

The resolution also calls upon the authorities "to utilize all lawful means for preventing their occurrence."

BILL AIMED AT PLANES

Measure Would Prevent Dumping by Foreign Countries.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A bill designed to prevent the dumping of foreign airplanes in the United States was passed today by the house and sent to the senate.

It proposes special tariffs on machines manufactured abroad if sold at less than present reproduction costs in the country of origin.

VETERANS HOME AID BILL WINS APPROVAL

FAVORABLE REPORT ORDERED BY PUBLIC LANDS COMMITTEE.

Measure Would Provide Maximum Loan of $3000 and Acquisition of Reclaimed Land.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The senate public lands committee by unanimous vote ordered a favorable report today of the Borah bill designed to aid world-war veterans in buying of farms and suburban homes and appropriating $300,000,000 for this purpose during the next ten years. Not more than $50,000,000 could be expended annually.

The bill will not be considered by the senate until the December session, according to Chairman Smoot.

The measure provides for a national veterans' settlement board of three members appointed by the president which would make loans to veterans for the purchase of farms or suburban homes.

The maximum loan would be $3000. Veterans also would be able to acquire reclaimed land.

WARNING GIVEN STRIKERS

Governor of Alabama Says Work on Canal Must Go On.

BATON ROUGE, La., June 4.—Governor Parker served notice today on employes on the new industrial canal that there would be no closed shop and that attempts to "exercise bolshevistic power" to affect construction on important public works would not be tolerated. The governor's warning resulted from a strike which has involved canal employes.

MANDATE CASE UP TODAY

Resolution Against Acceptance to Be Voted On in House.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Republican leaders in the house early this morning reversed their decision not to call up before adjournment the senate resolution declining to grant authority to the president to accept a mandate over Armenia.

Chairman Porter of the foreign affairs committee announced that the resolution would be voted on during the day.

MARINE BILL IS PASSED

Measure Provides for Sale of Government-Owned Fleet.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—After a tempestuous voyage, the bill establishing conditions under which the great government-owned merchant fleet eventually is to be sold to Americans if possible, to foreigners if not, finally was passed tonight by congress.

It will be sent to President Wilson tomorrow.

PREVOST FOUND GUILTY

Slayer of J. Stanley Brown Held First Degree Murderer.

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., June 4.—Lloyd Prevost was found guilty of the murder of J. Stanley Brown by a jury in circuit court here tonight. The jury was out approximately three hours.

The verdict returned was "guilty of murder in the first degree."

WAGE RISE BILL FAVORED

Postal Employes Measure Is Put Up to President.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The conference vote on the bill increasing the pay of postal employes beginning July 1 was adopted this morning by the senate.

It now goes to the president.

GASOLINE LIMIT VEXES MOTORISTS

Many Fail to Realize Serious Situation.

DRIVERS THINK IT IS PLOT

Companies Held to Blame in Many Instances.

WORK HAVING EFFECT

1000 Cars Believed to Have Been Kept Off Streets but There Is Much Yet to Be Done.

Portland motorists generally do not yet appreciate the seriousness of the present gasoline shortage, judging from a canvass of gasoline service stations yesterday. The "no gas" signs were posted in all Standard Oil company stations in the city before noon, and many of the tanks were empty by 9 o'clock in the morning.

Mayor Baker, chairman of the gasoline conservation committee, has called a meeting of the committee in his office this morning, when a complete check will be made on the result of the first day of the campaign.

Arguments Are Frequent.

Arguments between motorists seeking a full-tank capacity of gasoline and attendants at the stations were frequent yesterday, many of the motorists holding that the conservation restrictions were not necessary and that the public was being duped by the oil companies.

However, many motorists accepted the situation and showed willingnes to co-operate. It was estimated by Mayor Baker that more than 1000 automobiles remained in the garages yesterday, a fact which was corroborated by a glance through the restricted area of the city.

Parking space was to be had at any time yesterday in almost any part of the retail district, and the districts just beyond the restricted area were not filled with automobiles as is the case when conditions are normal.

Pleasure Must be Curbed.

Although members of the gasoline conservation committee, composed of representative business men of the city, are attempting to work out a plan which will enable the motorist to use his automobile when necessary, it was pointed out yesterday, that unless industry and agriculture in Oregon is to be crippled, Portland motorists must lay aside the automobile for pleasure and conserve gasoline as far as is possible.

Through statements issued by some of the service stations yesterday, belief became general that the ration of gasoline recommended by the committee on gasoline conservation had actually been ordered by the mayor. Representatives of the oil companies were notified of this condition, and attendants were instructed that the mayor was merely chairman of the committee and that the ration recommendations came from representative business men and not from the mayor alone.

Representatives of the oil companies announced yesterday that special provision will be made to care for the needs of Portland industry, and in the event that Portland motorists

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RIVERS AND HARBORS BILL FACES SLASH

SENATE EXPECTED TO FAVOR $12,000,000 BUDGET.

Final Action on House Measure May Be Had Before Final Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The senate early today receded from its amendment increasing the rivers and harbors appropriation to $24,000,000 and the conferees are expected to report the bill with the house total of $12,000,000 in time for possible final action before adjournment of congress.

The senate voted on the measure three times and the house twice. After the first senate action, which followed long hearings before the merchant marine committee, the bill was sent to conference.

It was reported out this week and the senate promptly approved the conference report. The house, however, held that the conferees had exceeded their authority in writing in logislation and sent it back.

The conferees today struck out the section to which the house objected and the senate again approved the conference report. Not so the house, however, the measure again going back to conference as the result of a parliamentary tangle. The conferees made a third report tonight and it was accepted by the house by a vote of 145 to 120 after a long debate.

The shipping board of seven members created by the bill is directed to make the sale of the government fleet as expeditiously as consistent with good business judgment. Sales may be on an installment basis, payment to be made over a period of 15 years if the vessels are taken by Americans and 10 years if taken by foreigners.

Besides directing the private ownership of the fleet, the bill contains many provisions designed to promote the construction of new ships by private interests and for encouraging the extension of American foreign trade.

WAR LAWS ARE REPEALED

House Accepts Senate Amendments. Measure Goes to President.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—After only a minute consideration, the senate adopted with minor amendments today the house joint resolution repealing war legislation with the exception of the Lever food control act and the trading with the enemy act.

No record vote was taken by the senate. The measure, which would remove about 60 war acts from the statute books, now goes to conference.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Senate amendments to the joint resolution repealing most of the special wartime laws were accepted late tonight by the house without a record vote. The measure goes to the president tomorrow.

MONTANA LEADS COUNTRY

West Outstrips East in Support of Public Schools.

BOSTON, June 4.—Western states are out-doing those of the east in providing public educational facilities, Dr. Leonard P. Ayres, educational director of the Russel Sage Foundation, said in an address to the school superintendents of the state today.

"Up to ten years ago Massachusetts ranked highest in school attendance, money spent for public schools and equipment and teachers' salaries," said Dr. Ayres. "In 1918 the state went into ninth place. Montana leads the country."

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Benjamin defeats Shannon in seventh. Page 13.

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WILSON USES AX ON BUDGET BILL

Measure Vetoed to Protect Authority.

ATTACK ON VETO FAILS

House Attempts in Vain to Override Action.

CONTROLLER CLAUSE HIT

Executive Declares Right to Remove Official Is Vested in Him Alone.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—President Wilson tonight vetoed the bill establishing a national budget system and an unsuccessful attempt was made in the house to pass the measure over his veto.

The vote was 178 to 103, or nine less than the required two-thirds majority. Thirty-five democrats joined with the republicans in voting to pass the measure.

The vote came at midnight and when the motion to override was defeated, leaders were undecided what would be their next move. Supporters were expected, however, to urge that it be amended to meet the president's objections and repassed tomorrow.

Encroachment Is Charged.

The measure was held by the president to be unconstitutional because it took from the chief executive the power to remove the controller-general and the assistant controller-general, officers who would be appointed by him with the advice and consent of the senate.

The president said he returned the measure without his approval with the "greatest regret" because he was "in entire sympathy with its objects." He added that he returned it at the "earliest possible moment with the hope that the congress may find time before adjournment to remedy this defect."

President Expresses Regret.

President Wilson, notifying congress that he was returning the bill without his signature, in his veto message said:

"I do this with the greatest regret. I am in entire sympathy with the objects of this bill and would gladly approve it, but for the fact that I regard one of the provisions contained in section 303 as unconstitutional. This is the provision to the effect that the controller-general and the assistant controller-general, who are to be appointed by the president, with the advice and consent of the senate, may be removed at any time by a concurrent resolution of congress after notice and hearing, when in their judgment the controller-general or assistant controller-general is incapacitated or inefficient, or has been guilty of neglect of duty or of malfeasance in office, or of any felony or conduct involving moral turpitude, and for no other cause except either by impeachment or concurrent resolution of congress. It has, I think, always been the accepted construction of the constitution that the power to appoint officers of this kind carries with it, as an incident, the power to remove.

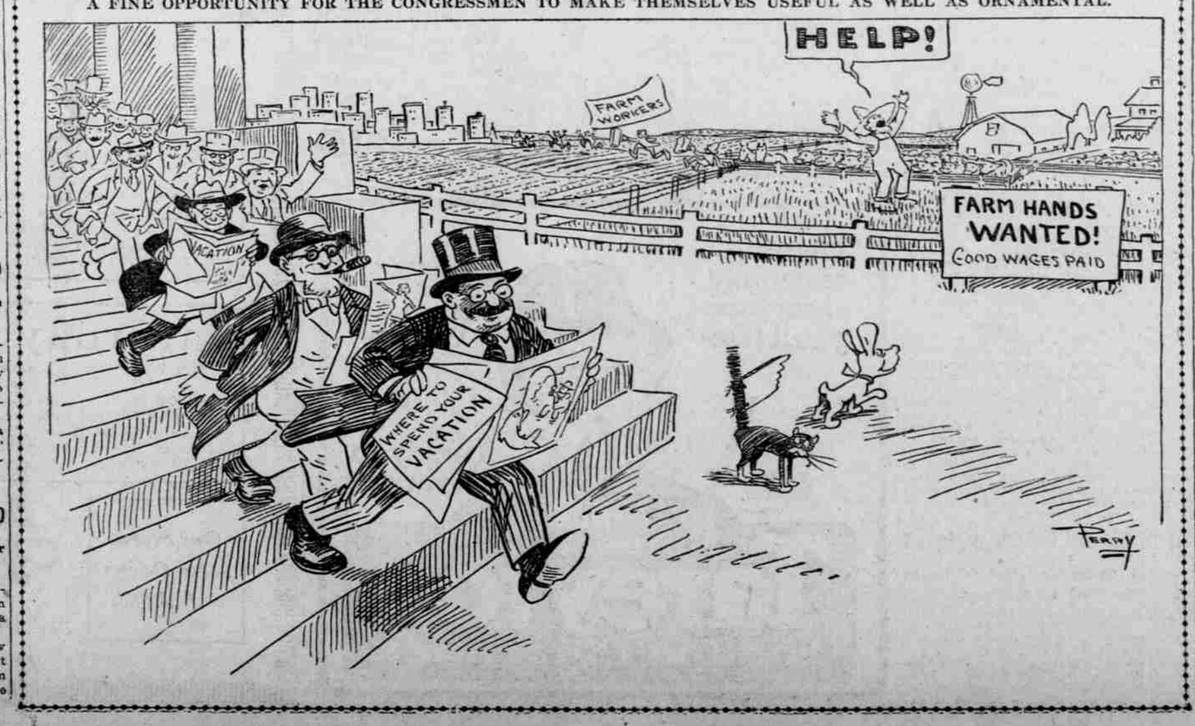
Power Held Exceeded.

"I am convinced that the congress is without constitutional powers to limit the appointing power and its incident power of removal derived from the constitution.

"The section referred to not only forbids the executive to remove these officers, but undertakes to empower the congress by a concurrent resolution to remove an officer appointed by the president with the advice and consent of the senate. I can find in the constitution no warrant for the exercise of this power by the congress. There is certainly no expressed authority conferred, and I am unable to see that authority for the exercise of this power is implied in any expressed grant of power.

"On the contrary, I think its exercise is clearly negatived by section 2 of article 2. That section, after providing that certain enumerated officers and all officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for shall be appointed by the president with the advice and consent of the senate, provides that congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as it thinks proper in the president alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments. It would have been within the constitutional power of the congress, in creating the offices, to have vested the power of appointment in the president alone, with the advice and consent of the senate, or even with the head of a department.

"Regarding, as I do, the power of removal from office as an essential incident to the appointing power, I cannot escape the conclusion that the vesting of this power of removal in the congress is unconstitutional and therefore I am unable to approve the bill.

"I am returning the bill at the earliest possible moment with the hope that the congress may find time before adjournment to remedy this defect."

A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE CONGRESSMEN TO MAKE THEMSELVES USEFUL AS WELL AS ORNAMENTAL.