Morning Oregonian.

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TALK LINKS KNOX AND MR. JOHNSON

Suggested Candidacy Is Topic in Chicago

MANAGERS SCOUT REPORTS

Californian on Record as Refusing Second Place.

CONTESTS ARE ENLIVENED

Some Hotly Debated Cases Disposed Of by Committee—Cummins and Hays Meet.

CHICAGO, June 2.—Pre-convention atmosphere got its first real stir today from developments in the republican national committee and movements among forces gathering for the contest next week.

Talk of a Knox-Johnson candidacy became the topic of the day. Some of the gossip connected John T. King, national committeeman from Connecticut and formerly General Wood's manager, with the Knox-Johnson movement, but Mr. King declined to say anything for publication. Johnson headquarters merely pointed out that the California senator has placed himself on record as refusing a second place on any ticket.

The national committee's hearing of contests was enlivened by some hotly debated cases and also by a visit from Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the democratic national committee. Mr. Cummings, availing himself of the open sessions, visited the hearing room, where he became the center of a good-natured reception which almost drowned out the proceedings. He was photographed with Republican Chairman Hays and looked over the Coliseum for ideals to take to San Francisco.

Kansas City Men Out.

In its day's work on the contests the committee threw out both sets of delegates which asked seats for the fifth congressional district of Missouri, the Kansas City district. A heated controversy was aired in a long hearing.

Deciding the first case affecting the strength of the Johnson forces in the convention, the committee voted to seat the delegates from the tenth Minnesota district who are uninstructed but counted as favorable to the candidacy of the California senator. The defeated delegation was pledged to the candicacy of General Wood.

In the Mississippi contests the committee decided to seat the delegates-at-large headed by National Committeeman Mulvihill, but did not decide on the contests from the eighth congressional district because it was necessary to have a sub-committee look over the proofs. In the Louisiana contests the committee voted to seat the officially reported delegation, headed by National Committeeman Emile Kuntz of New Orleans, which was uninstructed, but claimed for Wood forces and, in part, by the Lowden managers.

One Fight Sensational.

The contest from the fourth Missouri district was quickly disposed of by seating the regularly reported delegation, uninstructed, but claimed by the Wood forces. One of the contestants, John Albus of St. Joseph, who was mentioned in testimony before the senate committee as having been paid $2000 from the Lowden campaign fund, did not appear to press his case.

The sensational fight of the day came on the contest from the Kansas City district, which the committee finally solved by refusing to seat anybody. Charges of "strong-arm" politics, meeting broken up by "mustard-gas bombs," women intimidated by negroes and gag rule flew thick and fast. Committeemen denounced the situation in the district as "disgraceful and tainted with fraud," and after voting down by a close vote a motion to seat the regularly reported delegates, decided to seat none of the parties.

This action reduced the total number of votes in the convention from 984 to 982 and furnished the first case in which a district will be left without representation in its deliberations.

Thirty-two Contests Disposed Of.

The net results of the day's work were to bring the number of contests disposed of up to 32 out of the 137 filed.

The Georgia and Florida cases continued to hang fire in sub-committee and there was a disposition evidenced in the full committee meeting today to check the practice of referring disputes rather than having the national committee decide them first hand.

Many of the committeemen expressed their satisfaction with the decisions today, although there were proposals to straddle some contests and split the votes of delegations between the contestants and contestees. Committeeman Howell of Nebraska led the sentiment that the committee would check the quadrennial flow of contests if it were to make definite decisions and send word back into the districts that no compromise could be tolerated.

The committeemen who favored this course argued successfully that by

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 3.)

AMERICAN WRITERS WIN PULITZER CASH

PRIZES AWARDED AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

Reporter Gets $1000, Editorial Writer $500, and Author of "War With Mexico" $2000.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Award of the Pulitzer prize of $1000 to John J. Leary Jr. of the New York World "for the best example of a reporter's work during the past year" was made today by the school of journalism at Columbia university. The work which won the prize was a series of articles on the coal strikes last winter.

The $500 Pulitzer prize for the best editorial written during the year was awarded to Harvey E. Newbranch of the Evening World-Herald, Omaha, Neb. The $1000 prize for the best original American play written in 1919 went to Eugene O'Neill, author of "Beyond the Horizon."

Justin H. Smith won the $2000 prize for his "War With Mexico," which was rated as "the best book on the history of the United States" printed last year. Ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana won the $1000 prize for his "Life of John Marshall," judged the best American biography printed during the year.

SENATOR NOT BRIDLED

Chamberlain Asserts Independence of Wilson Leadership.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 2.—Senator Chamberlain again asserted his complete independence of the Woodrow Wilson leadership yesterday by leading the democratic opposition to the president's request for an American mandate.

Senator Chamberlain not only voted to reject the president's request, but he opposed every amendment but one offered by his democratic colleagues. He gave his support only to an unimportant amendment offered by Senator King, democrat, of Utah.

On each roll call Senator Chamberlain was the first democrat to bolt the president and others of his party fell in line as the vote proceeded, Senator Nugent, democrat, of Idaho, being one of those who joined him.

MARINES ARE DRIVEN BACK

Police Foil "Devildogs'" Attempt to Burn Negro Hotel.

CHICAGO, June 2.—Two marines were wounded tonight in a clash with Waukegan police during an attempt by the marines to storm a negro hotel, the scene of a clash between sailors and negroes Monday night. According to the police, the marines had threatened to burn the hotel.

Patrolmen and provost guards from Great Lakes naval training station had surrounded the hotel earlier in the evening, fearing trouble. According to the authorities several hundred marines aided by sailors led by a man carrying an American flag, attempted to storm the hotel but were forced back. Two of the attackers were arrested.

RAILROADS GET WARNING

Penal Law to Be Invoked Unless Orders Complied With.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Warning that the penal provisions of the interstate commerce act would be invoked unless the railroads comply with orders designed to relieve freight congestion was issued today by the interstate commerce commission.

The commission in a telegram to Daniel Willard, chairman of the Association of Railway Executives car service committee, said that inspectors' reports had shown that deliveries of equipments as ordered by the commission were not being made. The matter will be investigated, the commission added.

ACCOUNTS OF DEAD SHORT

$20,000 Taken From Unidentified Persons Reported Missing.

NEW YORK, June 2.—A shortage of $20,000, representing money taken from the pockets of unidentified dead at the city's morgue, was discovered today by Commissioner of Accounts Hirschfield and Public Administrator Hoes.

They reported their discovery to the district attorney's office for presentation to the grand jury.

2639 DEGREES CONFERRED

Columbia University Makes Awards at 166th Commencement.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Columbia university at its 166th commencement exercises today conferred 2639 degrees in course.

Honorary degrees of doctor of laws were conferred upon Henry P. Davison, Herbert C. Hoover, Bishop Charles H. Brent, Rear-Admiral William S. Sims and General John J. Pershing.

SUGAR MAY BE HELD BACK

400,000 Sacks for Cuban Consumption Petitioned at Havana.

HAVANA, June 2.—The Havana chamber of commerce today petitioned the Cuban government to take necessary steps to see that 400,000 sacks of sugar of the present crop be retained on the island and withheld from export.

The chamber explained that unless this measure is taken the shortage of sugar in Cuba will be very acute.

SLEUTHS CLOSE IN ON M'ADOO BOOM

Campaign Is Believed "Government Owned."

SENATORS SEE NEW LIGHT

Liberty Bond Drives Linked With Candidate.

USE OF MOVIES RECALLED

Representative Sanders Declares Use of Railroad Administration Bulletins Called Waste.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 2.—(Special.)—Around the committee room where is being held the investigation of campaign expenditures of the presidential candidates of two parties, it is confidently believed that the senate sleuths, headed by Senator Kenyon of Iowa, are slowly closing in on the mysterious McAdoo boom.

It appears that the committee was thrown off the trail by a mistaken scent. The senators seem to have been looking for some sort of privately financed enterprise, but developments of the last day or two have opened their eyes.

It has developed to the obvious satisfaction of some members of the investigating committee that the McAdoo boom is unlike other such candidacies in either party. It is not a privately organized movement, but is more correctly described as a government institution.

Boom Cleverly Screened.

As a boom, it was developed at the senate inquiry today, it was booming long before other candidacies blossomed out, but was so cleverly screened that most folks mistook it for an essentiol part of the government's war activities.

When the committee met today some of its members had taken a "hunch" from a speech delivered in the house last night by Representative Sanders, of Indiana, a republican member of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, and the McAdoo probe was started in a new direction. Mr. Sanders took the railroad administration under McAdoo as his text.

Meanwhile the committee had gained possession of information that Mrs. Antoinette Funk of Chicago in campaigning the country during the war in the interest of liberty bond sales had featured the name of Mr. McAdoo, then secretary of the treasury, quite as much as she had mentioned the liberty bonds.

When Mrs. Funk appeared as a witness today, Chairman Kenyon at once

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

$250,000 BUILDING TO RISE FOR STORE

J. K. GILL TO TAKE STRUCTURE AT FIFTH AND STARK.

Long-Time Lease Obtained for Site for Eight-Story Home; Hotel Reported Sold.

Erection of a new eight-story home for the J. K. Gill Co., to cost in the neighborhood of $250,000, was assured yesterday with the signing of a long-term lease by the company for the King estate property at the southeast corner of Fifth and Stark streets. The lease, which runs over a period of 20 years with an option for another 10 years, is one of the largest leases of the year and involves nearly $250,000 in total consideration. The consummation of the lease involving the erection of the new building, together with the negotiations carried forward for the purchase of the Seward hotel, made the day one of the busy ones of the spring from the standpoint of real estate activities.

The property obtained by lease by the stationery and book concern measures 100 by 100 feet at the southeast corner of Fifth and Stark-streets and the location was chosen by the company after over a year of investigation for a site best adapted to the needs of a business of that nature. The property belongs to the King Estate company and the deal was concluded yesterday afternoon when directors of the estate company ratified the transaction which has been outlined between W. A. Montgomery, vice-president of J. K. Gill Co., and Alex C. Rae, secretary of the property owners. Clark D. Simonds, a local real estate dealer, represented both parties in the deal.

Erection of an eight-story building upon the property will start about the first of 1921, Mr. Montgomery stated, and it is the hope of the company to have the new home ready within eight or ten months. The building will be of concrete construction, particular attention being paid to strength and light. It will occupy the entire property and will be used exclusively by the Gill company.

While the actual floor space which the company will have in the new building will not be a great deal larger than that now occupied, the arrangements will be much better, it is said, the entire structure being planned and built to serve a business of the wholesale and retail nature of the Gill company.

The structure at the corner of Third and Alder streets, now occupied by the Gill company, was purchased last week by I. Holsman from the Masonic Building association, but arrangements have been concluded by the Gill company with the new owner to occupy the present quarters until the new home is ready for occupancy.

A three-story brick building occupied by the Sealey-Dresser Co. store and small shops occupies the King estate property at the present time. The new structure will be built by the renting company, the structure to revert to the property owners at the expiration of the 20-year lease, or of the 30-year period in case the Gill company exercises its option for a 10-year extension.

Negotiations for the purchase of the Seward hotel, located at the southwest corner of Tenth and Alder streets, are being carried on by W. C. Culbertson, proprietor of the Cor-

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 2.)

1,000,000 SEE DERBY WON BY 16 TO 1 SHOT

FAVORITES IN RUCK; BOOKIES GARNER RICH WINDFALL.

Nobility Views Gay Event and Thousands Camp All Night at Vantage Points.

LONDON, June 2.—The derby, the blue-ribbon event of the English turf, was run at Epsom Downs today in the presence of a crowd estimated at nearly 1,000,000. Spion Kop, owned by Major G. Loder, won the race, with Lord Derby's Archaic second and Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Orpheus third. The favorites, Allenby and Tetratema, finished in the ruck.

In the betting Spion Kop was 16 to 1 and Archaic 10 to 1, while almost anywhere among the layers of odds as high as 50 to 1 could be obtained on Orpheus. Nineteen horses faced the starter.

The attendance of King George and Queen Mary and numerous titled persons gave today's events the name "the silk hat derby." It was declared to have been the most splendid scene on the historic race course in the memory of those present today. Field Marshal Haig, former Premier Asquith and Lords Derby, Chaplain, Durham and Lonsdale were among the many notables present.

Thousands of persons camped all night on the course and at daybreak numerous coaches of fours were to be seen along the roadways carrying their gaily-dressed racing enthusiasts to the track.

The result proved a windfall for the bookmakers, for enormous sums had been wagered on the badly defeated favorites. Women thronged about the bookmakers laying heavy bets.

EASTERN CITIES GAIN

Worcester, Mass., Increases 33,755 or 23.1 Per Cent.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Census figures announced yesterday follow:

Worcester, Mass., 179,741; increase, 33,755, or 23.1 per cent.

Pawtucket, R. I., 64,248; increase, 12,626, or 24.5 per cent.

Woonsocket, R. I., 43,496; increase, 5371, or 14.1 per cent.

Central Falls, R. I., 24,174; increase, 1420, or 6.2 per cent.

Cranston, R. I., 29,407; increase, 8300, or 39.3 per cent.

East Providence, R. I., 21,793; increase, 5985, or 37.9 per cent.

Bayonne, N. J., 76,754; increase, 21,209, or 38.2 per cent.

Winchester, Mass., 10,391; increase, 1082, or 11.6 per cent.

FORMAL NOTICE IS GIVEN

H. B. Ainsworth Told by San Francisco Bank of His Preferment.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—Announcement that he had been elected first vice-president of the Wells-Fargo Nevada National bank of this city was sent today to Harry B. Ainsworth, director of the United States National bank of Portland.

He succeeds F. W. Lippman, recently elected president of the bank.

The fact that Mr. Ainsworth had been called to the vice-presidency of the Wells Fargo-Nevada National bank of San Francisco was announced a week ago in The Oregonian.

THAT WEAK BRANCH!

HIGH SUGAR HELD FAULT OF PALMER

Condemnation Made in Report of Probe Body.

AUTHORITY HELD EXCEEDED

Tactics in Louisiana Said to Be Misuse of Power.

RESIGNATION IS ADVISED

Representative Tinkham in Public Statement Says Attorney-General Should Quit Office.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The sugar investigating committee in a majority report presented to the house today declared that Attorney-General Palmer had used his power as chief prosecuting officer of the government "for the purpose of fixing maximum selling prices of sugar in Louisiana and in so doing acted wholly without authority of law and in violation of his own construction of his official duty."

The report, prepared by Representative Husted, republican, New York, as chairman, charged that the legalistic method adopted by the attorney-general was "wholly ineffective as a means of price control" and that "it gave apparent governmental sanction to extremely high sugar prices, which excited the cupidity of Cuban producers and caused an advance in the Cuban market."

Eight Findings in Report.

There were eight findings in the majority report, the resolution introduced by Representative Tinkham, republican, Massachusetts, calling for an investigation, confining the committee inquiry to Louisiana transactions.

The majority findings follow:

"The attorney-general on November 8, 1919, gave his official approval to a tentative arrangement made by United States Attorney Mooney, with a committee representing the sugar planters of Louisiana, by which was established a maximum price of 17 cents per pound for prime yellow clarified sugar and 18 cents per pound for clear granulated sugar, net on plantation.

"The above stated prices were fixed by said arrangement for the entire Louisiana 1919-1920 sugar crop.

"The attorney-general fixed said prices at a time when he considered them 'rather high,' had just been advised by his representative in Louisiana, United States Attorney Henry Mooney, that such prices were in excess of the fair average price for the crop, and when he had reason to believe that the entire crop could be purchased at 14 or 15 cents per pound.

Crop Conditions Vary.

"Crop conditions in Louisiana during the year 1919 varied greatly in different parts of the state and on different plantations. In some cases the loss of crops was very heavy, in others it was comparatively light, so that a fixed price for sugar which would yield only a fair and reasonable profit to the producer whose cost of production did not exceed the general average for the state would permit a certain class of producers to make excessive profits and would deprive another class of the fair and reasonable profit to which it was entitled under the law.

"Under the arrangement effected by the attorney-general with the committee representing the sugar planters of Louisiana immunity from prosecution for profiteering was conferred upon any and all persons who might sell at or under the prices fixed by the attorney-general whether such prices were in violation of the Lever act or not.

Authority Held Lacking.

"The attorney-general used his power as chief prosecuting officer of the United States for the purpose of fixing maximum selling prices of sugar in the state of Louisiana and, in so doing, acted wholly without authority of law and in violation of his own construction of his own duty, which precluded him from placing any interpretation upon United States criminal statutes under which possible violators might escape prosecution.

"On November 8, 1919, the attorney-general had no power to fix prices and his authority in the premises was limited to the prosecution of violators of the provisions of the fortieth section of the Lever act.

"The legalistic method adopted by the attorney-general was wholly ineffective as a means of price control; it gave apparent governmental sanction to extremely high sugar prices, which excited the cupidity of Cuban producers and caused an advance in the Cuban market."

The attorney-general was advised in October, 1919, the majority held, that excessive prices were being charged by Louisiana producers, and he directed United States Attorney Mooney to make every effort to reach an agreement with producers and refiners to establish a fair price for the new crop. After conferences with a committee representing producers, the report added, Mr. Mooney obtained an agreement with them not to sell over 17 and 18 cents. At that time, the report set forth, sugar was selling in

(Concluded on Page 4, Column 3.)

BABY IS KIDNAPED AS PARENTS SLEEP

NO TRACE FOUND OF NORRISTOWN, PA., CHILD.

Home of George H. Coughlin Entered by Removal of Screen of Second Floor Window.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., June 2.—Kidnapers last night entered the home of George H. Coughlin of this city and stole his 13-months-old son Blakely from his crip. No trace of them had been obtained tonight.

The child was asleep in a room on the second floor adjoining that of its parents. Shortly before 2 A. M. the mother was aroused by a noise. The absence of the child was immediately discovered, but it was supposed a maid had taken it from its crib. Later it was found a screen had been removed from a window. A ladder against the side of the house furnished a clew to the kidnaping. Police were at once put on the case.

The child is described as having light hair and blue eyes and is chubby faced.

ENTRY TO RUSSIA BARRED

State Department Refuses to Grant Commission Passports.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—(By the Associated Press.—Informal request of the chamber of commerce of the United States for passports for a commission to enter Russia to study problems concerning the resumption of trade with that country has been refused by the state department.

Officials explained today that the consistent attitude of the government has been to refuse all requests from travelers and commercial agents seeking to enter bolshevik territory. At the same time it was announced that the attitude of the American government had not changed regarding resumption of commercial relations with Russia, despite the progress of negotiations to this end in London between the bolshevik minister of trade and commerce, Krassin, and Premier Lloyd George and representatives of other governments.

BRITISH FLAG IS BURNED

"Another Boston Tea Party," Shouts Irish Sympathizer.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Women sympathizers of freedom for Ireland today burned a large British flag in front of the treasury building. As the flag vanished in flames Miss Mary Keana of New York, leader of the band, kicked the smoldering ashes and shouted:

"Just another little Boston tea party to remind the assassins not to go too far."

No arrests were made.

PUMPING STATION BURNS

Property Destroyed Valued at More Than $1,000,000.

GREELEY, Kan., June 2. — The Standard Oil company's pumping station here, valued at more than $1,000,000, was destroyed by fire late today.

The fire was still burning tonight and efforts were being directed toward keeping the flames from reaching two 50,000-barrel storage tanks, both practically full.

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather.

YESTERDAY'S — Maximum temperature, 85 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees.

TODAY'S—Fair; winds mostly westerly.

National.

Sleuths close in on McAdoo boom. Page 1.

Republicans close work on tentative draft of platform. Page 2.

Palmer charged with exceeding his authority. Page 1.

Palmer bitterly attacks accuser. Page 4.

Merchant marine legislation agreed upon by senate and house conferees. Page 6.

Domestic.

Pulitzer cash prizes awarded to various writers by Columbia university. Page 1.

Mr. Lowden denies illegal expenditures. Page 2.

Talk of Knox and Johnson as possible teammates heard in Chicago. Page 1.

Baby kidnaped while parents sleep. Page 1.

Woman shot, then married by slayer. Page 3.

Non-Partisan league speakers refused hearing in Kansas towns. Page 4.

Red plans blocked in North Dakota. Page 2.

Pacific Northwest.

Seattle construction work not in least delayed by strike. Page 3.

C. E. Spence re-elected master of State grange. Page 7.

Speaker at Federated clubs urges education of girls. Page 5.

Sports.

One million people see 16-to-1 shot win English derby. Page 1.

Pacific Coast league results: Portland 3, Salt Lake 7; Los Angeles 11, San Francisco 8; Oakland 4, Vernon 6; Seattle 12, Sacramento 1. Page 14.

Benjamin and Shannon both need victory to increase drawing power in east. Page 14.

Cub owner airs alleged Mages confession in damage suit. Page 14.

Commercial and Marine.

Oregon wheat harvest will be two weeks late. Page 21.

Corn higher at Chicago with limited receipts. Page 21.

Stock market rallies when money rates decline. Page 21.

Plan evolved for making channel absolutely safe. Page 15.

M. H. Houser rejects re-election as port commission chairman. Page 15.

Portland and Vicinity.

Eight-story, $250,000 building to rise for J. K. Gill store. Page 1.

Gasoline-rationing order to be issued in Portland shortly. Page 1.

$25,000 a year for three years donated to Reed college by Rockefeller foundation. Page 4.

180 miles added to state highway work. Page 9.

Two brothers drown in Willamette at Albina ferry slip. Page 12.

Episcopal board accused of attempting change of front in suit. Page 13.

Removal of morgue urged by coroner. Page 8.

Republican county committee is formed. Page 6.

MOTORISTS MUST FOREGO JOYRIDES

Gasoline Ration Order Is Expected Soon.

SUPPLY PERILOUSLY SHORT

Rigid Economy Imperative, Say Oil Dealers.

RELIEF MONTHS DISTANT

Emergency Meeting Called Today to Consider Means for Meeting Convention Situation.

Gasoline will be rationed to pleasure and passenger automobiles by every oil company operating in Oregon immediately in order that the supply in the state may be conserved for commercial and agricultural uses and to provide for visitors who will be in Portland to attend the Shrine, Kiwanis and Travelers' Protective association conventions.

Stocks of gasoline in Portland are extremely low, according to representatives of the oil companies, and extreme economy is declared necessary for the next 10 or 12 weeks before relief can be expected.

At a meeting yesterday of the Automobile Dealers' association, a committee of three was appointed by O. M. Wilkins, president, to make an immediate investigation of the gasoline situation. Governor Olcott will send his private secretary, Don Upjohns, to represent him at a meeting of this committee, scheduled for noon today at the Benson, and Mayor Baker has been invited to represent the city.

Economy Campaign Planned.

This committee has also invited the Oregon State Motor association, the Garage Men's association, the state chamber of commerce, the Portland Chamber of Commerce, the general Shrine committee and other organizations interested in the gasoline situation to send representatives to the meeting today.

A general campaign of publicity will be waged by this committee urging conservation of gasoline. Curtailment of supplies to passenger cars during the next two weeks is expected to relieve the situation.

Representatives of the Associated, Union and Shell oil companies at the meeting yesterday admitted that their stocks of gasoline were dwindling so as to make curtailment necessary. Six weeks ago these same representatives refused to join the Standard Oil company in a reduction of allotments to passenger cars, believing they had sufficient gasoline on hand to supply the needs.

Plan Not Yet Decided.

Just what methods will be adopted in rationing gasoline to passenger cars has not yet been determined, but a plan probably will be devised at the meeting today.

Suggestion was made yesterday that each oil company estimate its present stock of gasoline, its expected supply during the next two weeks from California and then figure the amount that can be saved for the convention period without interfering with industrial activity.

It was further suggested that a certain supply be placed in the service tanks and garages each day, that commercial vehicles and physicians' cars may be supplied first and pleasure vehicles next until the supply is exhausted.

Card System Impracticable.

A card system, such as was used during the rationing of sugar during the war, was said to involve too much time to relieve the situation which now faces Portland in providing for the handling of thousands of visitors who will soon be in the city. According to an estimate made by J. E. Balsley, district sales manager of the Standard Oil company, it will take at least 1,250,000 gallons of gasoline to care for the needs of visitors during convention week.

The seriousness of the gasoline shortage was made clear to automobile dealers attending the conference by statements by representatives of the oil companies, backed by statistics showing that gasoline production increased 12 per cent within the past year, while the use of motor vehicles increased 30 per cent.

In response to a query as to how the present shortage might be overcome, Mr. Balsley explained that the Standard Oil company now is developing a new process in Richmond, Cal., costing $10,000,000, by which more gasoline is produced from crude oil. He also announced that fuel oil would be taken off the market completely September 1, 1920.

Auto Dealers Hard Hit.

The present gasoline shortage in Oregon is playing havoc with automobile dealers throughout the state, as well as automobile accessory merchants, many of whom, it is said, will have difficulty in avoiding bankruptcy unless the gasoline situation is relieved soon.

Effort is being made to supply gasoline throughout the state for industrial and agricultural purposes. This has been difficult because sup-

(Concluded on Page 3, Column 1.)