Morning Oregonian.

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GEORGIA CONTEST IS BAFFLING ONE

Oratory Waxes Furious for Four Hot Hours.

MOUNTAIN OF CLAIMS MET

Sub-Committee Appointed to Examine Many Documents.

DAY HAS FEW RESULTS

Seating of Two Regularly Reported Delegates From District of Columbia Main Business.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Another session with little progress in actual results marked the work of the republican national committee today in its course of deciding the claims of contesting delegations.

The seating of two regularly reported delegates from the District of Columbia, said to be favorable to Major-General Leonard Wood, and an extended hearing of the Georgia contest involving delegates pledged to Wood and another group counted as favorable to Lowden, was the principal business.

The committee declined to reopen its action of a year ago by which it seated Emile Kuntz of New Orleans, as national committeeman from Louisiana. The appeal of Frank C. Labit of New Iberia was denied.

Florida Contest Big One.

At the outset of today's session the committee expected to hear the report of a sub-committee and close up the three-cornered fight from Florida. But the question of law and fact turned out to be so voluminous that the committee headed by Charles B. Warren, of Detroit, reported that the only conclusion it was prepared to report was that the Florida delegates, headed by A. L. Church of Jacksonville, had no claim on which the committee could act.

As to the contest between the regularly reported factions led by National Committeeman Bean and the other headed by H. L. Anderson of Jacksonville, the sub-committee recommended a rehearing, which probably will come tomorrow.

The committee then went into the Georgia contest. Looked upon as the first real test of political significance and having a bearing on the strength of the Wood or Lowden men, it drew a large audience, including a large number of southern negroes.

Oratory Grows Furious.

The contest opened with a dash of oratory and was continued with considerable fury, and at the end of four hot hours the committee found itself confronted with such a mass of conflicting claims, arguments, charges and counter-charges that it appointed a sub-committee, headed by Mr. Warren, to examine the documents and report.

Henry Lincoln Johnson, an Atlanta negro, heads the regularly reported delegation, which is said to be counted in the Lowden column. The contesting delegation, known as the Pickett faction, is pledged to General Wood. The action of the committee means 17 seats for Wood or Lowden, and a decision is expected tomorrow. The contest ranges about charges of a bolt, but the national committee decided it would have to study the evidence to decide who bolted. Duplicate convention rolls and credentials figured in the evidence.

The committee today made final its decision to seat all the excess delegates on the convention floor in extra spaces and to let the excess alternates find seats among the spectators.

Fight Is Three-Cornered.

The Florida case, in which the committee was called upon to decide whether there was, in legal effect, any republican party in Florida, promised in a sense to show the first indications on the candidacies of Major-General Leonard Wood, Governor Frank O. Lowden and Senator Hiram Johnson.

None of the three contesting delegations is pledged, but the various members say that the first or regularly reported delegation headed by National Committeeman Bean of Tampa is favorable to General Wood; that the second delegation headed by H. L. Anderson of Jacksonville is favorable to Senator Johnson, and that the third headed by A. L. Church of Jacksonville is favorable to the candidacy of Governor Lowden.

North Carolina Asks Delay.

While a sub-committee was reviewing the evidence in the Georgia contest, the national committee passed on to the Mississippi contests, where two separate delegations have been presented for the four delegates-at-large and the eight districts.

But North Carolina also asked for a delay and the committee passed to the question of alternates from Montana. None are provided by the state machinery, but eight were certified by the secretary of state.

The committee settled the Montana case by seating the first eight delegates who received the highest votes and selecting the last eight delegates as alternates. A similar decision was made as to Oregon.

The Mississippi factions, however,

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WHEAT CONTROL BY GOVERNMENT CEASES

PRICE GUARANTEE NO LONGER IN EFFECT.

Grain Exchanges Consider Plans for Resumption of Trading in Future Deliveries.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Federal control of wheat and wheat products ended today, the wheat director ceasing to function under the limitation of the law creating his office and the food administration control ending by proclamation of President Wilson.

This means the passing of the government guarantee of $2.20 a bushel for wheat. As soon as some remaining contracts are carried out by the United States grain corporation, that body will turn over its finances to the treasury department.

Licensing of dealers in wheat and wheat products has been in the hands of the wheat director and the food administration and this automatically ended today. Dealers without fixed contracts are free to buy and sell at such prices as conditions warrant.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Plans for resumption of trading future deliveries of wheat will be considered here tomorrow at a meeting of representatives of the eight leading grain exchanges in the country. Each exchange will have two delegates present. Many important phases are to be discussed, and it may be several days before any definite conclusions are reached.

Until specific methods and safeguards are decided upon and later ratified by the various exchanges, wheat trading will continue as of late to be restricted to business involving only wheat available for immediate delivery.

GASOLINE TRUST DOUBTED

High Prices Due to Demand, Says Federal Commission.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Recent advances in the price of gasoline and other petroleum products were ascribed "more to varying conditions of supply and demand in the light of emphatic and pessimistic statements as to the future supply than to a combination in restraint of trade," by the federal trade commission tonight in a report to congress.

Strong demand is the primary cause of the higher prices, the commission said, adding that conditions in the oil trade now appear to be greatly improved with respect to production and imports.

The commission said it was unable to say whether the prices of the refined products were "disproportionate" to advances in crude oil prices, and that it was likewise impossible to report on the companies' profits for the current year, though in 1919 "the profits of many of the large oil companies were large."

HOUSE VOTES TO ADJOURN

Close Set for Saturday by Mondell Resolution.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Without a record vote, the house today adopted a resolution offered by Representative Mondell of Wyoming, republican leader, providing for a sine die adjournment of congress at 4 o'clock Saturday.

Representative Mondell of Wyoming, republican leader, declared by Saturday congress would have "disposed of every important matter before it."

Answering inquiries Mr. Mondell said he doubted whether any legislation might be passed to increase the supply of print paper, declared that the postal salary increase bill would be considered Thursday and that congress could do nothing at present to increase the supply of fertilizer for farmers.

10 POSTMASTERS RENAMED

President Announces List of Service Reappointments.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Postmasters reappointed today by President Wilson included Charles H. Scheffler, Cordova, Alaska; Zina M. Bradford, Juneau, Alaska, and William E. Root, Seward, Alaska; Phillip B. Goodwin, Butte, Mont.; Edward McDonald, Deadwood; Tazewell M. Simmons, Huron, and John W. Martin, Watertown, all of South Dakota; Thomas N. Cleary, Centralia and George H. Watrous, Bellingham, both of Washington; Finis E. Godfrey, Lander, Wyo.

EXILES TO BE RECALLED

Expatriated Mexicans Will Be Invited to Return.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., June 1.—Men who have been expatriated from Mexico will be invited to return and help build up the country, said Adolfo de la Huerta, provisional president, today, but he said those who had charges against them would have to face trial.

A thorough diagnosis of De la Huerta's illness, which was declared to be appendicitis, has shown it to be of a rather slight character.

AERIAL COVENANT SIGNED

American Ambassador in Paris Acts on Wilson Instructions.

PARIS, June 1.—Ambassador Wallace, acting with full power from President Wilson under instructions from Washington, signed last night the aerial convention and protocol in connection with section 313 of the treaty of Versailles and section 276 of the treaty of St. Germain.

Certain reservations, however, were made.

SENATE STRONGLY AGAINST MANDATE

Wilson Plea for Armenia Is Rejected.

U. S. RESPECTFULLY DECLINES

Resolution Adopted Will Go to House Today.

ROLL CALL SHOWS LINEUP

Thirteen Democrats Join With Republicans in Final Vote—Opposition Votes Solidly.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—President Wilson's plea for an American mandate over Armenia was rejected in the senate today by a vote of more than 2 to 1.

Thirteen democrats cast their votes with the united republican membership on the final rollcall and the resolution "respectfully declining" to grant congressional authority for the mandate was adopted, 52 to 23, in the form drafted by the republican leaders. The resolution will be sent to the house tomorrow and the leaders there hope to adopt it without change Thursday. They say they hope for as decisive a majority as that in the senate.

In the debate the democratic leaders counseled delay and tried in vain to put the decision over until the next session. Scarcely a voice was raised in out and out advocacy of accepting the mandate and on motion to amend the resolution so that the requested authority be given, only 13 senators, all democrats, voted in the affirmative. Recorded against the motion were 23 democrats and 39 republicans.

In their effort to ward off action, which they argued was advisable because of the peace treaty deadlock, the minority leaders had better results. The resolution to send the resolution back to committee with instructions that it be "reported after the ratification of a peace treaty with the central powers" mustered almost solid democratic support, but was lost, 43 to 34.

The rollcall on final adoption follows:

For the resolution: Republicans—Ball, Borah, Brandegee, Calder, Capper, Colt, Curtis, Dillingham, Edge, Elkins, Fall, Fernald, France, Frelinghuysen, Hale, Harding, Jones (Washington), Kenyon, Keyes, Knox, Lenroot, Lodge, McCormick, McCumber, McLean, McNary, Nelson, New, Norris, Page, Phipp, Poindexter, Smoot, Spencer, Sterling, Sutherland, Townsend, Wadsworth and Watson. Total, 39.

Democrats—Beckham, Chamberlain, Dial, Geary, Harris, Myers, Nugent, Pomerene, Reed, Shields, Smith (Georgia), Thomas and Walsh (Massachusetts). Total, 13.

Grand total, 52.

Against the resolution: Republicans, none.

Democrats—Ashurst, Gay, Harrison, Hen-

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COURT DENIES STATES REFERENDUM RIGHTS

POPULAR VOTE ON RATIFICATION HELD UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Method of Ratifying Amendments Declared National Power, in Unanimous Opinion.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The supreme court in an unanimous opinion today held that federal constitutional amendments cannot be submitted to popular vote for ratification by states having referendum provisions in their constitutions.

The method of ratifying amendments, the court held, is a national power specifically granted by the federal constitution, and the states have no authority to provide otherwise. In so holding, the court declared inoperative provisions of the Ohio state constitution authorizing submission of federal amendments to a referendum for ratification, and overturned state supreme court decrees dismissing injunction proceedings in a taxpayer's suit to enjoin submission of the prohibition and woman suffrage amendments to a referendum vote.

Next to the cases involving the validity of the prohibition amendment and the enforcement act, the Ohio referendum cases were considered the most important before the supreme court. The decision does not affect the pending prohibition cases.

The court's decision, however, puts an end to any controversy as to whether Ohio has ratified both amendments and puts Ohio definitely in the list of states approving both amendments.

CHURCH WORKERS CONFER

Leading Cities Represented at Convention in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., June 1.—(Special.)—Several hundred men representing large cities of America assembled in Cleveland today to study the responsibility of the churches to communities. The Portland federation of churches is represented by Ralph C. McAfee, executive secretary; Doctor William Wallace Youngson, Methodist Episcopal district superintendent, and A. F. Bittner, of the Westminster Presbyterian church.

Executive Secretary Wright of Cleveland was elected president; Mr. McAfee of Portland, vice-president; and Mr. Price of Rochester, N. Y., secretary-treasurer of the national council, federation of secretaries. Doctor Youngson was chosen as Pacific coast representative on the committee on messages of the convention to American churches.

HELEN TAFT IS ENGAGED

Daughter of Former President to Be Married Next Month.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 1.—Mr. and Mrs. William Howard Taft today announced the engagement of their daughter, Helen, to Frederick Johnson Manning. Mr. Manning is an instructor in history in Yale university. He was a member of the class of 1916 in Yale and was until September, 1919, a first lieutenant in the field artillery.

The marriage will take place in Canada in July.

COURT TO REVIEW HENRY ALBERS CASE

U. S. TRIBUNAL REACHES AGREEMENT ON HEARING.

Portland Manufacturer, Sentenced to McNeil's Island, at Liberty Pending Decision.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The supreme court today agreed to review the case of Henry Albers, convicted at Portland, Or., under the espionage act.

J. Henry Albers, Portland manufacturer, was convicted under the espionage act in the United States district court of the district of Oregon, February 5, 1919. He was sentenced to serve three years in the federal penitentiary on McNeil's island and to pay a fine of $10,000.

An appeal from the verdict was taken to the United States circuit court of appeals, which affirmed the lower court. Mr. Albers then sought a writ of review of the case in United States supreme court, and pending the ultimate decision, he is at liberty.

PIG FLIES TO EXHIBIT

Boar Owned by Fair Board President Takes 20-Mile Flight.

LA GRANDE, Or., June 1.—(Special.)—"Floyd McK," purebred Chester White boar, was taken to Union by airplane today and will be one of the exhibits at the three-day stock show which opens tomorrow. The boar is owned by J. E. Reynolds, president of the state fair board. Pilot Walter E. Lees of Portland, who is making commercial flights here, carried the pig and Mr. Reynolds to Union.

Mr. Reynolds is making preparation for his exhibit at the stock show, overlooked "Floyd McK." After brief negotiation the pig was crated and tied upon the side of the airplane and made the flight in safety.

OCEAN AIR LINE PLANNED

Coast-to-Honolulu Flight Believed Practicable.

HONOLULU, T. H., June 1.—(Special.)—Local capitalists have been approached by J. M. Servantie, veteran of a French airplane corps, with a view to inaugurating a passenger air line between Honolulu and the coast.

Servantie is in Detroit, where he claims to be the head of the United States Aerial Express company, operating flying boats between Great Lakes cities. He believes the coast-Hawaii trip could be made at $210 a passenger providing 20 passengers made each trip.

FIRE TRAPS MEN IN HOLD

Workmen Fight Way Through Flames in Powhattan.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A number of men working in the hold of the steamship Powhattan, tied up at Brooklyn, were trapped today when fire broke out aboard the vessel.

When the fire was discovered the men were working in the hold. Six made their escape without difficulty, but the rest had to fight their way through smoke and flames. All escaped with minor burns.

HE ISN'T IN THE RACE, IS HE?

FUNDS FOR LOWDEN GIVEN DELEGATES

Checks for Missouri Inspected by Senators.

$32,000 USED FOR 'WORKERS'

Delegate-at-Large Found With Harding Money Also.

OHIO ANGLE DISCUSSED

Publisher Estimates $200,000 Is Spent in Wood-Harding Political Maneuvers.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—Checks aggregating $40,000 sent into Missouri by the managers of Governor Lowden's campaign, were presented today to the senate committee investigating the pre-convention expenditures of presidential candidates.

While most of the day was devoted by the committee to questioning witnesses as to the expenditure of sums covered by the checks, primary contests in other states were touched upon.

In its inquiry into the Lowden campaign in Missouri, the committee questioned Nat Goldstein and Robert E. Moore, delegates to the republican national convention from Missouri, who testified that they each had received a check for $2500 from the Lowden campaign fund. Both said the money still was held to their account in banks and would be returned, unless Governor Lowden were nominated, in which event it would be used in the campaign.

Missouri Committeeman Quizzed.

J. B. Babler, national committeeman from Missouri, whom Goldstein and Moore designated as the one who transmitted the checks to them from L. L. Emerson, Lowden campaign manager, also was questioned by the committee. E. L. Morse, head of the Lowden Missouri organization outside of St. Louis, testified that he had received by check from Mr. Emerson approximately $32,000 and expended it in "getting out the workers."

Babler got $17,000 of these funds, he said, to reimburse him for similar expenditures.

Both Moore and Goldstein said they had declared no money was necessary in their congressional districts. Moore said Babler had told him "Aw, go ahead and take it," when he had hesitated about accepting a check from Emerson.

Babler Pressed on Point.

Babler was pressed on this point by Chairman Kenyon when he appeared later.

"Was it a pretty hard job to get Moore and Goldstein to take the money?" the senator asked.

"Well, I was very anxious about the St. Louis situation," Babler replied. "I wanted to tie them up and urged Emerson to assist in any way necessary to get their active support."

Morse and Babler gave from memory lists of state "workers" to whom they had distributed the money received from Emerson. The amounts ranged as a rule from $100 to $300, but in some instances exceeded $1000.

Morse said three men on lists were national delegates, including William E. Cole, who is a delegate-at-large. The witness said he had given Cole $500 for "headquarters" purposes.

Cole Declared for Lowden.

Senator Kenyon promptly called attention to the fact that previous testimony before the committee showed Cole had received $1250 to "sound out" sentiment for Harding. Morse and Babler said they had understood Cole was for Lowden, with Senator Harding, "perhaps as a second choice."

"Here is a delegate-at-large with $1250 Harding money and $500 Lowden money," said Senator Kenyon. "Who is third choice?"

Additional information as to the Wood campaign in Michigan was presented by Fred A. Alger of Detroit, who said he had personally contributed $50,000 of the $54,000 Wood fund raised and expended in the state and already in the committee's records. He had also expended personally, he added, $22,000 or $25,000.

"I was proud to do it. I would do it again."

Johnson Personally Favored.

One feature of the Missouri situation which drew the attention of committee members particularly was the statements of Morse and Babler that when the Lowden project was first mentioned to them, they believed no sentiment had "crystalized for Lowden in Missouri." Both said they had personally favored the candidacy of Senator Johnson of California "as long as he had a chance." Babler added that in December or January of this year when the Lowden matter was taken up, he did not believe Johnson "had a ghost of a chance," which influenced his action.

Robert F. Wolfe, publisher of the Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch and the Ohio State Journal, testified that his papers "had taken an active part" in the recent Ohio primary contest between Major-General Leonard Wood and Senator Harding of that state.

"Politics in our state," he said, "is in the hands of an inside coterie of men, whom I have felt it a duty to oppose. I wanted to support Senator

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ALASKA FISH PIRATES RAID SALMON TRAPS

DESPERATE THIEVES IGNORE ARMED PATROL BOATS.

Watchman Held Up at Point of Rifle and Catch Removed by Men in Launch.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 1.—(Special.)—Coming like a challenge to the American government, the fish pirates of southeastern Alaska, including many of the most desperate characters in Pacific waters, have resumed their armed night raids in the fish traps of the salmon canning companies, this year's warfare beginning with a sudden descent on one of the traps of the Hawk Inlet plant owned by P. E. Harris and company of Seattle.

News that the pirates are operating again, despite the presence of submarine chasers in southeastern Alaska waters, was received in Seattle this morning.

Near the end of last month one of the piratical launches slipped up to trap number 3 of the Harris plant in Hawk Inlet at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, with two men aboard, both armed with rifles. They held up the watchman, stole all the salmon empounded in the trap then fled in their launch. Several other raids have followed.

Hawk Inlet is in the Icy strait district and the boldness of the raid is shown by the fact that a submarine chaser was patrolling these waters at the time. P. E. Harris, head of the Harris company, who was in Hawk Inlet, telegraphed the governor's office in Juneau.

BOY, 13, FORGERY SUSPECT

Lad Declared to Have Left Trail of Bad Checks.

John Radey, 13, was arrested last night by Inspectors Moloney and Schulpius and charged with forging the name of Mrs. Elizabeth Parry, superintendent of the children's home, 887 Corbett street, to two checks, which he is alleged to have cashed at the Ladd & Tilton bank. The boy met Mrs. Parry while he was an inmate in the home.

The lad is also alleged to have passed a check at the Multnomah hotel, and two more in Seattle, Wash., where his parents live. He was sent to the county jail and will be tried in the juvenile court. The Seattle authorities have asked for his return to that city.

NAVY FUND $430,000,000

Conference Report Adopted and Sent to Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The conference report on the $430,000,000 naval appropriation bill, including the legislative rider for a congressional commission to inspect Pacific coast bases, was adopted today by the house.

The report was sent to the senate, where it will be called up tomorrow.

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

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Coast League results: Portland 3, Salt Lake 1; Los Angeles 5, San Francisco 8; Seattle 7, Sacramento 3; Oakland 8, Vernon 3. Page 14.

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Wisterzil is real baseball Lazarus. Page 15.

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PRO-IRISH WOMEN HECKLE CONGRESS

Senate and House Both Thrown in Uproar.

WILD RACE GIVEN USHERS

Annoyers in Balcony Are Caught and Ejected.

VICE-PRESIDENT IS ROILED

Shout in House of "Throw Them Out" Is Answered by Yell That Job Is Too Big for All.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Both the senate and the house were thrown into an uproar today by an outburst of women sympathizers with Irish freedom.

There were evidently two parties to the demonstration, which started first in the senate during delivery of a speech by Senator Brandegee, republican, Connecticut, opposing acceptance of a mandate over Armenia. Later a woman eluded guards at the house door and with friends in the gallery shouted a challenge to members to deny their appeal in behalf of Ireland.

The women, answering a demand from the floor that they be thrown out and locked up, defied the entire house to attempt it, and as guards started after them they raced around the gallery, creating great disorder until they finally were subdued and ejected.

Offenders Permitted to Go.

Although the offenders werd escorted to the Capitol guardroom, no charges were lodged against them and they were permitted to go.

A woman's shrill voice from the gallery, breaking suddenly the proverbial dignity of the senate just after Senator Brandegee had referred to "the ravishes of the Hun," startled senators and attendants alike. As the woman shouted, "why not eject the English Hun from Ireland?" gallery guards made a rush in her direction, while the strident command from Vice-president Marshall to "put her out" led instantly to heckling from other parts of the gallery.

For a moment a whirlwind of questions swept down from the galleries while the vice-president, laying aside his gavel, shouted sharp, peremptory orders to the attendants to remove the women. Order finally was restored.

Woman Screams "Cowards!"

Word that the hecklers had invaded the senate reached the house before the women started the second performance. One young woman, however, slipped through the cloakroom door, planted herself in the main aisle and suddenly screamed "cowards!"

Instantly her companions in the gallery began screaming a volley of questions, all relating to the Irish question. For a few moments the hecklers seemed to control the activities of the house. Speaker Gillett's gavel kept up an insistent tapping and there were shouts of "throw them out," with an answering yell that the job was too big for all the house.

As the guards dashed after the hecklers, a wild race started around the benches, with everybody standing until the picket brigade finally was captured and put out.

D. T. O'Connell, director of the Friends of Irish Freedom, declared in a statement tonight that the heckling was "wholly without authority and without the knowledge of any responsible officer or representatives of the national council of the Friends of Irish Freedom or associated organizations."

Pullman Berth Rate Raised.

THE DALLES, Or., June 1.—(Special.)—An increase in Pullman berth rentals of 20 per cent, effective today, was announced at the local railway station. No reason was assigned for the advance.

THE OREGONIAN'S NEWS SERVICE FROM THE CONVENTIONS WILL EXCEL.

The Oregonian will cover the news of both of the great national party conventions to be held in June in a manner not approached by any competitor in its field. Mark Sullivan, premier political writer of the nation, will send daily reports. James J. Montague, known to Oregonians and one of the country's best writers on national topics, will cover the conventions for this newspaper. Edgar B. Piper, editor of The Oregonian, will telegraph home his daily impressions of convention events. Full Associated Press reports and special feature stories will be received daily and published in The Oregonian. It will be a covering in a big way of great events.