

PRESIDENT VETOS PEACE RESOLUTION

Knox Proposal Held Dishonorable to Nation.

PLEA MADE FOR TREATY

Versailles Covenant, Wilson Assents, Embodies World Objects in Final German Settlement.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—President Wilson vetoed the peace resolution today and informed congress that he would not become a party to the peace programme framed by republican leaders of the senate and house, because he considered it would put an ineffaceable stain on the nation's honor.

To establish technical peace by such a method, the president said in his veto message, would be to effect "a complete surrender of the rights of the United States so far as Germany is concerned" and to relinquish "all the high purposes which led to the establishment of an independent Polish state, or the continued maintenance of any kind of understanding among the great powers of the world which would be calculated to prevent in the future such outrages as Germany attempted, and in part consummated."

"We have not in effect declared that we do not care to take any further risks or to assume any further responsibilities with regard to the freedom of nations or the sacredness of international obligations or the safety of independent peoples. Such a peace with Germany—such a peace in which none of the essential interests which we had at heart when we entered the war is safeguarded—is, or ought to be, inconceivable, is inconsistent with the dignity of the United States, with the rights and liberties of her citizens, and with the very fundamental conditions of civilization."

"I think in these statements I have sufficiently set forth the reasons why I have felt it incumbent upon me to withhold my signature. "WOODROW WILSON, "The White House, May 27, 1920."

DEBS TO BE NOTIFIED

Committee to Take News of Nomination to Penitentiary.

NEW YORK, May 27.—A committee headed by Seymour Stedman left here tonight for the federal penitentiary to notify Eugene V. Debs, serving a term for violation of the espionage law of his nomination for president of the socialist party. The committee will go to the prison Saturday morning and seek permission to enter the cell to receive the notification and make a speech in reply.

Mr. Stedman, jokingly remarked that the committee might take up with Mr. Debs the matter of cabinet appointments.

"I think from the standpoint of public interest," Mr. Stedman said, "that if the matter has been fully presented to the president and the department of justice realizes what it means, they will release Mr. Debs from his confinement and this sentence. It might not be a good example to have a prisoner in a penitentiary accept the nomination for the presidency of the United States. It might have a tendency to take away the sting of imprisonment in the eyes of the public."

MR. SCHULDERMAN OUT

(Continued From First Page.)

When Governor Olcott was the most formidable candidate against Mr. Withycombe, it is said that Mr. Schulderman renewed his activities in behalf of Mr. Withycombe. Without this action on the part of Mr. Schulderman it is said to have dissuaded the executive, he said nothing and upon the death of Governor Withycombe in March, 1919, it was announced from the executive offices that none of the late governor's appointees would be removed from office unless the good of the service demanded such procedure. This announcement, it is said, applied to Mr. Schulderman as well as other officials.

Offense Believed Cause.

In asking Mr. Schulderman to resign today it is believed here that the governor took particular offense to a number of advertisements published in the press during the recent campaign for secretary of state, in which intimation was made that Sam A. Koser, successful nominee of the republican party, was an "office boy" and "rubber stamp." Friends of Governor Olcott declare it was apparent that these advertisements were intended as an indirect slap at the executive, and left the impression that Mr. Koser would be available for support.

Little Comment Heard.

For the most part senate and house leaders refrained from comment on the president's action. The general tenor of the talk on the republican side, however, was that the president and not congress should bear the responsibility of the nation remaining technically at war, while the democrats declared that the nation would hold the republican senate to account for failure to ratify the treaty.

Representative Peas of Ohio, chairman of the republican congressional committee, declared in a formal statement that the president alone was to blame and that the people were with the republican leaders in their attempt to end, through the resolution, "an intolerable situation."

The president's message follows: "To the House of Representatives: I return herewith, without my signature, house joint resolution 227, intended to repeal the joint resolution of April 6, 1917, declaring a state of war to exist between the United States and Germany, and the Austro-Hungarian government, and to declare a state of peace.

"I have not felt at liberty to sign this joint resolution because I cannot bring myself to become party to an action which would place an effaceable stain upon the gallantry and honor of the United States. The resolution seeks to establish peace with the German empire without exacting from the German government any action by way of settling right the infinite wrongs which it did to the people whom it attacked and whom we professed our purpose to assist when we entered the war.

Nation's Sacrifice Cited.

"Have we sacrificed the lives of more than 100,000 Americans and ruined the lives of thousands of others and brought upon thousands of American families unhappiness that can never end for purposes which we do not now care to state or to further steps to attain? The attainment of these purposes is provided for in the treaty of Versailles by terms deemed adequate by the leading statesmen and experts of all the great peoples who were associated in the war against Germany. Do we now not care to join in the effort to secure them?"

"We entered the war most expectantly. Our people were profoundly disinclined to take part in a European war, and at last did so, only because they became convinced that it could not in truth be regarded as only a European war, but must be regarded as a war in which civilization itself was involved and human rights of every kind as against a belligerent government. Moreover, when we entered the war, we set forth very definitely the purposes for which we entered, partly because we did not wish to be considered as merely taking part in a European contest. This joint resolution which I return does not seek to accomplish any of these objects, but in effect makes a complete surrender of the rights of the United States so far as the German government is concerned.

World Adopts U. S. View.

"A treaty of peace was signed at Versailles June 28, last, which did seek to accomplish the objects which we had declared to be in our minds, because all the great governments and peoples which united against Germany had adopted our declarations of purpose as their own and had in solemn form embodied them in communications to the German government preliminary to the armistice of November 11, 1918. But the treaty as signed at Versailles has been rejected by the senate of the United States, though it has been ratified by Germany. By that rejection and by its methods we have in effect declared that we wish to draw apart and pursue objects and interests of our own, unimpeded by any connections or interest of purpose with other governments and peoples.

"Notwithstanding the fact that upon our entrance into the war we professed to be seeking to assist in the maintenance of the common interest, nothing is said in this resolution about the freedom of navigation upon

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DIAZ AGAINST REBELS

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BONUS TACTICS CHANGED

NEW PLAN ADOPTED TO GET ACTION ON MEASURE.

Relief Bill to Be Brought Before House and Considered Under Limited Debate.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Republican leaders of the house have adopted a new programme to bring action on the soldier relief legislation.

Chairman Fordney, in charge of the relief bill, announced that he planned to have the measure considered tomorrow under limited debate, after which the legislation could only be accepted or rejected.

Under this procedure democrats favoring some sort of soldier relief legislation would be forced to accept the republican plan or go on record as opposed to soldier relief.

Chairman Campbell of the rules committee in a speech said the legislation was being blocked by 49 anti-bonus republicans, aiding the "solid democratic opposition," and declared congress had "rewarded war contractors and almost everyone else but the men who did the actual fighting."

IOWA ATTORNEY ACCUSED

Collusion With Packers Charged by South Dakota Lawyer.

SIoux CITY, Ia., May 27.—A charge that State Attorney-General Havener

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