Morning Oregonian.

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DARK HORSE MAY WIN CONVENTION

Choice of Wood Regarded as Problematical.

FIRST BALLOT MUST DECIDE

Campaign Animosities May Become Disadvantage.

SECOND VOTES PROBLEM

Stern Warfare Policy Good One Provided It Wins Majority on First Rollcall of Votes.

BY MARK SULLIVAN.

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WASHINGTON, April 23.—Less than seven weeks from today the republican nomination will be made. Who the nominee will be is not any clearer now than it has been at any time heretofore. And in the six weeks and a day which will elapse before the convention opens there is not any event now foreseeable which will make the outcome more easily predictable than it now is. The most probable thing that can be said about the situation is that it will be an open convention in which the nominee will be determined chiefly by events occurring within the convention after it opens.

It is still true, as it always has been, that General Wood has more first-choice delegates instructed for him, or otherwise favorable to him, than any other candidate. But the nomination is going to be determined not by first-choice delegates, but by second-choice delegates.

Calculations Are Difficult.

Even if General Wood should have the most exceptional good fortune in the various primaries next week and throughout the remainder of the campaign, it is still difficult to compute where he can get much more than half the number of delegates necessary to nominate. (The total number of delegates is 984—necessary to nominate 493.) The actuarial politicians who figure closely on such matters say that about 280 is the maximum that General Wood can expect to have on the first ballot. He may have appreciably less.

If this estimate is correct, General Wood must how depend for success upon the ability of his managers to obtain for him about 250 additional delegates, more or less, who will vote for him as second choice after they have ceased, for one reason or another, to vote for their first choice. For the getting of these second-choice delegates General Wood is handicapped beyond any of the other candidates. He and his managers have followed a policy of stern warfare against every other candidate. That is a very good policy provided it is successful enough to roll up a majority on the first ballot.

Policy Creates Bitterness.

But lacking that degree of success, it is a poor policy, for it creates bitterness and arouses enmities which make delegates and leaders disinclined to turn to the aggressor. In the campaign so far General Wood has lived by the sword, and in the convention he must abide by the sword. However, Frank Hitchcock is now supposed to be engaged upon a gumshoe rounding up of the required number of second-choice delegates. He is operating in great secrecy. What success he is having none of us will be permitted to know until the convention opens.

Governor Lowden of Illinois continues, as heretofore, to be likely to have the second largest number of delegates on the first ballot. When it comes to getting additional delegates from other candidates who drop out, or from delegates who change their allegiance for one reason or another, Governor Lowden is in a much better position than General Wood. The feeling among delegates and leaders alike is generally friendly to him.

Johnson Forecast as Third.

Senator Johnson of California will have the third largest number of delegates on the first ballot. In the campaign he has had some spectacular successes and these have given him credit for a strength in the convention beyond what he is likely actually to develop. It is commonly said, for example, that Senator Johnson can prevent the nomination of anyone he doesn't like and that he can swing his delegates this way or that way. It is not true that Senator Johnson will have any large number of delegates that he can swing this way or that way. The number of delegates that he can swing will not be so large as the number who will feel obliged to vote for him. For example, Johnson carried Michigan and every one of the 30 delegates from that state must vote for Johnson for at least as many ballots as will satisfy the rather vague requirement of the Michigan primary law. But among those 30 Michigan delegates I think there is scarcely one who is friendly to Johnson personally.

Every one of them will welcome the chance to get out from under his primary obligation and cast his vote for someone to whom he is in his

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WOMAN DIES WHEN TRAIN WRECKS AUTO

MRS. E. SCHOOR, HUBBARD, VICTIM OF COLLISION.

Husband in Critical Condition From Injuries and Shock of Accident.

HUBBARD, Or., April 23.—(Special.)—Mrs. E. Schoor, 34, is dead and her husband, Dr. E. Schoor, is in a critical condition from nervous shock as result of their automobile in which they were riding being struck by a northbound Southern Pacific freight train here at 7:50 o'clock tonight. Mrs. Schoor was thrown several yards by the collision and received a fracture of the skull. She died three minutes later at the home of Dr. Weaver where she was taken following the accident. The automobile was demolished.

Dr. Schoor, when thrown from the car, sustained internal injuries but his nervous condition as result of the shock rendered diagnosis difficult.

The accident occurred at the north grade crossing near the city limits. Witnesses, of whom there were about 25, assert that no whistle signal was given by the train as it approached the crossing. The view of the track is obscured by buildings.

The county coroner at Salem was notified at once and an inquest will be held at 10:30 o'clock tonight.

FRANK GOULD SUMMONED

Service in Divorce Action on Cruelty Charge Is Ordered.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Supreme Court Justice McAvoy today granted an order to Edith Kelly Gould to serve summons and complaint in a suit for separation from her husband, Frank Jay Gould. Service upon Mr. Gould is to be made by mail at his address, Maison Lafitte, 5 Avenue Piacard, Paris.

Mrs. Gould was divorced by her husband under a decision of the civil court at Versailles, France, in April, 1919, but she refused to recognize its validity. In her separation suit she accuses Mr. Gould of cruelty and intoxication, alleging it is "altogether unsafe and improper for her to live with the defendant." They have been living apart for more than a year.

FIRE LOSS $325,000,000

Arson Plays Little Part in Damage Throughout U. S.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Fire losses in the United States in 1919 totaled $325,000,000, John G. Gamber, president of the Fire Marshals' Association of North America, said today at a meeting of the executive committee.

Shingle roofs, imperfect electrical installation and carelessness were the causes of a majority of the fires. Fires from arson amounted to less than 2 per cent of the total. An extensive campaign of education against fire losses will be conducted this year, he said.

POTATOES TO GO HIGHER

Another Price Advance Coming, Say The Dalles Dealers.

THE DALLES, Or., April 23.—(Special.)—Potatoes are due for another price advance, say local dealers. The present price is 9 cents.

New potatoes, which are just beginning to arrive from the south, on the basis of wholesale quotations, will retail for 18 cents a pound. This high price, however, will not stand for long, say dealers. Produce firms have contracted for Texas potatoes at $8.75 a hundred. When these potatoes reach Oregon they should retail for about 15 cents a pound.

MODERN DANCES TABOO

Catholic Church of Friburg, Switzerland, Permits Waltz.

GENEVA, April 23.—Modern dances, including the tango, fox trot and others, have been prohibited as "immoral" by the Catholic authorities of the canton of Friburg.

Only the old dances, such as the waltz, will be permitted in public places and at balls. Visitors at hotels, however, are not affected by the regulation.

The question of decolette also was discussed by the Catholic authorities, but no decision on the subject was reached.

DOME IS MARRIAGE ALTAR

Portland Man Weds on Topmost Peak of California Capital.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 23.—L. A. Stockdale of Portland, Or., and Miss Lillian Jones of Sacramento selected the dome of the California state capitol as a place to wed. Accompanied by a clergyman they climbed to the scaffolding on the topmost peak of the dome and there plighted their vows.

The marriage altar, therefore, was 240 feet from the ground.

GERMAN RUHR FORCE CUT

Government Notifies France Troops Within Treaty Limit.

LONDON, April 23.—A note has been dispatched to Paris by the German government, according to a Berlin wireless message received here.

The note states that the German troops in the Ruhr district no longer exceed the number stipulated by the peace treaty.

COUNCIL DECIDES TO FREE ARMENIA

Refusal of Mandatory Prompts Council Act.

NITTI PREDICTS NEW WAR

Italy Will Not Send One Man to Keep Peace, He Says.

LEAGUE SEEMS IGNORED

Council Refuses to Float Loan or to Grant Troops to Keep Peace in Turkey.

SAN REMO, April 23.—Armenia is to be created an independent state. This decision was reached by the supreme council of the allies today because neither the United States nor any other power was willing to accept a mandate over the country.

The Turkish treaty has been almost finished by the council. Premier Nitti of Italy gave his opinion of the treaty in the remarks he made to the council, saying, "I am constrained to tell you that this treaty to my mind, is a more imperfect production than anything the peace conference has done."

"You will have a war in Asia-Minor and Italy will not send a single soldier nor pay a single lire," said Signor Nitti, in an interview today following a critical analysis by him of the Turkish peace treaty.

"You have taken from the Turks their sacred city of Adrianople," said Signor Nitti. "You have placed their capital city under foreign control; you have taken from them every port and larger part of their territory. And the five Turkish delegates whom you will select will sign a treaty which will not have the sanction of the Turkish people or the Turkish parliament."

The boundaries of Armenia have not been defined, and the new republic will probably be rather contracted, as it is believed that the smaller the country the more easily can it take care of itself, because if too many Turks are left within its confines they might overthrow the government."

League Declared Slighted.

The comment of those in close relation with the council is that the league of nations has been rather slightingly treated respecting Armenia. The council sent a somewhat vague letter to the league asking it to take the mandate. The league executive at a meeting in Paris replied favorably, but called attention to the fact that it had no funds and no staff, suggesting that the council should authorize an international loan guaranteed by the powers composing the council.

The council was also requested to eject the Turkish forces from the borders of the new state. These proposals have not been accepted by the council, which thus declines to avail itself of the league as a suitable mandatory. It is understood that if the league had been provided with money it might have arranged with neutral governments to exer-

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TWO KILLED, ONE HURT AS ENGINE EXPLODES

LOGGING FIREMAN AND BRAKEMAN DIE NEAR WENDLING.

Boiler of Locomotive on Line of Booth-Kelly Lumber Company Hurled High in Air.

EUGENE, Or., April 23.—(Special.)—Two men were killed and one was badly injured when the boiler of one of the logging locomotives of the Booth-Kelly Lumber company, on the railroad between Wendling and the upper camps, exploded this afternoon about 3 o'clock. Charles Schultz, fireman, aged 32 years, was killed almost instantly, and Chauncey Meacham, brakeman, aged 20, died on the way to Eugene an hour later.

Oscar Parrish, engineer, was seriously injured, sustaining a painful wound in the leg, and he was badly scalded. He was sent to the Eugene hospital. Little hope was held by the physicians for his recovery. Ord Crow, a brakeman who was on the rear of the short train which the engine was pulling, was uninjured.

The cause of the explosion of the boiler is unknown, but it is presumed that the water had run low.

The train was on the way from Wendling to an upper camp to get a load of logs for the mill. It was climbing one of the grades when the explosion occurred. Fireman Schultz was thrown 200 feet away by the force of the explosion and the boiler was hurled 200 feet into the air.

Schultz is survived by a widow. He was the son-in-law of J. H. Kissinger, a pioneer of Fall Creek, and had been in the employ of the company for a number of years. The other men also have been working for the company for a considerable time.

Coroner Branstetter and a boiler inspector arrived at Wendling tonight at 7 o'clock. An inquest will be held.

A. C. Dixon, manager of the Booth-Kelly Lumber company, said a thorough investigation of the accident would be made.

S. C. PIER ELECTED CHIEF

Portland Man President of Coast Park Commissioners.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., April 23.—At the closing session of the International Association of Park Commissioners of the Pacific coast here last night S. C. Pier of Portland was elected president; John Duncan, Spokane, vice-president, and C. P. Keyser, Portland, secretary. The next convention will be held in Portland in June, 1921.

City Commissioner Pier, who was elected president of the International Association of Park Commissioners of the Pacific coast, is commissioner in charge of the park bureau of Portland. C. P. Keyser, who is the new secretary of the association, is park superintendent in Portland.

Both officials left Portland early this week for Bellingham to attend the convention, which includes park commissions of all cities on the Pacific coast from Vancouver, B. C., to San Diego, Cal.

MEXICO ALONE PROTESTS

Landing of U. S. Marines in Guatemala Is Disliked.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Mexico alone protested against the landing of American marines in Guatemala to protect foreigners during the recent revolution there.

This was told in advices today from Guatemala City.

IMPORTS OF GOLD SHOW BIG INCREASE

ENGLAND SENDS $38,000,000 IN 10-DAY PERIOD.

Imports of Silver From All Countries Aggregate $3,439,738, and Exports $7,521,793.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Gold imports from England jumped to nearly $38,000,000 during the first 10 days in April, according to figures made public tonight by the federal reserve board. The great increase in gold movement from England was shown by the further statement that for the first three months of the year less than $12,000,000 was sent to this country.

Imports from other countries for the 10-day period were negligible, with the exception of Ecuador, which, in its first shipment to the United States this year, sent $124,874. Outside of this, imports from South America were only $500. Imports from Asia were $103,975; from North American countries $342,350, and Europe $39,902,183. New Zealand delivered $104,596.

Gold exports for the 10 days aggregated $6,543,402, of which $3,500,000 went to Argentina and $2,571,555 to China.

Exports of silver exceeded the import movement of that metal for the 10-day period by approximately $4,100,000. The total imports from all countries were $3,439,738, against exports of $7,521,793. Mexico sent $2,773,988 in silver. Of the exports the largest shipment, $5,067,733, went to China. The total imports of silver, by grand divisions, were: From Europe, $11,936; North American countries, $2,773,988; South America, $519,878; Asia, $133,936. Exports to the same divisions were: To Europe, $125,400; North American countries, $1,000,947; Asia, $6,395,446.

INDIANAPOLIS SHOWS GAIN

Increase of 34.5 Per Cent Over Population of 1910 Is Shown.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Census returns announced today were as follows:

Indianapolis, Ind., 314,194, increase 80,544, or 34.5 per cent.

Wilmington, Del., 110,168, increase 22,757, or 26 per cent.

Warren, Pa., 14,256, increase 3176, or 20.7 per cent.

Kokomo, Ind., 30,060, increase 13,057, or 76.8 per cent.

Ironton, O., 14,007, increase 860, or 6.5 per cent.

Dodge City, Kan., 5061, increase 1847, or 57.5 per cent.

Marysville, Cal., 5461, increase 31, or 0.6 per cent.

Carnegie, Pa., 11,516, increase 1507, or 15.1 per cent.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., 9130, increase 277, or 2.7 per cent.

Springfield, Ohio, 60,840, increase 13,919 or 29.7 per cent.

Webster City, Iowa, 5657, increase 449 or 8.6 per cent.

Clinton, Mass., 12,964, increase 111 or .8 per cent.

Westfield, Mass., 18,603, increase 2559 or 15.9 per cent.

Homestead, Pa., 20,452, increase 1739 or 9.3 per cent.

Gadsden, Ala., 14,737, increase 4180 or 39.6 per cent.

FORMER SENATOR IS DEAD

Judge Nathan Goff of West Virginia Passes Away Suddenly.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., April 23.—Judge Nathan Goff, former United States senator from West Virginia, died suddenly late today, aged 78 years.

For many years he was a federal judge and served in the lower house of congress six years.

CAILLAUX EXILED FOR HELPING FOES

Ex-Premier of France Is Convicted by Senate.

ENEMY COMMERCE CHARGED

Five-Year Banishment and Disfranchisement Given.

VOTE LOST FOR 10 YEARS

Three Years' Imprisonment Also Imposed, but Already Served While Awaiting Trial.

PARIS, April 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—Joseph Caillaux, ex-premier of France, tonight in the Neuilly hospital listened to the reading of the sentence of the senate which, sitting as a high court of justice, yesterday convicted him of "commerce and correspondence with the enemy."

Three years' imprisonment, five years' forced residence in a town to be selected by the minister of the interior and ten years' loss of political rights, the latter clause carrying with it inability to vote or hold office, was the sentence imposed.

The document was read by a court officer sent to the hospital for the purpose, after it had been promulgated before the senate tonight by Leon Bourgeois, the presiding officer. Caillaux was not present in the senate chamber.

Caillaux Makes No Comment.

The prisoner made no comment after the official made known the contents of the document, but his face showed signs of deep sadness. Asked by the newspaper men whether he desired to make a statement, Caillaux replied: "I shall be at your disposal tomorrow or the next day when I am released."

It is understood that a secret meeting of the high court prior to the reading of the terms of the verdict against Caillaux it was agreed that the time Caillaux has spent in prison and in the hospital shall apply to the three years' imprisonment term imposed and that therefore Caillaux will be liberated tomorrow.

The prisoner was in jail for 27 months and this time, added to the period he has been in the hospital constitutes the service of the full term of imprisonment imposed by the senate.

Guilt Heard Pronounced.

The decision not to bring Caillaux before the senate tonight provoked rumors that he would be released during the night.

M. Moutet of counsel for Caillaux said the prisoner was willing to appear before the senate to hear the verdict of condemnation. At the morning session Caillaux had listened to the court pronounce the verdict of guilty of violating article 78 of the military code, and declared in reply to the usual question that he had nothing to say.

After the morning session the court went into secret session to frame

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DIVORCE ON "TRUMPED UP CHARGES" DECRIED

"FASCINATION FOR SOMEONE ELSE" MAKES TROUBLE.

Evil "Worse Plague Than Saloon Ever Was," Declares Advocate of Federal Divorce Law.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—More than 50 per cent of the divorces granted in this country are based on "trumped up charges" resulting from the fascination of the husband or wife for some one else, Francis Minor Moody, of Chicago, executive secretary of the International Committee on Marriage and Divorce, declared yesterday before the senate judiciary committee.

Appearing in support of a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment providing for uniform federal marriage and divorce laws, Mr. Moody charged that the newspapers refused to print articles dealing with the seriousness of the divorce situation because many of the men connected with the newspapers "are of that kind."

The witness declared that the divorce evil "was a worse plague than the saloon ever was," and that the remedy was in federal legislation. He told the committee that in 1916 the divorce rate in the United States was 136 per 100,000, exceeding that of Japan where, he said, the divorce situation always had been recognized as serious.

PALMER NOTICES DROP

Decline in Clothing Prices Said to Be Result of Campaign.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Attorney-General Palmer said today he was convinced from reports to the department of justice "that definite results are now showing themselves" in the government's campaign to force down living costs. Mr. Palmer said that while the drop has been only slight in the last month, the campaign has acted as a brake against rising prices.

Some articles, however, he said, particularly clothing, have dropped as much as 15 per cent in cost to the consumer.

Mr. Palmer said he believed the overall movement indicated a purpose on the part of the public to buy more carefully.

BONDS TO BE CONVERTED

Permanent Issue to Replace Short Coupon Paper Announced.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—Permanent bonds bearing the full number of interest coupons will be issued beginning May 1 to replace the temporary "short coupon" bonds of the first, second and third liberty loans, John U. Calkins, governor of the 12th federal reserve bank has announced.

The decision to set the date for May 1, he said, was dictated by the fact that holders of the first and second loans must present bonds for conversion prior to June 15 and May 1 in order to receive benefit of the increased rate.

Bonds of the fourth loan will not be exchanged at this time, but probably will be taken care of before next October.

HEIGHTH RECORD BROKEN

French Aviator Sets New Altitude for Hydro-Airplane.

NICE, France, April 23.—A French aviator named Sadi today established what is said to be an altitude record for a hydro-airplane.

He flew over Monte Carlo and reached a height of 6350 meters in 1 hour 7 minutes.

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JOHNSON GETS BIG LEAD IN MONTANA

Early Returns Indicate Sweeping Victory.

ALL RIVALS FAR OUTPACED

Lowden Noses Out Californian in Only 5 Precincts.

NO DEMOCRAT IN RACE

Under State Law, People Vote Directly on Choice for President, Electors and Delegates.

HELENA, Mont., April 23.—Early returns from Montana's presidential primary today indicated a sweeping victory for Senator Hiram Johnson of California, although few returns had been received from the rural districts.

Registration for the primary was estimated at 180,000, but the vote was said to have been light.

Under the Montana primary law the people vote directly on their choice for president, in addition to expressing their presidential preference, electors and delegates to the national convention were chosen today. There was no democratic candidate for president.

Returns came in slowly, the newspapers gathering them having to wait until late for the distant precincts. At 10 o'clock returns from 58 scattering precincts out of 1500 gave Johnson, 1810; Lowden, 225; Wood, 209; Hoover, 271; Harding, 41.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., April 23.—The Tribune's totals for 22 precincts in nine counties in the state, including 13 in Cascade county, give Johnson, 2965; Lowden, 437; Wood, 477; Harding, 38; Hoover, 716.

Fifteen precincts in Cascade county gave Harding 32, Hoover 703, Johnson 148, Lowden 113, Wood 138. Two precincts from Teton county and two from Roosevelt county are the only ones so far reported in which Johnson was defeated, Lowden carried them.

HITCHCOCK NOT AFFECTED

Withdrawal Practically Assures Leadership by Underwood.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska withdrew today from the race for democratic leader of the senate, thus virtually assuring the selection of Senator Underwood of Alabama at the democratic conference called for Tuesday night.

Senator Hitchcock's announcement was made in a letter to senate democrats. He said his withdrawal from the fight would conduce to democratic harmony and would accord with his individual plans, which would not permit him during the remainder of the year to undertake the duties of minority leader which devolved upon him with the retirement from the senate of the late Senator Martin of Virginia.

The withdrawal of the Nebraska senator breaks the deadlock which developed at the party caucus January 15, when the first effort was made to select a successor to Senator Martin.

"I now desire to terminate this deadlock," wrote Senator Hitchcock, "and hereby withdraw my name from the contest. This will conduce to democratic harmony and will accord with my individual plans, which will not permit me during the remainder of the year to undertake such continuous service in the senate as I have had during the past 12 months.

"The year during which I have acted as democratic leader has been one of responsibility and difficulty, but one of pleasure also, because of the consideration shown me by party colleagues, whether they agreed with me or not.

"I desire particularly to thank those who have supported me in this contest and to say to all that I shall be glad, in resuming my position as vice-chairman, to co-operate as heretofore with the chosen leader."

Senator Hitchcock was the democratic leader throughout the long peace treaty fight and it was explicitly stated at the White house and by Senator Underwood that, irrespective of the outcome of the election for leadership, he would continue as the administration spokesman should the treaty fight be renewed.

NEBRASKA IS WON BY BRYAN

Commoner Has 10 Delegates to Hitchcock's 6.

OMAHA, Neb., April 23.—W. J. Bryan will control the Nebraska delegation to the democratic national convention, returns from 1467 precincts out of 1849 precincts compiled by the newspapers indicated here tonight. These figures give Bryan ten delegates and Hitchcock six. Previous returns showed an even split.

Bryan's own position in the contest for delegate-at-large was not so secure as it appeared yesterday. He dropped from first to second place in the vote outside Douglas county and was leading Berge (R) by 1136 votes for fourth place. Among the counties

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TOO BUSY.