

FIGHT OF JUNGLE ENDED BY ARREST

Truck Agent Caught as He
Reaches Scotland, S. D.

BAIL RAISED TO \$15,000

Second Complaint Is Filed—Infor-
mation on Hand to Warrant
Issuance of Five More.

While private detective agencies were scouring the country for the fugitive manager of the Diamond T truck agency, Sheriff Hurlburt's office intercepted his cross-country flight by telegram to Scotland, S. D., where he was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Treiber as he alighted from a train yesterday morning.

Though word was expected at any time yesterday that Jungue would waive extradition and return to Portland without a fight, up to a late hour last night nothing more had been heard from the South Dakota fugitive but the notice of capture. Deputy Sheriff Schirmer will leave to get Jungue as soon as proper extradition papers are prepared.

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FUNDS FOR ROAD SOUGHT

Douglas Delegation Asks for Dis-
bursement of Old Taxes.

ROSEBURG, Or., April 9.—(Special.)—A delegation of citizens, representing the residents of Looking Glass valley, Flour valley and the Reston community, adjacent to the Coos Bay wagon road, today asked the county court to order the delinquent taxes recently received by Douglas county from the government from the Coos Bay wagon road grant lands, for the years 1908 to 1919, apportioned to the Coos Bay wagon road.

The delegation asserted that since the lands in question are along the Coos Bay road, this highway is entitled to the delinquent taxes, and while other roads have received apportionments to the extent of thousands of dollars, the Coos Bay wagon road has been neglected. Of the amount of these delinquent taxes going to the general fund, the delegation asked for about \$10,000.

J. A. CHURCHILL ON TOUR

Speeches Made Favoring 2-Mill
Educational Tax Bill.

SALEM, Or., April 9.—(Special.)—J. A. Churchill, state superintendent of public instruction, returned here today from Scotts Mills, where he spoke before a large crowd on the two-mill elementary school tax bill. Mr. Churchill will give a similar talk tonight at Seaside and tomorrow he will address a community meeting to be held at Lebanon.

Mr. Churchill said today that thousands of people throughout the state appear to be ignorant of the provisions of the proposed elementary school tax law and that is a considerable opposition to its passage on the grounds that it will increase taxes. He believed, however, that the measure would pass as would the bills providing for the support and maintenance of the higher educational institutions of the state.

Obituary.

MEDFORD, Or., April 9.—(Special.)—In the death of Ann Beall on Beall lane, north of Medford, Wednesday, Oregon lost one of her well-known pioneer women of this section. She was more than 80 years old and was born in Champaign county, Ohio, and at the age of 10 years crossed the plains with her uncle, William H. Riddle, and family, when they emi-

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She was the mother of 12 children, but her daughter, Eunice, at whose home she had been living while in Baker, is the only member of the family now living.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 9.—(Special.)—Mrs. Clara McQuaig, 65 years old, wife of Angus McQuaig, died today after an illness of five months. Mrs. McQuaig was born at East Tem-

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Decree Follows Monroe Doc-
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BUREAU TO BE ABOLISHED

Under Terms of Proposed Scheme,
Union Fostered by Uncle Sam
Will No Longer Function.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(By the Associated Press.)—After studying the state department's interpretation of the Monroe doctrine, sent several weeks ago, the congress of Salvador adopted a decree proposing the creation of a Latin American court of arbitration with the United States excluded.

Should the proposed court so decide, the Pan-American union, with headquarters here, the Central American court of justice of Carago and the international bureau of Guatemala, in the formation of which the United States was instrumental, would be abolished.

It was learned today that copies of the decree had been communicated to the state department, but has not been most suitable with a view to through other official channels, the decree follows:

Authority Given Executive.
The executive is hereby authorized to address the plenipotentiaries of the Latin American countries through whatever instrumentalities he may deem most suitable for the purpose of bringing to their knowledge and consideration the establishment of a court of arbitration to settle international differences and order arising among the signatory powers, subject to the following conditions:

Each of the plenipotentiaries shall name through its respective legislative branch a judicial representative who shall serve for the period fixed by its constitution. The seat of the court shall be chosen by the governments.

The signatory powers shall submit to the court all questions that might give rise to international complications which they cannot be settled by the members involved. In the event of a conflict arising between the signatory powers and another nation not signatory to the court, and no agreement having been reached, the signatory powers shall be bound to render assistance with their land and sea forces. The country benefited shall be obliged to bear the expenses, according to its resources, and in the discretion of the court.

Ship Aid Proposed.
The court shall aid in the construction of ships among the signatory powers which do not possess a navy and these shall be devoted in times of peace to trade purposes and during the war to coastwise defense.

Should civil war break out in a signatory power, the court may intervene to preserve the peace and the horrors whenever it shall deem it necessary, and the other powers shall render their aid as may be determined.

The court shall devote special attention to the settlement of disputes, uniform legislation among the signatory powers and to stimulating the friendliest possible relations.

The executive is hereby authorized to offer the capital of the republic to the other nations in the event that no other choice for the first meeting, and to pay the necessary expenses.

After the installation of the Latin American court of justice of Carago, the international bureau of Guatemala and the international bureau of American republics (the Pan-American union) with its seat in Washington, D. C., shall function should the court so decide.

REPORTS OF THE VARIOUS COUNTY AGENTS FILED IN THE OFFICE OF MR. MARIS SHOW THAT 4569 FARMERS WERE VISITED, 29,000 FARMERS CALLED ON COUNTY AGENTS AND 1233 MEETINGS WERE ATTENDED BY APPROXIMATELY 50,000 PERSONS.

Extension schools in 13 of the counties were attended by 22,000 farmers. Automobile excursions were particu-

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