

SPRING FAVORITE
SOME OF WOODPENN

Governor Is Overwhelmingly
First Choice of State.

76 DELEGATES ARE ENVIED

Rich Pickings Other Candidates
Expect to Acquire After First Ballot
in Republican Convention.

(Copyright by The Sun and New York Herald. Published by Arrangement.)
NEW YORK, April 7.—(Special.)—Pennsylvania has a favorite son for the republican presidential nomination—Governor William C. Sproul. He is overwhelmingly the first choice of that state, according to a poll of the county chairmen.

Major-General Leonard Wood is the second choice. Sproul received 31.2 per cent of all the first-choice ballots cast, with Wood taking the remaining 27 per cent.

On second choice Wood got 34 per cent, with Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois coming next with 23.2 per cent. Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio came next with 14.5, while 12 per cent of all the chairmen casting their second choice voted for Senator Philander C. Knox, who might be called a "favorite" son.

Democrats of Pennsylvania also have a favorite son in the person of Attorney-General A. Mitchell Palmer. Eighty per cent of all the democratic chairmen in their returns indicated that Palmer was the choice of the democrats of the county. The democrats place honors on the democratic ticket. McAdoo, Bryan, Wilson and Hoover each received one mention.

Pennsylvania Has 76 Delegates.
Pennsylvania will send 76 delegates, 12 of them at large, to the national convention in Chicago. This will be the largest delegation excepting that of New York state. Naturally, all the political managers in their hunt for delegates are looking with longing eyes on the riches in Pennsylvania. They do not understand that Governor Sproul is a serious candidate and believe the "pickings" for the other candidates will begin to materialize after the first ballot in Chicago.

The delegates will be elected at a primary May 18. It is a presidential preference primary, the entrance to which may be obtained by filing a petition with only 100 signatures, representing not less than ten counties.

Entries for the preference and for candidates for delegates do not close until April 8. It is understood that the Wood, Lowden and Harding managers do not intend to contest the preference with Governor Sproul, their work being devoted to intensive cultivation of delegates and makers of delegates with a view to convincing them that their particular man should be the residuary legate of Sproul.

Penrose's Return Awaited.
Everybody in Pennsylvania, as well as in some other states, incidentally is waiting for Senator Boies Penrose to return from Palm Beach, hoping that then they will find out whom he will favor in the presidential race. His friends assert that he does not care for Wood at all. The rumor is that he will finally land in the Harding or the Lowden camp.

Morris L. Coates, consulting engineer who has been identified with republican politics in Philadelphia, has formed an active Herbert Hoover club. He was director of public works in Mayor Blankenburg's cabinet, 1911-1915.

A Hoover movement is also under way among the faculty and undergraduates of the University of Pennsylvania. The Hoover people say they will enter his name for the presidential preference, but if he follows his precedent in other states he will not permit this.

While Attorney-General Palmer, with Vance McCormick, former chairman of the democratic national committee, controls the machine of their party in Pennsylvania, they will not have entirely smooth sailing, it is reported.

FRICITION IN JERUSALEM

TROUBLE DEVELOPS WITH RELIGIOUS OBSERVANCES.
Muslims and Christians Fairly Harmonious, but Ottomans and Jews Frequently Clash.

CAIRO, April 7.—While details of the clashes between Moslems and Jews in Jerusalem are withheld, indicating that a censorship has been imposed, it is pointed out that the Moslems now are celebrating "Passover" and the Jews the "Passover" and the Christians Easter. There is always risk of collisions during the processions, incidental to these observances, which there have been a number in former years.

Travelers say that anti-Semitic feeling has developed recently among Arabs, but that there has been no show of hostility between the Moslems and Christians. When processions of Moslems and Christians met on April 3 not an unfriendly word was uttered, but bands of Moslems and Jews clashed the same day at the Jaffa gate, the Jews crying: "We won the country by the sword and will keep it by the sword."

A melee ensued, but British soldiers calmed the trouble. There were subsequent disturbances, Jews being attacked whenever met.

GUNS SWEEP GERMANS

(Continued From First Page.)
It is even some anxiety regarding the probable course of the allied governments.

Banking, financial and business circles are more outspoken. The opinion is freely expressed that intervention was unimpaired and detrimental to French interests.

At the stock exchange today the belief was expressed that the French government fell into a trap cleverly laid by the German government to separate France from her allies by asking for individual French authorization to enter the Ruhr district and putting it up to France alone to refuse Germany permission to take military measures.

The dollar rose today to the highest point ever known—61.26—and the pound sterling to 61.10. The Belgian franc even rose to 1.09. On the other hand French francs decreased on all markets.

The German mark reached 25 centimes, a rise of five points since last Friday.

FIRST PHOTO TO REACH AMERICA OF LEADER OF UNSUCCESSFUL GERMAN REVOLUTION.



—Photo Copyright by Underwood. DR. ALEXANDER VON KAPP.

government a note protesting against the French occupation of Frankfurt and other territory on the right bank of the Rhine.

MASSONS FLOCK TO MORO

EASTER SERVICE HELD BY SEVERAL LODGES JOINTLY.
Even Train Crew Is Composed of Members of Order—Women Taken to Special Service.

THE DALLAS, Or., April 7.—(Special.)—One of the most notable gatherings of Massons ever held in eastern Oregon was the pilgrimage of Columbia commandery of Knights Templar of The Dalles on Sunday for the Knights Templar on the trip. A party of Massons and their wives and daughters joined the party at Wasco.

The experience in the opera-house at Moro were particularly impressive and inspiring. The sermon was delivered by Dr. J. C. Ghormley, of Wasco, a prominent member of the Knights Templar. The address of the day was delivered by E. G. Jones of Portland, who was present as the special guest of Columbia commandery.

The keynote of his talk was the spirit of American chivalry, and the practical exemplification of this spirit in all the teachings of Knights Templarism. J. H. Richmond, grand high priest of the Royal Arch Masons of Oregon, and T. H. West, vice-president of American chivalry, and a high Mason, were present as honored invited guests.

Of the return trip to The Dalles a stop was made at Wasco, where an elaborate banquet was served to nearly 600. The principal address of the evening was delivered by F. V. Gallo-way, prosecuting attorney of Wasco county. J. H. Richmond and T. H. West of Portland, as well as a number of prominent Masons of The Dalles and Wasco, also addressed the gathering, which was presided over by J. B. Ingalls of Dalles.

The O-W-R-R & N. company especially honored Columbia commandery in the selection of the entire crew in charge of the special excursion train that made the run to Moro from The Dalles and return from Moro to The Dalles, and the members of the company's employ who are members of the commandery of Knights Templar at The Dalles.

MRS. DANIELS DELEGATE

Wife of Secretary to Represent Women of America at Alliance.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Mrs. Joseph Daniels, wife of the secretary of the navy, has been appointed by President Wilson as the official delegate to represent American women at the eighth congress of the International Woman Suffrage alliance in Geneva, Switzerland, in June. It was announced today.

Thirteen nations will be represented.

Redress Is Promised

A proclamation addressed by the German government to the inhabitants of the towns occupied by the French was issued today. It says: "Less than 14,000 troops have been collected in the Ruhr district, or almost the exact number permitted by the agreement with the entente. France has regarded it as reconcilable with the state of peace to occupy flourishing German towns as a reprisal. The world's peace has never been more monstrously played with than it has been just now by France."

"It is that hard-hearted opponent which alone is responsible for making you the victim of this Skylock policy. The imperial government will do everything it can to shorten your period of suffering. It will not let Germany be shattered in this cunningly devised fashion."

A special session of the national assembly will be held Saturday. The call for the session was issued today, following a conference between the heads of the political parties and the government.

S. & H. Green Stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co. Main 232, 660-21.—Adv.

PEACE RESOLUTION DECISION ON FRIDAY

Republican Leaders Decide to Bring Matter to Vote.

POWER IS CHALLENGED

Representative Flood in Making Minority Report Says Congress Is Without Authority.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Final determination was reached today by republican leaders in the house to bring to a vote in that body late Friday the resolution to declare the state of war with Germany at an end. A special rule reported today by the rules committee provides for six hours' debate Thursday and five hours Friday, after which opponents of the resolution may offer only a motion to recommit.

Completion of the minority report of democratic members of the foreign affairs committee on the resolution precipitated long debate. Representative Flood of Virginia, ranking democrat of the committee, presenting the minority report, injected the power of congress to bring the war legally to an end and characterized a surrender something out of the wreck of American rights which have been so outrageously surrendered in former sections of the resolution.

Rights Held Impaired.
"From whatever angle this resolution is viewed," he continued, "it presents itself as a proposition not only ineffective in achieving its proclaimed purpose, but as a sure method of continuing our foreign relations, injecting new and complicated questions into an already difficult situation and involving a surrender of American rights and an impairment of American prestige and honor."

The minority report took particular exception to the statement in the resolutions preamble that the president had informed congress the war was at an end.

"At no time and under no circumstances has the president made any such assertion," the report said. "It is true that on the signing of the armistice the president, in an address to congress, used the words 'the war thus comes to an end.' But he spoke of actual hostilities, as everyone knew, and not of the technical state of war. It takes a treaty to end a war."

Authorities Are Cited.
"The drafters of the resolution and the members of the committee on foreign affairs who voted for it knew that this was the case. By quoting this statement of the president as the basis of their resolution they exposed the resolution to themselves open to the charge of insincerity and sharp practice."

"The supreme court recently declared 'that what the president had done did not announce the legal termination of the war,' the report declared, citing the decision in the Kentucky Distilleries case.

Representative Flood asserted that sections of the resolution restricting trade with Germany or seeking to repeal wartime legislation were within the power of congress, but that many authorities to sustain his contention that "so far as it seeks to direct the president to issue a proclamation to the German government, and the practical enforcement upon the treaty-making powers and is not within the power of congress."

War Legislation Discussed.
War legislation affected by the resolution discussed in the report said that such an enactment would give "no relief from the burdens, inconveniences, extravagances and losses which come from the existence of this legislation."

"Congress has power to repeal it and should address itself to this instead of frittering away its time in attempting to pass unconstitutional legislation for the purpose of embarrassing the executive branch of the government, or for some other political purpose," the report said.

Regarding the section of the resolution requiring adherence by many to certain clauses of the treaty of Versailles, the report declared:

"It is astonishing that the congress should seriously consider the proposition that our country should seek protection of a treaty which it has not the courage to ratify. In its attempt it may cause embarrassment to America."

Stand Declared Inconsistent.

"Under the treaty Germany can become a member of the league of nations, and having under this resolution all the rights it would have had under the treaty when it became a member of the league of nations, it would be entitled to assert against the United States the same rights which any other nation would have been entitled to assert against this government had our country ratified the treaty. Thus we would be in the position of being compelled to protect the independence and territorial integrity of Germany against the aggressions of any or all our former allies, while at the same time we would never extend to any nation on the face of the earth."

"We have refused to enter into any such obligations with our allies, and yet by this resolution, we propose to give the benefits of those obligations to Germany."

COLBY SAYINGS FLAUNTED

(Continued From First Page.)
planned and coolly carried out. A large automobile party in three picketers, who were Mary Galvin and Kathleen McCune of Philadelphia and Miss Kennedy of Brooklyn, parked in front of the state department promptly at 4 o'clock. Miss Mary Carroll, another occupant of the machine, rising in the front seat and posing like a captain giving orders from the bridge as his vessel clears for action, directed her little party of three to the work of the day. Miss Carroll instructed them to walk up and down in front of the state department, but to offer no resistance to any sort of attack upon them or their banners.

"There would be no retaliation in case of attack," she told them, the object of this advice being that otherwise they would be subject immediately to arrest upon the grounds that their presence had created disorder. So long as they committed no offense, she advised, they could go about their business unmolested by the authorities. They were still picking at a late hour and it was said at the state department that, so far as the department was concerned there would be no interference.

Sensation Is Created.
The language of the banners, however, created a rousing sensation because directed by a little party of having Uncle Sam keep on good terms with his neighbors, who had overlooked the mental outbreak of the present diplomatic chief of the United States against the British government such a short time ago as 1916. Some were amused, others read the banners with real concern, remarking that certainly secretaries of state should be picked with great care.

Perhaps no one will ever know what Secretary Colby, inside the big stone building was thinking, but no one expressed doubt that he must have been wishing that he could think about something else and possibly was drawing a little lesson from what was going on outside which might be summed up in this moral: "If you are engaged in politics do not commit yourself in too intense language on any strongly controversial question, because the mind of the man when your own words will rise to embroil your mind called to the duty of going willingly along."

Gary Nomination Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Nomination of Harrison Gary of Texas to be minister to Switzerland was confirmed today by the senate.

PEACE RESOLUTION DECISION ON FRIDAY

Republican Leaders Decide to Bring Matter to Vote.

POWER IS CHALLENGED

Representative Flood in Making Minority Report Says Congress Is Without Authority.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Final determination was reached today by republican leaders in the house to bring to a vote in that body late Friday the resolution to declare the state of war with Germany at an end. A special rule reported today by the rules committee provides for six hours' debate Thursday and five hours Friday, after which opponents of the resolution may offer only a motion to recommit.

Completion of the minority report of democratic members of the foreign affairs committee on the resolution precipitated long debate. Representative Flood of Virginia, ranking democrat of the committee, presenting the minority report, injected the power of congress to bring the war legally to an end and characterized a surrender something out of the wreck of American rights which have been so outrageously surrendered in former sections of the resolution.

Rights Held Impaired.
"From whatever angle this resolution is viewed," he continued, "it presents itself as a proposition not only ineffective in achieving its proclaimed purpose, but as a sure method of continuing our foreign relations, injecting new and complicated questions into an already difficult situation and involving a surrender of American rights and an impairment of American prestige and honor."

The minority report took particular exception to the statement in the resolutions preamble that the president had informed congress the war was at an end.

"At no time and under no circumstances has the president made any such assertion," the report said. "It is true that on the signing of the armistice the president, in an address to congress, used the words 'the war thus comes to an end.' But he spoke of actual hostilities, as everyone knew, and not of the technical state of war. It takes a treaty to end a war."

Authorities Are Cited.
"The drafters of the resolution and the members of the committee on foreign affairs who voted for it knew that this was the case. By quoting this statement of the president as the basis of their resolution they exposed the resolution to themselves open to the charge of insincerity and sharp practice."

"The supreme court recently declared 'that what the president had done did not announce the legal termination of the war,' the report declared, citing the decision in the Kentucky Distilleries case.

Representative Flood asserted that sections of the resolution restricting trade with Germany or seeking to repeal wartime legislation were within the power of congress, but that many authorities to sustain his contention that "so far as it seeks to direct the president to issue a proclamation to the German government, and the practical enforcement upon the treaty-making powers and is not within the power of congress."

War Legislation Discussed.
War legislation affected by the resolution discussed in the report said that such an enactment would give "no relief from the burdens, inconveniences, extravagances and losses which come from the existence of this legislation."

"Congress has power to repeal it and should address itself to this instead of frittering away its time in attempting to pass unconstitutional legislation for the purpose of embarrassing the executive branch of the government, or for some other political purpose," the report said.

Regarding the section of the resolution requiring adherence by many to certain clauses of the treaty of Versailles, the report declared:

"It is astonishing that the congress should seriously consider the proposition that our country should seek protection of a treaty which it has not the courage to ratify. In its attempt it may cause embarrassment to America."

Stand Declared Inconsistent.

"Under the treaty Germany can become a member of the league of nations, and having under this resolution all the rights it would have had under the treaty when it became a member of the league of nations, it would be entitled to assert against the United States the same rights which any other nation would have been entitled to assert against this government had our country ratified the treaty. Thus we would be in the position of being compelled to protect the independence and territorial integrity of Germany against the aggressions of any or all our former allies, while at the same time we would never extend to any nation on the face of the earth."

"We have refused to enter into any such obligations with our allies, and yet by this resolution, we propose to give the benefits of those obligations to Germany."

COLBY SAYINGS FLAUNTED

(Continued From First Page.)
planned and coolly carried out. A large automobile party in three picketers, who were Mary Galvin and Kathleen McCune of Philadelphia and Miss Kennedy of Brooklyn, parked in front of the state department promptly at 4 o'clock. Miss Mary Carroll, another occupant of the machine, rising in the front seat and posing like a captain giving orders from the bridge as his vessel clears for action, directed her little party of three to the work of the day. Miss Carroll instructed them to walk up and down in front of the state department, but to offer no resistance to any sort of attack upon them or their banners.

"There would be no retaliation in case of attack," she told them, the object of this advice being that otherwise they would be subject immediately to arrest upon the grounds that their presence had created disorder. So long as they committed no offense, she advised, they could go about their business unmolested by the authorities. They were still picking at a late hour and it was said at the state department that, so far as the department was concerned there would be no interference.

Sensation Is Created.
The language of the banners, however, created a rousing sensation because directed by a little party of having Uncle Sam keep on good terms with his neighbors, who had overlooked the mental outbreak of the present diplomatic chief of the United States against the British government such a short time ago as 1916. Some were amused, others read the banners with real concern, remarking that certainly secretaries of state should be picked with great care.

Perhaps no one will ever know what Secretary Colby, inside the big stone building was thinking, but no one expressed doubt that he must have been wishing that he could think about something else and possibly was drawing a little lesson from what was going on outside which might be summed up in this moral: "If you are engaged in politics do not commit yourself in too intense language on any strongly controversial question, because the mind of the man when your own words will rise to embroil your mind called to the duty of going willingly along."

Gary Nomination Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Nomination of Harrison Gary of Texas to be minister to Switzerland was confirmed today by the senate.

Victor Talking Machine Co. advertisement featuring the 'His Master's Voice' dog logo and the text: 'This Trade Mark is only on the products of The Victor Talking Machine Co.—The VICTROLA and VICTOR RECORDS. It guarantees the quality and protects you from inferior substitutes. There are VICTOR DEALERS in this City who believe in the high quality of the Victor Product. Give them an opportunity to demonstrate—they will serve you well. VICTROLAS from \$25. SHERMAN, CLAY & CO. Distributors of Victrolas and Victor Records. 45 Fourth Street, Portland. This is one of a series of advertisements by Sherman, Clay & Co., Wholesale in the interests of the VICTOR DEALERS.'

Northrup, King & Co's Seeds advertisement featuring an illustration of a man and a woman in a garden. Text includes: 'NORTHROP, KING & CO'S SEEDS MINNEAPOLIS MINNESOTA. CUT the cost of living next winter by growing long-keeping vegetables in your own garden this summer. Root crops give fine returns with comparatively little care. You can easily grow enough beets, carrots, turnips, squash and pumpkins to store your cellar. Then when fresh vegetables are out of season you will have this good food for your table at a very low cost. The soil may be utilized early for radishes, lettuce or any quick maturing crop, and then sown to your favorite root crops. For large, full-flavored vegetables you must sow good seeds. Northrup, King & Co's Seeds have been bred to produce Nature's finest food. They are all carefully tested. You can be sure of their vigor and productiveness. Your dealer is now displaying the convenient Northrup, King & Co Seed Case. Its selection of seeds represents thirty-six years gardening experience. Let it help you select your winter vegetables now. Cultural directions on the back of each packet. Let Your Garden Supply Winter Vegetables. SHE JUST DYES EVERYTHING NEW. "Diamond Dyes" Save Shabby, Old, Faded Apparel. Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes" guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton, mixed goods—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's feathers, draperies, coverings. The Direction Book with each package tells so plainly how to dye with dye over any color that you cannot make a mistake. To match any material, have druggist show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv. Her Friends Were Surprised. So many women suffer from kidney trouble without realizing the cause of their sickness that the letter from Mrs. S. E. Mills, R. R. 5, Xenia, O., will be read with interest. "After taking Foley Kidney Pills I surely feel like a new person. I had been under the doctor's care for several years. People in Yellow Springs were surely surprised to see my improved condition." Symptoms of aching back, stiff and sore joints and muscles, rheumatic pains, blurred vision, puffiness under eyes, should be given prompt attention. Sold everywhere.—Adv.