



## JOHNSON LEADS IN HIGHGALE COUNT

### Wood Is Running Second on Early Returns.

## LOWDEN GETS THIRD PLACE

### Hoover Vote Is Heavy on Both Party Ballots.

## SOLDIERS FAVOR JOHNSON

### Storm Causes Lighter Vote Than Had Been Expected, but Sun Comes Out Later in Day.

DETROIT, Mich., April 6.—With partial returns from more than half the counties in the state tabulated, United States Senator Hiram W. Johnson had attained a big lead over Major-General Leonard Wood for endorsement as the republican nominee in yesterday's presidential preference primary. Figures from 416 precincts out of 2421 in the state gave Johnson 23,970, Wood 18,688.

Herbert Hoover and Governor Lowden of Illinois were engaging in a close race for third place, with the figures showing Lowden 10,912 and Hoover 9721.

A close race developed in the democratic contest, Hoover holding a very slim margin over Governor Edwards of New Jersey. The figures from 327 precincts showed: Hoover 2918, Hoover 3670.

In the incomplete returns the fight for third place in the democratic ticket was between former Secretary of the Treasury Madison and William J. Bryan. McCadoo had 2165 and Bryan 1916. Palmer was in the rear with 1524.

DETROIT, April 5.—Three hundred and thirty-four precincts out of 2421 in the state give:

Republicans—Johnson, 19,237; Wood, 12,111; Lowden, 4798; Hoover, 6335; Pershing, 1637; Simpson, 472; Poindexter, 302.

Two hundred and twenty-one precincts on the democratic ticket: Hoover, 1726; Edwards, 1678; McCadoo, 1477; Bryan, 1369; Madison, 840.

Eighty-nine precincts out of 268 in Wayne county (Detroit) give:

Republicans—Johnson, 12,473; Wood, 2705; Lowden, 2088; Hoover, 2019; Pershing, 579; Simpson, 318; Poindexter, 119.

Ninety-four precincts in Wayne county:

Democrats—Edwards, 1576; Hoover, 811; McCadoo, 797; Palmer, 572; Bryan, 251.

Johnson's lead in the city of Detroit and Wayne county is explained by the fact that he endorsed himself to the voters by demanding a return from Archangel where a regiment of them was on duty. The soldiers didn't like it in Archangel and they did not believe in their cause there. Most of these men came from Detroit and Johnson's course in the senate won their approval.

DETROIT, April 5.—Early voting was evidently affected by the Easter storm, the turnout of voters generally being lighter than expected.

While indications of clearing weather in some industrial centers gave promise of brisker voting this afternoon, other points reported snow flurries still prevailing. Some country highways were piled with snow. The inclement weather also operated to curtail the women voters.

In Detroit, where a \$15,000,000 bonding proposition for a municipally-owned traction system overshadowed the presidential primary, voting started very light, but with warming weather a better turnout was expected.

Thirteen candidates—seven republican, five democratic and one socialist—sought indorsement.

Candidates Are Confident.

Confidence in the outcome was expressed by the headquarters of Governor Frank O. Lowden, Major-General Leonard Wood and Senator Hiram W. Johnson, all of whom made extensive campaign tours. Other republican candidates were General Pershing, Senator Miles Poindexter and William G. Simpson of Detroit. Herbert Hoover's name appeared both on the republican and the democratic tickets.

Attorney-General Palmer was the only democrat to campaign through the state, the others named on the ticket being William G. McCadoo, William J. Bryan and Governor Edwards of New Jersey.

Eugene V. Debs was the socialist candidate. The polls opened at 7 A. M. and were to close in the rural precincts at 5 and in the cities at 8 P. M.

## HENRY ALBERS LOSES MOVE FOR REHEARING

### Court of Appeals Denies Miller's Application.

## PEACE RESOLUTION TO APPEAR TODAY

### Immediate Approval by House Expected.

## SENATE ACTION UNCERTAIN

### Hitchcock, It Is Said, Plans League Amendment.

## EMERGENCY HELD ENDED

### Resolution Contemplates No Treaty With Germany Nor Surrender of Nation's Rights.

## RICH GIRL'S BODY FOUND

### Jeanne Anna De Kay, Hull House Worker, Killed Self, Belief.

CHICAGO, April 5.—The body of Jeanne Anna De Kay, 20 years old, whose disappearance from Hull house, December 30, was followed by a national search, was found today in Lake Michigan near the municipal pier.

Mrs. Gertrude Howe Britton of Hull house, identified the body. Except for a coat and hat, which were missing, the clothing was the same as that which she wore when she disappeared.

Mrs. Britton said she was convinced the girl had committed suicide. Miss De Kay was the daughter of John Wesley De Kay, wealthy packer, now residing in Switzerland. She was sent to Chicago by her father after her graduation from a London boarding school. She arrived at Hull house last December to assist in work under Miss Jane Addams' direction.

"She was despondent while at Hull house," Mrs. Britton said, "and grieved over the poor marks on her face."

## RENT GOUGERS DEFEATED

### Tenants Win Every Case in New York Courts.

NEW YORK, April 5.—New York landlords lost the first round today in the fight being waged between the tenants and the rent gougers when the new anti-rent profiteering law was given their first court test. More than 3000 men and women crowded the municipal courts in the Bronx and Brooklyn to appeal in 600 eviction notices and rent increase cases.

In every instance tenants were granted from one to three months stay-overs when they proved their inability to find new homes. In a majority of cases, landlords had served notices on April 1 and May 1. In Brooklyn, Municipal Justice Ferguson collected more than \$1000 in rentals from tenants after landlords refused to accept amounts thought fair by the court.

## BORDER TOURISTS WARNED

### Transporting Liquor From Canada to U. S. Hazardous.

## DANISH CABINET NAMED

### New Ministry Declared Opposed to Recent Dissolution.

COPENHAGEN, April 5.—The official list of the new cabinet made public today is as follows: M. Friis, premier and minister of defense; Oscar Cavenius, minister of foreign affairs; M. Sonne, minister of agriculture; H. P. Priol, minister of trade; M. Vedel, minister of the interior; H. Schroder, minister of justice; M. Kofod, minister of finance; M. Jensen, minister of labor; M. Pederson, minister of education; M. Riischmann, minister of communications; M. Ammentorp, minister of worship.

The ministry is purely provisional and, according to the Social Democrats, is composed exclusively of men opposed to the king's recent action in dissolving the cabinet of M. Zable.

## U. S. BARS PICKETING BRITISH EMBASSY

### Two Sympathizers for Irish Republic Arrested.

## 209-MILE TRIP MADE TO TIE NUPTIAL KNOT

### Bridal Couple-to-be Hunt Far for Minister.

## RELIEF MEASURES TO BE VOTED ON

### Council to Submit Car Problem to People.

## CONFERENCE IS AT SALEM

### Removal of Paving Costs and Bridge Tolls Considered.

## FARE RISE CHAMPIONED

### Commissioner Corey and Mr. Bigelow Believe That Relief Will Not Defer Advance.

## COTTON INQUIRY ORDERED

### Combed Yarn Prices Declared to Be Unreasonably High.

## JAP DENIES WARLIKE MOVE

### Report of Fortification of Pacific Islands Held Groundless.

## HOUSE ORDERS INQUIRY

### Federal Trade Commission to Look Into Price of Gasoline.

### Text of Report Given.

### Major Quinlan Acquitted.

## PLANE LANDS ON SHIP

### First Feat of Kind Accomplished on British Man-o'-War.

### Relief Might Check Rise.

### Members of the city council appeared prepared for the hearing. For hours the discussion was confined to irrelevant questions hurled at the public service commission relative, in the main, to the possible relief which might be afforded by the acquisition of the trackage by the city, a question which had been disposed of early in the day.

### When asked for an opinion of the legal powers of the city to remove the so-called "burdens" from the traction company, City Attorney LaRoche announced that he had not yet reached an opinion, and that he desired to confer with Attorney-General Brown, so that a joint opinion could be issued. Late yesterday he submitted his conclusions on this subject to the attorney-general and an answer Tuesday was promised.

### Mayor Baker and Commissioners Mann and Harbur indicated willingness to submit the relief measures to the voters, while City Commissioner Pier stood flatly for increased rates as the solution of the problems of the transit system of Portland.

### City Commissioner Bigelow made no pledge as to how he would vote when the questions of submission of measures to the voters came before the council, but his action throughout the hearing today indicated that he will oppose any intervention by the council or the voters into the question, which he said he believed should be handled by the public service commission of the state.

### At the opening of the afternoon session H. E. Kidney, president of the streetcar men's union addressed the joint meeting and urged adoption of some speedy relief measures which would eliminate any chance of reduction of pay given the employees of the company.

### "The company has already filed notice of reopening of the wage question," said Mr. Kidney. "Decrease of wages will mean either a strike or

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## EMERGENCY HELD ENDED

### Resolution Contemplates No Treaty With Germany Nor Surrender of Nation's Rights.

## OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The house committee on foreign affairs today completed its resolution declaring a state of peace with Germany, which will be reported tomorrow. It is expected that favorable house action will be taken immediately, and the resolution, adopted, sent to the senate.

In the senate an effort will be made by Senator Hitchcock, democratic leader, to have the league of nations appended as an amendment. This move on the part of Senator Hitchcock has apparently been planned without the knowledge or approval of the president. There have been rumors during the last few days that the president would return the peace treaty to the senate, but without authentic corroboration.

No German Treaty Involved.

The peace resolution, which has been under consideration by the foreign affairs committee of the house, does not attempt to negotiate a treaty with Germany. It declares the war at an end and provides for a cessation of the war powers that were granted to the president and which were inserted in all war legislation for the "emergency."

It stipulates that all of the advantages accruing to the United States under the treaty of Versailles shall be retained and also provides for a period of 45 days during which trading with Germany can be carried on. This trading arrangement can be made permanent when the president decides that Germany also has terminated the war and has accepted the peace conditions prescribed.

Text of Report Given.

Following is the text of the report formally to be submitted to the house tomorrow:

"The committee on foreign affairs, which was created by resolution 327, having carefully considered the same, reports it back to the house with the recommendation that it do pass."

After repeating the text of the resolution, the report continues:

"The authorities on international trade exist between those engaged in the oil business."

Major Quinlan Acquitted.

MANILA, April 5.—The second courtmartial trial of Major Dennis P. Quinlan, United States army, former judge advocate of the Philippine department, charged with embezzlement and conduct unbecoming an officer, has closed. It is unofficially stated he was acquitted.

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## \$14,500 THEFT REPAID; BOISE MAN ARRESTED

### Charge Filed by Prosecutor, Not Company.

## MORE OF GERMANY SEIZED BY FRANCE

### Army Begins March to Extend Occupation.

## FRANKFORT IS TO BE TAKEN

### Note Explains Big Force in Ruhr Is Feared.

## TREATY OBEDIENCE ASKED

### French Reiterate Denial of Hostile Designs, but Insist on Withdrawal of Trench Armies.

## BROADWAY FOUND "WET"

### Dry Officer Says Preacher's Charges "Not News to Us."

## HOLY CITY BIT TURBULENT

### 188 Hurt in Jerusalem in Easter Sunday Conflict.

## HOOPER'S FRIENDS ORGANIZING

### Boston, April 5.—Organization of the Hoover republican club of Massachusetts was completed today with the selection of George D. Pratt of Springfield as chairman.

## INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

### The Weather.

### Foreign.

### National.

### Pacific Northwest.

### Sports.

### Commercial and Marine.

### Portland and vicinity.

### Records of Amos Jones, mining truck agent, to be probated by grand jury.

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## PARIS, April 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The French troops will occupy Frankfurt early tomorrow morning. Some detachments have already started.

PARIS, April 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The attitude of the French government in the present German crisis was defined and explained in a note issued tonight. After reiterating that the government has no hostile designs toward Germany, desiring, on the contrary, the resumption of normal relations with that country and expressing regret over the difficult situation of the Berlin government, the note declared the German government had given way to pressure by the militarist party "not fearing to infringe on the imperative and most solemn stipulations of the Versailles treaty."

Troop-Move Requests Viewed.

The note continues:

"The sequence of facts follow: The first request for permission for the entry of extra troops into the Ruhr district was made just after the insurgent movement by the military authorities on March 15. It was renewed from Berlin on March 17 in the name of the legitimate government by Von Haezel, who has remained in Berlin with a cabinet, at least implied, of the insurgent government.

"All information from the allied missions and again the day before yesterday, the high commissioners at Coblenz does not cease to declare that German military intervention is uncalculated for the situation, and it would be attended with the gravest dangers from the point of view of security both in population and the men in the field."

Disarmament Held Evaded.

The note then pointed out that if the German government had carried out the disarmament clauses of the treaty there would never have been the Ruhr crisis, nor the red army in the Ruhr district, and remarked that articles 42 and 44 are such an indispensable safeguard that article 1 of the Franco-Anglo-American convention defines as a casus foederis those dispositions insufficient to assure the protection of Europe.

It concluded:

"The situation created by the abrupt renunciation of the German troops in the Ruhr obliges the French government today to consider military measures, the execution of which cannot be deferred. The sole object of those measures is to bring Germany back to a normal situation and they are exclusively of a coercive and precautionary character."

Use of Big Force Suspected.

The latest information reaching the foreign office confirms its belief that, despite the assurance officially given by the Germans that they are exclusively of a coercive and precautionary character."

All information from the country bordering on the Ruhr basin, it was stated, has indicated that the French, tended to prove there was no necessity of the Germans sending an army into the Ruhr, as the workers and communists were exhausted and without money, food or ammunition. Confirmatory information has also been received that the movement in the industrial region was not bolshevik in nature, although many aliens were involved, and was essentially antimilitarist.

DUESSELDORF, April 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The reichwehr troops have occupied Muelheim, east of Duisburg, the reds retreating to Essen and the south. The reichwehr began marching on Essen.

The advance in the Ruhr region continued today and Oberhausen, Dortmund and Luederscheid were occupied. Only a few hundred communists offered resistance. Communication with the occupied towns has been cut off.

BERLIN, April 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The government forces have lost 200 men killed in fresh fighting in the triangle formed by Duisburg, Dortmund and Essen, according to information given the correspondent this morning.

Except in this triangle quiet gradually was being restored in the Ruhr district.

It is estimated that at least two weeks will elapse before conditions are normal. The assertion was made today that the military employed in the Ruhr region, with the exception of a few additional batteries, does not exceed the force authorized by the



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