LID OF PROHIBITION CLAMPED ON NATION

Government Bureaus Ready for Drastic Action.

ENFORCEMENT ON TODAY

Uncle Sam Official Undertaker of Funeral of John Barleycorn. Conversion Is Next.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Nationwide prohibition by constitutional amendment, the dream for years for those opposed to sale of liquor, became effective tonight at midnight with the department of justice and the bureau of internal revenue ready to take drastic action against all violators. The final step in the work of enforcing the new form of prohibition was taken tonight when Secretary Glass approved finally the regulations to be observed by agents of the federal government.

John F. Kramer, general prohibition commissioner, announced that he practically completed selection of his corps of state commissioners and local agents and had been notified by them that they were prepared to start tomorrow on the task of enforcing the amendment as provided in the Volstead act.

Little notice was taken by government officials of the end of all licensed sales of liquor except at the treasury department, where much activity was shown at the offices of officials connected with prohibition enforcement.

Staff Is Ready.

Commissioner Kramer said he had a staff of nearly 1500 men ready to begin their duties at midnight. About 300 of these will work under the direction of the state prohibition enforcement officers while the others will serve much as did internal revenue agents before war time prohibition went into effect. In a few states the state directors have not been named but Mr. Kramer has delegated their powers to internal revenue officers.

Mr. Kramer's bureau has $2,000,000 with which to conduct its work until July 1.

Treasury officials anticipated some trouble in handling the distilled liquors in bonded warehouses. It has been disclosed that in several cities large quantities of bottled goods have disappeared from bonded storage despite the vigilance of revenue officers. To avert further thefts Mr. Kramer's staff has been instructed to guard such liquors with extra care.

Government Agents "Pallbearers."

The regulations under which Mr. Kramer and his staff will operate comprise one of the largest as well as among one of the most important documents ever issued by the treasury department. Its pages are replete with definite methods for application of the amendment and the Volstead enforcement act.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The death of John Barleycorn here ended at midnight tonight. Uncle Sam was the official undertaker and the decedent was buried deep beneath a grim tombstone inscribed "18th amendment." Government agents acted as pallbearers and will remain to guard the cemetery. There were few mourners at the "wake." Most of the downtown hotels and cafes ignored the event of January 16. If a person carried his own in remodeled hip pockets, he was allowed to wish John B. good-bye, but in reality there was little drinking.

While churches of the city and temperance societies were holding prayer meetings of thanksgiving for the coming of total prohibition, the police were attempting to find trace of six armed bandits, who held up a train crew in the Pennsylvania railroad yards today and escaped with $100,000 worth of liquor from freight cars.

Conversion Is Next.

The coming of prohibition had resulted in many changes in landmarks, where in the past liquor was always on tap. Alderman Michael Kenna, known as "Hinkey Dink," may convert his saloon into a confectionery store.

Righeimer's will become a drug store, while other centers of liquid conviviality will devolve into lunch rooms. Stillson's already is serving coffee over the bar.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—New York City is the center of "nullification and seditious activity designed to prevent the enforcement of the prohibition amendment," according to an address to the clergymen of the city and clergymen from all the other counties of the state, made public tonight.

New York state is described as the "danger point in the whole nation," and New York City as the danger point in New York state in the "tremendous struggle now on foot for the retention, protection and enforcement of prohibition."

1000 Pastors Sign Address.

The address bears the signature of nearly 1000 pastors.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The prohibition amendment to the constitution challenges the integrity of the state, Senator Thomas of Colorado argued tonight before the New York State Bar association. It embodies, he declared, a revolution in the constitutional scheme of government possibly destined to prove far-reaching in its political consequences as the Civil war, which challenged the integrity of the union.

"If by observing the formulas provided for amending the constitution," Mr. Thomas said, "the object embraced in the 18th amendment may be permanently embodied in it, so may every other object be without regard to the original division of powers."

With this warning of what might result, the senator urged that the nation and states would be preserved, each in its proper sphere, by insistence that all public authorities observe the limitations imposed by the constitution and that all citizens should be Americans first and democrats, republicans or independents afterward.

WOMEN COMMEND SOLONS

Progressive League Grateful for Suffrage Amendment Act.

At its meeting Thursday the Progressive Women's league instructed Lillian M. Hackleman, corresponding secretary, to write a letter of commendation of the Oregon legislature for its action in ratifying the equal suffrage amendment. Following is the letter which was sent, addressed to Governor Olcott:

The Progressive Women's league sends grateful greetings and expresses their appreciation that the special session of the Oregon legislature now assembled at Salem ratified the Susan B. Anthony amendment without a dissenting vote; and they further point with pride that Mrs. Alexander Thompson, member of the house of representatives, and one of our club sisters, had the honor of introducing the resolution in the house, and that State Senator Robert S. Farrell, from Multnomah county, introduced the resolution in the senate, and that you as governor of the state of Oregon, subscribed your name and attached the seal of the state to this great document, to the end that all the women of the nation may enjoy the rights of American citizenship.

As a body of progressive women we believe that this is one of the great accomplishments of the reconstruction era, and that its ratification by the Oregon legislature will have a contagious effect on other states which have not yet joined in this progressive movement.

Accept our hearty commendation.

HARDEN AGAINST DELAY

GERMAN LEADER WANTS SENATE TO RATIFY TREATY.

Admirer of Wilson Wants Action on Pact Without Submitting Question at Election.

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BERLIN, Jan. 16.—(Special Cable.)—"I still hope that the United States senate will give way," said Maximillian Harden, one of the few Germans who still believe in President Wilson. This, on learning from The Oregonian correspondent that President Wilson had refused any compromise of America's participation in the league of nations and wished to refer the whole subject to the American people.

"It is a long way to the presidential election," Harden continued. "It is too long to wait. Europe imperatively needs America's help. The situation resembles the conditions after the American civil war, only on an infinitely larger scale. The league of nations without America is unthinkable. But only the league of nations can restore and maintain order in Europe. Therefore, I still hope that developments in the near future will make possible some sort of compromise and the early ratification of the league. The world cannot wait until November."

Such opposite extremes as Harden and Count Zu Reventlow agree, along with all other Germans, regardless of politics, in wanting America in the league, if there is to be any league at all. Zu Reventlow said today:

"The league of nations without America is no league. It would be a mere plunderbund, dominated by England. If we must sell out to somebody, America at least will not exploit or enslave us politically."

WOMAN FINDS GOLD MINE

MRS. J. H. CANN OF SEWARD IS OWNER OF PROPERTY.

Apex Group of Claims Expected to Yield Big Returns in Native Metal.

SEWARD, Alaska, Jan. 7.—(Special.)—It has possibly fallen to the lot of a woman to make one of the greatest gold discoveries in the history of Alaska mining. Mrs. J. H. Cann, the discoverer, was fishing on Stag bay, Chicagof island, when she noticed outcroppings of native gold along the shore line. Upon mentioning the circumstance to friends she was advised to make an examination of Lisianski inlet, three miles away on the other side of the divide, and told that if she found the lead to extend across the peninsula it would be likely that she had found a rich gold property.

This was carried out by her husband and H. R. Shepard, with the later addition of a number of friends, and the Apex claims were staked. Assays from 13 samples of ore taken at varying intervals between Lisianski and Stag bay show values ranging from $16 a ton to $2200 a ton, or an average from all of the samples of $239.95 a ton.

The ledge has been traced for a trifle more than three miles and the principal vein shows a width of approximately two feet at the points where the various samples were taken. The ore is literally filled with native gold. The ledge is cut in two by Lisianski inlet in such a way that a depth of 500 feet is exposed and available for immediate operations.

ENGINEERS FILE REPORT

Washington Commission Submits Estimate of Irrigation Costs.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Report of the commission of engineers appointed by the state reclamation board to consider plans for the construction of the Methow-Okanogon irrigation project was submitted to the board this afternoon. The commission comprises A. J. Wiley of Boise, Idaho; D. C. Henry of Portland, both of the federal reclamation service, and O. L. Waller, dean of the engineering department of Washington state college.

The commission estimates construction cost of wooden flumes at $254 an acre, metal flumes $279 an acre, and reinforced concrete construction at $304 an acre. The construction work contemplates 14 miles of tunnel and six miles of main canal.

RAIL WORK IS EXPECTED

Nevada-California-Oregon Official Is Silent, However.

ALTURAS, Cal., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Reports have been current here that the Nevada-California-Oregon railroad would start work next spring on its proposed branch south from Lakeview, Or., through Crooked Creek canyon in Soda Springs. General Manager S. H. McCarthy has declined to comment on the matter in any way.

President Moran is expected to visit the general offices of the line here early in February, when some announcement probably will be made. Moran is now in New York City.

Irrigators Elect Merrill Man.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—G. W. Offield of Merrill, president of the board of directors of the Klamath irrigation district, has been re-elected by the taxpayers of the district. The vote was 200 for Offield and 56 for J. R. Dixon, his only opponent. Offield's opponents alleged that he was allied with the California-Oregon Power company in an effort to monopolize the waters of Upper Klamath lake for power purposes.

S. & H. Green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co. Main 353. 660-21.—Adv.

BARRELS AND KEGS. 344 Hawthorne. Western Cooperage Co.—Adv.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS HAS FIRST MEETING

Eight Nations Represented in Council at Paris.

FRENCHMAN IS CHAIRMAN

Hope Is Expressed America Soon Will Be Included—Boundary Commission Named.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Representatives of France, Great Britain, Italy, Greece, Belgium, Spain, Japan and Brazil, members of the council of the league of nations, met in the "clock room," of the French foreign office at 10 o'clock this morning for the first meeting in the history of the league.

The council organized at 10:30 o'clock by electing Leon Bourgeois, chairman, and confirming the choice of Sir Eric Drummond of Great Britain as general secretary.

The first official act of the council was the appointment of a commission to trace upon the spot the frontiers of the territory of the Sarre Basin.

Leon Bourgeois, French representative, who presided, said:

"The task of presiding at this meeting and inaugurating this great international institution should have fallen to President Wilson. We respect the reasons which still delay final decision by our friends in Washington, but express the hope that their difficulties will soon be overcome and that a representative of the great American government will occupy the place awaiting him among us. The work of the council will then assume different character and will have that particular force which should be associated with our work.

New World Born.

"January 16, 1920, will go down in history as the date of the birth of a new world. Decisions to be reached today will be in the name of all nations adhering to the covenant of the league."

Earl Curzon, British secretary of state for foreign affairs, and that nation's representative on the council of the league, said:

"On behalf of the British Empire I desire to express the loyalty of my government and the external dominions of the British crown to the spirit underlying the covenant of the league of nations. It is our intention by every means in our power to insure its practical efficiency. It is our firm belief that through its instrumentality alone we can hope to insure that such miseries as the world has experienced during the past five years shall not be repeated, and that a new era of international relationship shall dawn."

All the members of the council called for by the covenant of the league, with the exception of the representatives of the United States, were present when M. Bourgeois called the meeting to order. Besides M. Bourgeois, the members were Earl Curzon, the British foreign secretary for Great Britain; Premier Venizelos, for Greece; Carlo Ferraris, Italian minister of industry, commerce, labor and food, for Italy; Paul Hymans, the Belgian foreign minister for Belgium; Baron Matsui, ambassador to France, for Japan; Dr. Gastona da Cunha, ambassador to France, for Brazil; Count De Leon, ambassador to France, for Spain.

Brazil Represents America.

Ambassador Da Cunha for Brazil, said his country would devote herself with fervor to the work of peace and fraternity among the nations. He referred to the fact that he was the only representative from America present and said he was proud to have the honor of bringing assurances of the co-operation of pan-America in the operation of the league.

After the delivery of the speeches, M. Bourgeois announced that the only item on the order of the day was the appointment of three members of the council to fix the boundaries in the Saar valley, together with one member appointed by the French government and one by Germany. The council named as its members Colonel Wace, an English officer; Major Lambert, a Belgian, and Major Kobaish, a Japanese.

After the appointment of the commissioners, M. Bourgeois proposed London as the place for the next meeting of the council and this was approved. Lord Curzon suggested leaving the date and the order of business open, to be decided by the chairman and the secretary, since, he said, it will be necessary to consult the United States on a great many questions likely to arise.

TEACHERS TAKE CENSUS

Innovation Is Introduced by Supervisor for Alaska.

SEWARD, Alaska, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—An innovation in census taking in Alaska has been introduced by the government that ought to result in unprecedented accuracy. W. T. Lopp, superintendent of native schools, is charged with general supervision of the work and the various district superintendents will be responsible for the enumeration in their respective districts.

Government school teachers are used wherever possible; particularly in the remote districts where population is extremely sparse and traveling expenses very high. While engaged in this particular work the teachers will receive $6 a day and $4 as a daily allowance for subsistence. It is estimated that it will cost about $40,000 to take the Alaska census by this new method.

RADICAL TRIAL GOES OVER

Court Postpones Spokane Hearing Until Next Monday.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 16.—A continuance until Monday morning was granted in the trial in superior court here today of 44 alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World on charges of criminal syndicalism, after a jury had been selected.

The continuance was granted on motion of Attorney W. C. Donovan, named by the court to represent the defendants, to permit him time to familiarize himself with their cases.

SPANISH "VETS" INSTALL

Auxiliary at Aberdeen Also Seats New Officers.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Spanish war veterans have installed the following officers for the coming year: George Eddy, Ralph Philbrick, commander; George Eddy, senior vice-commander; Thomas Mayfield, junior vice-commander; George Fitzhenry, officer of the day; James Mullinax, officer of the guard.

The Woman's auxiliary of the post installed the following officers: Mrs. W. B. Mead, president; Mrs. W. S. Kennedy, vice-president; Mrs. Ray Reno, junior vice-president; Mrs. Ralph Henry, chaplain; Mrs. A. H. Blood, secretary; Mrs. Victoria Mayfield, conductress; Miss Vera Mayfield, assistant conductress; Mrs. Della Danielson, guard; Mrs. Jessie Florence, assistant guard; Mrs. Mate Moore, historian; Mrs. O. R. Austin, historian.

SUIT FOR $55,500 FAILS

JUDGMENT SOUGHT FOR BANK STOCK COMMISSION.

A. S. Taylor Alleges Verbal Contract Made With Two to Buy Interest in Tacoma National.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Judgment for Jafet Lindeborg and O. S. Larson was entered Thursday morning by Superior Judge Mitchell Gilliam at the conclusion of th trial of the suit brought by A. S. Taylor for $55,500 alleged to be due as commission for his services in arranging a sale of most of the capital stock of the National Bank of Tacoma to Mr. Lindeborg and his associates.

Mr. Taylor testified that he was verbally employed December 3, 1918, by the defendants to negotiate the purchase by them of a majority or more of the bank's capital stock and that it was agreed that if the price was satisfactory to the buyers he would receive $55,500. He said that the deal was arranged on February 26, 1919, the stock to be purchased for $185 a share and that Jafet Lindeborg met in San Francisco, March 7, 1919, with Mr. Taylor and Chester Thorne of Tacoma, who owned a large portion of the bank's stock and represented other stockholders, and agreed to the purchase. Mr. Taylor further told the court that Lindeborg and Larson failed to sign a contract and on May 24, 1919, orally notified him that they would not conclude the agreement.

Mr. Lindeborg and Mr. Larson defended the action on the ground that there was an express agreement that they should not be obliged to pay Mr. Taylor anything if they, for any reason, did not consummate the purchase of the stock.

KAHN ASKS PLANE FUND

BILL MAKES 15 MILLIONS AVAILABLE FOR CRAFT.

Plan Calls for Allocation of Work to Bring Greatest Development to Aircraft Industry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Expenditure of $15,680,620 from war department surplus funds for airplanes and motors would be authorized by a bill introduced in the house today by Chairman Kahn of the military affairs committee. The measure is designed to carry out the request made by Secretary Baker to congress at the special session that sufficient appropriations be made to keep alive the war-created airplane industry.

Under plans of the war department, work to be provided by the authorized fund would be allocated so as to bring about the greatest development of the industry. Most of the money would be for bombing planes, the expenditure for these being $5,625,000.

For purchase of other planes, sums would be provided as follows:

Observation, $815,000; two-seater fighting planes, $212,500; pursuit, $2,587,000; advance training planes, $1,575,000.

Allotment of $4,865,000 also would be made for the purchase of motors. To promote further the aviation industry, the department has asked that the legislation also set aside the legal provisions requiring department purchases on sealed bids, thus permitting it to allocate its purchases among various factories.

HORSEWOMAN IS INJURED

MRS. C. C. CORSE OF TACOMA GAMELY CONTINUES RIDE.

Banker's Wife, Well Known Here, Now Recuperating at Parents' Thornwood Home.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Mrs. Cadwallader C. Corse, daughter of Chester Thorne, is at the family home at Thornewood, suffering from the effects of a fall from her horse Sunday in a paper chase at Camp Lewis. An injury to the sciatic nerve partially paralyzed one leg and will make necessary the use of crutches for two weeks or more. Though the injury rendered the leg practically useless in gripping her saddle, Mrs. Corse gamely remounted, rode for another 12 miles in the chase, and fell a second time.

Suffering acute pain, the plucky horsewoman made light of her injury and it was not until she became faint at luncheon following the chase that the seriousness of her injury was suspected.

Mrs. Corse, formerly Miss Anna Thorne, is the wife of Cadwallader C. Corse, formerly an army captain and now a Tacoma banker. Mrs. Corse has been a guest in Portland society many times. Her marriage to Mr. Corse was one of the most important social events of last fall.

UNION BARBERS TO FIGHT

Spokane "Open Shops" Cause of Action by Officials.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 16.—Announcement that the international barbers' union has appropriated $3000 and has detailed an organizer to fight the "open shop" movement among barber shops of this city, was made by officials of the local union here Thursday.

"The international officers declare they are ready to spend $20,000 to fight the open shop movement in Spokane if necessary," John Strobere, secretary of the local union, declared. One shop recently changed from the union shop to the "open shop" plan, and it was declared that others would follow as rapidly as non-union barbers could be obtained.

Cuban Revolution Denied.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Minister Cespedes, on behalf of the Cuban government, declared today that reports of revolution in the western provinces of his country were without foundation, that the island was at peace and "everybody working hard to produce sugar."

CLEMENCEAU LOSES NOMINATION RACE

Refusal to Run Follows Defeat at Caucus.

ENTRY IS WITHDRAWN

Premier Declares He Will Not Run for President, Regardless of Results of Voting.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Premier Clemenceau tonight sent a letter to Leon Bourgeois formally withdrawing from the contest for the presidency. The letter says:

"I take the liberty of informing you that I withdraw from my friends authority to offer my candidacy for the presidency of the republic and that if they disregard my withdrawal and obtain for me a majority of votes I will refuse the mandate so conferred."

Clemenceau went down to defeat in the caucus today of the senate and chamber of deputies to choose a candidate for the presidency of the republic.

M. Clemenceau, thereupon made the announcement of his withdrawal from the contest. In doing so, the premier asked his supporters to cast their votes for the re-election of President Poincare.

Senators and deputies, after the caucus in which Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber, led the premier by 19 votes, generally expressed the opinion that the vote means the elimination from public life of "the father of victory," Premier Clemenceau being neither a senator nor a deputy.

Another Candidate Sought.

M. Clemenceau's friends already are searching for another candidate, as President Poincare is reported to have refused to accede to the demand of a deputation of senators and deputies that he be a candidate for re-election. He was said to have renewed emphatically the expression of his determination not to be a candidate.

Never before in the history of presidential elections in France has a plenary caucus been attended by such a large number of deputies and senators, 821 out of 924 being present. Heretofore it has been the custom to call a caucus only of the parties of the left, but today M. Deschanel stands as the chosen candidate both of the chamber and senate—all the parties.

Premier Not at Caucus.

Neither Premier Clemenceau nor M. Deschanel were present at the caucus, but former Premier Briand, Andre Lefevre and Edouard Herriot, the latter the new president of the radical party, were conspicuous in marshaling the Deschanel forces, while Georges Mandel, formerly Premier Clemenceau's confidential secretary, and Edouard Ignace were canvassing on behalf of M. Clemenceau. Those presiding at the voting table were fairly swarmed by the venerable senators and young deputies anxious to cast their votes before the polling closed at 4 o'clock.

"Tiger's" Defeat Discussed.

There were naturally two views of the defeat of the premier who, for more than two years, by his forceful personality and courage had ruled both houses of the parliament with an iron hand. One of the senators who is opposed to the premier remarked:

"M. Clemenceau has been victorious against many attacks in the chamber and the senate in the past two years. This was because he was fighting for France. When he seeks personal honors, however, he goes down to defeat."

Many of the deputies and senators who had supported the premier lingered in the courtyard after the close of the balloting, sadly commenting upon the outcome.

ABERDEEN LIQUOR POISON

Man Who Takes Three Drinks of Moonshine Near Death.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Sam Hurowitz was brought into the police station Wednesday night apparently a very sick man. He confided to the desk sergeant that he had taken about three drinks—not more—of moonshine whisky, and that dire things were happening in his department of the interior. The man's sufferings were so patently real that Dr. Kinne was called. The case was pronounced one of acute lead poisoning and was treated accordingly.

Hurowitz was uncomfortably near death for a short time, but finally recovered from the attack. Hurowitz's case is the most violent of several to come under the notice of the police department during the past few months.

REPRIEVES GRANTED TWO

Nebraska Governor Gives 2 Weeks' Stay to Convicted Murderers.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 16.—Allen V. Grammer and Alson B. Cole, sentenced to die in the electric chair here today for the murder of Grammer's mother-in-law, Mrs. Lulu Vogt, of near Elba, Neb., were given a reprieve for two weeks by Governor Samuel R. McKelvie. This action, he declared, was necessary because final action in legal proceedings brought in Cole's behalf still remained to be decided.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Final efforts to save the life of A. B. Cole, who, with Allen V. Grammer, was convicted of the murder of the latter's mother-in-law, failed today when Frank M. Tyrell, an attorney of Lincoln, was denied permission by Associate Justice Vandeventer to appeal the case to the supreme court.

Four Months' Training Urged.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Four months' military training for all boys between the ages of 18 and 20, as provided in a senate bill, was urged today before the house military committee by Thomas W. Miller of Delaware, chairman of the national executive committee of the American Legion.

Aberdeen Speeds Up Census.

ABERDEEN, Wash, Jan 16.—(Special.)—An emergency call for help with the census enumeration has been issued upon representation that a large number of Aberdeen citizens are apt to be left out of the census. Every man or woman who has not seen an enumerator is urged to report the matter in person or by telephone to the supervisor before Saturday night.

Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Our Store Opens at 9 A. M. "The Store That Undersells Because It Sells for Cash" Our Store Closes 5:30 P. M.

Agents for the Butterick Patterns and Delineator. All styles and sizes now showing.

Mail orders receive our prompt and careful attention same day as received.

Be Sure That YOU Profit by This

Extraordinary Sale of Corsets

You Have Choice from the Most Popular Front and Back Lace Models in Rich Brocades—Fine Batistes and Coutils—Sizes 19 to 36 at a pair

$3.39

Savings That Run to a Third and More. Only the Finer Quality Corsets Are Included.

R. & G., Rengo Belt, Henderson, Merito, Lady Ruth, and Every Corset Is Fully Guaranteed.

We have still some 30 dozen front and back lace corsets in discontinued lines that we must close out at a loss to us because the manufacturers have dropped these numbers because of the scarcity of materials. Our loss is your gain. Buy liberally while you can save extraordinarily.

All are high-grade corsets in fashionable front and back lace models that will correctly and comfortably fit every figure, and every pair is sold under our personal guarantee, although you pay a bargain price. ACT AT ONCE—PURCHASE TODAY—and pay only $3.39 a pair for corsets selling regularly up to nearly double this figure.

PARENTS! Prudence Will Prompt You to Purchase

Children's Fine Coats—Today

Dozens of popular styles for children of all ages have been grouped into two great lots to go on sale at greatly reduced prices.

LOT 1—Ages 2 to 7, at $5.00

In this assortment you'll find many popular styles and all desirable materials. Every coat from regular stock lines and selling regularly up to twice the above figure.

LOT 2—Ages 6 to 14, at $10.00

A splendid variety of styles to select from in materials that are most worthy. Every coat well worth the season's regular price and every coat an extraordinary bargain at this sale price.

Novelty Georgette Crepe $3.95 a Yard

A very special sale of high grade Novelty Georgette Crepe—Flouncing and allover Georgettes—in navy, brown, pongee, copen, taupe and gray—handsomely embroidered in self color or other pleasing shades. Also pink, blue, lavender and maize all-over Georgette, embroidered in silver thread. Comes 40 inches wide and especially priced for today at $3.95 yard.

Dainty Neckwear at $1.00

Women's dainty Neckwear in best styles and materials—Collars, Sets, Vestees, etc., etc., of Georgette crepe, nets and laces. Priced far below their regular prices today at only $1.00.

Splendid Values in

Misses' and Children's Shoes

Misses' and Children's Shoes
Sizes 9 to 11 at, pair $2.65
Sizes 11½ to 2 at, pair $2.98

The children's shoes are gunmetal in button styles and the misses' sizes come in gunmetal or patent leather with cloth top. Good, durable shoes at this low price.

Boys' and Little Gents' Shoes
Sizes 9 to 13½ at, a pair $3.50

Both button and lace styles with good heavy uppers and durable soles.

Also Boys' "High-Cut" and Army Shoes at $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 a pair.

Saturday Sale of Drug Sundries

10 bars Van Hoeter's Bleaching Soap for 55¢. Limit, 10 bars to any one purchaser. None delivered except with other goods.

Cuticura Soap ..... 23¢	Resinol Soap ..... 25¢	Palm Olive Talcum ..... 20¢
Palm Olive Soap, 3 for .. 25¢	Stork Castile Soap, 3 for 50¢	Palm Olive Cold Cream .. 45¢
Creme Oil Soap, 3 for ... 25¢	Sweetheart Soap ..... 5¢	Squibbs' Paraffine Oil, bottle $1, 6 for $5.00
Woodbury's Soap ..... 23¢	Pebeco Tooth Paste ..... 45¢	

Our Store Now Opens at 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros. Hurd & Morrison

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M. Saturdays at 6 P. M.

"IT" Is Here

"IT" Is the Only Motor Decarbonizer Yet Put on the Market

I will establish agencies in every county in Oregon.

See W. C. Lewis, Saturday, the 17th, Sunday, the 18th, at Oregon Hotel.

Only live and responsible agents wanted.

Beats All Decarbonizing Co., Inc.

Seattle, Wash. Detroit, Mich.

THE MISERY OF BACKACHE

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Muskegon, Mich.—"For six years I was so weak in my back at times that I could hardly walk. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me and it made me good and strong again so that I am able to do all my work. I highly recommend your medicine and tell everyone I meet what it did for me."—Mrs. G. SCHOONFIELD, 240 Wood Ave., Muskegon, Mich.

Woman's Precious Gift

The one which she should most zealously guard is her health, but she often neglects to do so in season until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.