ASSEMBLY IS URGED TO SEAT SOCIALISTS

New York Republican Member to Introduce Proceedings.

SYMPATHIES IN QUESTION

Senator Poindexter Writes That They Should Be Excluded if Favoring Soviet Rule.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 14.—While the assembly judiciary committee today was setting the stage for the trial here next Tuesday of the five socialist assemblymen suspended at the opening of the legislature, it became known that another effort to have the lower house rescind its action and reseat the five, is being planned for Monday night's session.

After the commission had adopted rules under which the trial would be held and had requested Attorney-General Newton to conduct its case, employing whatever additional counsel he might desire, Assemblyman William C. Amos, republican, of New York, announced that on the close of the first public hearing, he would introduce proceedings to have the suspended members restored to their seats.

A similar motion to reconsider, introduced last Monday night, was rejected, 71 to 33.

Thaddeus C. Sweet, speaker of the assembly, who launched the ousting movement, tonight made public a letter from United States Senator Miles Poindexter, republican, of Washington, approving the action taken by the assembly.

"It is true," wrote Mr. Poindexter, "that man is free to join one political party or another, so long as that political party is a law-abiding organization. Every man has a right to advocate changes in government to be brought about by constitutional methods. No man, however, has the legal right to advocate the accomplishment of social or political reforms by lawless force and violence. Such a doctrine is an attack upon the foundations of the constitution.

"I do not know whether these suspended members advocated the soviet government of Russia or not. If they do, then they advocate a criminal regime. The soviet government of Russia is based on lawless force, terrorism, intimidation, tyranny, wanton bloodshed, confiscation of property—all leading to the destruction of civilization. If the suspended members of the New York assembly advocate this regime, then they approve a system in which the constituent assembly of the people of Russia was turned out of the assembly room, not upon a judicial or legislative inquiry, but arbitrarily at the point of bayonets in the hands of soldiers.

"It is highly proper for the New York assembly to inquire whether or not those presenting themselves for a seat in the assembly are open and avowed enemies of the state and nation."

SUGAR DEALERS INDICTED

CHICAGO MERCHANTS ACCUSED OF PROFITEERING.

Sales to Consumers at 17 Cents of Commodity That Cost 10 to 11 Cents Alleged.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14. — Indictments charging profiteering in sugar were returned in the federal district court here against several officials of three wholesale grocery concerns. The true bills were part of a batch of 20 or more voted by the grand jury, but the others were not presented today.

Those indicted are the proprietors of the Mutual Grocery company, officers of the See-Moon company, and the executive heads of the Surkin & Portnoy company.

The Mutual Grocery company officers are charged with having conspired to exact 17 cents a pound for granulated sugar, the highest lawful price being 11¼ cents. The other two concerns are charged with conspiring to exact excessive prices, the complaint being that the See-Moon company bought sugar at 10½ cents and turned it over to the Surkin & Portnoy company, which sold it to retailers at 21½ cents.

CHICAGO FACES SHORTAGE

Deficit of Seven Millions Sighted by City Comptroller.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Chicago faces a deficit of more than $7,000,000 for the coming year, according to a report submitted today to the council committee on finances by City Controller George F. Harding.

Mr. Harding said the city's resources in 1920 would be about $32,000,000, while expenditures were estimated at more than $39,000,000.

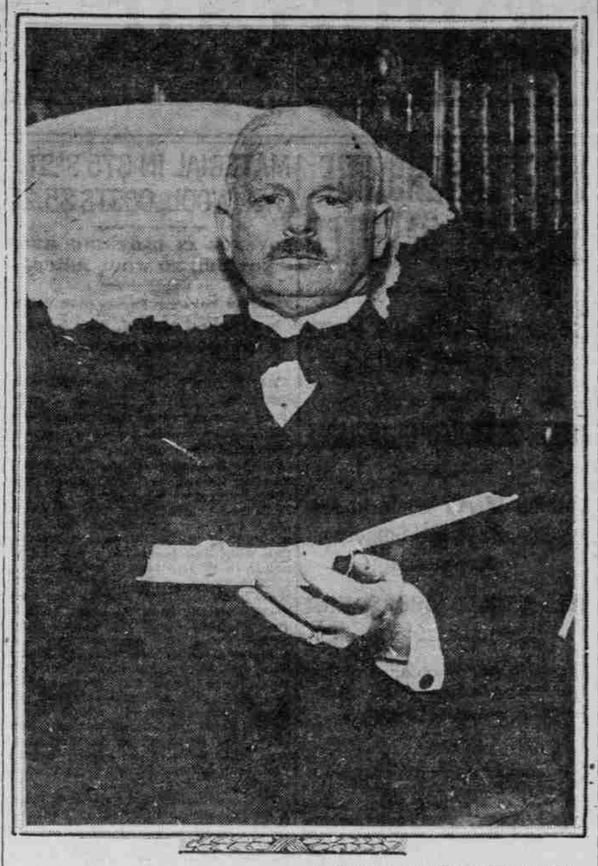
HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Nobody Can Tell When You Darken Gray, Faded Hair With Sage Tea.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of sage tea and sulphur. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, at very little cost. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful.—Adv.

SPEAKER OF NEW YORK ASSEMBLY WHO READ SOCIALISTS OUT OF CAPITOL AT ALBANY.



—Photo copyright by Underwood.

Speaker Thaddeus Sweet (Phoenix, Oswego county, N. Y.) of the New York assembly, who read the five socialist members out of the assembly when that body met for the first time this year, charging them and their party with policies "inimical" to the welfare of the state, resting in the Murray Hill hotel, New York. Speaker Sweet announces that the judiciary committee, which is to hear the charges against the socialists, will be appointed Monday and will probably be organized Tuesday and will proceed to hear the charges immediately.

ASSEMBLY IS PRAISED

POINDEXTER COMMENDS ACT IN BARRING SOCIALISTS.

Speaker of New York Body Told That Constitution Provides Recourse for Everybody.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 14.—Senator Poindexter has sent a letter to Thaddeus C. Sweet, speaker of the New York assembly, congratulating him on the action of the assembly in suspending five socialist members of the body pending an inquiry into their political views.

He said: "The New York assembly, I assume, as is usual with such assemblies, is the judge of the election and eligibility of its members. It is highly proper for it to inquire whether or not those presenting themselves for a seat in the assembly are open and avowed enemies of the constitution of the state and nation.

"The constitution of the state and the nation establishes a government of due process of law, and orderly and formal political procedure, based upon the free suffrages of the people. If the suspended members are not willing to accept this fundamental condition of government, and if this fact should appear from the inquiry which I understand the assembly has ordered, then I, as a citizen of the United States, would feel that you and your associates have rendered a great patriotic service by your courage and initiative in taking notice of this sinister and revolutionary movement in this effective way."

CIDER EXEMPTION ARGUED

Attorney Contends Beverage Excepted by Prohibition Law.

That cider is beyond the pale of beverages coming within the one-half of 1 per cent alcoholic prohibition under the state dry law and must be proved intoxicating beyond a reasonable doubt in prosecutions under that law is the unusual contention of John W. Kaste made in argument before Presiding Judge McCourt yesterday on stipulated facts in the case of Costa Christ and Jim Christ.

Judge McCourt declined to pass on the showing made, holding that it was a question which could be raised properly only on a motion for a directed verdict during trial of the case. Trial was set for today.

Attorney Kaste's claim is that cider is excepted specifically from the law prohibiting the sale of mixtures and beverages containing more than one-half of 1 per cent of alcohol.

The Christ brothers are accused of selling cider containing 6 per cent of alcohol.

WESTERNERS UNDAUNTED

(Continued From First Page.)

obtain from congress and warned the western visitors that they should understand this fact at the beginning. He said, however, that as chairman of the senate irrigation committee he would give every aid possible, but suggested that it might be necessary to seek the money by way of a loan rather than an appropriation.

Senator Thomas Dubious.

Senator Thomas of Colorado was then introduced and, with his usual candor, the Colorado senator spread a large wet blanket over the whole gathering by saying that he had made himself unpopular ever since he had been in the senate by opposing appropriations. He told of the present condition of the treasury and left the inference that the appropriation asked by the visitors was one which should not be considered.

When he had closed Governor Hart of Washington jumped to his feet and in a two-minute speech said the westerners had no doubt that if congress could be shown that money spent in western reclamation would make more money and turn increased taxes into the treasury an ear would likely be given.

"Some men make money by saving it," said Governor Hart, "while others make money by spending money," and apparently feeling satisfied that he had made sufficient reply to Senator Thomas took his hat and overcoat and walked out.

Senator Morris Sheppard of Texas then delivered a spirited talk which was so obviously a speech for the benefit of the visiting delegation from his home state that he drew a heated reply from Senator McNary. Senator Sheppard said:

"I want these gentlemen from the west to know that I stand ready to help them in this matter. The blame for the failure of our country to get what it deserves rests upon some of our western senators and I think their constituents should make them understand what is expected of them."

McNary Resents Imputations.

Senator McNary replying, said he resented the imputations of Senator Sheppard as to other western senators. As chairman of the senate irrigation committee he said he had found the western senators generally standing together for the western idea and that the reflections of the senator from Texas were unfair and unwarranted.

Just as Senator McNary started to tell the conference that Senator Sheppard had been absent from most of the meetings of the irrigation committee considering western projects, he discovered that the Texas senator had disappeared.

Senator Owen of Oklahoma was encouraging in his remarks, declaring that if the means were not already provided in the federal reserve and farm loan bank acts for arranging a loan of all the money needed for the west a way could be found without the appropriation of a dollar by congress. His plan was a bond issue, to be guaranteed by the states or by associations.

Borah Is Optimistic.

Senators Borah, Idaho; and Kendrick, Wyoming, made optimistic speeches after Governors Davis of Idaho, Bamberger of Utah, Hart of Washington and Campbell of Arizona had spoken. Governor Davis presided at the conference after Senator McNary had introduced all of the governors. Whitney L. Boise of Portland spoke for Governor Olcott of Oregon, who was not in attendance.

GENERAL'S FLAG WANTED

MULTNOMAH NEEDS 4-STARRED BANNER FOR PERSHING.

Little Daughter of Hero of 91st Division Will Present Roses to American Commander.

Who has an honest-to-goodness general's flag to spare for decorative purposes?

Ray Clark, attache of the Hotel Multnomah, where General John J. Pershing will have his headquarters while in Portland next Sunday, wants one and yesterday appealed to the public for it. This is a flag with four stars on a red field. Unless one is available here, it will have to be made, says Mr. Clark, for all possible honors are to be paid the general while here and this is one thing that cannot be omitted. It will float at the Multnomah during the day.

Jean Abercrombie, six-year-old daughter of the late Captain Charles H. Abercrombie of the 363d infantry, 91st division, who was killed in France, has been selected by the committee to make the presentation of Portland roses to General Pershing. She is a pupil at the Madeleine school and is the youngest of three children of Mrs. Abercrombie.

In civil life Mr. Abercrombie was attorney for the Security Savings & Trust company. He won a captaincy at the first officers' training school held at the Presidio. He was wounded while leading his company in the Argonne offensive and died two weeks later.

HOUSE PASSES INDIAN ACT

Bill Provides Citizenship and Permits Property Disposal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The house today passed bills conferring citizenship upon all Indians born within the limits of the United States and providing a final disposition of tribal property among Indians adjudged competent to administer their share.

All restrictions on the disposition of the property after apportionment would be removed by the bill.

SAFEGUARD CREDIT, AMERICA ADVISED

War Finance Corporation Head Gives Views.

BRITISH VIEW ANSWERED

Eugene Meyer Jr. Says Nation Must Cease Taking Risks That Were Met During War.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Sharp exception to the views of Sir George Paish on possibilities of assistance for Europe by the United States was taken today by Eugene Meyer Jr., managing director of the war finance corporation, at a luncheon of the American Manufacturers' Export association today. His address followed one by the British economist, who reiterated his opinion that it was the duty of America to give Europe enormous credits to aid in rehabilitation. The penalty, Sir George said, would be loss of foreign trade.

"Sometimes," said Mr. Meyer, "when I listen to the discussion of the subject from the other side, in which we are told what we should do, what we haven't done, what we must do, I wonder if it is realized what we have done. Not only have we loaned from the United States government out of the funds collected from liberty loans and taxes $2,265,000,000, but we have sold practically on credit about $700,000,000 worth of our goods—food supplies, machinery, motor vehicles—sent to Europe for purposes of our army and auxiliary organizations. This does not represent a cost to this country of $700,000,000, but a sum largely in excess of that. Our grain corporation has sold some grain on credit and our merchants have granted considerable sums of credit in the aggregate and our investors have bought a total of a large amount of securities during 1919.

All Lines Short.

"When Sir George Paish speaks of our surplus goods, I would like to see them tabulated. There is a shortage of almost everything in the world that we produce today.

"It takes more than lenders; it takes borrowers to do business and the borrowers must come to this country with sound business propositions. Whatever our sympathies may be, I believe that it is more in the interests of the borrowing countries, of the needy countries, to consider these things, except in cases where it is a question of pure relief, on a sound business basis. I feel that at this time we are placing perhaps too much reliance on the magic word 'credit.'

"I do not say that this is not a time for the use of credit, but I do say, and the money markets and the investment markets the world over show it, it is time when we must begin to use it with more care than we have during the war. We could afford to take risks then that we must cease taking now. We must look forward to a time when our balance of trade will be balanced in other ways than by paper."

Aid for Starving Asked.

Sir George said that one of the purposes of his visit to the United States was to "ask you to assist those starving people of Vienna to get through this particular time."

"The body of Austria has been cut away from the head," he said, "and for the moment the head must be maintained because there is no connection with the body. I am sure you, the American people, with your great heart, are going to help those helpless women and children at Vienna and that you will not allow them to starve. But, apart from Austria, I am not here to ask for gifts. I am here to tell you that we shall be able and ready to pay for everything you send us."

FINANCIERS SEEK REMEDY

Money Kings Look for Way Out of World Chaos.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—A call for one of the greatest international conferences of commercial and financial figures ever assembled to find a remedy for the financial and commercial chaos in which the world has been left by the war, was issued here today following the meeting of a coterie of nationally known financiers.

The appeal was issued simultaneously with similar proclamations put forth in Great Britain, France, Holland, Switzerland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway. In each case the documents were signed by business, financial, political and educational leaders in their respective countries. In the case of the European countries, the appeal was addressed to the respective governments.

While Germany and Austria were not included in the original call, it was announced that delegates from these countries would be invited to attend the conference.

"To sum up the document," says the official announcement of the conference, "it is a call to the people to return to pre-war standards of reason—an appeal to the reparation commission for wise moderation as to the best business policy for all concerned—an appeal to the governments to arrest inflation and meet inevitable burdens by increasing their revenues rather than by increasing their debts, an appeal to the people to work and save, an appeal to leaders of commerce and finance to get together in order to study the problems dispassionately and take it up as a business proposition, relying on independent action rather than government intervention."

Among prominent American signatories are J. P. Morgan, Herbert Hoover, Frank A. Vanderlip, Samuel Rea, Philadelphia; George M. Reynolds, Chicago; Arthur T. Hadley, president of Yale university; William H. Taft, Henry Suzzallo, president University of Washington; Daniel Willard, Baltimore; Festus J. Wade, St. Louis; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; Julius H. Barnes, president of the grain corporation; Cleveland H. Dodge, A. Baton Hepburn, Darwin P. Kingsley, James A. Stillman and William Fellows Morgan, all of New York.

NORTH BEND RAISES PAY

Police Chief to Get $150 a Month; Rises Given Recorder and Attorney.

NORTH BEND, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—The city council last night adopted an ordinance fixing the salary of chief of police at $150 a month and increasing the salary of city recorder from $1200 to $1500 a year and the salary of city attorney from $750 to $900 a year. A. H. Derbyshire, who has filled the office of city attorney for a number of years, was reappointed by Mayor H. G. Kern. Dr. R. L. Edwards was reappointed city health officer, and O. M. Morgan was continued as chief of police and head of the fire department. The various committees of the council were continued for the ensuing year without change in the personnel.

Petitions from property owners asking for paving, sidewalk and sewer improvements on residential streets totaling upward of 15 blocks were considered by the council. It is contemplated to adopt plans and specifications for the proposed improvements at the next meeting of the council. Despite the high cost of materials and labor, indications are favorable for a large amount of street improvements here during the coming year.

CHROME BILLS NUMEROUS

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS ARE ASKED FROM GOVERNMENT.

Only Those Who Have Formal Requests to Mine Mineral Will Be Paid Under Ruling.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 14.—Claims amounting to many thousands of dollars have been filed by residents of Oregon who responded to Uncle Sam's appeal to patriotic citizens to mine chrome and help win the war. The mining of chrome is an unprofitable industry in this country except under war conditions, which cut off the cheaper foreign supply.

Many persons got busy digging chrome in four counties of Oregon—Grant, Jackson, Josephine and Curry. Besides this activity at home, many of them developed large chrome mines in northern California. While numerous claims have been filed with the war mineral relief commission in this city, many more are likely to have to be considered before the matter is settled.

In ruling on the statute which provided for reimbursement of losses suffered by chrome producers when the war was suddenly ended, Attorney-General Palmer held that only those were entitled to reimbursement who had received a formal request from the government to produce chrome. Those who acted simply on placards that were posted in Oregon and California and elsewhere appealing to men to dig chrome and other needed minerals are barred from any compensation.

It is expected that congress will enact some additional legislation to cover claims of this class. The list of claims on file with the commission, which follows, includes only those who gave their residence as in Oregon. The claims are:

Gustave T. Pinson, Prairie City, $1710; S. B. Potter, Takilma, $3355; Lewis L. Cleaver, Prairie City, $404; A. W. Ward and W. Sexton, Prairie City, $1009; Jesse C. Castle, Prairie City, $161; Charley Ladrow, Prairie City, $1530; Charles L. Cole, Grants Pass, $5000; W. B. Oliphant, Holland, $310; Ralph S. Bennett, Grants Pass, $1137; S. E. Mitchell, Canyon City, $882; Soi C. Stone, Grants Pass, $245; L. H. Van Horn, Jacksonville, $11,000; John Buchanan, Prairie City, $1200; W. E. Gilmore, Kerby, $6000; A. W. Parsons, Grants Pass, $1639; V. E. Gillette, Prairie City, $567; F. C. Tornow, Henry building, Portland, $5617; Frank M. Knight, Ben Wilbourn and John Buchanan, Prairie City, $5345; Howell & Ross, Prairie City, $1580.

W. H. Prose, John Day, $4363; Thomas Bessler Jr., Sumpter, $585; John L. Stowell, Takilma, $2500; G. B. Fife, Grants Pass, and C. E. Tucker, $1256; W. W. Cay, G. C. Cotrell, Phil Emery, G. E. Smith and W. R. Miller, Powers, $1272; Phil Emery, Powers, $398; George C. Cottrell, Powers, $1211; R. S. Reed, Placer, $560; Reeves & Weigand, Gresnhorn, $120; S. C. Cheezum and Charles M. Warren, Rogue River, $709; G. A. Fitzpatrick, Holland, $252; Peter Delore and Susie Delore, Rogue, $3822; George A. Hyde, Grants Pass, $4978; J. W. Duckworth and Joe Meadows, Sumpter, $1629; Burke Durch and Phillips, Grants Pass, $310; Frank C. Livingstone, Golden, $282; Black Bass Chrome association, Coquille, $3505; The Kromore company, Hood River, $11,178; Ott & Thompson, Roseburg, $3287; George Roba, Paulina, $630.

J. W. Bigelow and David Bour, Kerby, $191; Maurer & Bours, Kerby, $480; Daniel McLeod, Kerby, $550; Long Ayldott and Williams, Selma, $2293; A. B. Austin, Coquille, $571; Lafayette Sheldby, Dayville, $207; G. C. Irwin, Portland, $511; Mrs. Helen Hildreth, A. C. Epperly and James A. Drennan, Placer, $4135; G. C. Grimmett, Kerby, $3950; O. C. Hopwood, Selma, $300; A. C. Hoffman, Grants Pass, $587; E. J. Bailey, John Day, $220; Alex Shinpangle, Canyon City, $250; Shelton & Shinpangle, Canyon City, $4233; A. L. Zaxer, Waldo, $1172; Barton & Cain, Grants Pass, $2203;

Dan W. Powers, Canyon City, $2935; J. E. Marks, Canyon City, $282; John F. Temple, Pendleton, $1010; P. A. Retrum, Prairie City, $676.

John W. Pomeroy, Central Point, $3901; Golconda Mining company, Grants Pass, $7926; H. Scott and C. E. Noble, Grants Pass, $6805; J. P. Hankins and G. W. Hankins, Silvies, $1297; R. W. Peet, Prairie City, $31,786; M. E. Holter and J. E. Faucher, Grants Pass, $14,172; Charles H. Mulkey, John Day, $150; E. Vaughn, Portland, $4294; J. M. Blank, Canyon City, $300; John H. Haak, Portland, $60,164; Roy Glasscock, Marshfield, $9770; James D. Fine, Dayville, $900; E. K. Carey, Canyon City, $1154; J. K. McCloy, Watkins, $400; Alvin H. Gunnell, Grants Pass, $953; H. Hight, Canyon City, $2833; C. Eggers, Izee, and C. S. McCorkle, Canyon City, two claims, $2785 and $700; McCorkle & Andrus, Canyon City, $3717.

Henry Niven, O. L. Patterson and I. B. Hazeltine, Canyon City, $4400; Kromite Mining company, Baker, $3702; Arthur E. Hanenkrat, Prairie City, $3090; Henry Rowland, Selma, and R. J. Rowen, Grants Pass, $59,082; John T. Brady, Grants Pass, $300; Ralph M. Curl, Canyon City, $923; L. S. Moore, Mount Vernon, $726; O. R. Miscoll, Dayville, $542; C. C. Hankins, Silview, $565; J. D. Combs and G. W. Stone, Prairie City, $1704; P. F. Chandler and C. F. Haight, Canyon City, $6371; Grants Pass Chrome company, $14,623; Golconda Mining company, Grants Pass, $7926.

Grant Chrome company, Prairie City, $33,098; H. B. Steward, Portland, $30,000; H. T. Lyon, Canyon City; Darius E. Wells, Roseburg, $941; Earls N. Young, Grants Pass, $1028; E. G. Harding, Medford, $978; F. S. Miller, Gus Nichols and T. F. Nichols, Medford, $2500; H. K. Welch and Myron E. Horr, Ashland, $53,400; J. H. Prescott, Baker, $14,298; H. C. McIntosh, Golden, $449; William A. Ewing, Medford, $3229; Floyd Pearce, Eagle Point, $1500; Ralph H. Ross, Bandon, $506; Wester nReduction company, Portland, $113,003.

BOOK LECTURES LISTED

Library Training Class Director Will Assist Readers.

A series of public book talks, which will help readers to select from the mass of publications the most important of the new literary productions, will be given twice each month in central library by Miss Ethel R. Sawyer, director of the training class of the library. The talks will begin at 4 P. M. on every alternate Tuesday and will continue for one hour. The first will be held Tuesday afternoon of next week.

In addition to an afternoon topic Miss Sawyer will lead a discussion upon one or two current books of interest, and will call attention to worth-while publications.

Starting the course, the following schedule has been arranged: January 29, "Desirable Aliens"; February 3, "Romance of Book-Land"; February 17, "Constructive Pessimism"; March 2, "Predestination and Optimism"; March 16, "Inexpensive Chair-Car Journeys."

A Lazy Liver

Causes a great deal of trouble, biliousness, constipation and sick headache. Do not put up with it; correct it at once by taking

Hood's Pills

Made by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

Mathis for Quality

Overcoats $40 to $125

Warm, comfortable and built on lines to give you a good appearance. Full of sturdiness. Full of long wear, with the Mathis traditional standard of quality back of every garment.

Storm coats, dress coats, town and country ulsters, including the Kenneth Durward, London-made overcoats, good, rain or shine.

Overcoats $25.00 to $40.00

We have about fifty overcoats of last season's stock that you can now buy at considerably less than present market quotations. These coats are not marked down, but are sold at last year's prices.

We Close Saturdays at 6 o'Clock

Manhattan Shirts

Looking at the matter of shirt values from almost any angle—fit, style, tailoring, materials—there's no getting away from the fact that you'll find your shirt ideal realized in the new Manhattans we are now showing. Prices range from $3 to $15

Mathis

MEN'S WEAR

Corbett Bldg., Fifth and Morrison

HARNEY ELECTION CALLED

VOTERS TO PASS ON CREATION OF IRRIGATION PROJECTS.

County Court Enters Order Separating "Wet" Lands From "Dry." February 10 Date of Voting.

BURNS, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—County Judge Levens and County Commissioners Haas and McKinnon have entered an order of the county court separating the "wet" lands from the "dry" lands of Harney county's proposed irrigation district, this arrangement having been agreed to by C. B. McConnell, attorney and promoter, who has taken a leading part in the proposed irrigation undertakings. The final order submitting to the people the question of whether the big district, or "wet" district, as it is known, should be created under the name of the Harney Valley Irrigation district, has been signed by the county court, and February 10 has been fixed as the date for the election.

Mr. McConnell, representing the district that first started to organize and that included both wet and dry lands, under the petition known as the H. M. Horton petition, has contended that the wet lands should be excluded from that district, and has paved the way for harmonious and immediate action looking toward the development of two of the largest irrigation districts in the state, comprising more than 115,000 acres.

There now remains to be brought about only the formal organization of these two by means of the affirmative vote for the respective districts at the election called and the election of boards of directors.

This done, the directors in each district will prepare or have prepared the necessary plans for reclamation and will secure estimates on the cost of constructing dams for the reservoirs and digging the necessary distribution systems. A large part of this work has already been done by the United States reclamation department and the state engineer's office. When these plans are submitted to the state engineer for his approval and he has checked them up and approved the plans then the districts will vote the necessary bonds to carry out the construction.

Army Store Adds Stocks.

The following additional supplies were received at the army quartermaster store here yesterday, and have been placed on sale, according to announcement of Superintendent E. A. M. Fowler: Cornmeal, pepper, ash and garbage cans, shoes, canned tomatoes, army escort wagons.

Land to Be Cleared for Potatoes.

BEND, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Land purchased a few weeks ago in the Powell Butte section by the Deschutes Valley Seed company is being cleared and 200 acres will be planted to potatoes this spring to supply seed for California growers. One of the chief stockholders in the enterprise is George L. Burtt, Pacific coast potato buyer.

S. & H. Green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co. Main 353. 560-21.—Adv.

MALE and FEMALE

Starts Saturday

COLUMBIA

THE PROPER WAY TO TAKE ASPIRIN

First See That the Tablets You Take Are Marked With the "Bayer Cross."

The Bayer company, who introduced Aspirin, tell in their careful directions in each package of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" that to get best results one or two glasses of water should be drank after taking tablets.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" to be genuine must be marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Then you are getting the world-famous Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Each unbroken "Bayer" package contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, and for Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trademark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

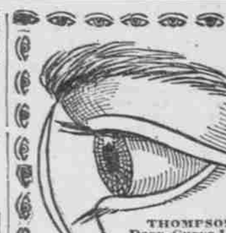
Dandruff Soon Ruins the Hair

Girls—If you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't.

It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.—Adv.



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