

## MEXICO HASTENS TO CALM BRITISH

Carranza Directs Rebels  
to Release Prisoner.

## UNITED STATES IGNORED

Department Awaits Compli-  
ance with Request.

## CABLE DELAY IS BLAMED

Officials Expect Prompt Action on  
Demand for Liberation of Con-  
sular Agent Jenkins.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—With much impatience, the state department today awaited word from Mexico City of the release of Consular Agent Jenkins from the penitentiary at Puebla in response to this government's second sharp note to Carranza. The department tonight had been advised of the note's delivery, but officials said it probably was presented during the day and that they expected prompt action by the administration in accordance to the "request" of the United States.

The note was forwarded early Sunday and the delayed dispatch from the Mexican capital and the Mexican foreign office announced late last night that it had not been received. Errors in cable transmission were said to have delayed its presentation.

**British Subject Released.**  
A new sidelight on the general Mexican kidnapping situation was given today in a report of the capture of Norman Rowe, a British subject, by rebels at Zacatecas, who held him for ransom, but who quickly released him at the instance of the Carranza administration, without payment of ransom.

Great Britain never recognized the Carranza regime in Mexico. The British vice-consul at Zacatecas promptly notified the Mexican authorities and reported the kidnapping to the British consulate-general at Mexico City. Representations were quickly made to the Mexican government and within a few hours the machinery, including the military, was seeking to rescue Rowe.

The kidnapping took place at Fresnillo, a large mining camp at Zacatecas, and in reporting the liberation and return of Rowe to Fresnillo the vice-consul said:

"The government troops and the state authorities exercised all diligence in effecting the liberty of Rowe and as a mere matter of justice this should be stated, as everything is due to the efficiency with which the authorities moved in the matter."

**Cabrera Is Active.**  
Luis Cabrera, secretary of the treasury under Carranza, known to be bitterly anti-American and whose brother in governor of the state of Puebla, where the Jenkins kidnapping took place, has taken an active part in the Mexican government's prosecution of the case against Jenkins, according to advices received today. In a statement prepared for the press of Mexico City, Cabrera said that Jenkins might be liberated on bond, but that the American government "now prefers to set him free by means of threats."

"It is inexplicable," Cabrera was quoted as saying, "that the American government should have requested the immediate release of Jenkins even before the court decision was rendered. The United States government is seeking to have Jenkins delivered innocent even before the investigations of the case are completed."

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 1.—Announcement was made at the Mexican foreign office late tonight that the last American note had not been delivered. First intimation as to the nature of the communication sent to Mexico by Secretary of State Lansing was given by dispatches to this city by the Associated Press. It was learned at the American embassy that there were numerous errors in the cable transmission of the note, which probably explains the delay in its presentation.

**Exemption Not Provided.**  
Hilary Medina, secretary of foreign relations, declared today that treaties existing between Mexico and the United States make no provision for the exemption of consular agents from jurisdiction of federal tribunals, "for which reason W. O. Jenkins, the United States consular agent at Puebla, because of whose imprisonment a delicate situation has arisen between the two countries, cannot claim immunity as has been suggested by his friends."

Senor Medina stated the treaty of friendship and commerce between United States and Mexico, drawn in 1821 and renewed in 1848, established no immunity in favor of consuls.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Prosecution of the alleged murderers of Lieutenant Connolly and a waterhouse, American aviators, whose bodies were found buried on the beach of Los Angeles bay, and later brought to the United States for burial, has begun at Ensenada, Lower California, the American embassy at Mexico City has

## NEW ENGLAND MILLS GRANT HIGHER WAGE

300,000 WORKERS GET 12 1/2  
PER CENT INCREASE.

Nearly \$1,000,000 Weekly Added  
to Payrolls; Rise Since War Be-  
gan Is 100 to 148 Per Cent.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—Advanced wages for thousands of operatives in the textile industry in New England were announced today. Within a day or two, it was indicated, 300,000 workers in cotton and woolen mills in this section and thousands of operatives in other eastern states would be receiving higher pay.

The advance, which most generally was announced as 12 1/2 per cent, marks a new high level for textile wages. It is estimated that it will add slightly less than \$1,000,000 weekly to the payrolls of New England mills.

Increases in textile industry wages since the beginning of the war will then aggregate from 100 to 148 per cent.

Following closely upon the settlement last night of a one-day strike at Fall River, with an advance of 12 1/2 per cent to 35,000 workers and a threatened strike at New Bedford by the granting of a similar increase to 35,000 operatives, word came today from virtually every important textile center that manufactory were falling in line. The American Woolen company announced that an increase had been ordered at all of its mills.

The amount was not made public. The company employed upward of 35,000 persons at 36 mills, including plants in New York.

## MAD POET TO BE CURBED

Italy Promises to Prevent D'Annunzio's Advance.

BELGRADE, via Copenhagen to London, Dec. 1.—The Italian government has informed the Jugo-Slav government that the instructions of the peace conference for preventing the advance of Gabriele d'Annunzio's forces on Spalato will be carried out. This announcement was made here today.

ROME, Dec. 2.—The council of ministers has had under consideration the question of the status of Admiral Millo, commander of the Italian forces in the hands of the Jugo-Slavs, as a point of honor, which he later resigned. It was stated today that the admiral would be tried before the high court.

## ARCH SITE IS SELECTED

Victory Monument to Span Pacific  
Highway at Boundary.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Dec. 3.—The site for the proposed victory arch, to be dedicated September 20, 1920, in celebration of 100 years of peace and the completion of the Pacific highway, was selected by a committee of good roads men of Washington, Oregon and British Columbia at Blaine today.

The committee suggested that the arch, which will span the highway paralleling the waterfront at the boundary line, be surrounded by a park of acres, to be purchased by British Columbia and the state of Washington or the Pacific Highway association.

## OREGON SOLDIERS RETURN

Transport Orizaba Arrives from  
Brest with Western Troops.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—(Special.)—The transport Orizaba from Brest docked today with 107 officers and 813 men. The names of Oregon men were: Vernon A. Smith, Adjutant General A. Johns and Lewis A. Deyo, Portland; James E. Barolay, Halfway.

The Rocky Mountain club will act upon instructions of relatives in looking after the welfare of Oregon men during their stay in the east.

## JAP AGREEMENT IS HIT

Congressional Resolution Will Be  
Introduced, Legion Hears.

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 2.—A resolution will be introduced in the house of representatives to cancel the "gentlemen's agreement" under which Japanese immigration to America is permitted.

Representative Charles F. Curry of the third California district so informed the local post of the American Legion in a telegram received today.

## ROUMANIA SENDS NOTE

Attitude Outlined to Allies Is Not  
Yet Made Public.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—Roumania's reply to the ultimatum of the supreme council demanding a specific setting forth of Roumania's attitude has not yet been made public.

It is known that a long telegram was received by the council today from Bucharest. It was accompanied by a report that the Roumanian cabinet had resigned.

## ITALIAN WORKERS STRIKE

Industry Generally Tied Up in  
Rome, Milan and Florence.

ROME, Dec. 2.—A general strike was declared today in Rome, Milan and Florence, where there was a complete cessation of work. There was no disorder, except in Milan, where two persons were killed and many were wounded.

There were rival socialist and loyalist demonstrations in all three cities.

## PRESIDENT URGES CONGRESS TO ACT

Large Programme of Leg-  
islation Outlined.

## RAILROAD PROBLEM RESERVED

No Direct Statement Made  
Regarding Treaty.

## LABOR'S RIGHTS ESPOUSED

Workers Have Just Cause for Com-  
plaint, Says Executive, but  
Minority Rule Intolerable.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—A diversified programme to restore a peace-time business status, revise the tax system, curb unrest, reduce the cost of living and rectify labor and farming conditions was recommended by President Wilson today in his message to the new session of congress.

The president asked for new tariff laws based on the nation's changed relation to the rest of the world, suggested that the income and excess profits tax schedule be simplified, advocated steps to improve rural conditions and promote production, and declared for a "genuine democratization of industry" to protect both labor and capital.

The railroad problem he reserved for a future message and he made no statement of his intentions regarding the peace treaty or Mexico.

**Treaty Briefly Touched.**  
Many of his recommendations were the same as those submitted to the special session last spring and several of them are embraced in legislation already being formulated in the two houses.

To meet the cost of living, the president asked extension of the wartime food control bill, federal regulation of "cold storage, readjustment of food transportation and establishment of a system of federal licensing for all corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

He declared the causes of unrest to be superficial and temporary, and made his only reference to the senate's failure to ratify the peace treaty in saying that restlessness was due largely to the nation's hesitation in determining its peace policy. The federal government, he declared, should be armed with full authority to deal in the criminal courts with those who promote violence.

**Labor's Rights Championed.**  
In an extended discussion of labor conditions, he declared the workers had just cause for complaint in many matters, and that there should be a "full recognition of the right of those who work, in whatever rank, to participate in some organic way in every decision that directly affects their welfare."

He asserted that the right of individuals to strike must be held inviolate, but added that there must be a firm stand against "the attempt of any class to usurp a power that only the government itself has a right to exercise as a protection to all."

Finally, he suggested the establishment of a tribunal for peaceful decision of industrial disputes should be renewed his recommendation for

## MINERS GET 84 CENTS; OWN COAL COSTS \$2.20

OPERATORS AND MEN HELD IN  
"CAHOOTS TO BLEED PUBLIC"

LABORER, INTERROGATED BY JUDGE,  
Agrees That Both Sides Ought  
to Reduce Prices.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—Mine operators and mine workers appear to be in "cahoots to bleed the public," in the opinion of Justice A. B. Anderson of the United States district federal court. Judge Anderson, who ordered the rescinding of the strike order, expressed himself today in the course of examination of Alonzo Newcomb, a miner. Newcomb was before the court on a charge of illegal sale of liquor.

Newcomb said in reply to questions that the mine workers receive only 84 cents a ton for the coal they mine, while they have to pay the operators \$2.20 a ton for that coal on top of the mine and besides have to haul it themselves.

"Ought not all of you come down all around?" Judge Anderson asked, and Newcomb said:

"I guess you are right."

Newcomb said he averaged about \$5 a day as a coal digger and had made as much as \$10 a day. He said his last pay check called for \$82.37 for 14 days' work, but that about \$15 had to be taken out of it for powder and other expenses owed the mine operator.

When asked why he did not return to work, inasmuch as the mines were open and the government would afford protection, Newcomb said:

"Your honor, it would be all my life would be worth to start back to work. I wouldn't last long, I don't expect."

## BANK ROBBER PLEADS FOR QUICK EXECUTION

GORDON F. HAMBY SAYS HE IS  
DYING STANDING UP.

Communication Directed to District  
Attorney in Brooklyn Says Law  
May Be Cheated.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—A plea to expedite his execution, which he termed his suicide, was sent to District Attorney Lewis in Brooklyn today by Gordon Fawcett Hamby, whose exploits as bank robber and train bandit covered the United States and Canada.

Hamby was convicted last June of murdering the paying teller of a Brooklyn savings bank. At his trial he boasted of his exploits and expressed a desire to be executed as quickly as possible.

"I deem it," he wrote in a letter, "as much to your advantage as mine for you to expedite this 'suicide.' I hope that you will see fit to expedite the matter as I am dying standing up, so to speak. Whether it is the menu, environment or the incarceration, I do not know, nor care, but I do know that you would feel bad if the law were cheated of such a willing offering. Do not let it be cheated, Mr. Lewis."

## ALIEN EMPLOYES OUSTED

Seattle Foreman Among Workers  
Let Out of City Service.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 2.—(Special.)—In line with Mayor Pittsford's suggestion to heads of city departments some time ago, Superintendent of Public Utilities Thomas F. Murphree announced that scores of aliens who have neglected to perfect their citizenship have been discharged.

Among the discharged employees was a foreman in the street railway department who had been on the municipal payroll for more than 20 years. Although the foreman was a competent workman and had voted in numerous elections, investigation by the intelligence department of the utilities office disclosed that the foreman was not a citizen of the United States.

## MRS. MOONEY'S TRIAL SET

Two Charges of Murder Scheduled  
for Hearing December 8.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Two cases involving charges of murder against Mrs. Rena Mooney, wife of Thomas J. Mooney, were formally set for trial on December 8 by Superior Judge Louis Ward here today.

The district attorney's office indicated that it would not be ready to proceed on that date, but would be able to state when the cases could be tried. The defense, on October 18, invoked the law stipulating that the cases must be brought to trial within 60 days. This time will expire on December 17, by which time, it was indicated today, the cases must go to trial or the charges may be dismissed.

## TITTONI HEADS SENATE

Former Premier Orlando President  
of Italian Chamber.

ROME, Dec. 2.—The work of organizing the parliament for the new session began yesterday, was continued today. For the organization of the senate the president of the body is named by the king, and his majesty today designated Tommaso Tittoni, former minister of foreign affairs, for the office.

In the chamber of deputies former Premier Orlando, who was the government's candidate, was elected president.

## REPATRIATION IS URGED

Swiss Council Asks All Nations to  
Free Prisoners.

BERNE, Sunday, Nov. 29.—An appeal for the repatriation of all war prisoners still held by the belligerents has been addressed to all nations which participated in the war by the Swiss federal council.

Special reference is made to prisoners still in Siberia and in France and also Russian prisoners remaining in Germany.

## GOVERNMENT WILL SUE COAL MINERS

INJUNCTION AGAINST STRIKE  
HELD VIOLATED.

Efforts to Settle Trouble by  
Wage Rise Counted Failure.

## EARLY ARRESTS EXPECTED

MAYORS TO RATION FUEL

Industries to Close and Business Is  
Restricted—Volunteers Mine  
Coal in Kansas.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 2.—Convicted that efforts to bring about a resumption of operation of coal mines through offers of 14 per cent wage advance to miners have failed and that the injunction issued by United States Judge Anderson against the strike has been violated, the government has concluded to institute contempt proceedings at once, it was indicated tonight.

Federal agents would make no statements as to when court action might be expected, but in well-informed circles, it was said, arrests might be made within 48 hours.

## ENGLISH HONOR WILSON

Carlisle, Home of President's  
Mother, Unveils Tablet.

CARLISLE, England, Dec. 2.—Children of Carlisle, the girlhood home of the mother of President Wilson, yesterday unveiled a tablet near the entrance of the Carlisle High School, a national church to commemorate the visit to the town of President Wilson in December, 1913.

On that occasion the president visited the town and had a luncheon at the Carlisle Hotel and stayed in the chapel of his grandfather, the late Rev. Thomas Woodrow.

## SHOW CIRCUITS COMBINE

Merger of All Vaudeville Houses in  
West Announced.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—A theatrical merger was announced here today by Morris Meyerfield, president of a vaudeville circuit.

All high-class vaudeville circuits west of Chicago are to be consolidated under a single management, he said.

## DRY REFERENDUM SOUGHT

New York Representative Intro-  
duces Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—A constitutional amendment providing for a referendum on national prohibition was proposed in a resolution introduced by Representative O'Connell, democrat, New York.

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## GOVERNMENT TO PUT OWN FLOUR ON SALE

SMALL PACKAGES TO BE SOLD  
AT NOMINAL COST.

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Meet Increased Consumption.  
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## WOOD WINS AFTER SPIRITED BATTLE

General Choice of South  
Dakota Republicans.

## DEMOCRATS INDORSE WILSON

Coolidge Is Party Preference  
for Vice-President.

## PLATFORMS ARE ADOPTED

Americanism Paramount Issue of  
Republicans, and Peace Under  
League Democratic War Cry.

PIERRE, S. D., Dec. 2.—Major-General Leonard Wood was indorsed for president of the United States early tonight by the republican state convention, after a spirited fight in which Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois came out second best. While the republicans were meeting in one legislative chamber of the state capitol, the democratic state convention in the opposite chamber indorsed President Wilson for a third term by unanimous vote.

Under the Richards' state primary law, the county delegations cast their vote on the basis of their voting strength at the last state election and a majority was necessary to indorse or nominate. Wood received 23,599 votes from the republican majority and Lowden got 15,442. The necessary majority was 25,358.

## FOR VICE-CHIEF, COOLIDGE.

The republicans indorsed Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts for the vice-presidential nomination. Coolidge received a heavy majority. A few scattering votes were cast for Theodore Roosevelt, Senator Hiram Johnson and Henry Allen of Kansas. The democrats indorsed Vice-President Marshall for vice-president.

Governor Peter Norbeck was nominated for the United States senate by the republicans to oppose Senator Ed S. Johnson, renominated by the democrats.

The only other presidential possibility mentioned at the democratic convention was William G. McAdoo. After President Wilson was indorsed a delegate moved that the convention indorse McAdoo in the event that President Wilson decides not to be a candidate.

The motion was ruled out of order.

## Peace Democratic Issue.

The democrats spent most of the afternoon discussing their platform and particularly the labor plank. The republicans adopted their platform in the forenoon. The keynote of the democratic platform was permanent peace under the league of nations. The paramount issue of the republican resolutions was Americanism.

Both parties indorsed the league of nations. The democrats unreservedly indorsed President Wilson and his administration and the league of nations covenant without amendment or reservations. The republicans condemned the administration, but indorsed the covenant without amendments, but with reservations, which "will tend to safeguard the integrity of the nation and preserve the Monroe doctrine."

## Woman Delegate Scores.

At the afternoon session of the republican convention an address was delivered by Mrs. Ruth B. Whipple of Pierre, who was the first woman voter and delegate in the state to win over a convention majority. In the forenoon, the convention rejected a convention plank which provided that male and female delegates to the industrial school of Plankinton be segregated, but following a plea in behalf of the plank in the afternoon by Mrs. Whipple, the convention adopted it.

The opening nominating speech for General Wood was made by Peter Dougherty of Webster; J. R. Cash of Bonesteel, nominated Lowden. Several of the Lowden supporters declared they were returned soldiers and asserted that the sentiment in the army, particularly in the ranks, indicated that a majority of ex-service men opposed a military man for president.

## Wood's Record Reviewed.

Wood supporters reviewed his record in the army and dwelt particularly upon his activities since the armistice, in directing movements to protect sections of the country from consequences arising from industrial unrest. The Lowden delegates dwelt chiefly upon declarations that Lowden was an executive of broader capabilities than was Wood.

Although United States Senator Miles Poinsett of Washington, an avowed candidate for president, was in the city, his name was not mentioned on the floor of the convention. Poinsett's lieutenants declared that he will be an independent candidate for party indorsement at the state primaries in March. The candidacy of Hiram Johnson was indirectly referred to by a delegate, but Johnson's name was not placed before the convention.

Governor Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota was indorsed by the Non-partisan league convention tonight as candidate for president. Senator Robert M. La Follette was suggested as a candidate for vice-president, but the

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