U. S. WAVES AWAY CARRANZA'S PLEA

Mexico Is Bluntly Told to Free Consul Jenkins.

LANSING SEES PORTER

House Foreign Affairs Head Says State Department "Means Business"—He Is in Accord.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The government's note to Mexico, made public today at the hour of its delivery in Mexico City, renews the request for the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent imprisoned at Puebla, and bluntly charges Carranza with attempting to becloud the issue.

In the sharpest language yet addressed to the Carranza government, and probably more pointed than one government usually addresses to another in a formal diplomatic communication, the United States says it regards Mexico's plea of judicial reasons for not releasing Jenkins as "mere excuses," and gives notice that it will not be drawn away from the main facts and into a discussion of "irrelevant and unimportant matters."

The attitude of the Carranza government in the matter, the note says, has been to "assume a willful indifference to the feelings of the American people" and the conclusion drawn by the government is that Mexico has sought to divert the attention of the American people, and the Mexican people as well, from the fact that Puebla, second largest city in Mexico, is overrun by bandits, while the civil authorities are negligent.

Future Course Unstated.

No ultimatum was served and no time was given in which this government expects Jenkins to be released, and neither was there any statement in the note as to what the course of the American government would be if the renewed request for his release is denied.

After a conference with Secretary Lansing late today Chairman Porter of the house foreign affairs committee, expressed the opinion that "the state department means business this time." Chairman Porter indicated that he was in accord with the government's present policy in dealing with the Mexican situation.

Chairman Porter was with Secretary Lansing for a half hour discussing the Mexican situation in general and later appeared hopeful of a solution of the trouble.

"The danger to the United States of this condition of continual unrest and feeling of hostility toward us in Mexico," Mr. Porter said, "lies in the fact that it provides a fertile field for anti-American propaganda and even for a base for attack upon the United States by any foreign country that effected a combination with Mexico. By this the spirit if not the letter of the Monroe doctrine would be violated."

Rights Are Violated.

"Property rights have been violated and the Mexican courts have declared constitutional the confiscatory provisions of the Mexican fundamental law against which we have taken a strong stand. I have a copy of the Mexican court's decision in this matter. If we permit the property rights of our nationals in Mexico to be thus violated, where can we stop? Suppose Brazil and Argentina and Germany and other nations adopt such a confiscatory law? Memory of our interests abroad would be wiped out.

"For three years or more I have been firmly convinced that either amicable or forceful intervention in Mexico by the United States is inevitable. I have heard nothing here that leads me to change my mind.

"I believe that when the state department's firm stand is put before congress we shall give it our strongest support."

Private advices received here tonight from Mexico City said there was no truth in the report from El Paso that Consular Agent Jenkins had been released from the Mexican penitentiary.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 1.—The Associated Press is informed from an authoritative source that Brazil has made no offer on behalf either of itself or in connection with the "A. B. C." powers to mediate in the difficulty between the United States and Mexico.

MEXICO IS TOLD TO RELEASE JENKINS—U. S. WON'T ARGUE

Immediate Application of Laws Covering Consular Rights Is Required. Case Held Legal Snare.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Renewing its quest for the immediate release of Consular Agent Jenkins, imprisoned at Puebla, the latest American note to Mexico, made public here today, arraigns the Mexican government's conduct in severe terms and characterizes it as a stupid attempt to ensnare the American consular agent in the intricacies of legal proceedings.

No ultimatum was served and no indication was given of what the American government's course would be if Jenkins is not immediately released.

The text of the note as transmitted by the American charge at Mexico City follows:

"I have not failed to transmit to my government the note of the Mexican government dated November 26, 1919, with reference to the case of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Puebla, and I am now in receipt of a reply from the government of the United States which I am instructed immediately to transmit to you.

"The government of the United States declines to be drawn into a judicial discussion of irrelevant matters or unimportant incidents brought forward in connection with this case. The Mexican government cannot be misled, as it intimates by the citation by the United States, of 'no principle or precedent of international law and not even a reason' for Jenkins' release, for obviously no such citation is necessary for the enlightenment of the government of the present day.

"The Mexican government believes, and rightly so, that the American request for Jenkins' release is not based 'solely on the strength of the country which makes it'; for it knows the request is founded on the justice of the right of an American citizen and United States consular agent to fair treatment while residing and discharging his duties within Mexican jurisdiction with the approval and knowledge of the Mexican government.

"The Mexican government may contend that the imprisonment of the victim is necessary for the investigation by a judge under the 'constant vigilance of public opinion,' of the truth regarding his abduction and that a right of release on bail is a palliative for such wrongful imprisonment, but the United States is constrained to the opinion that such arguments are mere excuses.

Full Investigation Asked.

"The government of the United States invites and desires the fullest possible examination and investigation of this case, but it cannot admit that it is necessary in order to ascertain the facts that Mr. Jenkins should be retained in prison even with the privilege of applying for bail. My government will not, and is satisfied that Mr. Jenkins will not, place any obstacle in the way of a complete and full examination of himself or his witnesses, or of the events leading up to and connected with his abduction.

"The Mexican government prefers to attribute the American note to an imperfect knowledge of the Mexican penal laws and proceeds to explain with refinement the intricacies of Mexican penal proceedings. But the government of the United States fails to discern in their application to this case at the hands of Mexican authorities any approximation to impartial treatment of Jenkins and the Mexican government knows the absence of such treatment is the reason for the American request.

"The Mexican government maintains that it cannot grant the request of the United States for Jenkins' release for the reason that under international law no diplomatic intervention is appropriate unless a denial of justice has occurred and because the Mexican government is not in a position to demand Jenkins' release in view of the separation of the executive and judicial powers under the Mexican form of government and the independence of the state courts, by one of which Jenkins is held.

Justice Already Denied.

"The succinct answer to this contention is, as everyone knows, that a denial of justice has already taken place, and also because the Mexican constitution specifically gives the federal tribunals jurisdiction of 'all cases concerning diplomatic agents and consular officers.

"The United States is not to be driven by such subtle arguments into a defense of its request for the release of Mr. Jenkins. It is for Mexico to show cause for his detention, not for the United States to plead for his liberation. Stripped of extraneous matter, with which the Mexican note of November 26 endeavors to clothe it, the naked case of Jenkins stands forth:

"Jenkins, a United States consular agent, accredited to the government of Mexico is imprisoned for 'rendering false judicial testimony' in connection with the abduction of which he was the victim. This is the substance of the Mexican note.

"My government is pleased to learn that the imprisonment of Jenkins stands on this single and well-defined ground and that the reported statements that Mexican authorities had caused the imprisonment of Jenkins because of collusion with his abductors and rebellion against the state are not seriously regarded by your government.

Victim Is Prosecuted.

"In whose interest, then, is the charge of false swearing brought against Jenkins? His abductors? He is in equity the complainant in the case of his abduction, not the defendant, as the Mexican government now makes him out to be. The Mexican government is prosecuting the victim instead of the perpetrators of the crime. While the outlaws who endangered his life and took away a large part of his fortune enjoy their freedom the Mexican authorities now deprive Jenkins of his liberty.

"Moreover, the ground expressed for the imprisonment of Jenkins, namely, that he is supposed 'to be responsible for the crime of rendering false judicial testimony,' must be taken—and my government directs special attention to this point—as merely an expression of opinion on the part of the Mexican government, as it is entirely unsupported by evidence. There is not produced any of the testimony rendered by him or any extracts from such testimony tending to show the correctness of this opinion.

"The Mexican government cannot expect the United States to accept in the grave circumstances of this case such a bare unsupported statement as a valid excuse for the imprisonment of an American consular officer, particularly in view of the fact that the investigation of the case by the representatives of the United States in Mexico, so far as it has proceeded, fails utterly to support this opinion of your government.

"On the contrary, the investigation gives the government of the United States every reason to believe that Mr. Jenkins has not knowingly given any false testimony in respect of vital points in his case, although he has been harassed by Mexican authorities to give such testimony, even while lying in the hospital too weak and exhausted to make them as a result of his treatment by the abductors, and while he knew evidence was being obtained against him through intimidation of witnesses. So stands the single, unsupported, and, my government believes, utterly unfounded, ground alleged for Jenkins' imprisonment.

Effort to Ensnare Seen.

"What conclusion is to be drawn from such a reply of the Mexican government other than there has been a studied effort on the part of the Mexican authorities to ensnare Jenkins in the intricacies of legal proceedings by alleging the commission of technical offenses and by bringing unsupported charges against him for a purpose—in the first place, to divert the attention of the American public and the American government, and, indeed, of Mexicans themselves, from the actual situation, namely, that Puebla, the capital of the state of Puebla, and perhaps the second largest city in Mexico is without adequate protection from outlaws who infest the immediate neighborhood, and who were accustomed openly and freely to visit the city without hindrance; that with the failure to furnish adequate protection in this district the Mexican authorities have, through their negligence, made possible the abduction of Jenkins, and that in harmony with such an attitude on the part of the Mexican authorities they have failed to carry out the duty and obligation incumbent upon them to apprehend and punish the bandits concerned in the crime of which Jenkins was the victim.

"And, in the second place, it appears to have been the purpose of the Mexican government to assume a willful indifference to the feelings of the American people that have been aroused to the point of indignation by the exposure, hardships and physical suffering endured by Jenkins during his abduction and his subsequent treatment at the hands of Mexican authorities.

"In view of the considerations which have been set forth, and in view particularly of the belief of my government that the charge against Jenkins of deliberate false swearing is unfounded, the government of the United States must renew its request for the immediate release of Consular Agent Jenkins from further imprisonment. LANSING."

MRS. MABEL JOHNS, JUSTICE'S WIFE, DIES

Illness of Two Weeks Fatal to Early Oregon Resident.

THREE CHILDREN SURVIVE

Funeral Will Be Held Thursday With Members of Supreme Court Acting as Pallbearers.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mabel Ellis Johns, wife of Charles A. Jones, justice of the Oregon supreme court, died at the family home here today after an illness of nearly two weeks.

Mr. Johns was born in Iowa on November 15, 1858, and seven years later accompanied her parents, Henri Ellis and Henrietta Ellis, to Oregon. The family crossed the plains by mule team and first located in Yamhill county, where they remained for a year. They then moved to Polk county and took up their residence on what is known as Salt creek. There they resided for several years before settling in Dallas.

Mr. and Mrs. Johns were married at Dallas on November 15, 1882, and six years later went to Baker, eastern Oregon, where they made their home for more than 24 years. They then moved to Portland and after six years passed in the latter city came to Salem in June, 1918.

Three Children Survive.

Besides her husband Mrs. Johns is survived by two sons, Claude M. Johns of Oakland, Cal., and Charles A. Johns Jr., who is attending the University of Oregon; a daughter, Miss Ruth, who is at home, and three brothers, W. R. Ellis of Oregon City, H. J. Ellis and C. J. Ellis of Polk county. She also leaves two sisters, Mrs. N. L. Butler of Independence and Mrs. W. H. Kuykendall of Baker.

Mrs. Johns was a member of the Eastern Star lodge, Multnomah chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and also a member of the Episcopal church.

The funeral will be held from the Episcopal church Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, with Rev. C. H. Powell officiating.

Justices to Be Pallbearers.

Interment will follow in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. The pallbearers will include Justices Harris, McBride, Bean, Benson, Burnett and Bennett of the supreme court.

Mrs. Johns was a woman of high literary attainments and read extensively. She delighted in helping others and during the late war took an active part in many patriotic matters. Her devotion to her husband and children during life was inseparable and in her last hours her only thought was of the welfare of those who would be left behind. Mrs. Johns was 61 years of age and, although a resident of Salem but a short time, she had a wide circle of friends in this vicinity.

OVERTURF TO ENTER LISTS

Bend Man Will Be Candidate for State Legislature.

BEND, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—When the primary elections are held in 1920, H. J. Overturf, of this city, will be a candidate for nomination for either state senator or state representative from the district comprising Deschutes, Crook, Jefferson, Grant, Lake and Klamath counties. Mr. Overturf expects to arrive at a definite choice as to which of the two houses he will prefer, within the next two days.

It has been reported that Benton Burdick of Redmond, who represented the district in the house during the last session of the legislature, will be a candidate for house or senate, while the name of J. H. Upton, of Prineville, also has been mentioned as one of the candidates to succeed Senator George T. Baldwin, of Klamath Falls, whose term expires in 1920.

118 SHIPS ON U. S. WAYS

550,000 Tons of Merchant Shipping Under Construction.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—More than 550,000 gross tons of merchant shipping, exclusive of government work, are under consideration in American shipyards, according to a statement made by the Atlantic oCast Shipbuilders' association.

Of 118 ships under construction only one is for foreign account.

RECEPTION IS PLANNED

Tillamook to Entertain Teachers During Institute.

TILLAMOOK, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—The annual convention of the Tillamook County Teachers' association will be held in this city next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, County School Superintendent Lamb having arranged an interesting programme.

During the convention the teachers of Tillamook city school will give a reception to the teachers from other districts.

An able body of instructors have been obtained as follows:

J. H. Ackerman, president Oregon State Normal school, Monmouth; Blanche R. Blumauer, Portland chapter, Junior Red Cross; J. A. Churchill, state superintendent of public instruction, Salem; Ralph D. Coleman, department of physical education, O. A. C.; C. A. Gregory, bureau of educational research, University of Oregon, Eugene; J. T. Mathews, department of mathematics, Willamette university, Salem; Edwin T. Reed, college editor, Oregon Agricultural college, Corvallis; Ida Mae Smith, primary critic, Oregon State Normal school, Monmouth; H. C. Seymour, state club leader, Corvallis.

CITY SEES FIRST SNOW

FEW FLAKES FALL AS REMINDER TO PORTLAND FOLK.

The Dalles Has Real Storm and Snow Falls at Heppner; Stockton Said to Be Prepared.

Portland caught its first glimpse of snow yesterday. But it was a fleeting one. The flakes, so few and far between as to be noticeable only to the close observer, turned into rain almost before they touched the ground. In the heights and several sections of the east side the fall was quite noticeable, but in the business district only a few flakes were seen.

Following a night of heavy frost, Portland returned to the grip of a cold snap yesterday and further cold weather is forecast for today, probably with clear skies and a northerly wind. The entire country is experiencing a cold wave of unusual intensity for this early in the season, according to the report of the local weather office, and the Pacific coast section is no exception to the rule.

Low temperatures are reported from many points in the northern part of the United States and Canada. Montana has had eight degrees below zero at Helena; Minneapolis reported 12 below, while nearer home Walla Walla and Pendleton are in the grip of a severe cold snap.

Rains of the last few days have swollen the Willamette river, although not to the extent of the freshet of a few weeks ago, when a sudden rise swept hundreds of logs into the current and threatened houses, docks and river craft. A rise of about two feet had been recorded at Portland up to last evening, while Salem, Albany and Eugene registered four feet. The Willamette will continue to rise today, according to the weather bureau, and with the fair weather forecast will recede Wednesday and Thursday.

The river reading at Portland yesterday was 4.7 feet, a rise of 1.9 feet in the past 24 hours. Total rainfall for the last 24 hours was given as .18 inch, with the rainfall since September as 12.18 inches. This practically corresponds with a normal rainfall of 12.33 inches.

THE DALLES, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—The second snow storm of the seaspn is now swirling through the streets of The Dalles, driven by a sweeping northeast wind. Early this morning a few scattering snowflakes fell and by noon the white couriers of winter had covered the ground. The temperature is just above freezing point with indications that by tonight a drop below the 32-degree mark will be reached.

HEPPNER, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—Winter again has tightened its grip on Morrow county and indications of heavy storms followed a dense fog, the first of the season, that rolled in Sunday night. Snow began falling this afternoon and appearances are for rough weather. The farmers and stockmen are in good shape for winter, however, most of the wheat being in the ground and stock in or near winter quarters.

HELENA, Mont., Dec. 1.—A general cold snap, with temperatures as low as 24 degrees below, held Montana in its grip tonight. There were indications that the cold would grow more intense before moderating. Snowfall has been heavy and train schedules are somewhat upset.

Yakima's Fruit Crop Estimated.

YAKIMA, Wash., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—District Horticultural Inspector Robinson, assisted by E. E. Samson of the Samson Fruit company, has made a careful inquiry into the Yakima fruit movement and, as a result announced yesterday that Yakima's commercial box apple movement this season will total approximately 10,700 carloads. About 2500 cars of apples in addition will go into byproducts and 50 cars were lost due to early frosts.

By means of a laboratory on shipboard, it is proposed to make an investigation of the ills of the tropical possessions of America, Great Britain, France and Italy.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

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Electricity from your light socket is transformed into health and beauty-giving Violet Ray—powerfully effective, yet gentle, soothing, perfectly safe. Voltage is raised from ordinary lighting current to **thousands of volts**, giving tremendous penetrative force. The irresistible, revitalizing power of **Renulife Violet Ray** are carried at once to every nerve cell, fibre and part of body. Blood is enriched and purified by a flood of oxygen, giving added vitality and strength. Assimilation and digestion improved—functions restored to normal—extra supply of fresh blood quickly brought to area treated, removing congestion and supplying nourishment. While relieving pains and aches, the manifest results of disorders, it removes the deep-seated cause; combines the benefits of electricity, vibration, exercise, stimulation and oxidation.

Painless Electricity

Science has modified electricity that the weakest may stand its force without fear or pain. Every tissue and fibre is saturated, patient experiencing only a sensation of relief, as if standing in a ray of sunshine. **Violet Ray high frequency** has no comparison with old, crude, electrical batteries and shocking current. Every jar and shock is removed. The effects are marvelously rapid. Relief can be given in one or more treatments. Often cures are accomplished in that time. It is positive and certain in action. If you value your health, and want to keep or restore your good looks and gain vitality, throw away medicine bottles—take this sensible, scientific means. **Violet Rays** work with nature. Every day's delay makes relief more difficult.

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Please send without obligation, your book, "Health," explaining Violet Ray treatments with Renulife Generators; also give full particulars as to its application for ailments checked below.

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..Bunions	..Infantile Paralysis	..Skin Diseases
..Bruises	..Insomnia	..Sore Throat and Throat Diseases
..Catarrh	..Lameness	..Sprains
..Colds	..Locomotor Ataxia	..Toothache
..Chilblains	..Lumbago	..Weak Eyes
..Dandruff	..Nervous Affections	..Wrinkles
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Model E, $20.00 G, $30.00 D, $37.50
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Model C, for professional use, $75.00

Unequaled for scalp and hair — Brings beauty parlor to your home — Inhaling ozone for Catarrh, throat, lungs. — For general debility, nervousness.

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GERMANY FINAL REFUGE

Spy Suspect, "Man Without Country," Finds Landing Place.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—Paul Freeman, modern "man without a country," due to the war, has found refuge in a German province, according to passengers on a steamship which arrived here today from Sydney, Australia.

Freeman, suspected of being a German spy, traveled back and forth across the Pacific ocean four times because neither the government of the United States nor of Australia would permit him to land.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND NEVER SUSPECT IT

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview of the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention the Portland Oregonian.—Adv.

HELP FOR INDIANS URGED

DANGER OF LOSS OF RICHES IN KLAMATH IS FORESEEN.

Consultation Board With Redman Member Proposed as Condition in Opening Reservation.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—A consultation board to safeguard the rights of the Indians on the Klamath reservation has been suggested as a compromise in the controversy that has arisen over the proposed opening of the reservation and the partitioning of tribal property among the members by congressional legislation.

The board, as suggested, would consist of three members, one appointed by the governor, one chosen by the Indians and the third selected by both. All members would be without interest, either direct or indirect, in the timber or other resources of the reservation. The purpose of the board would be to act as a bulwark against unscrupulous aggression by white men and more advanced Indians upon the less competent members of the allied tribes, when the government relinquishes to them the control of their own destinies and fortunes.

The need for some form of protection from exploitation is apparent, when the immense resources of the reservation are considered. It is estimated that each member of the allied tribes has a per capita wealth of between $30,000 and $35,000, and it is feared that too sudden transformation of this wealth from government to individual control would be the signal to a host of schemers.

Much of the wealth is in timber lands and should these be conveyed to timber speculators and logged over quickly, without attention to reforestration, the damage to the community would be irreparable, as the reservation is the chief watershed of the entire Klamath basin.

Bend "Baby Week" Starts.

BEND, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—"Baby week" started in Bend today under the direction of Miss Margaret Brems, Red Cross nurse. In spite of a driving snowstorm nine mothers reported with as many infants at Red Cross headquarters. One woman came 30 miles from Opal City in Jefferson county that her baby might be examined by Bend physicians in accordance with the standards outlined by the United States government. Of the nine children, only one was found to be below normal.

Washington Circles Visited.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—Mrs. Theodore Hoss, department president of the Ladies of the G. A. R., returned Saturday night from a trip through northern and eastern Washington, during which she visited numerous circles of the organization, encouraging the members and giving advice where needed. The circles visited were those in Tacoma, Puyallup, Seattle, Yakima, Spokane, Tekoa, Waitsburg, Walla Walla, Colby, Everett, Burlington, Bellingham and Anacortes. Today Mrs. Hoss began a second tour that will include Bremerton, Retsil, Auburn, Orting, Acme, Snohomish, Granite Falls, Hoquiam, Olympia, Tacoma, Kent and Vancouver, the latter circle to be visited December 23.

Ma says she buys POST TOASTIES (crispest corn flakes) 'cause I like 'em says Bobby

But you can bet Ma gets her share too!

Boston or Varsity-shaped Eyeglasses and Spectacles are much worn by persons wishing something distinctive.

After thoroughly examining your eyes and determining the exact formula needed to correct the trouble, I can fit the lenses into lightweight shell frames, Boston or Varsity style, which will please you as to appearance and satisfy you with their ease and comfort of vision.

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"Majestic" No. 7 is the most powerful as well as the most economical heater you can buy—producing more heat than any heater using 615 watts—producing heat instantly—heat without odor—heat without dirt—heat without soot—heat without trouble—can be carried from room to room and attached to any electric light socket.

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Price, with plug and eight feet of cord.....$11.
With on-and-off switch attached to cord, 75c extra.
There are eight other "Majestic" Electric Heaters, varying in price from $11 to $36.
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