

PHONE RATE RISE IS HELD ILLEGAL

\$3.25 Single Party Service Re-established in Portland.

STATE TARIFFS ALSO SET

Commission Holds So-Called Burleson Schedule Unwarrantable, Unjust and Arbitrary.

(Continued From First Page.) service the added differential of 25 cents a month will apply:

Table with 4 columns: Individual, 2-party, 4-party, line. Lists various cities and their corresponding rates.

For each extension station connected with any class of telephone service the connection charge shall be:

In exchanges with more than 1000 company stations, \$2.

In smaller exchanges, \$1.

Under the previous tariffs, the commission found that service had been sold to apartment houses at wholesale rates, the owner paying for all instruments whether in use or not.

Where exchange service is discontinued by the apartment house manager, and the application is made by the tenant for residence service within 10 days thereafter, no service connection charge shall be made.

Interchange Toll Considered.

In connection with the free inter-exchange service such as has heretofore been in effect between Eugene and Springfield, Astoria and Warrenton, and a number of other places, which was improperly eliminated by the application of toll charges named in the so-called Burleson rate schedule, the commission held that in view of the fact that the Burleson rates had been declared illegal, this service should be restored to its former status and be continued as prior to the inauguration of the Burleson rates.

As to the service between Astoria and Warrenton and Eugene and Springfield the record is sufficiently complete to permit us to make a decision at this time," says the commission in its order.

"Postered no doubt by their community of interest, the subscribers in Warrenton and Springfield, acting through their respective attorneys, have signified their willingness to pay the rate applicable to the larger exchange and thus receive unlimited service through that exchange rather than to receive a lesser exchange rate and be forced to pay a toll in order to obtain service in the larger city centers. This order will take cognizance of these facts and the rates will be adjusted accordingly. As to the other municipalities the free inter-exchange of service shall remain as it was established in the May order of the commission, until such time as each individual case may be given consideration.

"However, in order to discourage unreasonable and unnecessary use of these facilities, the commission is willing to permit a limitation of three minutes to be placed on each conversation, with a charge of 5 cents for each additional three minutes or fraction thereof beyond such initial free period."

Toll Charge Status Viewed.

In the future the company will be required to indicate, on all bills rendered by it to its customers, the period for which service is rendered, the number and kind of units of telephone and telegraph service rendered as well as the price per unit, in accordance with the tariff provisions. In connection with the free inter-exchange service of the utility the company is permitted, if it so desires, to limit each conversation to a three-minute period without charge, with a charge of 5 cents for each additional three minutes or fraction thereof beyond such initial period.

combined with those of the exchange operations and have consequently been considered. And in view of the effect which any radical changes in toll rates may have upon those for exchange service we are compelled, at this time, also to give consideration to the existing toll rates.

"Inasmuch as the toll rates now in effect were established by authority of the postmaster-general, unless some action is taken by this commission, they will automatically expire on the 30th day of November, 1919. While these rates have demonstrated their popularity and have proven to be better adapted to conditions than those previously in effect, and since they will soon automatically expire unless continued by order of this commission, we believe that the interests of the public require their continuance. Sufficient necessity is therefore found to exist to warrant the commission in declaring an emergency and issuing an order continuing such rates in effect, and it will be so ordered."

Company Statement Requested. In its order of May 1 specific requirement was made "that the company's proper portion of the existing depreciation reserve be segregated to the state of Oregon in a separate account and that thereafter this reserve account for Oregon should be so kept and reported as to show all details as now and heretofore shown for the entire property."

"Testimony shows," says the commission's order, "that there has been no compliance with this requirement. The commission believes that July 1, 1919, was a reasonable date to have begun compliance therewith. The utility should, accordingly, be required to correct its books or record in this respect and as of the date specified. It should also be required to furnish to the commission, within 60 days from and after the effective date of this order a statement showing the total amount of the depreciation reserve for the entire system as of June 30, 1919, and the amount assigned to Oregon, together with the detail of the method of assignment.

This reserve for the state of Oregon on July 1, 1919, should bear the same ratio to the reserve for the entire system of the same date, as the total amount of the depreciation reserve for the state of Oregon on June 30, 1919, bears to the total amount of depreciation capital for the entire system on the same date.

Company Officials Criticized.

"A statement of the method of assignment should also be appended to the depreciation reserve account in the annual report for the year ended December 31, 1919. It is to be understood that the reserve for the state of Oregon will be a sub-account of the reserve for the entire system."

In conclusion the order says: "Familiarity with the recent history of the operations of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company, up to and including the final hearing and the record made therein discloses that the company officials have deliberately and otherwise, apparently disregarded the public interest and by their arbitrary methods aroused, on the part of their patrons, the spirit of antagonism or resentment that, beyond reasonable doubt, has materially and adversely affected their revenues. This commission will not countenance a continuation of the deplorable conditions that have heretofore and are now existing as regards the service afforded."

The order was made effective from December 1.

MOOSE INITIATE AT MARSHFIELD.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—The Moose of Coos county initiated 28 members in the second degree last night. There was an attendance of 350 members. Several sections of the order were held during the day. The next initiation will be held at Reedsport about three months hence.

SOUTHERN RATES HIT

MEDFORD AND JACKSONVILLE TARIFFS HELD ILLEGAL.

Oregon Public Service Commission Issues Second Order Affecting Two Exchanges Named.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 1.—(Special.)—In a second order issued today the Oregon public service commission declared illegal the Burleson rates affecting the lines of the Home Telephone and Telegraph company of southern Oregon, and held that any and all moneys collected over and above the rate fixed by the commission in its orders of June 3, 1914, and May 16, 1916, should be forthwith credited to the accounts of the respective subscribers.

The new rates as set out in the order follow: Medford exchange, individual line, business, wall set, \$4; desk set, \$4.25; two-party line, business, wall set, \$3.50; desk set, \$3.75.

Suburban ten-party line, business, wall set, \$2.25; desk set, \$2.50.

Extension, without bell, 75 cents and \$1.

Extension, with bell, 90 cents to \$1 to \$1.15.

Individual line, residence, wall set, \$2.25; desk set, \$2.50.

Two-party line, residence, wall set, \$2; desk set, \$2.25.

Four-party line, residence, wall set, \$1.75; desk set, \$2.

Suburban ten-party line, residence, wall set, \$1.50; desk set, \$1.75.

Four-party line, residence, wall set, \$1.50; desk set, \$1.75.

Suburban ten-party line, residence, wall set, \$1.75; desk set, \$2.

Under the order the company is required to indicate on all bills rendered by it to its customers the period for which the service is given, the number of kinds of units of service rendered and the price per unit under the tariff provisions.

In connection with the free inter-exchange service between the Medford and Jacksonville exchanges, the utility is permitted, if it so desires, to limit each conversation to a three-minute period without charge, with a charge of five cents for each additional three minutes or fraction thereof beyond such initial period.

The order is effective as of today.

TROOPS GUARD KOLCHAK

Retreat of Army So Rapid That Defenses Are Lacking.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The forces of Admiral Kolchak, head of the all-Russian government, are retreating with such rapidity that they are unable to construct defensive works, of which there is none west of Irkutsk, says a wireless dispatch from the soviet government at Moscow today.

Partisan bands continually harass Kolchak who has formed a body-guard of 3000 to protect himself, the dispatch adds.

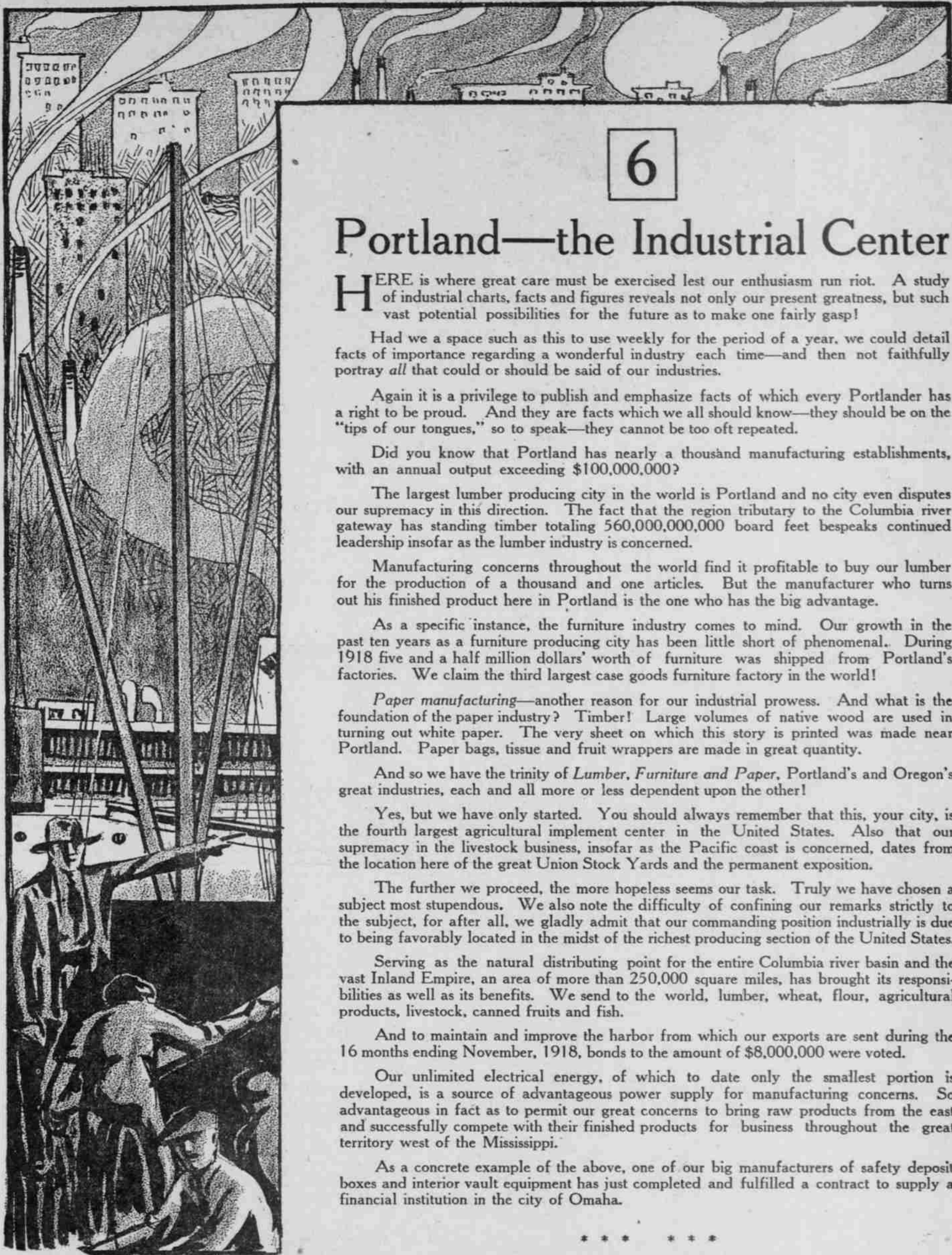
HUNGARY PACT PROPOSED

Supreme Council Decides on Attempt at Peace Treaty.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—An attempt will be made to make a peace treaty with Hungary through the new Hungarian government.

This was decided upon by the supreme council today.

The Spirit of Greater Portland The Last of the Series Dedicated to the Metropolis of the Pacific Northwest



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Portland—the Industrial Center

HERE is where great care must be exercised lest our enthusiasm run riot. A study of industrial charts, facts and figures reveals not only our present greatness, but such vast potential possibilities for the future as to make one fairly gasp!

Had we a space such as this to use weekly for the period of a year, we could detail facts of importance regarding a wonderful industry each time—and then not faithfully portray all that could or should be said of our industries.

Again it is a privilege to publish and emphasize facts of which every Portlander has a right to be proud. And they are facts which we all should know—they should be on the "tips of our tongues," so to speak—they cannot be too oft repeated.

Did you know that Portland has nearly a thousand manufacturing establishments, with an annual output exceeding \$100,000,000?

The largest lumber producing city in the world is Portland and no city even disputes our supremacy in this direction. The fact that the region tributary to the Columbia river gateway has standing timber totaling 560,000,000 board feet bespeaks continued leadership insofar as the lumber industry is concerned.

Manufacturing concerns throughout the world find it profitable to buy our lumber for the production of a thousand and one articles. But the manufacturer who turns out his finished product here in Portland is the one who has the big advantage.

As a specific instance, the furniture industry comes to mind. Our growth in the past ten years as a furniture producing city has been little short of phenomenal. During 1918 five and a half million dollars' worth of furniture was shipped from Portland's factories. We claim the third largest case goods furniture factory in the world!

Paper manufacturing—another reason for our industrial prowess. And what is the foundation of the paper industry? Timber! Large volumes of native wood are used in turning out white paper. The very sheet on which this story is printed was made near Portland. Paper bags, tissue and fruit wrappers are made in great quantity.

And so we have the trinity of Lumber, Furniture and Paper, Portland's and Oregon's great industries, each and all more or less dependent upon the other!

Yes, but we have only started. You should always remember that this, your city, is the fourth largest agricultural implement center in the United States. Also that our supremacy in the livestock business, insofar as the Pacific coast is concerned, dates from the location here of the great Union Stock Yards and the permanent exposition.

The further we proceed, the more hopeless seems our task. Truly we have chosen a subject most stupendous. We also note the difficulty of confining our remarks strictly to the subject, for after all, we gladly admit that our commanding position industrially is due to being favorably located in the midst of the richest producing section of the United States.

Serving as the natural distributing point for the entire Columbia river basin and the vast Inland Empire, an area of more than 250,000 square miles, has brought its responsibilities as well as its benefits. We send to the world, lumber, wheat, flour, agricultural products, livestock, canned fruits and fish.

And to maintain and improve the harbor from which our exports are sent during the 16 months ending November, 1918, bonds to the amount of \$8,000,000 were voted.

Our unlimited electrical energy, of which to date only the smallest portion is developed, is a source of advantageous power supply for manufacturing concerns. So advantageous in fact as to permit our great concerns to bring raw products from the east and successfully compete with their finished products for business throughout the great territory west of the Mississippi.

As a concrete example of the above, one of our big manufacturers of safety deposit boxes and interior vault equipment has just completed and fulfilled a contract to supply a financial institution in the city of Omaha.

Would you read some interesting facts which tend to establish the State of Oregon's claim beyond peradventure as one of the greatest of all these United States? And, remember, these are facts, not idle boasts!

One-fifth of the standing timber of the United States is in Oregon—the variety of merchantable timber in commercial quantities probably exceeds any state in the union.

Forty per cent of the water power of this country is within the borders of the four northwestern states and only 5 per cent developed.

Oregon produced 10 per cent of the platinum used by the United States during the war.

The reputation of Oregon cheese extends to foreign countries.

Oregon's shipbuilding record is a world's record in many respects. We were able to aid, obtain greater returns on labor output and money costs than any other shipbuilding state. Portland and the Oregon district up to October 1, 1919, produced in less than three years 85 steel and 152 wooden steamers.

In the manufacture of cereals, Oregon equals any and surpasses many others of the states west of the Rocky mountains.

Oregon is the largest furniture manufacturing center in the entire west and in some special lines stands third in the entire United States. Our markets extend to some of the Latin-American countries.

In saddlery manufacturing Oregon leads Pacific coast states and carries trade to points far east and south and to foreign countries as well.

The fame of Oregon is being spread through the advertising of apple and loganberry juices in national magazines.

Candy made here is being advertised and distributed nationally.

Oregon robes and blankets are nationally advertised and nationally sold. Drag saws made here are nationally advertised and distributed to 12 foreign countries.

Ice cream cones were invented and first made in Oregon.

In all the west, Oregon is the principal seed state—flower and garden seeds here excel in greatest variety and finest quality.

No other state has such a wide area of fertile land uncrossed by railway lines as is represented in the great central Oregon country—an area nearly as large as the state of Ohio. Think of the possibilities of the future when the land is under full cultivation and served by carriers.

Some of the largest undeveloped potash and mineral salt fields and lakes in the world are in Oregon.

One of the largest quicksilver mines in the world is in Oregon and even though not entirely developed is one of the United States' greatest producers of this metal.

One county in Oregon (Umatilla) produces 1 per cent of the wheat of the entire United States.

We could continue to tell of Oregon's and Portland's supremacy in various branches of industry, but surely it is hardly necessary. If you are prouder than ever of Portland and of Oregon, then have we taken a great stride and Greater Portland is within hailing distance.

Lipman Wolfe & Co. "Merchandise of Merit Only"

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and the health of children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

What about those ugly skin blemishes?

Why don't you get rid of them? Be free to enjoy life—not unhappy because wherever you go people are noticing your poor complexion.

RESINOL SOAP is just the help you need in that direction. Its wholesome lather roots the impurities out of the pores and helps to make the skin as nature intended it to be—radiant and healthy.

It is also excellent for the bath and general toilet use. The Resinol medication it contains makes it an ideal cleanser for the hands which should be washed many times a day as a safeguard to health.

Resinol Soap

Discriminating men like Resinol Soap. Stick to it. It cleanses and refreshes the face, while softening, a rich cream, non-drying lather.