

MINERS GET 14 PER CENT RISE

Workers Reject Garfield's Wage Award.

COAL WILL NOT GO UP

Government Will Not Allow Operators to Pass Buck On to Consumers.

PRICE CONTROL RETAINED

Fuel Administrator Wins in Cabinet Session in Fight Against Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—A government plan for settling the soft coal strike which embodied a 14 per cent wage increase for miners and the stipulation that there should be no increase in the price paid by the public was laid before miners and operators tonight by Fuel Administrator Garfield.

Declaring that Secretary Wilson, acting as the "authorized agent of the cabinet and of President Wilson," had offered an increase of 31.6 per cent, John L. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers, asked if the government intends to "repudiate the acts of Secretary Wilson."

Task Not Secretary's.

Dr. Garfield replied that Mr. Wilson made his proposal as a mediator to facilitate negotiations and that Mr. Wilson told him today it was the duty of the fuel administrator to fix prices, and that it was not the function of the secretary of labor.

"The cabinet has decided that the basis I have suggested is sound and right," Dr. Garfield said.

Mr. Lewis announced that the miners would not accept.

After a three-hour conference at which representatives of the miners openly declared the new scale was "insulting" and sharply questioned Dr. Garfield, the sub-scale committee composed of miners and operators met to consider the settlement plan and quickly adjourned. Another meeting will be held tomorrow.

Operators to Try Again.

The miners' refusal to accept, while not announced to Dr. Garfield, was taken by the operators to be definite. Thomas T. Brewster, chairman of the operators' association, declared the Garfield 14 per cent statement formally eliminated Secretary Wilson's proposal for a 31 per cent increase.

"The operators are ready to negotiate a new wage agreement," Brewster said, "despite Dr. Garfield's statement that the government will not permit an advance in the price of coal."

While the sub-scale committee will give consideration to the proposition the full committee, representing both sides, will remain here to receive any plan of settlement that might be agreed upon.

Miners Protest Award.

There was a sharp protest from the miners over the increase, which was much lower than they had expected. Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois district, was cheered when he declared that union men in his state would not accept it. Answering Farrington, who wanted to know if miners refusing to work would be classed as outlaws, Dr. Garfield said the government could not compel anybody to work but that it would provide every protection for those willing to go into the mines and give the country the coal it needs.

Operators will meet tomorrow to decide whether to grant the increase in view of Dr. Garfield's positive announcement that no increase in the price of coal would be allowed. Many of them shared the view expressed by Phil H. Penna, of Terre Haute, Ind., that some of the largest companies would be forced to shut down if that much increase was given.

Some Forecast Fight.

William Green, secretary of the United Mine Workers, declared tomorrow would see the end of all negotiations. Many of the miners said they agreed with Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas miners, who announced that "it we are unable to

60-CENT TURKEY IS FOUND SLOW SELLER

DEALERS FORCED TO CUT PRICE TO MOVE STOCKS.

35 and Even 50-Cent Cards Posted in Some Markets and Sales Below Cost Reported.

The demand for 60-cent turkeys was not as keen as the poultrymen expected, and they found it necessary to cut prices yesterday. In the forenoon 60 cents was the price generally asked, but by noon most of the large dealers had reduced the price a nickel. Even at 55 cents the turkeys did not go fast enough, so 50-cent cards were posted in several of the markets.

In one way or another the retailers managed to dispose of their stocks, which were much smaller than in recent years. A few late shipments were received yesterday. Had a large supply come in at the last moment, as on last Thanksgiving, a decided slump in prices would undoubtedly have occurred.

Neither the retailers nor the wholesalers made money on turkeys this year, according to their statements. The early retail profit seemed large, but before the sale was over some of them were selling birds at less than cost.

TREATY SIGNING DELAYED

Jugo Slav Envoys Find They Lack Requisite Powers.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Contrary to expectations, Jugo-Slav's plenipotentiaries did not sign the Austrian peace treaty this afternoon.

The reason given was that they found they did not have the requisite powers to sign the different annexes.

The plenipotentiaries have eight days in which to procure the necessary power and it is believed this authorization will be received.

The annexes provide for protection of racial minorities, reparations concerning Italy and a financial arrangement regarding sharing of expenses in the liberation of the former Austro-Hungarian monarchy.

The time for the signing of the Bulgarian peace treaty has been definitely fixed for 10:30 A. M. tomorrow in the Neutilly town hall.

CIDER COMING U. S. DRINK

Prohibition Creates Great Demand for Apple Juice.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Prohibition has bred a national thirst for cider, so irresistible that apple juice, pronounced to be the great American drink, according to Dr. Eugene H. Porter, state commissioner of food and markets.

But, says Dr. Porter, the supply is small. The present crop of cider apples is about one-third that of former years "and the big dealers are scrambling to get enough to supply their customers."

Much has been written and said of hard cider," he says, "but in most cases, it has been soft cider wearing a wolf's pelt. Hard cider with a natural 'kick' is difficult to make and more difficult to keep. Seeking consumers in year after year, it is unwise as its effects on the drinker are far from salutary."

DALMATIA DUE TO FALL

Jugo-Slavs Hear D'Annunzio Plans to Attack Spalato.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Jugo-Slav headquarters in Paris learn from Spalato by way of Belgrade that D'Annunzio proposes to return to Zara with strong forces and proceed thence to Sebenico, after which he will attack Spalato.

POINDEXTER STARTS RACE

Senator Seeks Endorsement of Party at Pierre, S. D. Convention.

MITCHELL S. D., Nov. 26.—Senator Miles PoinDEXTER, Washington, has entered the race for the endorsement of the republican party at the proposed convention to be held at Pierre, S. D., December 28.

This announcement was made today by James Wesley Bryan, PoinDEXTER's rival, a former congressman from Washington.

Senator PoinDEXTER is the third candidate for the republican presidential nomination to launch his campaign in South Dakota, having been preceded by Wood and Lowden.

PAN-GERMANISM REVIVING

Crowds in Potsdam Cheer Ludendorff and ex-Kaiser.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—Pan-German imperialist demonstrations were resumed at Potsdam Tuesday. Large crowds assembled outside the palace, where General Ludendorff is staying. The general came to a window and in a speech extolled the Prussian spirit and militarism.

THREE CLAREMONT ROBBERS GET LIFE

Burgess' and Peringer's Slayers Plead Guilty.

DEFIANT ATTITUDE IS GONE

Banaster Nervous and Makes Plea for Leniency.

JUSTICE SPEEDILY METED

Judge Gatens Tells Pair They Are Lucky to Escape Nooses; Ogle Blamed for Shooting.

After a statement to the court which admitted participation in the robbery of Claremont tavern guests, Burgess and Peringer, the slayers who killed J. N. Burgess and George E. Peringer last Friday night, David Smith and Walter Banaster pleaded guilty to an indictment for murders yesterday afternoon, two hours after their companion, James Ogle, had made a similar plea and they had surprised the court and their own attorneys by entering pleas of not guilty. All three were sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary.

The trio will leave the county jail tomorrow for Salem to begin serving the sentences imposed by Presiding Judge Gatens. The jurist told them they were to be congratulated that capital punishment was not imposed in Oregon, else they would have gone to the gallows for their crime.

Both Accuse Ogle.

Smith and Banaster accused Ogle of the murder, saying that the button shoe Ogle had on his foot when he was identified by persons robbed as belonging to a highwayman who did no shooting were Smith's shoes, and the two small revolvers Ogle claimed to have had were carried by him that night.

Ogle was not present while his pals in the robbery were shifting the murder blame to him, having already pleaded guilty and been sentenced.

All three men were expected to plead guilty when they appeared in court at 2 o'clock, for they had told their attorneys, Morris A. Goldstein and Frank J. Streibig Jr., that they did not intend to fight the case. A curious crowd hung to window sills, stood on chairs, and banked against the railing in the courtroom when the names of the three were called at 2 o'clock.

Pleas Are Withdrawn.

Only a few court attaches and attorneys were in the room when two principals in the robbery later appeared to withdraw their pleas and declared that, while they knew they were actually guilty in the eyes of the law whether they pulled the trigger of the revolver which killed two of Oregon's leading citizens or not, they did not commit the murder.

Banaster pleaded for mercy at the hands of the court. Smith did not. Banaster had none of the defiant smile which played about his lips the day before and noted the morbid throng. His face was red, his features worked nervously and perspiration stood out in beads on his forehead.

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CARLISLE IN SEATTLE, SAYS NOTE TO POLICE

TRAIN ROBBER ASKS CHIEF TO LET HIM REST AWHILE.

Promise Is Made That Outlaw Will Leave in Few Days on Short Line if Let Alone.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Bill Carlisle, the outlaw who escaped from the Wyoming state penitentiary last week, is in our midst, according to a letter received by Chief of Police Warren today.

Not only is Carlisle in Seattle, but he urges the chief and his minions to "lay off," as he wants to get a few days' rest, after which the outlaw promises he will blow "out of Seattle and into the state of Oregon."

The letter, written in lead pencil and postmarked 4 P. M., November 25, at one of the terminal postoffice stations, reads as follows:

"Chief of Police:

"Hello chief. This seems like a peaceful city, so I guess I'll give thanks with thee. Just got in. Some road that Milwaukee. Lay off me, chief. I need a rest. Will blow in a few days. Oregon Short line next so don't you worry. Regards to Yon Pea. Cuckoo

"Bill Carlisle.

"P. S. X X X for the mayor."

Chief Warren doesn't know whether he is being "kidded" by a practical joker or whether the robber really is a visitor.

There is a reward of \$200 for the man, woman or child who picks up "Bill" up.

BUMPER CROP GATHERED

World Production of Corn, Potatoes and Rice Big.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Bumper world crops of corn, potatoes, barley, rye, sugar beets and rice for this year are shown in estimates compiled by the international institute of agriculture at Rome, made public today by the department of agriculture.

The production of wheat, oats and flaxseed, however, shows a decrease from the average for the five years ended in 1917.

Wheat production in 14 countries, excepting the central powers, will reach 2,946,569,800 bushels, 96.5 per cent of the five-year average. Corn will amount to 3,128,194,000, 14.8 per cent greater than the crop produced last year and 4.4 per cent greater than that produced for the last five years. Other crops are estimated as follows: Rye, 169,414,000 bushels, 124 per cent five-year average; oats, 2,095,785,000 bushels, 99.3 per cent; sugar beets, 19,314,000 tons, 114.8 per cent.

SOLONS WANT MORE PAY

Labor Members of Parliament Say Salaries Are Inadequate.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Labor members of parliament here are agitating for an increase in their parliamentary salaries, which now are about \$2000 a year.

The present salary, which represents a pre-war purchasing value of approximately \$200, is regarded as hopelessly inadequate for the maintenance of a legislator in London.

ASTOR CAN'T LOSE TITLE

Bill to Take Away Peerage Is Defeated in Commons, 169 to 56.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A bill introduced in the house of commons under which Viscount Astor would have been able to give up his title, inherited from his father, the late Viscount (William Waldorf) Astor, was defeated by a vote of 169 to 56.

FIRE CAUSES HEAVY DAMAGE AT MOSIER

SEVEN BUSINESS BUILDINGS COMPLETELY DESTROYED.

Explosion of Oil Stove Starts Blaze Which Rages 12 Hours Before Brought Under Control.

MOSIER, Or., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Fire, which started at 2:30 o'clock this morning from an oil stove in the Graham building, occupied by the Cole drug store and the telephone exchange, completely destroyed that structure and six others, comprising approximately one-half of the business section of Mosier. The fire was not brought under control until 2:50 o'clock this afternoon.

After the flames had consumed five buildings on the east side of Main street, they leaped across the street to the Strains drygoods store.

This structure, though badly damaged, was saved by the work of citizens who organized bucket brigades. The Sturges building, used by the Mosier Fruitgrowers' association for its temporary dining room and sleeping quarters, caught fire, but was saved. The largest losses were Cole's drug store and a barber shop. Three of the structures destroyed were unoccupied.

Pressure of the Mosier city water system was inadequate to reach the flames with hose, and the flames rapidly gained headway in spite of the work of scores of citizens who hoisted ladders and brought buckets into action.

Shortly before noon, when the fire fighters realized that the flames could not be extinguished by the force, a call was sent to the workmen of the stretch of the Hood River-Mosier highway. Two hundred men responded and their efforts enabled the fighters to put out the flames 12 hours after they were started.

The loss is estimated between \$30,000 and \$40,000. Stock and fixtures of Cole's drugstore were partially covered by insurance.

HOLLY DEMAND IS HEAVY

Concord Farmer Receives Order From California for 3000 Pounds.

OREGON CITY, Or., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—George C. Brownell, who shipped a large amount of holly to the San Francisco market last year, receiving 35 cents a pound for it, has an order this year for 3000 pounds, and will receive 40 cents a pound. There is an unusually good demand for the bright-colored foliage, and the Brownell holly has attracted much attention, especially by those passing his farm near Concord.

There are 825 trees laden with the scarlet berries, and after the thousands of pounds have been picked the berries are sold mess. The trees are 8 years old.

Two hundred pounds were shipped a few days ago to supply the demand for Thanksgiving.

STORK VISITS FATHER, 80

Whitman Child Resident Welcomes 24th Child to Family Circle.

PULLMAN, Wash., Nov. 26.—A Puseyville record that is seldom equaled in the best of Whitman county as the result of the arrival of a 14-pound boy at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hatley, who reside 10 miles west of Pullman, Mr. Hatley is 80 years of age and is now residing with his second wife whom he married 39 years ago and his latest family addition is the 24th. The family includes but one set of twins.

Despite his four score years, Mr. Hatley still is hale and hearty and manages his big farm as effectively as he did a score of years ago. Several of his sons are now operating ranches of their own.

LICENSE AT ELLIS ISLAND GIVEN REDS

Mr. Uhl Says Place Was 'Forum of Bolshevism.'

HOWE'S SYMPATHIES SHOWN

Correspondence Indicates Official Befriended Radicals.

HUNGER STRIKE STILL ON

Three Men Break and Answer Dining Room Call—Method Found to Combat Silence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Letters showing a sympathetic attitude on the part of Frederic C. Howe, former commissioner of immigration at Ellis Island, toward radicals who had been ordered deported, were read today at an inquiry by the house immigration committee. They were produced after testimony by Byron H. Uhl, acting commissioner, that conditions under Howe's regime tended to make the island a "forum of bolshevism."

The correspondence, taken from the committee files at the island, included letters written by Howe to George Andreytchine, a radical, whose deportation order was cancelled; Elizabeth G. Flynn and Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor; one received by him from Emma Goldman and one from Dante Barton, vice-chairman of the committee on industrial relations; to Miss Helen Marot in care of "The Masses," a radical New York newspaper.

Miss Goldman Interceded.

Miss Goldman urged Howe not to send "to sure death" in France, Joseph Goldberg, a white slaver and a friend of defendants in Los Angeles dynamiting cases. Official records showed Goldberg had been allowed to go to Spain at his own expense after being ordered deported.

Andreytchine, an L. W. W. agitator, wrote Howe upon cancellation of an order of deportation:

"I have no words to thank you for your appreciation and support. Yours as ever for the emancipation of mankind."

In reply, Howe wrote:

"I was immensely gratified to receive your letter advising me that Acting Secretary Denmore had canceled your order for deportation."

Elizabeth G. Flynn wrote Howe in regard to Andreytchine:

"I count you among the first to see that this young rebel is not sent to certain death."

Young Man Nice Fellow.

Howe wrote to Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor, in regard to Andreytchine's case:

"The young man is a clean, wholesome, nice young fellow."

A letter from Dante Barton to Helen Marot about Andreytchine said:

"I think we can feel pretty sure that Fred Howe will continue his parole. That will give us a longer time to make a stir with the help of the whole radical bunch. Denmore's opinion that he must be deported is a rotten, legalistic rat-eyed rein-

PERSHING TO BE IN PORTLAND JANUARY 17

TOUR OF INSPECTION TO START NIGHT OF DEC. 3.

General and Staff Plan to Visit All Cantonments, Army Posts and Aviation Fields.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The itinerary of General Pershing's inspection tour of cantonments and posts, issued here today, shows he will cover completely the manufacturing and training machinery erected during the months of war in support of the American expeditionary forces. More than 100 camps, aviation fields and ammunition plants will be visited in order that General Pershing may be able to recommend to Secretary Baker a comprehensive plan for maintaining adequate facilities to back up military establishments.

Leaving Washington on the night of December 3, General Pershing and his official suite will visit Camp Lee, Va., as the initial stop and then move through the southeastern department, arriving at its headquarters, Charleston, S. C., on December 7. Plans and stations in the central department are next in line. The holidays will be spent by General Pershing with his son and his sister at Lincoln, Neb., a new start being made west about January 5.

Officers of Pershing's staff said they expected to arrive at Portland, Or., about January 17 and reach San Francisco about January 21. Inspections in the eastern and northeastern departments have been postponed until the return to the Atlantic coast.

Points to be visited after Christmas include Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.; Rock Island arsenal; Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa; Omaha, Neb.; Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan.; Denver, Colo.; Fort D. A. Russell, Cheyenne, Wyo.; Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah; Portland, Or.; Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash.; Mather field, Sacramento, Cal.; headquarters western department, San Francisco; Arcedia and Marsh fields, Los Angeles, Cal.; Camp Kearney, San Diego, Cal.; Douglas, Ariz.; Camp Floyd, El Paso, Texas; Camp Travis, Camp Hancock, Camp Stanley, Kelly field, San Antonio, Texas—which is also headquarters of the southern department; Ellington field, Houston, Texas; Fort Sill, Oklahoma; Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., and return to Washington.

STORM HITS BAY REGION

75-Mile Gale Sinks Barge; Oakland Car Service Interrupted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 26.—A 75-mile gale was reported blowing tonight off Point Reyes, and the water in San Francisco bay became so rough that a barge with 1500 tons of oil on board was sunk near Alcatraz island while being towed. At the weather bureau here the wind velocity was 41 miles an hour at 5 o'clock.

Two men were blown down and windows broken by the wind. A large electric sign on the waterfront toppled from its position.

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MEXICO REFUSES TO FREE JENKINS

Carranza Flatly Rejects U. S. Demands.

WASHINGTON IS ALERT

War and Navy Departments Ready to Act to Release Consular Agent.

NOTE RECEIVED AT EL PASO

Mexican Government Declares Imprisonment Justified; Envoy Is Blamed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The state, war and navy departments are prepared to deal with any emergency in case of an unfavorable turn of events in Mexico, it was stated here. At today's meeting of the president's cabinet the strained relations between the United States and Mexico received serious consideration.

(By the Associated Press.) MEXICO CITY, Nov. 25.—With the declaration that there is "no legal foundation nor principle of international law" upon which the United States bases its demand for the release of William O. Jenkins, United States consular agent at Puebla, the Mexican government, through Hilario Medina, under-secretary of foreign relations, tonight stated it was impossible to accede to the request of the American state department.

It is asserted that the executive department cannot, under Mexican law, intervene at this moment in an affair which is strictly in the hands of state courts.

Act Held Justified.

It is declared the imprisonment of Mr. Jenkins was neither unjustified nor arbitrary and that Mr. Jenkins is preventing his own freedom by refusing to give bail, for which reason, it is said, "he cannot be considered a victim of molestation."

(By the Associated Press.) EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 26.—The reply of the Mexican government to the note of the United States asking the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Puebla, Mexico, was received tonight by Andrew G. Garcia, consular-general at El Paso.

Intervention Is Refused.

"Sir: I am instructed by the president of the republic to answer herewith your note of November 20, which you addressed to the Mexican government on instructions from the state department of the United States.

"You will, no doubt, realize the fact that no legal foundation, principle or precedent of international right, or even of reason, is involved in the demand for the immediate liberation of Mr. Jenkins, who, as you know, is at present under the jurisdiction of a judge of the city of Puebla.

"The Mexican government cannot see what the foundation for such a demand might be. It believes that it can be only the power of the country that makes it, although the United States has expressed the desire on various occasions that right and justice should be the basis of its diplomacy and respect for weak countries the basis of its international relations on the continent.

Guilt Not Asserted.

"The terms of a note which I am answering are attributed by my government to an imperfect understanding of our penal laws. The imprisonment is neither unjust nor arbitrary, as your note states, since Mr. Jenkins himself has signed contradictory statements regarding the kidnapping of which he was a victim. The judge has had ample foundation to suppose that he was guilty of the crime of falsifying judicial declarations and this caused his imprisonment.

Nevertheless, this imprisonment does not of itself signify that Mr.

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