66 TRAINS CANCELED BY TWO RAILROADS

Drastic Service Cut Ordered to Save Coal.

NEW RESTRICTIONS MADE

Lightless Streets Decreed in Indiana Towns, Where Only Two Weeks' Fuel Supply Exists.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—New restrictions on the use of soft coal were announced today, the sixth day of the miners' strike. In some localities orders were even more drastic than during the war, but the general situation showed little change.

While production in West Virginia and Colorado was reported increased since yesterday, there was no noticeable change in the ranks of the 425,000 striking miners.

Appeals for coal to prevent distress in many towns of Kansas and Alabama were sent to state and railroad officials.

Bunkering of foreign-owned ships at American ports was ordered stopped by the central coal committee of the railroad administration.

Train Service Cut Down.

Sixty-six trains were annulled by the Chicago & Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads.

Indiana's public service commission took the most drastic action in the domestic field. It decreed lightless streets, discontinuance of electric sign service, coal gas for heating and other restrictions of service by public utilities with the less than two weeks' supply of coal.

One independent steel mill in Pittsburg was handicapped for coal.

Counsel for the miners filed a petition in the Indianapolis federal court for the dissolution of the government's temporary injunction against the strike.

Distribution System Going.

The railroad administration's coal distribution system under fuel administration regulations was announced to be in full operation today. In Chicago the coal committees of the northwestern and central-western railroad regions announced removal of all restrictions on coal shipments for federal, state, county and municipal, public utilities, daily newspapers and a few similar classifications throughout the country. The order applied to coal already taken charge of in transit and that to be mined, and was designed to meet pressing necessities, such as freeing coal cars for mines still in operation.

The suspension of trains, the majority of them suburban and local passenger runs, made an idle train crew for each train annulled. Of the 66 runs eliminated, 14 directly affect Chicago. The two principal trains eliminated by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul were trains 29 and 30, Chicago to Cedar Rapids, Ia., and Cedar Rapids to Chicago. A total of 52 trains were ordered suspended on various divisions of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

Other Roads to Follow.

Other railroads were expected to cut their schedules within 24 hours.

Small cities and towns of Kansas reported nearly empty coal bins, with the prospect of closing light and water plants. A nearly similar situation prevailed in Nebraska, where some schools were on the point of closing.

West Virginia operators reported 44 mines in union districts in operation at the rate of 60,000,000 tons a year, or about two-thirds of normal. A slight increase in production also was reported by Colorado operators, while those in New Mexico said but half of the miners were on strike.

COAL ECONOMY ORDERED

(Continued From First Page.)

make it possible, labor leaders said, for the two sides, through their full scale committees, to negotiate a new wage agreement at one sitting. Refusal, and issuance of more drastic orders directing heads of the miners' organization to resume operations, would mean, these officials said, a long-drawn-out struggle.

Government officials took another look at stock reports, and while these indicated coal enough to meet immediate needs, the fact stared them in the face that the daily consumption was around 10,000,000 tons, while the daily output had been reduced by the strike to about 3,500,000 tons.

It was easy to find, they said, how long present stocks would last, assuming the bins were filled for an average run of 30 days.

A full report of the strike situation will be presented to the cabinet at its meeting tomorrow. While it has been announced that the cabinet stood solidly together in formulating the government's strike policy, it has been common talk in labor and official circles that Secretary Wilson, a former officer of the United Mine Workers of America, strongly opposed injunction proceedings.

NEBRASKA'S PLIGHT SERIOUS

Many Schools, Short of Coal, May Have to Close Soon.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6.—Complaints of fuel shortage in Nebraska towns continued to come to the offices of the governor and state railway commission today.

A letter from Crete, Neb., said Doane college there would have to close unless fuel was received within a short time. Another report said a Catholic school, church, convent and parsonage at Stuart were suffering a fuel famine. The coal supply at York was reported to be low, while schools at Superior were said to be badly in need of fuel.

At the railway commission it was said that efforts to find any railway official in the state with authority to issue orders for coal distribution to meet emergency cases had been fruitless and that the commission would send requests for fuel direct to R. H. Aishton, regional railroad director at Chicago.

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM GOING

Railroads to Make Every Effort to Supply Needed Coal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The coal distribution system evolved by the railroad administration has been in full operation, Director-General Hines announced tonight. Officials in every part of the country, who have been detailed to handle the difficulties attendant upon the coal strike, have begun the gathering of figures on supplies in hand as well as meeting the urgent needs of stricken communities, Mr. Hines said.

Wherever possible coal is being distributed in accordance with the priority list, said Mr. Hines, established by the fuel administrator where such coal is absolutely needed. Therefore, where there is real need for coal, the problem should be taken up immediately with the railroad ordinarily supplying the coal and every effort will be made to meet the demand.

"It is essential, both because of the present bituminous coal strike and in order that the needs of the coming winter may be looked after, that fuel be used as economically as possible. It should be remembered that the railroads did not interfere with the delivery of coal until the strike began.

"In order to conserve coal as much as possible, regional directors of railroads have been given authority wherever it seems absolutely necessary to eliminate for the time being train service, but in order to provide for the essential business needs of the country, no general curtailment of train service is contemplated."

FOREIGN VESSELS MUST WAIT

Bunkering of Ships Not Flying U. S. Flag Halted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Instituting the first general curtailment in transportation as a coal conservation measure, the railroad administration's central coal committee tonight ordered discontinued the bunkering of foreign-owned ships in American ports.

American-owned ships and vessels flying the American flag will continue to receive fuel supplies, but "for the time being," it was said, "all other vessels will be compelled to await the end of the bituminous coal miners' strike."

There are 210 ships in the port of New York affected by the order of the railroad administration central coal committee regarding discontinuance of foreign tonnage bunkering. Many of these, however, are British vessels, which, it is believed, will be able to proceed to Halifax for coal.

Washington Coal Mines Open.

SEATTLE, Nov. 6.—Washington's coal mines are open and ready for work, a statement issued here today by the Washington Coal Operators' association said. The statement was issued to end reports that the operators and strikers had agreed to keep the mines closed until a settlement of the national strike is reached in the east.

FRANCE WILL BURN OIL

GOVERNMENT URGES USE OF SUBSTITUTE FOR COAL.

Necessary Changes in Boilers Problem Until American Engineers Come to Rescue.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A government appeal to large users of fuel, such as public utility plants, to use "mazut," the heavy oil residue remaining after gasoline and kerosene have been distilled from crude petroleum, as a substitute fuel during the increasing coal shortage, is published prominently in the newspapers. The government pledges itself to deliver for a certain period this heavy oil to big concerns which will convert their boilers to burn oil in place of coal.

Experiments are said to have demonstrateed that the higher price of the mazut will be balanced by its greater fuel value and the economy of its use.

Representatives of the metropolitan subway and other extensive users of coal declared that it would take months to adapt the boilers to the new fuel, but a group of American engineers, it is reported, guaranteed to make the complete change in six weeks.

The supply of electricity has of late frequently failed temporarily, owing to the coal shortage, and the subway has had several breakdowns.

HART TRIES TO GET COAL

OPERATORS GIVE NO PROMISE AT CONFERENCE.

Governor Takes Action in Attempt to Avert Serious Shortage, but Meets No Success.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 6.—(Special.)—Following up his declaration that the people of this state would not be permitted to suffer privation and cold on the verge of winter through the disagreement of coal operators and miners in the middle west and not affecting this state, Governor Hart is understood to have begun a personal inquiry to ascertain the sentiment of operators and union miners.

It was stated today in well-informed circles that the governor asked the operators yesterday at a Tacoma conference what they proposed to do to protect the public and guarantee a supply of fuel for home consumption and to keep Washington industries active.

The reply of the operators was substantially the same as that made in the official statement today—a virtual admission that for the moment, at least, the operators were unable to resume the production of coal, but were willing and eager to do so at any time.

DON'T WHIP!

Stop Lashing Your Bowels with Harsh Cathartics but take "Cascarets."

Everyone must occasionally give to the bowels some regular help or else suffer from constipation, bilious attacks, stomach disorders, and sick headache. But do not whip the bowels into activity with harsh cathartics.

What the liver and bowels need is a gentle and natural tonic, one that can constantly be used without harm. The gentlest liver and bowel tonic is "Cascarets." They put the liver to work and cleanse the colon and bowels of all waste, toxins and poisons without griping—they never sicken or inconvenience you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or Purgatives.

Twenty-five million boxes of Cascarets are sold each year. They work while you sleep. Cascarets cost so little too.—Adv.

ASTHMA SUFFERERS

FREE—25-cent bottle of our wonderful As-No-Mor, for Asthma, sent absolutely free. Gives instant relief. Has cured thousands. Will cure you. Guaranteed. Four months' treatment As-No-Mor handled by all leading druggists. Send today.
AS-NO-MOR CO., Dept. 46 Des Moines, Iowa.

JAPAN CENSURED BY LABOR CONFERENCE

Violation of Peace Treaty Seen in Election of Delegate.

SHORTER DAY IS WANTED

Proposal Is Introduced to Apply Eight-Hour Day to Commerce and Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—With the declaration that the Japanese government "has tried to prevent workers from forming organizations," Corneille Mertens, Belgian labor delegate, read into the record of the International Labor Conference today a statement "reproaching" Japan for the methods used in selecting its labor representative to the conference.

While asserting that the labor group in the conference did not oppose Uhei Masmoto, the Japanese labor delegate, Mr. Mertens said the method used by the Japanese government in selecting its representative "violated the provisions of the treaty of peace and the right of free association."

The conference adopted unanimously the report of its credentials committee recommending that no action be taken on protests which had been lodged against Mr. Masmoto on the ground that he did not truly represent Japanese labor.

Delegates Criticise Press.

In consenting to the seating of Mr. Masmoto, J. Oudefeest, Dutch labor delegate, insisted that in future conferences the Japanese labor delegate be chosen in agreemnt with the wishes of the trades unions of that nation.

Mr. Masmoto, it was learned, agreed with other labor delegates on the question of the eight-hour day and objected to the position of the Japanese government representatives who are asking reservations for Japan on account of her backward industrial development.

The attitude of the press toward the conference was criticised by the delegates as "imperiling" its work.

Declaring that Washington newspapers had interpreted yesterday's voting as a setback to the eight-hour day, Leon Jouhaux, French labor delegate, said the press was spreading an unfavorable impression of the conference among American workers.

Eight-Hour Day for Farm Aim.

Baron Des Planches, representing the Italian government, wanted the conference to issue an official communique, but Secretary of Labor Wilson, conference chairman, pointed out that in a country without censorship only newspaper owners and editors are responsible for what is printed.

In voting to take no action on the protests against the Japanese delegate, the conference also voted unanimously to accept the report of its credentials committee recommending that no action be taken on the protests against the labor delegates from France and South Africa.

Debate which began Tuesday on limitation of hours of work was renewed today. Two new proposals were put forth, one by R. Tayerle, Czecho-Slovak worker delegate, to apply the eight-hour day to commerce and agriculture as well as to industry; and the second by Swedish and Norwegian governmental representatives to compromise the differences between the eight-hour day and the 48-hour week principles by agreeing to a 48-hour week with a daily limit of eight and one-half hours.

Women Postpone Organization.

The International Working Women's congress at its closing session here today decided to postpone the whole question of permanent organization until next year. Efforts of the British delegation to effect affiliation with labor parties were defeated and the temporary organization, with headquarters in the United States under a provisional committee composed of a president and four vice-presidents will be continued. The next meeting will be in conjunction with the next session of the International Labor conference, organized under the treaty of Versailles.

In urging affiliation with labor parties Miss Mary MacArthur of the British delegation declared it was idle to claim non-political status for the organization, since every subject discussed would require enactment of legislation in each country, making co-operation with labor parties essential.

Teutons to Be Represented.

Mrs. Raymond Robbins of Chicago was elected temporary president of the congress and Mrs. Mary Schwartz of New York secretary.

Provision was made for representation in the new organization of the central powers.

Special provision for the representation of the central powers in the new organization of the congress was made at the suggestion of Margaret Bondfield of the British delegation. It had been agreed that one of the vice-presidents should represent both the Slavic and the Teutonic peoples, but the British delegate insisted that the position of the women of the central powers was too important for such divided represenation, and it was agreed to hold open one vice-presidency to be filled by a woman chosen by German, Austrian and Russian representatives.

INDECENT DRESS SCORED

Seattle Pastor Hits at Styles Worn by Some Church Women.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 6.—Present day styles of clothes worn by church women were censured today at the national training conference of the Inter-Church World Movement of North America.

"The indecent dress of some women in our churches makes it tremendously hard for a young man to keep his thoughts clean and pure," declared the Rev. J. R. Crowther of Seattle. "In public these days you can scarcely tell the difference between a street woman and a church woman."

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.—Adv.

S. & H. green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., Main 337, A 3353.—Adv.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

MINERS BEGIN FIGHT AGAINST INJUNCTION

Motion to Dissolve Government Order Filed.

HEARING DUE TOMORROW

Allegation of Conspiracy to Reduce Output of Coal Denied in Petition of Workers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—A motion to dissolve the order restraining officials of the United Mine Workers of America encouraging or directing the strike of the 425,000 members of the union was filed in the United States district court here today by attorneys for the miners. The restraining order was issued last Friday and the hearing on a temporary injunction, petitioned by the government, will be next Saturday.

The motion first sets out that the petition for the restraining order does not disclose that the government, the plaintiff in the case, has any interest in the subject matter, nor in the relief sought, nor in any injunctive relief. It is set forth that the plaintiff is without "equity and without clean hands."

Conspiracy Is Disclaimed.

It is alleged that the government knew all along of the efforts of collective bargaining and it is set forth that Secretary of Labor Wilson, representing the government, called representatives of the miners and operators to Washington in an effort to reopen negotiations for a new wage agreement.

It is further contended in the motion that the fuel administration was dissolved by proclamation of the president and that the fuel administration cannot be restored legally by the president. This is designed to meet the contention of the government that there was a conspiracy under the Lever act to reduce the output of coal.

The motion says the exigencies of the war have "ceased progressively," and points out that the complaint does not allege that the common lot of the miners will not be improved by a new wage agreement.

Strike Is Held Lawful.

It alleges that it is not unlawful to strike and cites the acts of 1914 as providing that no restraining order shall be issued in any United States court in any case between employers and employes "growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, unless necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property or to a property right for which there is no adequate remedy in law."

Marshfield School Attendance Big.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Nov. 6.—(Special.)—The Marshfield school attendance is considerably larger than in 1918, being 866, against 830 for 1918. Marshfield has 1165 children of school age, Coquille 542, Bandon 542, with North Bend, Powers and Myrtle Point not reported. Superintendent Mulkey declares the county needs nine more teachers.

308 Today

Two and a quarter million babies a year are born in the United States! That means that 308 infants are arriving today in the million families that read The Delineator. Talcum powder, baby carriages, clothing, rattles, cribs for 308 new babies every day of the year! Their 112,500 mothers rely on The Delineator for advice. Have you anything to say to them about the article you manufacture?

The **Delineator**

The Magazine in One Million Homes

Mathis for Quality

The **Overcoat House**

Men who like stylish and serviceable Overcoats come here for them. They have become acquainted with the leadership of Mathis Great Coats.

There's many a model on display that will be new to you—particularly those from Kenneth Durward & Co., London.

Burly Motoring Ulsters, medium weight Dress Coats and light weight Slip-Ons that will give you an exceedingly well dressed appearance the moment you put them on.

$25 to $125

Vassar Underwear

You'll enjoy the comfort of a fine tailored union suit. We're specialists when it comes to fitting. Complete range of fabrics and weights.

$3 to $20

Mathis
MEN'S WEAR
Corbett Bldg., Fifth & Morrison

"The Store That Undersells Because It Sells For Cash"

Even Our Regular Store Friends Will Be Astounded by the Saving Possibilities of Our

991st Bargain Friday

We realize that thousands of critical and prudent shoppers have learned to wait for and profit by these weekly sales. We know that they will expect out-of-the-ordinary values on this occasion and with a determination to NEVER BE UNDERSOLD we have gathered a wonderfully attractive list of specially underpriced offerings that we are confident cannot be equaled elsewhere. Read the following items—pay a visit to our store tomorrow—and judge for yourself whether or not these offerings are unmatchable!

For Friday! *In Our Domestic Section*

WE ANNOUNCE AN EXTRAORDINARY

REMNANT SALE

Hundreds of Short Lengths, From 2 to 7 Yards Each, in All Sorts of Desirable Wash Fabrics to Be Closed Out at **$1.00** EACH

You Have Choice From Percales, Ginghams, Cotton Suitings, Poplins, Mercerized Foulards, Outing Flannels, Strong Cloths, Crashes and Many Other Fabrics in Styles, Patterns and Colorings Suitable for Women's and Children's Garments.

None reserved, no phone or mail orders and none sent C. O. D. at this sale—Remember, an early visit will prove most advantageous.

A Great Pre-Holiday Showing and

Sale of Embroideries

Four trade-winning specials underpriced for the express purpose of making room for holiday goods. Embroideries of standard qualities in the season's best patterns, widths and designs to suit every taste and purpose and all underpriced

Embroidery Baby Sets at 10c a Yard

Almost an endless assortment of dainty patterns in fine longcloth, cambric and Swiss edges. Insertions and beadings in matched sets.

Lot 2, Consists of Embroideries *Up to 17 Inches*
At 25c Yard
Both imported and domestic Embroideries in fine longcloth, cambric and Swisser — Edges, skirtings, corset covers and flouncings up to 17 inches wide.

Lot 3, Consists of Embroideries *Up to 27 Inches*
At 48c Yard
A wonderfully fine line of longcloth, cambric and Swiss Embroideries in patterns for skirtings and corset covers—widths up to 27 inches.

Lot 4, Consists of Embroideries *Up to 40 Inches*
At 59c Yard
Voile Flouncings in white, Copenhagen, old rose and tan. Handsome two-tone embroideries in silk and cotton; also 40-inch all-over voile embroideries.

EXTRA! Special for Friday! Pre-Holiday Sale of Boxed Stationery
At 25c Box
Rosedale Lawn and Avonford Linen finish Paper—24 sheets of paper with envelopes to match. Comes in popular tints and white.

A Special Underpricing of
Georgette Crepe Edges
5 and 6-Inch Widths Yard at **69c**
These popular and dainty Edges are of fine quality georgette crepe and come with pretty colored handloom embroidery in dainty patterns, especially adapted for neckwear and trimmings.

EXTRA! Special for Friday!
A Sale of Women's
Flannel Sleeping Garments
At 1/4 to 1/3 Below Regular Prices

Sample Garments in All Styles, Pajamas, "Billie Burke" One-Piece Garments and Regulation Gowns at **$2.39**

From three of the leading manufacturers of Women's Sleeping Garments we secured their entire sample lines at price concessions which enable us to arrange this out-of-the-ordinary sale. Such well-known makes as Brighton, Sleepy Hollow and Peerless—all high-grade lines.

The assortment includes various styles in Outing Flannel Gowns, Pajamas and the popular Billie Burke one-piece Sleeping Garments. They come in wanted plain colors, stripes and figured novelties. All are extra well made and neatly trimmed. As the assortment is limited, we urge an early attendance if you would be sure of profiting by this saving sale.

All Garments Are to Go at One Price, $2.39

In the Ready-to-Wear Section
A Sale of Women's
House Dresses at $1.85
At this extremely low figure we place on special sale a splendid lot of House Dresses made of standard percales and ginghams. Various styles in broken assortment, including all sizes from 36 to 42, but not all sizes in each style.

EXTRA! Special for Friday!
Cotton Sheet Blankets
At $2.95 Ea.
Just the thing for cold nights. They come 64x76 inches and are shown in gray and tan with pink or blue border.

OUR STORE NOW OPENS AT 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros. Third & Morrison

STORE CLOSES AT 5:30 P. M. SATURDAY AT 6 P. M.

THE MOST IN VALUE THE BEST IN QUALITY