

NEED TO CLOSE ALL EYES

Drastic Measure Effective February 1, 1910.

JOHN BARLEYCORN BOUND

Physician's Prescription and Hold-over Supply Held Only Method of Obtaining Intoxicants.

Getting a drink of intoxicating liquor after February 1, 1920, will be like performing a miracle. Unless a person has a stock of stuff in his dwelling, or has a friend thus fortified, the chance to get a drink will be infinitesimal. A drink containing more than one-half of 1 per cent of alcohol is defined as "intoxicating." While the prohibition law is in effect, the distinguished body made prohibition just about as air-tight as it could. The first copy of the national prohibition law, which was passed by the House of Representatives, was sent to the Collector of Internal Revenue Miller, holds out no hope to the thirsty, unless, as indicated, a cache of liquor has been laid away.

There are just two ways, apparently, of getting a drink without a stock of liquor. The first, and simplest method, is to have it at home. The second is to have a physician prescribe it. The physician can prescribe not more than one pint in 10 days for a patient, and this prescription cannot be refilled. Furthermore, the doctor must keep a record of the names and addresses of those he orders liquor for, and the druggist who fills the prescription also must keep a record.

"Klick" is Estimated. Of course, there will be plenty of the one-half of 1 per cent stuff, but most authorities will agree that such a small amount of alcohol is as harmful as Bull Run water and has about as much "kick." Nor, in the law, does there appear to be a stock of liquor in California, Chicago or New York, and want to bring it home.

It wasn't for the Oregon state law the transfer might be made, under certain regulations. Wherever a slight doubt may arise over the meaning of a section of the statute, the law says it must be "liberally construed." It is to be taken the joy out of life by explaining that the "liberal construction" shall be along lines to make prohibition as stringent as possible. Someone with a sense of humor fixed up that phrase.

Follows a section, No. 33, to be exact, which should be carefully read:

"After February 1, 1920, the possession of liquor by any person not legally permitted under this title to possess liquor shall be prima facie evidence that such liquor is kept for the purpose of being sold, bartered, exchanged, given away, furnished or otherwise disposed of in violation of the provisions of this title. Every person legally permitted under this title to have liquor shall report to the commissioner, within 10 days after the date when the amendment to the constitution of the United States goes into effect, the names and addresses of all persons to whom he has sold or furnished liquor in his possession."

Home Use Permitted. "But it shall not be unlawful to possess liquor in one's private dwelling while the same is occupied and used by him as his domestic beverage, or for the personal consumption of his family, or for the use of his guests in such dwelling and of his bona fide guests when entertained by him therein; and no person shall be liable upon the possession in any action concerning the same to prove that such liquor is lawfully acquired, possessed and used."

After the law goes into effect, no person can manufacture, sell, barter, transport, import, export, deliver, furnish or possess any intoxicating liquor except under the strict regulations prescribed by law for non-beverage and sacramental purposes can be handled, but only under permit. Denatured alcohol may be manufactured and so can medical preparations and toilet preparations and flavoring extracts, but a permit shall be issued that they will be used for use as a beverage. Vinegar and sweet cider also can be made.

Where liquor is used in the preparation of extracts, medicines and the like, the manufacturer can purchase the same without a permit. In short, a permit is needed every time liquor is handled. John Barleycorn being bound and foot with red tape as tight as the Lilliputians tied Gulliver.

If the revenue department suspects that the manufacturer is cheating a little and is slipping too much alcohol into the preparation an analysis is to be made, and if the manufacturer is found guilty his license is revoked.

Physician is Regulated. Liquor can be purchased without a permit from a physician, as indicated, but the physician has certain regulations to attend to before this act is performed. Hospitals and sanitariums engaged in treating persons suffering from alcoholism can obtain supplies under rules to be formulated by the commissioner of the internal revenue.

Permits for manufacture are issued for one year, to purchase for the sake of manufacturing or selling, 90 days, while permits to purchase for other purposes are limited to 30 days.

Here is the system for having liquor prescribed:

No one but a physician holding a permit to prescribe liquor shall issue any prescription for liquor. And no physician shall prescribe liquor unless after careful and scientific examination of the person for whose use such prescription is sought, or if such examination is found impracticable then upon the best information obtainable, he in good faith believed that the use of such liquor as a medicine by such person is necessary and will afford relief to him from some known ailment. Not more than one pint of spirituous liquor to be taken internally shall be prescribed for use by the same person within any period of ten days and no prescription shall be filled more than once. Any pharmacist filling a prescription shall at the time inform upon it over his own signature the word "canceled," together with the date when the liquor was delivered and then make the same a part of the record that he is required to keep as herein provided.

Record is Required. "Every physician who issues a prescription for liquor shall keep a record, alphabetically arranged in a book prescribed by the commissioner, which shall show the date of issue, amount prescribed to whom issued, the purpose or ailment for which it is to be used, and directions for use, stating the amount and frequency of the dose."

The government will considerably even furnish special prescription blanks for the use of the physician.

Of course, it will be necessary to ship liquor around the country. From manufacturer to distributor, and the law makes provision for this. The liquor can be shipped, but it is to be plainly marked, with the name of the shipper, the kind and amount of contents, the carrier must keep a record of these shipments.

Advertising is Prohibited. Even the words "whisky," "beer" and the like are to pass from the eye, if not the thoughts, of the public. It is unlawful to advertise anywhere, by any means, liquor or the manufacture, sale, keeping for sale, or where, how, from whom or at what price the same can be obtained. And list:

"It shall be unlawful to advertise, manufacture, sell or possess for sale, any utensil, contrivance, machine, preparation, composition, tablet, substance, formula, direction or recipe advertised, designed or intended for the unlawful manufacture of liquor."

Furthermore: "No person shall solicit or receive, nor knowingly permit his employees to solicit or receive, from any person any order for liquor or give any information of how liquor may be obtained in violation of this act."

The man who is soured has no friend in Uncle Sam, for the person who is injured personally by the use of means of support by any intoxicated person, can sue the man with the jug and either travel to jail or to the workhouse.

Any place where intoxicating liquor is held in violation of the law is deemed a common nuisance, and the owner of the property can be prosecuted, a lien placed against the property and things made generally disagreeable for the owner, to the end that the property owner will be forced to see that tenants walk the straight and sober path.

Bootlegger has a Target. Bootleggers have a long section of the new law aimed directly at them, to-wit:

"That any person who shall, with intent to effect a sale of liquor by himself, his employee, servant or agent for himself or any person, company or corporation, keep or carry around on his person, or in a vehicle, or other conveyance, whatever, or leave in a place for another to secure, any liquor, or who shall travel to solicit, or solicit, or take, or accept orders for the sale, shipment or delivery of liquor in violation of this title is guilty of a nuisance and shall be restrained by injunction, temporary and permanent, and shall be continuing to do any of said acts or things."

Revenue officers are to seize any and all intoxicating liquors transported in violation of the law, in any wagon, buggy, automobile, water or air craft, or other vehicle. "Crafter" idea indicates someone had an eye to the future possibilities of bootlegging.

Search warrants can be issued, but not to search any private dwelling occupied as a place of abode.

Tax Must Be Paid. A manufacturer of any beverage containing less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol, on making application for a license to manufacture, must pay a tax of \$100, and the license shall be valid for one year.

There are to be oceans of alcohol for industrial purposes, under permit and bond, but for other purposes, nothing but the little old one-half of one per cent.

Profits produced and fit for beverage purposes, remaining in bonded warehouses when the law takes effect may be withdrawn under permit and bond, for other purposes, or for deposit in a bonded warehouse established under the law.

Industrial alcohol plants. A manufacturer of any beverage containing less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol, on making application for a license to manufacture, must pay a tax of \$100, and the license shall be valid for one year.

Where liquor is used in the preparation of extracts, medicines and the like, the manufacturer can purchase the same without a permit. In short, a permit is needed every time liquor is handled. John Barleycorn being bound and foot with red tape as tight as the Lilliputians tied Gulliver.

If the revenue department suspects that the manufacturer is cheating a little and is slipping too much alcohol into the preparation an analysis is to be made, and if the manufacturer is found guilty his license is revoked.

Physician is Regulated. Liquor can be purchased without a permit from a physician, as indicated, but the physician has certain regulations to attend to before this act is performed. Hospitals and sanitariums engaged in treating persons suffering from alcoholism can obtain supplies under rules to be formulated by the commissioner of the internal revenue.

Permits for manufacture are issued for one year, to purchase for the sake of manufacturing or selling, 90 days, while permits to purchase for other purposes are limited to 30 days.

Here is the system for having liquor prescribed:

No one but a physician holding a permit to prescribe liquor shall issue any prescription for liquor. And no physician shall prescribe liquor unless after careful and scientific examination of the person for whose use such prescription is sought, or if such examination is found impracticable then upon the best information obtainable, he in good faith believed that the use of such liquor as a medicine by such person is necessary and will afford relief to him from some known ailment. Not more than one pint of spirituous liquor to be taken internally shall be prescribed for use by the same person within any period of ten days and no prescription shall be filled more than once. Any pharmacist filling a prescription shall at the time inform upon it over his own signature the word "canceled," together with the date when the liquor was delivered and then make the same a part of the record that he is required to keep as herein provided.

Record is Required. "Every physician who issues a prescription for liquor shall keep a record, alphabetically arranged in a book prescribed by the commissioner, which shall show the date of issue, amount prescribed to whom issued, the purpose or ailment for which it is to be used, and directions for use, stating the amount and frequency of the dose."

The government will considerably even furnish special prescription blanks for the use of the physician.

Record is Required. "Every physician who issues a prescription for liquor shall keep a record, alphabetically arranged in a book prescribed by the commissioner, which shall show the date of issue, amount prescribed to whom issued, the purpose or ailment for which it is to be used, and directions for use, stating the amount and frequency of the dose."

The government will considerably even furnish special prescription blanks for the use of the physician.

LEWY RISE WOULD AVERAGE \$2 ON TAX

Figures Based on Holdings of From \$800 to \$1000.

TWO MILLS MORE NEEDED

Mayor Declares If Measure Is Not Passed at Special Election Employees Must Be Drooped.

The additional 2-mill tax levy sought by city officials in the special city election, November 12, will mean less than one-half cent a day, or less than \$2 a year to the average taxpayer of Portland, according to figures compiled yesterday in connection with information being gathered for presentation to the public.

Figuring that the average assessed value of a home is from \$800 to \$1000, the tax amounts to from \$28 to \$30 a year. The additional 2-mill tax would mean the increase of the total to \$30 and \$32 a year, according to these statistics.

Edward Moore, a restaurant man of Hood River, died yesterday morning in Portland, from anthrax, following an illness of but two days' duration. The death of Mr. Moore is the first recorded case of anthrax, a disease usually found in horses and cattle, in Portland for 19 years.

Dr. Charles F. Bloom, with offices in the medical building, was called to 749 First street, where Mr. Moore lived, about 10:30 o'clock Monday night. Recognizing what he suspected as indications of anthrax, Dr. Bloom arranged for the immediate removal of the sick man to the county hospital at Second and Hooker streets. Upon entrance into the hospital, Dr. Bloom ordered that the patient be taken from the afflicted man's home, and that the patient be placed in a room where he could be isolated and that his retention at the hospital would have exposed the rest of the family to the disease.

Removal of the patient from the hospital was explained by County Health Officer Cliff by the statement that no carrier of the disease could be isolated at the hospital, and that the patient could be isolated and that his retention at the hospital would have exposed the rest of the family to the disease.

As the man was said to have been at the point of death at the time he was brought to the county hospital, Dr. Cliff said that his removal to his home affected in no way his condition.

Mr. Daniels' Department Has Six Months' Supply on Hand—War Bureau Running Short.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Advised that the navy department has in reserve 9,000,000 pounds of sugar, Secretary Daniels today intimated that he would release one-third of the stock, or 3,000,000 pounds, for public use to relieve the situation resulting from a nation-wide shortage of the commodity.

The present supply of the navy, Secretary Daniels said, was sufficient for six months. As only a three-month surplus usually is kept on hand, Mr. Daniels indicated that it would be unwise to retain more than that amount now when the entire country is experiencing a shortage.

The navy department, however, unlike the navy, found today that its supply was running low, being estimated as barely sufficient to last until December 15. Quartermaster General Rogers accordingly wired all zone supply officers that sales of sugar to any one person in the service must be limited to not more than six pounds per month and to not more than 24 pounds per month for each family.

Secretary Daniels also said he had sent a message to all ships and stations of the navy calling for strict economy in the use of sugar, as wastefulness by the navy, even of its abundant supply, would "not only be unpardonable but would reflect discredit upon the navy itself."

University to Have Two Bands. UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oct. 21.—(Special.)—The University of Oregon will have two bands this year—a military organization and a concert band. Ross Hickernell, professor of band instruments and leader of the bands, is in charge. For places in the bands, apply to the director of the bands.

WIFE FAILS TO SEE JOKE Husband Now Living With Another Woman, She Says.

REX CORNELL'S idea of a joke was to write his wife, who was supporting herself by working in Astoria, that he had a job and could care for her in Portland, and to tell her upon her arrival here with her children, that he was "only joking and wanted to see what she would do," according to the divorce suit of Fannie J. Cornell, filed in the circuit court yesterday.

Later a reconciliation was effected and they lived in Seattle for a short time before the complaint was filed. The long before Cornell received a letter from a woman friend in Portland telling him she was sending him a railroad ticket and for him to come to her, says Mrs. Cornell. He went, and in April, 1917, took out a marriage license in Vancouver.

The woman, declares his wife, and is now living with her in Portland.

MARINE CLERKS STRIKE New York Maritime Agency Workers Want 30 Per Cent Increase.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Nearly 200 clerks of the Maritime Underwriting Agency here went on strike today. The men demand a 30 per cent increase in salary, an eight-hour day and the privilege of smoking during office hours.

Salaries are paid by the strikers to range from \$10 a week for bookkeepers to \$40 for more responsible positions.

S. & H. Green stamps for cash, Holman Fuel company, Main 552, A 3552, Rockwood, 4 feet or shorter slabwood, Utah and Rock Springs coal; sawdust.

Co-operation Between United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy Urged.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 21.—American sub-committees of the International Trade conference, which opened its informal sessions yesterday, continued today hearing of the industrial and financial conditions of Britain, Belgium and Italy. These informal discussions, which are being held for the purpose of obtaining a statement of the economic conditions of foreign countries and what may be expected of American business men to help return them to normal, will continue until the public sessions begin on Wednesday night.

Organization of a permanent annual trade conference was unanimously decided upon by the sub-committees on permanent organization. Details will be worked out by a committee of 10 members, two from each of the nations represented.

Sir Arthur Shirley Benn, chairman of the British mission, urged the freeing of all world shipping of government control at the earliest possible date.

San Francisco Body Seeks to Expand World Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—American chambers of commerce in Mexico City, Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso and many other South American and European points, have begun to form themselves into a central body for the expansion of world trade, by the dissemination of information from all of the other chambers.

The Dallas Opens Campaign.

THE DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—Before the Sorosis club of this city this afternoon, the campaign to raise \$4000 in Waco county toward the Theodore Roosevelt memorial fund of \$500,000 was launched. R. R. Butler delivered an address tracing the life of the former president.

Jury Called at Astoria.

ASTORIA, Ore., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—The circuit court grand jury was summoned today to meet next Friday morning to consider the case against Frank Wagner, Albert Meadows and James Clegg, who are accused of kidnaping.

date in a meeting attended by English and American shipping men. Sir James Hoke Simpson asked American shipping interests to co-operate with the British in acquiring the carrying trade that was in the hands of the Germans before the war.

French financial men expect to pay the market on interest rates in making loans in this country, the committee of American financial delegates was told this afternoon by Baron Du-mariais.

Co-operation between American and British manufacturers in supplying the devastated areas in Europe with the metals and metal products they need was urged by Rallie John King of Glasgow at a meeting of the metal delegations of the two countries.

There is a lack of labor in Great Britain, he said, which is being filled as rapidly as possible, but for the present the country is not quite out of its pre-war production and will have to buy raw semi-finished materials from the United States and elsewhere.

"We are not now, nor will we be for some time to come," he said, "so large a competitor for world markets as in pre-war days."

ANTHRAX CLAIMS VICTIM EDWARD MOORE, HOOD RIVER, DIES OF RARE DISEASE.

Hospital Diagnosis Confirms Nature of Ailment—Treatment Fails to Avert Death.

Edward Moore, a restaurant man of Hood River, died yesterday morning in Portland, from anthrax, following an illness of but two days' duration. The death of Mr. Moore is the first recorded case of anthrax, a disease usually found in horses and cattle, in Portland for 19 years.

Dr. Charles F. Bloom, with offices in the medical building, was called to 749 First street, where Mr. Moore lived, about 10:30 o'clock Monday night. Recognizing what he suspected as indications of anthrax, Dr. Bloom arranged for the immediate removal of the sick man to the county hospital at Second and Hooker streets. Upon entrance into the hospital, Dr. Bloom ordered that the patient be taken from the afflicted man's home, and that the patient be placed in a room where he could be isolated and that his retention at the hospital would have exposed the rest of the family to the disease.

Removal of the patient from the hospital was explained by County Health Officer Cliff by the statement that no carrier of the disease could be isolated at the hospital, and that the patient could be isolated and that his retention at the hospital would have exposed the rest of the family to the disease.

As the man was said to have been at the point of death at the time he was brought to the county hospital, Dr. Cliff said that his removal to his home affected in no way his condition.

Mr. Daniels' Department Has Six Months' Supply on Hand—War Bureau Running Short.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Advised that the navy department has in reserve 9,000,000 pounds of sugar, Secretary Daniels today intimated that he would release one-third of the stock, or 3,000,000 pounds, for public use to relieve the situation resulting from a nation-wide shortage of the commodity.

The present supply of the navy, Secretary Daniels said, was sufficient for six months. As only a three-month surplus usually is kept on hand, Mr. Daniels indicated that it would be unwise to retain more than that amount now when the entire country is experiencing a shortage.

The navy department, however, unlike the navy, found today that its supply was running low, being estimated as barely sufficient to last until December 15. Quartermaster General Rogers accordingly wired all zone supply officers that sales of sugar to any one person in the service must be limited to not more than six pounds per month and to not more than 24 pounds per month for each family.

Secretary Daniels also said he had sent a message to all ships and stations of the navy calling for strict economy in the use of sugar, as wastefulness by the navy, even of its abundant supply, would "not only be unpardonable but would reflect discredit upon the navy itself."

University to Have Two Bands. UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oct. 21.—(Special.)—The University of Oregon will have two bands this year—a military organization and a concert band. Ross Hickernell, professor of band instruments and leader of the bands, is in charge. For places in the bands, apply to the director of the bands.

WIFE FAILS TO SEE JOKE Husband Now Living With Another Woman, She Says.

REX CORNELL'S idea of a joke was to write his wife, who was supporting herself by working in Astoria, that he had a job and could care for her in Portland, and to tell her upon her arrival here with her children, that he was "only joking and wanted to see what she would do," according to the divorce suit of Fannie J. Cornell, filed in the circuit court yesterday.

Later a reconciliation was effected and they lived in Seattle for a short time before the complaint was filed. The long before Cornell received a letter from a woman friend in Portland telling him she was sending him a railroad ticket and for him to come to her, says Mrs. Cornell. He went, and in April, 1917, took out a marriage license in Vancouver.

The woman, declares his wife, and is now living with her in Portland.

MARINE CLERKS STRIKE New York Maritime Agency Workers Want 30 Per Cent Increase.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Nearly 200 clerks of the Maritime Underwriting Agency here went on strike today. The men demand a 30 per cent increase in salary, an eight-hour day and the privilege of smoking during office hours.

Salaries are paid by the strikers to range from \$10 a week for bookkeepers to \$40 for more responsible positions.

S. & H. Green stamps for cash, Holman Fuel company, Main 552, A 3552, Rockwood, 4 feet or shorter slabwood, Utah and Rock Springs coal; sawdust.

Co-operation Between United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy Urged.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 21.—American sub-committees of the International Trade conference, which opened its informal sessions yesterday, continued today hearing of the industrial and financial conditions of Britain, Belgium and Italy. These informal discussions, which are being held for the purpose of obtaining a statement of the economic conditions of foreign countries and what may be expected of American business men to help return them to normal, will continue until the public sessions begin on Wednesday night.

Organization of a permanent annual trade conference was unanimously decided upon by the sub-committees on permanent organization. Details will be worked out by a committee of 10 members, two from each of the nations represented.

Sir Arthur Shirley Benn, chairman of the British mission, urged the freeing of all world shipping of government control at the earliest possible date.

San Francisco Body Seeks to Expand World Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—American chambers of commerce in Mexico City, Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso and many other South American and European points, have begun to form themselves into a central body for the expansion of world trade, by the dissemination of information from all of the other chambers.

The Dallas Opens Campaign.

THE DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—Before the Sorosis club of this city this afternoon, the campaign to raise \$4000 in Waco county toward the Theodore Roosevelt memorial fund of \$500,000 was launched. R. R. Butler delivered an address tracing the life of the former president.

Jury Called at Astoria.

ASTORIA, Ore., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—The circuit court grand jury was summoned today to meet next Friday morning to consider the case against Frank Wagner, Albert Meadows and James Clegg, who are accused of kidnaping.

Every Home Should Have a Piano—We Have a Piano for Every Home

Music is an essential of every well-regulated home. It is a factor of vital importance in the education of the children, an unending source of inspiration and recreation for the growing generation, a refining, cultivating influence, touching every member of the family. It is the common speech that is understood by all, that appeals to everybody, that enlists the sympathies of man, woman and child, of young and old in every walk of life. The PIANO is the universal musical instrument of the home, the instrument that should be in every household.

We have a Piano for every home—when you come to this House, we first consider your requirements, for we carry all grades of Pianos. What would be the proper instrument for the Living-Room may not be the best instrument for the children's piano lessons. Take us into your confidence, and we know we can fill your every requirement as to price, terms, style, tone, etc. We do not carry trash—only Pianos of dependable quality. However, we will serve you to our best ability, and the transaction will be mutually satisfactory.

Sherman, Clay & Co.

Sixth and Morrison Streets, Portland (Opposite Postoffice) SEATTLE-TACOMA-SPOKANE

NAVY TO RELEASE SUGAR

THREE MILLION POUNDS MAY BE TURNED OVER SOON.

Mr. Daniels' Department Has Six Months' Supply on Hand—War Bureau Running Short.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Advised that the navy department has in reserve 9,000,000 pounds of sugar, Secretary Daniels today intimated that he would release one-third of the stock, or 3,000,000 pounds, for public use to relieve the situation resulting from a nation-wide shortage of the commodity.

The present supply of the navy, Secretary Daniels said, was sufficient for six months. As only a three-month surplus usually is kept on hand, Mr. Daniels indicated that it would be unwise to retain more than that amount now when the entire country is experiencing a shortage.

The navy department, however, unlike the navy, found today that its supply was running low, being estimated as barely sufficient to last until December 15. Quartermaster General Rogers accordingly wired all zone supply officers that sales of sugar to any one person in the service must be limited to not more than six pounds per month and to not more than 24 pounds per month for each family.

Secretary Daniels also said he had sent a message to all ships and stations of the navy calling for strict economy in the use of sugar, as wastefulness by the navy, even of its abundant supply, would "not only be unpardonable but would reflect discredit upon the navy itself."

University to Have Two Bands. UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oct. 21.—(Special.)—The University of Oregon will have two bands this year—a military organization and a concert band. Ross Hickernell, professor of band instruments and leader of the bands, is in charge. For places in the bands, apply to the director of the bands.

WIFE FAILS TO SEE JOKE Husband Now Living With Another Woman, She Says.

REX CORNELL'S idea of a joke was to write his wife, who was supporting herself by working in Astoria, that he had a job and could care for her in Portland, and to tell her upon her arrival here with her children, that he was "only joking and wanted to see what she would do," according to the divorce suit of Fannie J. Cornell, filed in the circuit court yesterday.

Later a reconciliation was effected and they lived in Seattle for a short time before the complaint was filed. The long before Cornell received a letter from a woman friend in Portland telling him she was sending him a railroad ticket and for him to come to her, says Mrs. Cornell. He went, and in April, 1917, took out a marriage license in Vancouver.

The woman, declares his wife, and is now living with her in Portland.

MARINE CLERKS STRIKE New York Maritime Agency Workers Want 30 Per Cent Increase.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Nearly 200 clerks of the Maritime Underwriting Agency here went on strike today. The men demand a 30 per cent increase in salary, an eight-hour day and the privilege of smoking during office hours.

Salaries are paid by the strikers to range from \$10 a week for bookkeepers to \$40 for more responsible positions.

S. & H. Green stamps for cash, Holman Fuel company, Main 552, A 3552, Rockwood, 4 feet or shorter slabwood, Utah and Rock Springs coal; sawdust.

Co-operation Between United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy Urged.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 21.—American sub-committees of the International Trade conference, which opened its informal sessions yesterday, continued today hearing of the industrial and financial conditions of Britain, Belgium and Italy. These informal discussions, which are being held for the purpose of obtaining a statement of the economic conditions of foreign countries and what may be expected of American business men to help return them to normal, will continue until the public sessions begin on Wednesday night.

Organization of a permanent annual trade conference was unanimously decided upon by the sub-committees on permanent organization. Details will be worked out by a committee of 10 members, two from each of the nations represented.

Sir Arthur Shirley Benn, chairman of the British mission, urged the freeing of all world shipping of government control at the earliest possible date.

San Francisco Body Seeks to Expand World Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—American chambers of commerce in Mexico City, Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso and many other South American and European points, have begun to form themselves into a central body for the expansion of world trade, by the dissemination of information from all of the other chambers.

The Dallas Opens Campaign.

THE DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—Before the Sorosis club of this city this afternoon, the campaign to raise \$4000 in Waco county toward the Theodore Roosevelt memorial fund of \$500,000 was launched. R. R. Butler delivered an address tracing the life of the former president.

Jury Called at Astoria